



NEW GLOBAL PART NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE
(KOA SPEER vs KOA JAPAN vs KOA EUROPE vs NEW GLOBAL)

KOA Speer Electronics
Bolivar Drive • P.O. Box 547 • Bradford, PA 16701
Phone: 814.362.5536 • Fax: 814.362.8883

Old KOA Speer Part Number

Old KOA Japan Part Number

Old KOA Europe Part Number

New Global Part Number
(Standard SnPb Term.)

New Global Part Number
(Pb Free Terminations)

SURFACE MOUNT RESISTORS

RM73B2BT103J
RK73AD2BT103J
RK73H2BT1002F
RK73C2BT1002D
SR73H2BTR100F
SL1TE10L0F
TSL1TE10L0F
NPR1TE10LJ
RN73E1JT1002D
SG732BT103M
CR732B2TE270M/510M
RK73N2BT103M
RF73B2BT101J
RM73Z2BT
RD41B2ATE103J
RN41C2BTE1002F
RM41B2DTE103J
MLT01502BTE103J
CC10TE
MCR1J103J
C4312TE103
LT7333002BT102J
NT732BT103K
PT722A80CTE471
RCUTE
CSR1TE5L00F
RK41K2ETE103J
LR72CTE2L0J
LA7333001JT101J

RK73K2BTD 10KΩ J
RK73AD2BTD 10KΩ J
RK73H2BTD 10KΩ F
RK73G2BTD 10KΩ D
SR73H2BTD 0.1Ω F
SL1TE 10mΩ F
TSL1TE 10mΩ F
NPR1TE 10mΩ J
RN73F1JTD 10KΩ D
SG732BTD 10KΩ M
CR732B2TE270/510M
RK73N2BTD 10KΩ M
RF73B2BTD 100Ω J
RK73Z2BTD
RD41B2AT 10KΩ J
RN41C2BT 10KΩ F
RM41B2DT 10KΩ J
MLT01502BT 10KΩ J
CC10T
MCR1J 10KΩ J
C4312T 10KΩ
LT7333002BTD 1KΩ J
NT732BTD 10KΩ K
PT722A80CTE 470Ω
RCU00000C
CSR1TE 5mΩ F
RK41K2ETE 10KΩ J
LR72CTE 2mΩ J
LA7333001JTD 100Ω J

RK73K2BJTD 10K
RK73AD2BJTD 10K
RK73H2BFTD 10K
RK73G2BBDT 10K
SR73H2BFTD R1
SL1FTE R010
TSL1FTE R010
NPR1JTE R01
RN73F1JDTD 10K
SG732BMTD 10K
CR732B2MTE 270/510
RK73N2BMTD 10K
RF73B2BJTD 100R
RK73Z2BTD
RD41B2AJT 10K
RN41C2BFT 10K
RM41B2DJT 10K
MLT01502BJT 10K
CC10T
MCR1JJB A 10K
C4312T 10K
LT7333002BJTD 1K
NT732BKTD 10K
PT722ATE80C 470R
RCU 0 C
CSR1FTE R005
RK41K2EJTE 10K
LR72CJTE R002
LA7333001JTD 100R

RK73B2BLTD103J
RK73A2BLTD103J
RK73H2BLTD1002F
RK73G2BLTD1002D
SR732BLTDR100F
SL1LTE10L0F
TSL1LTE10L0F
NPR1LTE10LJ
RN731JLTD1002D25
SG732BLTD103M
CR732BLTE270M510M
RK73N2BLTD103M
RF732BLTD101J
RK73Z2BLTD
RD412ALTE103J
RN412BLTE1002F50
RM412DLTE103J
MLT2BLTE103J0150
CC10LTE
MCR1JLBK103J
C4312LTE103
LT732BLTD102J3300
NT732BLTD103K3800
PT722A80CTE471
RCULTE
CSR1LTE5L00F
RK41K2ELTE103J
LR72CLTE2L0J
LA731JLTD101J3300

RK73B2BTDD103J
RK73A2BTDD103J
RK73H2BTDD1002F
RK73G2BTDD1002D
SR732BTDD100F
SL1TTE10L0F
TSL1TTE10L0F
NPR1TTE10LJ
RN731JTDD1002D25
SG732BTDD103M
CR732BTTE270M510M
RK73N2BTDD103M
RF732BTDD101J
RK73Z2BTDD
RD412ATTE103J
RN412BTTE1002F50
RM412DTTE103J
MLT2BTTE103J0150
CC10TTE
MCR1JTBK103J
C4312ATE103
LT732BTDD102J3300
NT732BTDD103K3800
PT722A80CTE471
RCUCTE
CSR1TTE5L00F
RK41K2ETTE103J
LR72CDTE2L0J
LA731JTDD101J3300

SURFACE MOUNT NETWORKS AND ARRAYS

CN1J4T1002F
CNB2B9ZTE103J
CND2B10TE103J
CNK1J4T103J
CNX1J4T103J
CANNFA2A2TE103/103B
HM16BTE103J
CNK1F8T103J
CNZ1J4T
CND2A10YTE101J

CN1J4TD 10KΩ F
CNB2B9ZTE 10KΩ J
CND2B10TE 10KΩ J
CN1J4KTD 10KΩ J
CN1J4ATD 10KΩ J
CANNFA2A2TE 10KΩ/10KΩ B
HM16BTE 10KΩ J
Not Applicable
CNZ1J4TD
CND2A10YTE 100Ω J

CN1J4FTD 10K
CNB2B9ZJTE 10K
CND2A10JTE 10K
CN1J4KJTD 10K
CN1J4AJTD 10K
CANNFA2A2BTE 10K/10K
HM16BJTE 10K
Not Applicable
CNZ1J4TD
CND2A10YJTE 100R

CN1J4LTD1002F
CNB2B9ZLTE102J
CND2A10LTE103J
CN1J4KLT103J
CN1J4ALTD103J
CANN2A2LTE103/103BA
HM16BLTE103J
CN1F8KLT103J
CNZ1J4LTD
CND2A10YLTE101J

CN1J4TTD1002F
CNB2B9ZTTE102J
CND2A10TTE103J
CN1J4KTDD103J
CN1J4ATDD103J
CANN2A2TTE103/103BA
Not Applicable
CN1F8KTDD103J
CNZ1J4TTD
CND2A10YTTE101J

THROUGH-HOLE RESISTORS

CF1/4103JT52
CFP1/4103JT52
RDS2103JT52
RDS2FP103JT52
SPR1103JT52
SPR11R0JT52

RD25ST52R 10KΩ J
RDF25ST52R 10KΩ J
RD16ST52R 10KΩ J
RDF16ST52R 10KΩ J
SPR1T52R 10KΩ J
SPRX1T52R 1Ω J

RD25SJT52R 10K
RDF25SJT52R 10K
RD16SJT52R 10K
RDF16SJT52R 10K
SPR1JT52R 10K
SPRX1JT52R 1R

CF1/4LT52R103J
CFP1/4LT52A103J
CFS1/4LT52R103J
CFPS1/4LT52R103J
SPR1LT52R103J
SPRX1LT52R1R0J

CF1/4CT52R103J
CFP1/4CT52A103J
CFS1/4CT52R103J
CFPS1/4CT52R103J
SPR1CT52R103J
SPRX1CT52R1R0J



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ML07103JT52 ML20102JT52 MF55D1002FT52 MF60D1002FT52 MF65D1002FT521 SN2CD1002FT52 MS50SSD1002FT52 RN26C2C1002DT RK26B2E1003FT MO1103JT52 MO11R0JT52 RSS1/2103JT52 RSS1/21R0JT52 RCR50104JT52 PCF1103M Z16T52 LT36001/6S102JT52 HPC1103M RK14B2E103JT52A Z25T52 CW1/2101JT52 LR09L1020LJ J1/4T26A RK924L106F BWR3N100J BPR26FR22J RF25S1R0JT52A	Not Applicable Not Applicable SN14K2ET52R 10KΩ F SN14K2HT52R 10KΩ F RNS1DT521R 10KΩ F SN14K2CT52R 10KΩ F MS50DT52R 10KΩ F RN26C2CTA 10KΩ D RK26B2ETA 100KΩ F RSF1BT52R 10KΩ J RSFX1BT52R 1Ω J RSS1/2T52R 10KΩ J RSSX1/2T52R 1Ω J RCR50T52R 100KΩ J PCF1 10KΩ M 16ZT52R LT36001/6ST52R 1KΩ J HPC1 10KΩ M RK14B2ET52A 100KΩ J 25ZT52R CW1/2T52R 100Ω J LR09L10 20mΩ J J1/4ZT26A RK924L 10MΩ F BWR3N 10MΩ J BPR26F 0.22Ω J RF25ST52A 1Ω J	Not Applicable Not Applicable SN14K2EFT52R 10K SN14K2HFT52R 10K RNS1FT521R 10K SN14K2CF52R 10K MS50DFT52R 10K RN26C2CDT 10K RK26B2EFT 100K RSF1BJT52R 10K RSFX1BJT52R 1R RSS1/2JT52R 10K RSSX1/2JT52R 1R RCR50JT52R 100K PCF1M 10K 16ZT52R LT36001/6JT52R 1K HPC1M 10K RK14B2EJT52A 100K 25ZT52R CW1/2JT52R 100R LR09L10J BA R02 J1/4ZT26A RK924LFBA 10M BWR3NJBA 10R BPR26FJBA R22 RF25SJT52A 1R	MF1/4LT52R103J MF1/2LT52R103J MF1/4DLT52R1002F MF1/2DLT52R1002F MF1DLT52R1002F MFS1/4DLT52R1002F MFS1/2DLT52R1002F RN26C2CLTA1002D RK26B2ELTA1003F MO1LT52R103J MOX1LT52R1R0J MOS1/2LT52R103J MOSX1/2LT52R1R0J RCR50LT52R104J PCF1C103M Z16LT52R LT1/6LT52R102J3600 HPC1L103M RK1/4BLT52A104J Z25LT52R CW1/2LT52R101J LR09LL1020LJ J1/4ZLT26A RK924LL106F BWR3LN100J BPR26LFR22J RF25SLT52A1R0J	MF1/4CT52R103J MF1/2CT52R103J MF1/4DCT52R1002F MF1/2DCT52R1002F MF1DCT52R1002F MFS1/4DCT52R1002F MFS1/2DCT52R1002F RN26C2CTTA1002D RK26B2ETTA1003F MO1CT52R103J MOX1CT52R1R0J MOS1/2CT52R103J MOSX1/2CT52R1R0J RCR50CT52R104J PCF1C103M Z16CT52R LT1/6CT52R102J3600 HPC1C103M RK1/4BCT52A104J Z25CT52R CW1/2CT52R101J LR09DL1020LJ J1/4ZCT26A Not Applicable BWR3CN100J BPR26CFR22J RF25SCT52A1R0J
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SIP NETWORKS

RKCH81002FSTP RKLH81002FTBA RKH81002F	RKC1/8B8SSTP 10KΩ F RKL8B8TBA 10KW F RKH1/4B8 10KW F	RKC1/8B8FSTP 10K RKL8B8TBA 10K RKH1/4B8FBA 10K	RKCH10BLSTP1002F RKLH10BLTBA1002F RKHH10BL1002F	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
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INDUCTORS

KL32TE1R0K KL731JTE10NG LPC4045TE101K KQ1008TE10NJ LF5.0S1R0MT52A MCI0603HTER10J MHI0603CTE3N9S SDR1006TE101K	KL32TE 1R0 K KL731JTE 10N G LPC4045TE101K KQ1008TE 10N J LF5.0ST52A 1R0 M MCL1JHTER10J MHL1JCTE3N9S SDR1006TE101K	KL32KTE 10N KL731JGTE 10N LPC4045TE101K KQ1008JTE 10N LF5.0SMT52A 1R0 MCI0603HTER10J MHI0603CTE3N9S SDR1006KTE101K	KL32LTE1R0K KL731JLTE10NG LPC4045LTE101K KQ1008LTE10NJ LF5.0SLT52A1R0M MCL1JHLTER10J MHL1JCLTE3N9S SDR1006LTE101K	KL32CTE1R0K KL731JTTE10NG LPC4045ATE101K KQ1008TTE10NJ LF5.0SCT52A1R0M MCL1JHTTER10J MHL1JCTTE3N9S SDR1006TTE101K
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CAPACITORS

TMC1EC475MLRH TMU1DC475MLRH TMX1EC475MLRH TMCH1EC475MLRH TMCR1CB106MLRH 0805NPOHT101K	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable 0805NPOHT101K	TMC1EC475MLRH TMU1DC475MLRH TMX1EC475MLRH TMCH1EC475MLRH TMCR1CB106MLRH 0805NPOHT101K	TMC1ECLTE475MR TMU1DCLTE475MR TMX1ECLTE475MR TMH1ECLTE475MR TMR1CBLTE106MR Not Applicable	TMC1ECTTE475MR TMU1DCTTE475MR TMX1ECTTE475MR TMH1ECTTE475MR TMR1CBTTE106MR NPO0805HTTD101K
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0805X7RHT101K	0805X7RHT101K	0805X7RHT101K	Not Applicable	X7R0805HTTD101K
0805Z5UHT101Z	0805Z5UHT101Z	0805Z5UHT101Z	Not Applicable	Z5U0805HTTD101Z
0805Y5VHT101Z	0805Y5VHT101Z	0805Y5VHT101Z	Not Applicable	Y5V0805HTTD101Z
TDR0JA104MAA	TDR0JA104MAA	TDR0JA104MAA	Not Applicable	TDR0JAT104MAA
ACANPOHL102M	ACANPOHL102M	ACANPOHL102M	Not Applicable	ACANPOHTL102M
LCANPOHL102J	LCANPOHL102J	LCANPOHL102J	Not Applicable	LCANPOHTL102J

FERRITE BEADS

MCB0603GTE500J	CZB1JGTE500J	MCB0603GTE500J	CZB1JGLTE500J	CZB1JGTTE500J
MCP0805FTE500J	CZP2AFTE500J	MCP0805FTE500J	CZP2AFLTE500J	CZP2AFTTE500J

FUSES

Not Applicable	TF16N1.25TE	TF16NTE 1.25	TF16N1.25TE	TF16N1.25TTE
CCP2E20TE	CCP2E20TE	CCP2E20TE	CCP2E20TE	CCP2E20TTE
CCF1NTE1.25	CCF1NTE1.25	CCF1NTE1.27	CCF1N1.25TE	CCF1N1.25TTE

INTEGRATED PASSIVE DEVICES

RIAQ24B103J	RIAQ24TE103J	KPCRIAQ24B103J	RIAQ24LTEB103J	RIAQ24TTEB103J
RBAQ20CB1002C	RBAQ20GTE1002CC	KPCRBQAQ20CB103CC	RBAQ20LTTEB1002CC	RBAQ20TTTEB1002CC
RCAQ20B750K/500M	RCAQ20TE750K/500M	KPCRCQAQ20B750K/500M	RCAQ20LTTEB750K/500M	RCAQ20TTTEB750K/500M
TFAQ20B100M/101K	TFAQ20TE100M/101K	KPCTFAQ20B100M/101K	TFAQ20LTTEB100M/101K	TFAQ20TTTEB100M/101K
DN5Q24B	DN5Q24TE	KPCDN5Q24B	DN5Q24LTEB	DN5Q24TTEB

CATALOG [PDF]



Integrated
Passive
Components



Power
Resistor



LTCC
Multilayer
Substrate



Varistor



Chip Resistor



Current Sensing
Shunt



Fuse



Leaded
Resistor



Pt Sensor

Link INDEX

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Measures for environmental hazardous materials			🔗
Precautions for Use (General)			🔗
Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature			🔗
Precautions for the Resistors, Terms and Definitions			🔗
Resistors (SMD)	General	Flat Chip Resistors	RK73B 🔗
		Flat Chip Resistors (Precision Grade)	RK73H 🔗
		Flat Chip Jumper Resistors	RK73Z 🔗
	Precision	Flat Chip Resistors (Ultra Precision Grade)	RK73G 🔗
		High Reliability Chip Resistors	RS73 🔗
		Metal Film Flat Chip Resistors (For Automotive, High reliability)	RN73H 🔗
		Metal Film Flat Chip Resistors (High reliability)	RN73R 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Metal Film Flat Chip Resistors (High reliability)	WN73H 🔗
	Wide Terminal	Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors	WK73R 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (High Power)	WK73R (High Power) 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors	WG73 🔗
	Anti Surge - Pulse	Surge Current Flat Chip Resistors	SG73 🔗
		Endured Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors	SG73P 🔗
		Endured Surge Voltage Flat Chip Resistors	SG73S 🔗
		Endured Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors (Ultra Precision Grade)	SG73G 🔗
	High Voltage	Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage	HV73 🔗
		Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage (For Automotive)	HV73V 🔗
	High Temperature	High Temperature Flat Chip Resistors	HSG73P 🔗
	Anti Sulfuration	Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	RK73B · H · Z-RT 🔗
		Flat Chip Resistors (Ultra Precision Grade, Anti Sulfuration)	RK73G-RT 🔗
		High Reliability Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	RS73-RT 🔗
		High Temperature Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	HSG73P-RT 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	WK73-RT 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (High Power/Anti Sulfuration)	WK73-RT (High Power) 🔗
		Surge Current Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	SG73-RT 🔗
		Endured Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	SG73P-RT 🔗
		Endured Surge Voltage Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	SG73S-RT 🔗
		Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage (Anti Sulfuration)	HV73-RT 🔗
		Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage (For Automotive, Anti Sulfuration)	HV73V-RT 🔗
		Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)	SR73-RT 🔗
		Heat Cycle	Mold Type Thick Film Resistors
	Mold Wirewound Resistors		MWS 🔗
	Fusing Resistor	Fusing Flat Chip Resistors	RF73 🔗
	Cylindrical	MELF Type Fixed Metal/Carbon Film Resistors · Cross Conductors	RN41 · RD41 · CC 🔗
	Network	Thin Film Chip Networks	CNN 🔗
		KOA's Integrated Passive Components	KPC 🔗
		Thin Film Network Resistors For High Voltage Divider	HVD 🔗

Category	Product Name	Part Number	Link
Low Resistance/ Shunt Resistors	Current Sensing	Large Current Shunt	HS 🔗
		Chip Type Power Shunt	PSL2 🔗
		Chip Type Power Shunt	PSF4 🔗
		Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors (High Power)	TLR (High Power) 🔗
		Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors	TLR 🔗
		Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors	TLR Small 🔗
		Metal Plate Chip Type Jumper	TLRZ 🔗
		Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors	TLRH 🔗
		Current Detecting Chip Resistors (High Power)	SL (High Power) 🔗
		Current Detecting Chip Resistors	SL (Metal) 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors	WK73S 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (High Power)	WK73S (High Power) 🔗
		Wide Terminal Type Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (Low T.C.R.)	WU73 🔗
		Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (For Automotive, Low T.C.R.)	UR73V 🔗
		Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (Low T.C.R.)	UR73 🔗
		Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors	SR73 🔗
		Chip Current Sensing Resistors	CSR 🔗

Category	Product Name	Part Number	Link	
Resistors (Leaded)	General	Coat-Insulated Fixed Carbon Film Resistors	CF	Link
		Coat-Insulated Fixed Carbon Film Resistors (Flame Retardant Coating)	CFP	Link
		Coat-Insulated Fixed Metal Film Resistors	MF	Link
		Coat-Insulated Fixed Metal Film Resistors	SN 3A/3D	Link
		Coat-Insulated Metal Film Fixed Resistors	SNF	Link
		Jumper Wires	Z/J-Z/JL	Link
	Precision	Coat-Insulated Precision Fixed Metal Film Resistors	RNS	Link
	High Voltage	Coat Insulated Glazed Metal Film Fixed Resistors	RK	Link
		Discharge Path Resistors	RK1/2G	Link
		Coat-Insulated Fixed Anti Surge Resistors	RCR	Link
		High Voltage High Resistance Thick Film Resistors	GS	Link
		Ceramic Resistors for Anti Pulse · Surge	PCF	Link
		Ceramic Resistors for Anti Pulse · Surge	HPC	Link
		Ceramic Resistors	CPCN	Link
	High Voltage Power Resistors	PSN·PV·PSO·PN·PWW·PAP	Link	
	Power Type	Fixed Metal Oxide Film Resistors (Small type)	MOS	Link
		Fixed Metal Film Resistors (Small type)	MOSX	Link
		Special Power Resistors (Small Type)	SPR	Link
		Fixed Metal Film Resistors (Small Type)	SPRX	Link
		Coat-Insulated Miniature Wirewound Resistors	CW	Link
		Coat-Insulated Miniature Wirewound Resistors	CW-H	Link
		Coat-insulated Miniature Precision Power Wirewound Resistors	RW	Link
		Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Glass Core	BGR	Link
		Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Ceramic Core	BWR	Link
		Rectangular Type Metal Oxide Film Resistors	BSR	Link
		Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Glass Core (For Automotive)	BGRV	Link
		Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Ceramic Core (For Automotive)	BWRV	Link
		Rectangular Type Metal Oxide Film Resistors (For Automotive)	BSRV	Link
	Rectangular Type Metal Plate Resistors	BPR	Link	
	Custom Milliohm Resistors	LR	Link	
	Fusing Resistor	Coat-insulated Fusing Resistors	RF	Link
		Coat-insulated Fusing Resistors (Constant Current Fusing Type)	RF25CC	Link
		Coat-Insulated Wirewound Resistors (With Fusing Function)	CWFS	Link

Category	Product Name	Part Number	Link	
Precautions for the Thermal Sensors, Terms and Definitions			Link	
Thermal Sensors	Platinum Thin Film (SMD)	Platinum Thin Film Thermal Chip Sensors	SDT73H	Link
		Platinum Thin Film Thermal Chip Sensors	SDT73S	Link
		Platinum Thin Film Thermal Chip Sensors (For Automotive)	SDT73V	Link
	Platinum Thin Film (Leaded)	Small type Platinum Thin Film Thermal Sensors (Small Heater Element)	SDT310VASP2	Link
		Small Type Platinum Thin Film Thermal Sensors	SDT310	Link
		Platinum Thin Film Thermal Sensors	SDT101	Link
	Platinum Thin Film (Custom)	Thermal Sensors	ST	Link
	Linear P.T.C. Resistors (SMD)	Thin Film Resistance Thermal Chip Sensors	LP73	Link
		Linear Positive Temp. Coefficient Flat Chip Resistors (For Automotive)	LT73V	Link
		Linear Positive Temp. Coefficient Flat Chip Resistors	LT73	Link
Linear P.T.C. Resistors (Leaded)	Thin Film Resistance Thermal Sensors	LP	Link	
Precautions for Fusing Components, Terms and Definitions			Link	
Fuses	Flat Chip	Chip Current Fuses	TF10BN	Link
		Chip Current Fuses (Anti Pulse)	TF16AT	Link
		Chip Current Fuses	TF16SN	Link
		Chip Current Fuses (For Automotive)	TF16VN	Link
	Ceramic Case	Chip Current Fuses	CCF1N	Link
	Chip Current Fuses (Anti Sulfuration)	CCF1F	Link	
Precautions for Varistors, Terms and Definitions			Link	
Varistors	Multilayer Type	Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors	NV73 1H/1E	Link
		Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors	NV73	Link
		Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors	NV73S	Link
		Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors (For Automotive)	NV73DL	Link
Terminal	Checker Chips	RCU·RCT·RCS·RCW	Link	
LTCC Module Hybrid IC	LTCC Multilayer Substrates	KLC	Link	
	Custom Module	KLCJ	Link	
	Custom Hybrid IC	KA	Link	
Others	APPENDIX A (Minimum Ordered Quantity)		Link	
	APPENDIX B (Recommended Pad Dimensions)		Link	
	APPENDIX C (Packagings for Chip Components)		Link	
	APPENDIX C (Packagings for Axial Taping)		Link	
	APPENDIX C (Packagings for Radial Taping)		Link	
	APPENDIX C (Forming) ※Not Available Taping		Link	
	APPENDIX C (Surface Mounted Device Style Lead forming)		Link	
	Color Code, Resistance Tolerance, Resistance Marking, E Series Numbers		Link	
Certifications (ISO9001, IATF16949, ISO14001, JIS Q 17025)		Link		
Sales Offices for Contact		Link		

Measures for environmental hazardous materials

Today, the disruption of the global environment has been taken up as a serious issue for human beings and a mission for its safeguard has become all the important. We, at KOA, started active management of chemical substances included in our products, and complied with EU RoHS Directive in July of 2006 and Management Electronic Products (China RoHS) in March of 2007. “Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals” was enforced in June of 2007 as the chemical regulation in Europe. Social demand to environmental statutes is increasing like this, and we are actively addressing to the compliance with these laws and regulations. In addition to the compliance, we are also advancing various activities such as halogen-free specifications to reduce hazardous substances and certification as a laboratory according to JIS Q 17025.

EU-RoHS

The restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2002/95/EC), (RoHS), became effective on July 1 of 2006 requiring the usage of restriction of following six hazardous substances in the manufacture of electrical and electronic equipment placed on the market. This directive was amended on June 8 of 2011, to Recast Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council. The original directive was expired as of January 2, 2013 and replaced by a new directive (2011/65/EU) on the following day. Later, Annex II (Restricted Substances List) was amended by Commission Delegated Directive (2015/863/EU) and four phthalates were added to the restricted substances list. The followings are restricted substances and maximum concentration:

- Lead (0.1wt%)
- Mercury (0.1wt%)
- Cadmium (0.01wt%)
- Hexavalent Chromium (0.1wt%)
- Polybrominated biphenyls [PBBs] (0.1wt%)
- Polybrominated diphenyl ethers [PBDEs] (0.1wt%)
- Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate [DEHP] (0.1wt%)
- Butyl benzyl phthalate [BBP] (0.1wt%)
- Dibutyl phthalate [DBP] (0.1wt%)
- Diisobutyl phthalate [DIBP] (0.1wt%)

※The percentage in parentheses show the maximum concentration value in the homogeneous material.

The restriction of applications in the annex in the directive is exempted.

KOA's products applicable with this exemption to EU RoHS2 are as follows (as of July 2022):

- Copper alloy containing up to 4% lead by weight 6(c).
- Electrical and electronic components containing lead in a glass or ceramic other than dielectric ceramic in capacitors, e.g. piezoelectronic devices, or in a glass or ceramic matrix compound 7(c)-I.

To meet EU-RoHS2, you need to choose lead (Pb) free material for termination surface material when our product has both type designation, leaded and lead free. Please contact our sales representatives for details.

Revised China RoHS (Management Methods for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products)

China RoHS became effective in March 2007 and the Revised China RoHS was promulgated in January 2016 and became effective on July 1, 2016. The compliance management catalog (target products) and exemption list for the second step (inclusion restriction) were released in March 2018 and we must comply with requirements of the “evaluation system” from November 1, 2019.

For each product, we disclose the content information of the six hazardous substances directed by China RoHS. Please contact our sales representatives for details.

REACH

“Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals” (REACH) has been enforced on June 1 of 2007 in EU area.

This regulation is aiming at safety evaluation and risk management of chemical substances, which are required to register according to the amount if used in businesses. Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) must be registered if it is included in article. The European Waste Framework Directive has also been revised. As a result, products placed on the EU market after January 2021 are required to register SCIP data if the concentration of SVHC exceeds 0.1wt% in order to also provide information on environmentally hazardous substances to waste disposal companies. Information communication on such substances is also required throughout the supply chain using information communication tools such as chemSHERPA.

Precautions

All product specifications and data are subject to change without prior notice. Be sure to request and confirm the latest technical specifications before you order and/or use.

★Matters common to all products

●General

- For precautions in general, refer to the “JEITA RCR-1001C Safety application guide on components for use in electronic and electrical equipment” issued by JEITA.
- While the information and figures on the durability performance of the products we provide are accurate and highly reliable, based on fixed test conditions, please conduct advance testing with your own products. If you are unable to determine the suitability for each application, please be sure to contact us beforehand.

●Disclaimer

- These products have been designed and manufactured for general use and are not intended for use in the following applications or those involving equivalent risks. When considering use of these products for these applications, etc., please be sure to contact us in advance. In addition, regarding the conditions such as the scope of the warranty provided to our customers, without special agreement in writing, we bear no responsibility whatsoever for any complaints, damage, etc. regarding these products when used for these applications, etc.
 - (1) Applications requiring high reliability (Ex.: gas/plumbing/electrical systems, etc., 24-hour continuous operation systems, settlement systems and other applications handling rights and assets, etc.)
 - (2) Applications requiring a high degree of safety (Ex.: automobiles, aerospace facilities, railway facilities, medical devices, safety equipment, other applications which may involve risk to life or limb, etc.)
 - (3) Applications in harsh environments (Ex.: equipment installed outdoors, equipment exposed to chemical pollution, equipment exposed to electromagnetic interference, equipment receiving vibration/impacts, etc.)
 - (4) Applications under conditions and/or in environments not listed in the Catalogs.
- Consider sufficient fail-safe design if the products are used in applications requiring high reliability. Ensure safety of a whole system by setting proactive circuits and redundant circuits to avoid the single failure of the product leading to unsafety of the equipment.

●Environment for use

- The products are not to be used in special environments unless otherwise specified. Examine and confirm the performance and reliability before you use the products under the following environments:
 1. Under direct sunlight, outside exposure and in dust.
 2. In liquids such as water, oil, organic solvent and chemicals and in areas where these liquids are used.
 3. In places where the products are exposed to sea breeze or corrosive gases including SO₂, H₂S, Cl₂, NH₃, NO₂, etc.
 4. In places with large static electricity and strong electromagnetic waves.
 5. In places subject to dew condensation.
 6. When the products or printed circuit boards are sealed and coated by resin or other coating materials
 7. In places where the products are exposed to the mist from lubricant oil.

●Sulfuration

- Products with silver electrodes may increase the resistance value under sulfur atmosphere such as sulfide gases (H₂S, SO₂, etc.) or by attaching sulfide compounds. Take anti-sulfur measures under these conditions.

●Anti-pulse characteristics

- If transient overload (voltage, current and power) such as pulse and surge are applied to the products, the performance and reliability may be degraded. Contact KOA if you need anti-pulse characteristics data.
- Pay attention to the discharge between terminations when high voltage is applied.

●Storage

- Store the products in dust free areas and keep them away from extremely high and low temperature, moisture, dew condensation, direct sunlight, sea breeze, corrosive gases such as SO₂, H₂S, Cl₂, NH₃, NO₂, etc. or mist from a lubricant oil. Use the desiccant if necessary.
- Consult us about the conditions and period of storage.

●Storage of the products with lead-free termination

- Be careful of the degradation of solderability, it may proceed faster for the products with Pb-free terminals than the products with Pb-contained terminals.

●Mounting

- Avoid damage and physical shock to the product by nipping them with hard tools like pliers and tweezers or by imperfect adjustment of the mounting machine, which may affect the characteristics or lead to disconnections and cracks.
- If the bottom point of nozzle on the mounting machine is too low, the product may be knocked on to the printed board, which may deteriorate the characteristics or lead to cracks. Decelerate the nozzle just before mounting and mount the product after correcting a deformation of the printed circuit board.
- Do not use the products which have fallen when mounting, or which have been removed from the printed circuit board.
- Contact us if the printed circuit boards after mounting are molded and sealed by coating materials.
- Do not stack the printed circuit boards after mounting, for this may damage the products.
- Characteristics of the film type resistors and sensors may be changed by overvoltage from electrostatics. Keep electrostatics away from products while assembling and handling (monitors of insertion machine and inspection machine, human contact and etc.).
- Prevent or eliminate adhesion of ionic substances such as salts, salinity and sweat, as they may degrade the resistances to moisture or corrosion.

●Soldering

- Perform soldering within the temperature, time and the number of cycles, specified in technical specifications or precautions for each product. If the products are exposed to high temperature for long periods of time, the color and characteristics may change or disconnection may occur.
- Prevent any external force on the products until solder is cooled.
- Handle carefully to prevent mechanical stress on solder fillet, which may result from the warping of printed circuit board.
- Confirm the residues of the flux in solder do not affect the product.
- Confirm the products are corresponding to conductive adhesive when used in place of solder.

●Precautions for soldering with lead-free solder

- In lead-free soldering, temperature may rise higher compared to eutectic solder. Confirm there is no problem under actual soldering conditions.
- The lift-off phenomenon may occur for both-sided mounting board with through holes. Confirm the connective strength of solder in the actual board beforehand.

●Washing

- Confirm that the ionic residues in the solder flux do not remain after washing because it may cause deterioration of moisture resistance and corrosion resistance when these substances are attached to the products.
- Confirm the reliability in advance when using no washing solder, water or soluble agent.
- Since lead-free solder may contain much of the ionic materials, use the RMA type solder or flux or wash sufficiently.
- Wash thoroughly after soldering to remove ionic substances like sweat and salinity. Control washing agent appropriately to remove whole ionic substances. Consult KOA when using washing agent such as acid, alkaline, and organic solvent other than alcohols.

Precautions

- The ultrasonic washing may destruct the products due to resonance by vibration. High hydraulic pressure may also damage the products. Consult KOA for the washing conditions in advance.
- Dry the products sufficiently after washing.

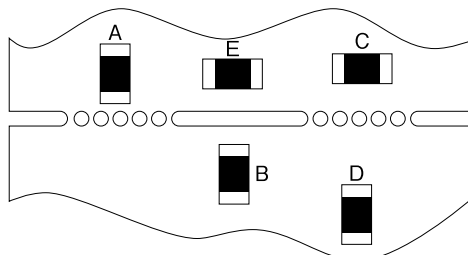
● Dispose of the products

- Confirm the related laws and regulations for appropriate handling and disposal of products or packing materials.

★ Common matters in the products for surface mount devices

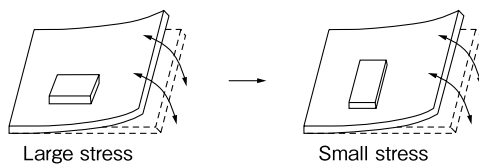
● Since the distortion of printed circuit board causes stress to the products, pay attention to the following items.

- Arrange the long side of the chip resistor parallel with the direction of the smaller thermal expansion coefficient of printed circuit board.
- Crack at the solder fillet may occur in the cyclic thermal stress because the thermal expansion coefficient is different between the product and the printed circuit board. The land size, amount of solder and heat radiation from the printed circuit board are needed to be designed carefully. Especially the large size resistors that are larger than 5.0 x 2.5mm needs attention.
- If the products are arranged near groove line, the product or termination may be damaged by large stress when you split the board. Mount the products on the board to minimize the stress referred to the following figure.



【The level of stress on terminations $A > B \approx C > D > E$ 】

- Make a proper layout to avoid the stress from the warp or deformation of the board. Otherwise, solder cracks may occur or the products may be damaged.



- Pay attention to the products mounted on the periphery of the board or near the connectors so that no stress is placed on the products when you push/pull the connectors.
- Pay attention to the layout where the products are mounted near large components to avoid the crack, because the stress works in the direction to large components when the solder solidifies.
- Design each land on right and left to have the same size. Different land size may change characteristics or cause cracks and tombstone effect while the solder is cooled down.

● Mounting and soldering

- Imperfect adjustment of mounting machine may cause cracks, chipping and alignment error. Check and inspect the mounting machine in advance.
- Set the backup pins in proper layout otherwise the components mounted on the backside of the board are damaged. Do not set these pins at the position of the nozzle.
- Adjust the bottom dead point of dispenser away from the board when you apply adhesive. It may damage the components mounted on the backside of the board.

- Confirm that the products are corresponding to flow soldering when you perform it.

- Pay attention to the amount of solder because improper amount of solder place large stress on the products and cause cracks or malfunctions.

● Soldering by soldering iron

- Solder by soldering iron at the temperature specified in technical specifications or precautions for each product.
- Perform preheating as much as possible.
- Keep the tip of the soldering iron away from the body and the termination of the products.
- Avoid damage and physical shock to the products, when you nip the products with hard tools like pliers and tweezers.

★ Common matters in lead type products

● Mechanical stress

- Pay attention to resonance by vibration after mounting.
- Do not add bending or twisting stress to the product body.
- Fix large size products firmly.
- Take larger curvature radius to avoid excessive stress on the root of the terminals when you need to bend the lead wires. Excessive stress, if applied, may make the lead wire separate from the electrode cap and damage the product.
- Do not add excessive stress to the product body when lead wires are cut or clinched by mounting machine.

● Temperature rise

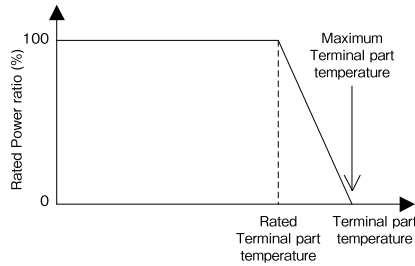
- Pay attention to the heat radiation and interaction to other components, because large size resistors generate large amount of heat, when the rated power is applied.

Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature

●Background

Recently, the miniaturization, high power density and high temperature of the usage environment for the automotive devices have advanced. And requests for resistors to conform the high temperature is increasing. Figure 1 is the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature and this is introduced to realize these requests for the surface mount resistors safely.

Rated terminal part temperature is the maximum terminal part temperature of the surface mount resistor at which the rated power may be applied continuously including the temperature rise by self heat generation.

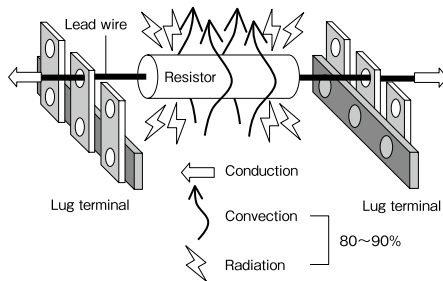


[Figure 1. Derating curve based on the terminal part temperature]

The derating curves based on the terminal part temperature is already used in the metal plate type ultra-low resistance value resistors for current sensing. It is because these resistors are used in sensing of large currents such as inverters and converters which the terminal part temperature rise irrelevantly from the ambient temperature because of the generated heat from the nearby switching elements or the large current applied to the copper pattern. This point of view was deployed to the general resistors as well.

●Overview of the establishment of the derating curves based on ambient temperature

The idea of the traditional derating curve based on the ambient temperature defined in the JIS and IEC standard was established in the vacuum tube era, far back from the appearance of the surface mount resistors. There were no printed boards in those days and the cylindrical shaped resistors with lead wires were wired in the air to lug terminals as shown in Figure 2.



[Figure 2. Heat dissipation of cylindrical resistors]

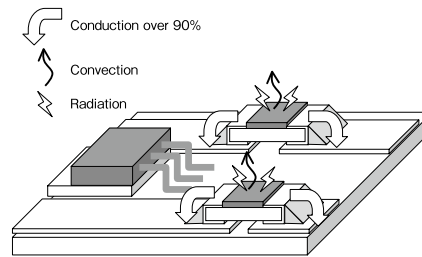
The Joule heat that is generated in the resistor is dissipated in three pathways regardless of the shape of the resistor. The first path is conduction to the connected parts such as the terminal. The second path is convection including the heat transfer to the atmosphere by natural convection and airflow. The third path is radiation by infrared.

The larger the area connected to the resistor becomes, the larger the heat conduction will be. And the larger the surface area of the resistor becomes, larger the convection and radiation will be.

When the cylindrical shape resistor with lead wire is mounted on the lug terminal, the lead wire which is the heat path by conduction is thin and long so the heat resistance is large and the heat dissipation will be small. In the contrast, the heat dissipation ratio of the convection and radiation becomes large since the area will be large. It is determined in the simulation that 80% to 90% of the heat of the cylindrical shape resistor with lead wire is dissipated directly into the ambient air. The temperature of the resistor can be calculated by adding the ambient temperature and the temperature rise caused by the self-heating, so the ambient temperature will be most sufficient for the usage environment temperature standard of the resistors. This is why the derating curve based on ambient temperature was provided to the customers as the index of design.

●Heat dissipation of surface mount resistors

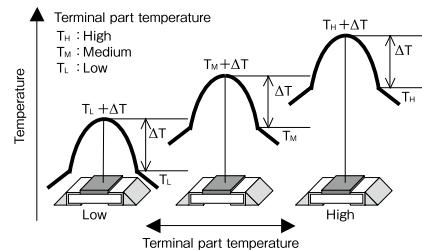
The Figure3 shows the main heat path of the present surface mount resistors. The surface mount resistors have only small surface area so the convection and radiation will be small. On the other hand, they are connected to the print board patterns in a large area so the ratio by conduction will be very large. In estimation, the ratio by conduction through the terminal to the board takes over 90% even when the convection and radiation is presumed at the maximum level. Therefore, the control point of the surface mount resistor should be the temperature of the terminal part which is the connection point of the board and the main heat path.



[Figure 3. Heat dissipation of surface mount resistors]

●Derating curve suitable for the surface mount resistor

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied as shown in Figure 4. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.

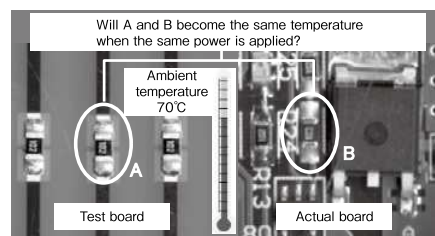


[Figure 4. Contributing factor to the temperature of the surface mount resistor]

Even when the same power is applied to the surface mount resistor under the same ambient temperature, the temperature will not be the same if the printed board which the resistor is mounted is different. It is because the terminal part temperature changes. There is a possibility that the temperature of the resistors becomes higher than the endurance test of ambient temperature 70°C which is defined in the JIS and IEC standard and implemented at our site when they are mounted closely to each other or there are other heat generating devices mounted on the board as shown in Figure 5.

The traditional derating curve based on the ambient temperature is established from the endurance test of ambient temperature 70°C. There will be no problem if the resistors are used with electrically and thermally sufficient margins, but it is inferable that the recent requests for miniaturization, high power density and high temperature usage environment would lead to reducing the margins at the device designing phase.

Using the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature will be a rational method to reduce the margin. We will provide the derating curve suitable for the surface mount resistors based on the tests implemented under the conditions that the terminal part temperature becomes the rated terminal part temperature (refer to the Terms and definitions).



[Figure 5. Temperature differs depending on the board]

Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature

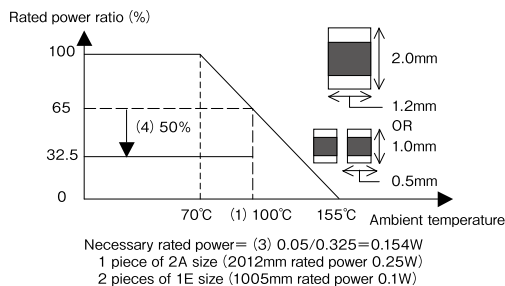
● How to use the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature

Some examples of rational method to reduce the margins or reduce the number of resistors or replace with a smaller size will be shown.

The prior conditions will be the following. Be aware that the terminal part temperature does not always become 120°C when the ambient temperature is 100°C.

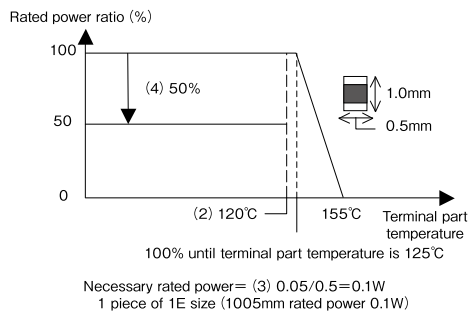
- (1) Ambient temperature of the board: 100°C
- (2) Terminal part temperature of the surface mount resistor: 120°C
- (3) Actual load power: 0.05W
- (4) Margins defined by the customer internal regulations: 50%

The necessary rated power for the resistor will be calculated from the conditions (1), (3), (4) using the derating curve based on the ambient temperature. The result is shown in Figure 6. For the RK73B products, one piece of 2A size, or two pieces of 1E size will be necessary.



【Figure 6. Selection by the traditional derating curve】

However, when the resistor is selected from the conditions (2), (3), (4) using the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature, one piece of 1E size will be sufficient.



【Figure 7. Selection by the derating curve based on terminal part temperature】

As seen above, the number of resistors and the mounting area can be reasonably reduced by using the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature and this will lead to cost saving.

● Derating curve suitable for the surface mount resistor

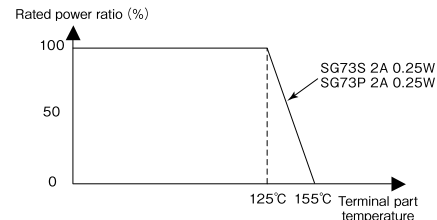
As shown in Table 1, for the surface mount resistors, there are products that have 2 rated powers for the same type in the rating column. The high rated power is basically available and applicable only to boards with adequate heat dissipation design for example multilayer boards, DCB (direct copper bonding) boards and single layer boards with wide heat dissipation area land. The derating curve based on the terminal part temperature is given priority to the derating curve based on the ambient temperature. The rated terminal part temperature is set low for the products with high power ratings even when they have the same rated ambient temperature.

In addition, we implement load life tests for the products with high rated power by using a test board that can specially control the terminal part temperature.

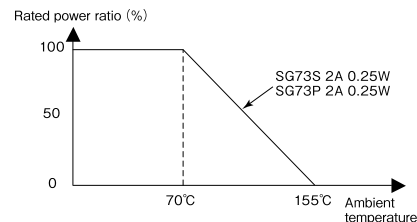
【Table 1. Rating column of products with 2 rated power】

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.
SG73S 2A SG73P 2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C
	0.5W	70°C	100°C

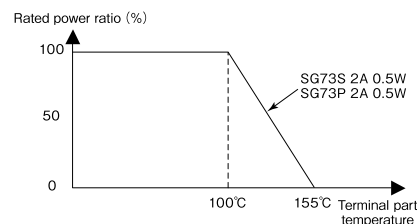
In the case of Table1, there will be 3 derating curves as shown from Fig.8 to Fig.10.



【Figure 8. Derating curve of 0.25W rated power based on terminal part temperature】



【Figure 9. Derating curve of 0.25W rated power based on ambient temperature】



【Figure 10. Derating curve of 0.5W rated power based on terminal part temperature】

How to use each derating curve is shown as the following.

● When 0.25W is the rated power

When the terminal part temperature can be measured:

The derating curve in Figure 8 can be applicable and it can be used with rated power 0.25W up to terminal part temperature 125° C. The derating curve with the horizontal axis based on the terminal part temperature supersedes the conventional derating curve with the horizontal axis based on the ambient temperature. Therefore, even when the ambient temperature exceeds 100° C, it can be used with rated power 0.25W as long as the terminal part temperature is below 125° C.

When the terminal part temperature is not measured and only the ambient temperature is measured:

The product may be used by derating the load power from the ambient temperature 70° C according to the conventional derating curve shown in Figure 9. However, as mentioned in the past descriptions, the temperature of the resistor differs according to the wiring patterns and heat generating components nearby, even when the ambient temperature is the same, so it is not a derating method with good precision.

● When 0.5W is the rated power.

Managing the terminal part temperature is the requirement to apply the rated power 0.5W. Only the derating curve with the horizontal axis based on the terminal part temperature as shown in Fig.10 can be used but it can assure up to the high power. The product can be used with 0.5W if the terminal part temperature is below 100°C.

● Reference

Please refer to IEC TR 63091:2017 "Study for the derating curve of surface mount fixed resistors -Derating curves based on terminal part temperature".

Precautions for the Resistors

Refer to the precautions in the beginning part of this catalogue for the matters common to all products

● General in fixed resistors

- When the resistors are operated in ambient temperature above the rated temperature, the power rating must be derated according to the derating curve.
- Resistors in general may emit flame, fire, smoke or red heat when overload is applied.
- Flame retardant resistors may emit smoke or cause red heat when overload is applied but unlikely to emit flame or fire.
- When the resistors are sealed and coated by coating materials such as resin, deterioration of the resistor by thermal stress or resin may affect the characteristics. Confirm with KOA for the performance and reliability specifications in advance.
When the resin absorbs moisture, the resistance to moisture and corrosion of the resistor may deteriorate, so be aware.
- When the resistor is coated, potted or molded by resin materials, the curing stress could cause peeling of protective coating and crack of solder fillet, resulting in the resistance change and disconnection. Do not coat nor seal the flame retardant coated resistors nor metal oxide film resistors.
- Allow enough intervals for cooling after mounting metal film resistors, before washing the flux. Residues of ionic substances may deteriorate resistances to moisture and corrosion.
- When a power exceeding the rated power is applied in a short time, we can not guarantee the safety only that the average power is below the rated power. Please contact KOA with the surge voltage or current waveform for advise.
- Cylindrical film resistors have inductance due to the spiral trimming. Please be aware when using in a high-frequency circuit.
- The flame retardant resistors are weak against mechanical stress compared with the general resistors due to the special coating. Please do not apply impact, vibration or pinching with pliers, tweezers to the resistor body. Do not apply any external force to the protective coating until drying is fully completed after washing.

● Wirewound type resistors

- Wirewound type resistors have inductances and parasitic capacitances resulting from the winding structure. Therefore, they could resonate when used in a high frequency circuit.

● Fusing resistors

- Confirm beforehand that the overload condition of the abnormal situations are within the fusing area.
- Contact KOA in advance when excess overload of the rated voltage is continuously applied, since there is a possibility of damage accumulated in the resistor.
- The arc phenomenon may occur when high voltage is applied again after fusing by over current. Make sure to use the product below the maximum open circuit voltage.
- Contact KOA about the maximum open circuit voltage for it varies depending on the product type and resistance.
- The fusing characteristics could change when the resistors are coated, potted and molded by resin materials.

● Reference

- For the basic precautions of using resistors, refer to the technical report, "JEITA RCR-2121B Safety application guide for fixed resistors for use in electronic equipment", issued by JEITA.

Terms and Definitions

■Nominal Resistance

- Designed resistance value usually indicated on the resistor.

■Power Rating

- Maximum allowable power at rated temperature. Some of our chip resistor arrays and networks specify the whole power rating as a package.

■Rated Ambient Temperature

- Maximum ambient temperature at which the power rating may be applied continuously. The rated ambient temperature refers to the temperature around the resistor mounted inside the equipment, not to the air temperature outside the equipment.

■Rated Terminal Part Temperature

- Maximum terminal part temperature of the surface mount resistor at which the power rating may be applied continuously. Includes the temperature rise by self heat generation.

■Derating Curve

- Curve that expresses the relation between ambient temperature or terminal part temperature and the maximum allowable power, which is generally expressed in percentage.

■Rated Voltage

- Maximum allowable D.C. or A.C. voltage(rms), capable to be continuously applied to a resistor or a resistor element under the rated ambient temperature or terminal part temperature. It shall be calculated from the rated power and nominal resistance using the following formula.

$$\text{Rated Voltage (V)} = \sqrt{\text{Rated Power (W)} \times \text{Nominal Resistance Value } (\Omega)}$$

The rated voltage shall not exceed the max. working voltage.

■Critical Resistance

- The maximum nominal resistance value at which the rated power can be applied without exceeding the maximum working voltage. The rated voltage is equal to the max. working voltage at the critical resistance value.

■Maximum Working Voltage

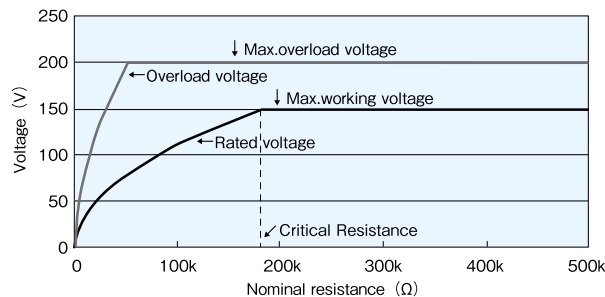
- Maximum D.C. or A.C. voltage (rms) that can be continuously applied to the terminations of a resistor. However, the maximum value of the applicable voltage is the rated voltage at the critical resistance value or lower. Maximum working voltage and rated voltage are calculated D.C. voltage based on rated power. Sine wave is assumed for the A.C. voltage so the peak voltage should be $\sqrt{2}$ times the maximum working voltage. When the wave form is not a sine wave, or when the resistance value exceeds the critical resistance, please contact us for the applicable peak voltage.

■Overload Voltage

- Allowable voltage which is applied in 5s. under short time overload test. Overload voltage shall be 2.5 times of rated voltage or max. overload voltage, whichever is lower.

■Maximum Overload Voltage

- Largest value of overload voltage



[Example of various voltage of RK73G 2A]

■Dielectric Withstanding Voltage

- A.C. voltage(rms) that can be applied to a designated spot between the electrode and the outer coating in one minute, in the voltage proof test.

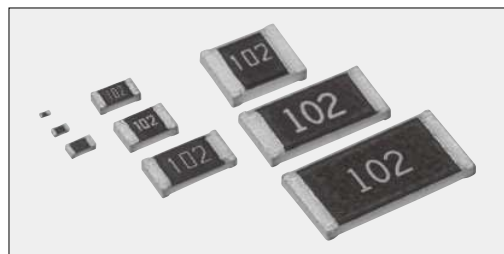
■Temperature Coefficient of Resistance(T.C.R.)

- Relative variation of resistance between two given temperatures when temperature is changed by 1K, which is shown by the following formula.

$$\text{T.C.R. } (\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}) = \frac{R - R_0}{R_0} \times \frac{1}{T - T_0} \times 10^6$$

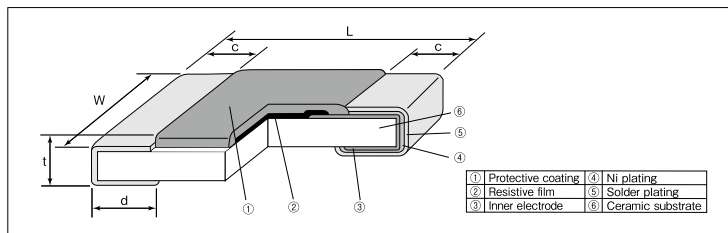
R : Resistance value (Ω) at $T^\circ\text{C}$
 R₀ : Resistance value (Ω) at $T_0^\circ\text{C}$
 T : Measured test temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)
 T₀ : Measured base temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)

RK73B Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Wide lineup from 01005 to 2512 size.
- Excellent heat resistance and weather resistance are ensured by the use of metal glaze thick film.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (Exemption 1F).

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Type Designation

Example

RK73B Product Code	2B Power Rating 1F : 0.03W 1H : 0.05W 1E : 0.1W 1J : 0.1W 0.125W 2A : 0.25W 2B : 0.25W 2E : 0.5W W2H : 0.75W W3A : 1W W3A2 : 2W ^{#5}	T Characteristic Nil : Standard A : Heat shock resistance ^{#2}	T Terminal Surface Material T : Sn G : Au ^{#3} (L : Sn/Pb ^{#4})	TD Taping TX : 4mm width-1mm pitch plastic embossed TBL : TCM : 2mm pitch punch paper TPL : TP : 2mm pitch punch paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper TE : 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK : Bulk	103 Nominal Resistance 3 digits	J Resistance Tolerance G : ±2% J : ±5%
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*1 RK73B 2H, 3A and 3A2 are also still available (different "d" dimensions=0.4^{+0.05}mm)

*2 With type A (1E,1J,2A,2B) only T is available as the terminal surface material. No resistance marking.
*3 Products with gold plated electrodes are also available with 1E, 1J and 2A types (10Ω~1MΩ), so please consult with us.
*4 With type 1F, 1H, W2H, W3A, W3A2 only T is available as the terminal surface material. The terminal surface material lead free is standard.
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁹ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)					
					G : ±2% E24	J : ±5% E24			TX	TBL	TCM ^{#7}	TPL-TP	TD	TE
1F	0.03W	70°C	—	±200	100k~1M	100k~10M	20V	30V	40,000	20,000	—	—	—	—
1H	0.05W	70°C	125°C	±250	10~91k	10~91k	25V	50V	—	—	15,000	—	—	—
1E	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±200	1~10M	1~10M	75V	100V	—	—	—	TPL:20,000 TP:10,000	—	—
1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±200	1.1k~10M	1.1k~10M	150V	200V	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{#6}
	0.125W	70°C	125°C	±400	—	11M~22M								
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±200	1~1M	1~1M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{#6}
	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±400	1.1M~10M	1.1M~10M								
2B	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±200	1~5.6M	1~5.6M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{#6}
	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±400	6.2M~10M	6.2M~22M								
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~5.6M	1~5.6M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{#6}
	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±400	—	6.2M~10M								
W2H	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~5.6M	1~5.6M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	—	4,000
	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±400	—	6.2M~22M								
W3A	1.0W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~5.6M	1~5.6M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	—	4,000
	1.0W	70°C	125°C	±400	—	6.2M~22M								
W3A2	2.0W ^{#5}	70°C	95°C	±200	10~5.6M	1~5.6M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	—	4,000
	2.0W ^{#5}	70°C	95°C	±400	—	6.2M~22M								

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +125°C (1F), -55°C ~ +155°C (1H · 1E · 1J · 2A · 2B · 2E · W2H · W3A · W3A2)

Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

For flat chip jumper resistor, please refer to RK73Z series.

*5 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

*6 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

*7 Standard taping specification of 1H is TCM. Previously available "TC(10,000pcs/Reel)" is not recommended for new designs.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

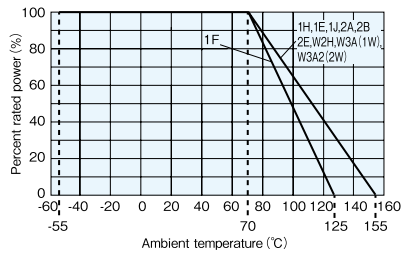
For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

While using under high power, the temperature of the product may increase depending on the condition of heat dissipation from PCB.

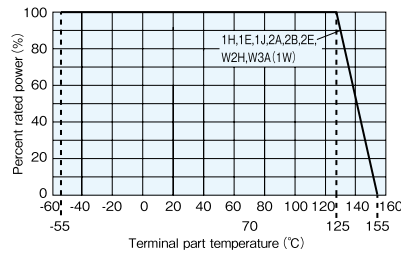
Be sure to check the terminal part temperature as well as precautions to use on delivery specifications before use.

Derating Curve

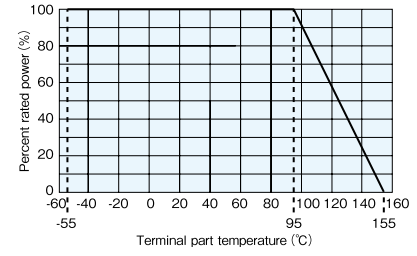
Ambient temperature



Terminal part temperature



Terminal part temperature
RK73B W3A2

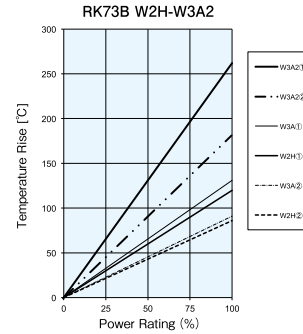
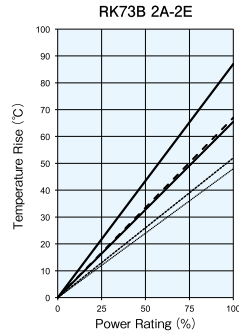
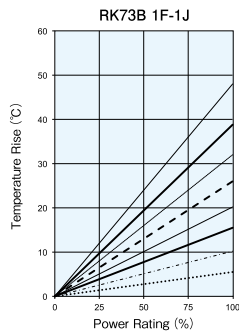


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

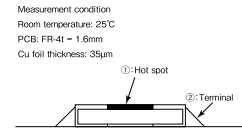
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

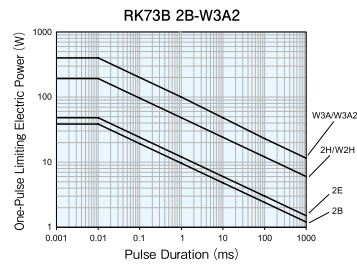
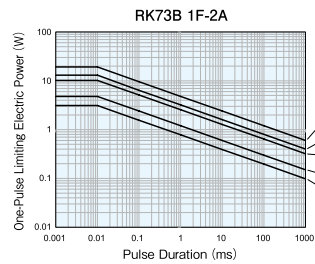
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

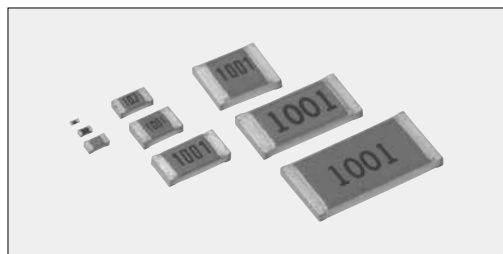
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.1 Ω)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C and +25/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	1 : 1F 0.5 : others	Rated voltage \times 2.5 for 5s (1E, 2B, W3A2 : Rated voltage \times 2 for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	1 : 1F~W3A2 (10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 3 : 1F~W3A2 (R < 10 Ω , R > 1M Ω)	0.5 : 1F~W3A2 (10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 1 : 1F~W3A2 (R < 10 Ω , R > 1M Ω)	260°C \pm 5°C, 10s \pm 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1 : 1F, Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) 0.5 : others	0.5 : 1F, Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) 0.3 : others	Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) : −55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : −55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : others	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1.5 : 1F 1 : others	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : others	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1 : others	70°C \pm 2°C or rated terminal part temperature \pm 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.5 : 1F 0.3 : others	+125°C, 1000h : 1F +155°C, 1000h : 1H, 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2

Precautions for Use

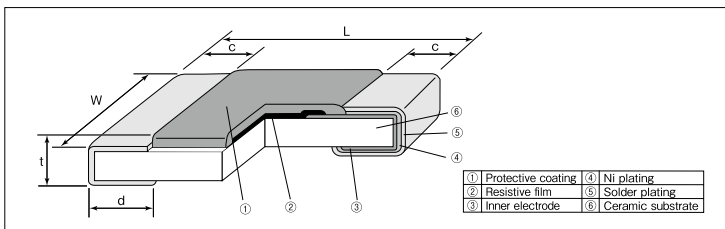
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of W2H/W3A/W3A2 which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1F~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of W2H/W3A/W3A2. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- Care should be taken that RK73B1F may be damaged when static electricity occurs and is applied in the equipment assembly process.

RK73H Flat Chip Resistors (Precision Grade)



Coating color : Black (1F, 1H),
Blue (1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2)

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1F (01005)	0.4±0.02	0.2±0.02	0.10±0.03	0.11±0.03	0.13±0.02	0.04
1H (0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.1±0.05	0.15±0.05	0.23±0.03	0.14
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1E AT (0402)			0.25±0.1	0.3±0.15		
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
1J AT (0603)			0.35±0.15	0.5±0.2		
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14
2B AT (1206)			0.55±0.35	0.8±0.2		
2E (1210)	5.0±0.2	2.5±0.2	2.6±0.2	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	15.5
W2H (2010) ^{*1}				0.5±0.3		0.65±0.15
W3A (2512) ^{*1}	6.3±0.2	3.1±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.65±0.15	0.6±0.1	37.1
W3A2 (2512) ^{*1}						

*1 RK73H 2H, 3A and 3A2 are also still available (different "d" dimensions=0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}mm)

Features

- Wide lineup from 01005 to 2512 size.
- Excellent heat resistance and weather resistance are ensured by the use of metal glaze thick film.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (Exemption 1F).

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Type Designation

Example: **RK73H** **2B** **T** **TD** **1002** **F**

Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
1F : 0.03W 1H : 0.05W 1E : 0.1W 1J : 0.125W 2A : 0.25W 2B : 0.25W 2E : 0.5W W2H : 0.75W W3A : 1W W3A2 : 2W ^{*5}	Nil : Standard A : Heat shock resistance ^{*2}	T : Sn G : Au ^{*3} (L : Sn/Pb ^{*4})	TX : 4mm width-1mm pitch plastic embossed TBL : TCM ^{*6} 2mm pitch press paper TPL : TP : 2mm pitch punch paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper TE : 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK : Bulk	4 digits	D : ±0.5% F : ±1%	

*2 With type A (1E, 1J, 2A, 2B) only T is available as the terminal surface material.

*3 Products with gold plated electrodes are also available with 1E, 1J and 2A types (10Ω~1MΩ), so please consult with us.

*4 With type 1F, 1H, W2H, W3A, W3A2 only T is available as the terminal surface material.

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS. For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁷ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)					
					D: ±0.5% E24 · E96	F: ±1% E24 · E96			TX	TBL	TCM ^{*6}	TPL · TP	TD	TE
1F	0.03W	70°C	—	±200	—	100k~2M ^{*5} 10~91k ^{*5}	20V	30V	40,000	20,000	—	—	—	—
1H	0.05W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	10~10M ^{*5} 1~9.1 ^{*5}	25V	50V	—	—	15,000	—	—	—
1E	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M 1~9.76 1.02M~10M	75V	100V	—	—	—	TPL : 20,000 TP : 10,000	—	—
1J	0.1W 0.125W	70°C	125°C	±100	1.02k~1M 10~1k	1.02k~1M 10~1k 1~9.76			—	—	—	—	TP : 10,000 ^{*7}	5,000
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M 1~9.76 1.02M~10M	150V	200V	—	—	—	TP : 10,000 ^{*7}	5,000	4,000 ^{*7}
2B	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±200	—	1~9.76 1.02M~5.6M 5.62M~10M			—	—	—	—	—	5,000
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M 1~9.76 1.02M~5.6M 5.62M~10M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*7}
W2H	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±200	—	1~9.76 1.02M~5.6M 5.62M~10M			—	—	—	—	—	—
W3A	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M 1~9.76 1.02M~5.6M 5.62M~10M	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	—	4,000
W3A2	2W ^{*5}	70°C	95°C	±200	—	1~9.76 1.02M~5.6M 5.62M~10M			—	—	—	—	—	—

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C~+125°C (1F), -55°C~+155°C (1H · 1E · 1J · 2A · 2B · 2E · W2H · W3A · W3A2)

Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

For flat chip jumper resistor, please refer to RK73Z series.

*5 The nominal resistance value for RK73H1F (10Ω≤R≤2MΩ) and RK73H1H (1Ω≤R≤9.1Ω, 1MΩ≤R≤10MΩ) is E24.

*6 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

*7 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

*8 Standard taping specification of 1H is TCM. Previously available "TC(10,000pcs/Reel)" is not recommended for new designs.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

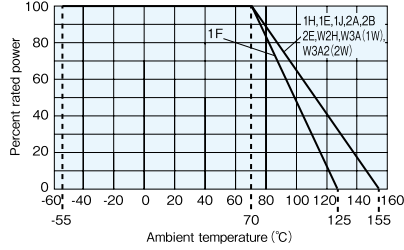
For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

While using under high power, the temperature of the product may increase depending on the condition of heat dissipation from PCB.

Be sure to check the terminal part temperature as well as precautions to use on delivery specifications before use.

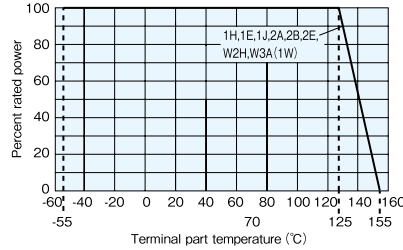
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

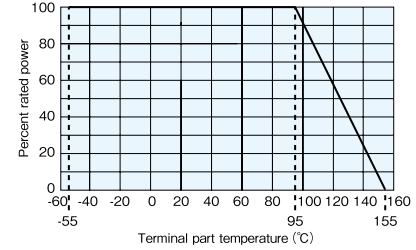
Terminal part temperature



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

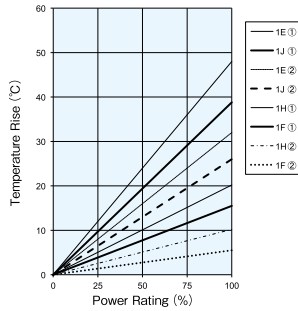
※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature
RK73H W3A2

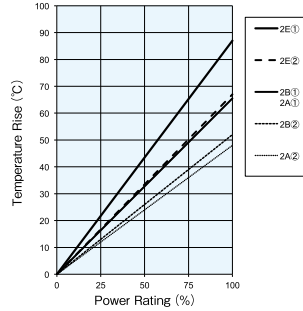


Temperature Rise

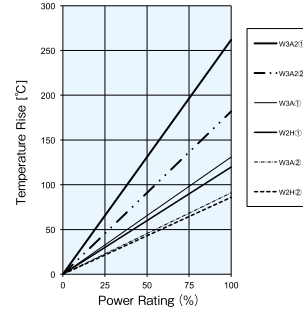
RK73H 1F-1J



RK73H 2A-2E

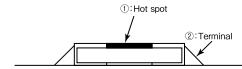


RK73H W2H-W3A2



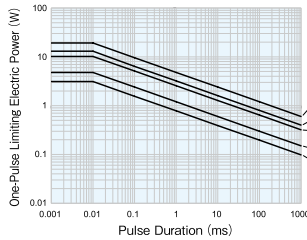
Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35µm

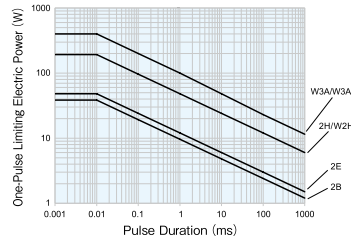


One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

RK73H 1F-2A



RK73H 2B-W3A2



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

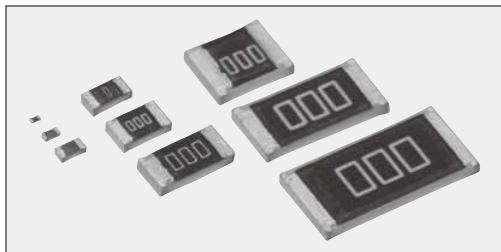
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.1%)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	1 : 1F 0.5 : others	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s (1E, 2B, W3A2 : Rated voltage $\times 2$ for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	1 : 1F~W3A ($10\Omega \leq R \leq 1M\Omega$) 3 : 1H~W3A ($R < 10\Omega, R > 1M\Omega$)	0.5 : 1F~W3A ($10\Omega \leq R \leq 1M\Omega$) 1 : 1H~W3A ($R < 10\Omega, R > 1M\Omega$)	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	1 : 1F, Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) 0.5 : others	0.5 : 1F, Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) 0.3 : others	Characteristic [Nil] (Standard) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : others	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1.5 : 1F 1 : others	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : others	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1 : others	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.5 : 1F 0.3 : others	+125°C, 1000h : 1F +155°C, 1000h : 1H, 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2

Precautions for Use

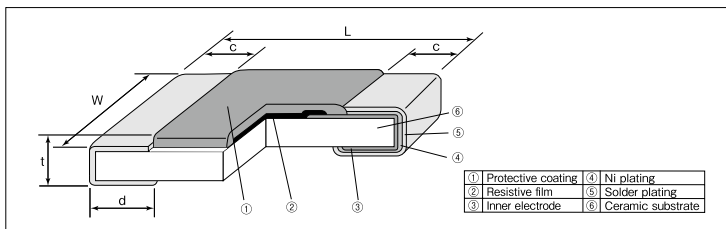
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of W2H/W3A/W3A2 which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1F~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of W2H/W3A/W3A2. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- Care should be taken that RK73H1F may be damaged when static electricity occurs and is applied in the equipment.

RK73Z Flat Chip Jumper Resistors



Coating color : Green (1H, 1E)
Black (1F, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A)

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1F (01005)	0.4±0.02	0.2±0.02	0.10±0.03	0.11±0.03	0.13±0.02	0.04
1H (0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.1±0.05	0.15±0.05	0.23±0.03	0.14
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1E AT (0402)			0.25±0.1	0.3±0.15		
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
1J AT (0603)			0.35±0.15	0.5±0.2		
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14
2B AT (1206)			0.55±0.35	0.8±0.2		
2E (1210)			2.6±0.2	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}		
W2H ^{※1} (2010)	5.0±0.2	2.5±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.65±0.15		24.3
W3A ^{※1} (2512)	6.3±0.2	3.1±0.2				37.1

※1 RK73Z 2H and RK73Z 3A are also still available (different "d" dimensions=0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}mm)

Features

- Wide lineup from 01005 to 2512 size.
- Excellent heat resistance and weather resistance, because of the use of glaze thick film as resistive film.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (Exemption 1F).

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Type Designation

Example

RK73Z	2B		T	TD
Product Code	Current Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping
	1F : 0.5A 1H : 0.5A 1E : 1A 1J : 1A 2A : 2A 2B : 2A 2E : 2A W2H : 2A W3A : 2A	Nil: Standard A: Heat shock resistance ^{※2}	T : Sn G : Au ^{※3} (L : Sn/Pb ^{※4})	TX : 4mm width-1mm pitch plastic embossed TBL·TCM : 2mm pitch press paper TPL·TP : 2mm pitch punch paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper TE : 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK : Bulk

- ※2 With type A (1E,1J,2A,2B) only T is available as the terminal surface material. No resistance marking.
 - ※3 Products with gold plated electrodes are also available with 1E, 1J and 2A types, so please consult with us.
 - ※4 With type 1F and 1H, W2H, W3A only T is available as the terminal surface material.
- The terminal surface material lead free is standard.
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

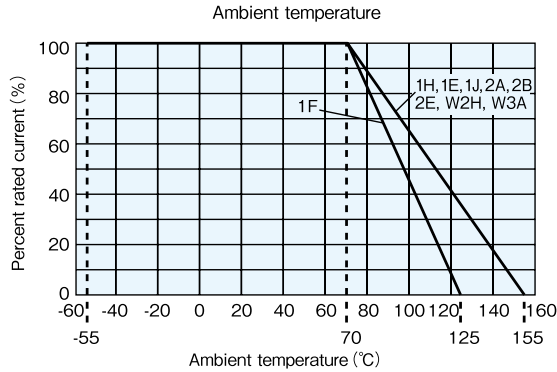
Type	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Resistance	Current Rating	Max. Overload Current	Operating Temp. Range	Packaging & Qty /Reel (pcs)					
							TX	TBL	TCM ^{※6}	TPL·TP	TD	TE
1F	70°C	—	50mΩ max.	0.5A	1A	-55°C~+125°C	40,000	20,000	—	—	—	—
1H		125°C					—	15,000	—	—	—	
1E	70°C	125°C	50mΩ max.	1A	2A	-55°C~+155°C	—	—	—	TPL:20,000 TP :10,000	—	—
1J							—	—	—	TP :10,000 ^{※5}	5,000	—
2A	70°C	125°C	50mΩ max.	2A	5A	-55°C~+155°C	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※5}
2B							—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※5}
2E							—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※5}
W2H							—	—	—	—	—	4,000
W3A							—	—	—	—	—	4,000

※5 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

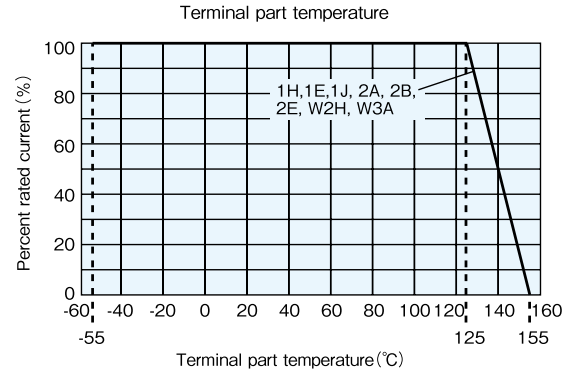
※6 Standard taping specification of 1H is TCM. Previously available "TC(10,000pcs/Reel)" is not recommended for new designs.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

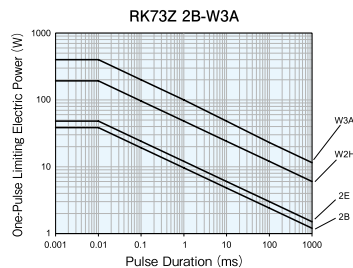
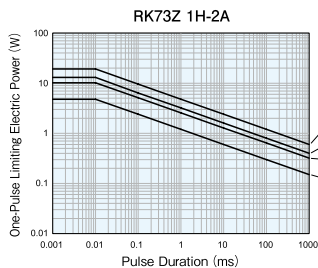


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the current shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. Please calculate One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power using upper limit of resistance (50mΩ or 100mΩ) for applied current. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

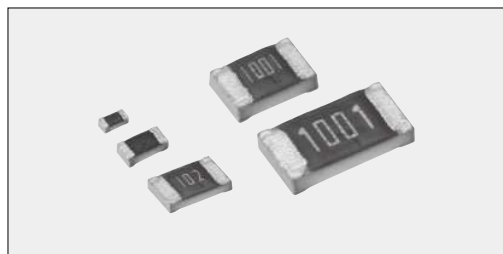
Test Items	Performance Requirements		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	50mΩ Max. after the test	15mΩ Max. after the test	25°C
Overload (Short time)	50mΩ Max. after the test	18mΩ Max. after the test	Max. overload current, 5s, 1 cycle
Resistance to soldering heat	50mΩ Max. after the test	15mΩ Max. after the test	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	50mΩ Max. after the test	15mΩ Max. after the test	Characteristic [Nil] (Standard) : -55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : -55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	100mΩ Max. after the test	18mΩ Max. after the test	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	100mΩ Max. after the test	18mΩ Max. after the test	70°C±2°C or rated terminal part temperature ±2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	100mΩ Max. after the test	15mΩ Max. after the test	+125°C, 1000h : 1F +155°C, 1000h : 1H, 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of W2H/W3A which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1F~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of W2H/W3A. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

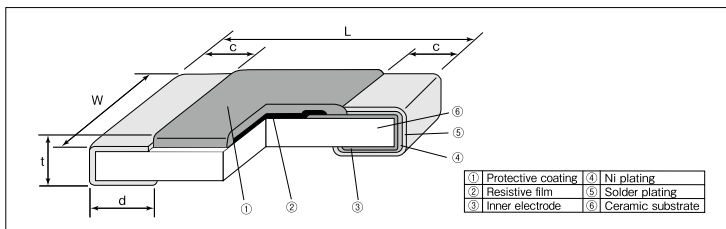
Flat Chip Resistors (Ultra Precision Grade)

Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black (1H, 1E), Dark blue (1J, 2A, 2B)

Construction



Features

- Metal-glaze thick film resistor for surface mounting.
- High precision resistor with T.C.R. $\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$ and tolerance $\pm 0.25\%$.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Car electronics, Industrial equipment, Industrial measurement
- Replacement of metal film chip resistors.

Reference Standards

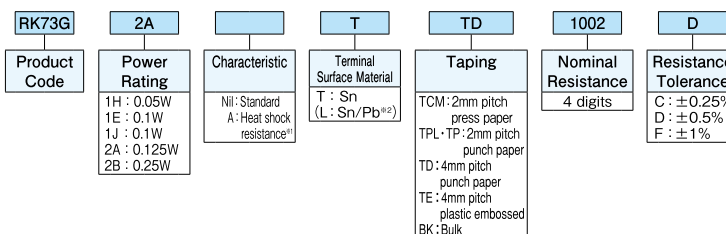
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1H(0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.1±0.05	0.15±0.05	0.23±0.03	0.14
1E(0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1E AT(0402)			0.25±0.1	0.3±0.15		
1J(0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
1J AT(0603)			0.35±0.15	0.5±0.2		
2A(0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.02} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2A AT(0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B(1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.02} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14
2B AT(1206)			0.55±0.35	0.8±0.2		

Type Designation

Example



※1 With type A (1E,1J,2A,2B) only T is available as the terminal surface material.

No resistance marking.

※2 With type 1H, only T is available as the terminal surface material.

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty /Reel (pcs)			
					C: ±0.25% E24·E96	D: ±0.5% E24·E96	F: ±1% E24·E96			TCM ^{※5}	TPL·TP	TD	TE
1H	0.05W	70°C	125°C	±50	—	100~1M ^{※3}	100~1M ^{※3}	25V	50V	15,000	—	—	—
1E	0.1W				—	—	50V	100V	—	TPL: 20,000 TP: 10,000	—	—	
1J	0.1W				100~1M	10~1M	10~1M	75V	150V	—	TP: 10,000 ^{※4}	5,000	—
2A	0.125W				—	—	—	150V	200V	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}
2B	0.25W				—	—	—	200V	400V	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

For flat chip jumper resistor, please refer to RK73Z series.

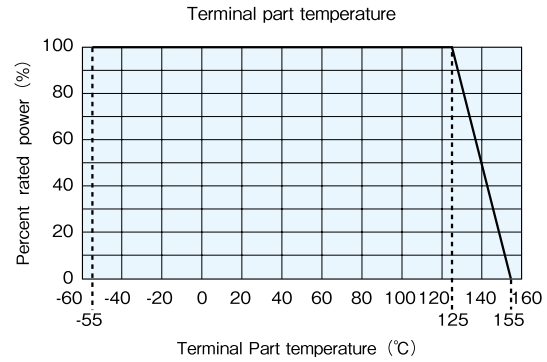
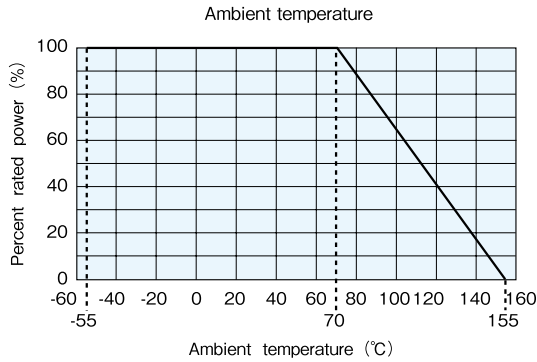
※3 The nominal resistance value for RK73G 1H (D : ±0.5%, F : ±1%) is E24.

※4 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

※5 Standard taping specification of 1H is TCM. Previously available "TC(10,000pcs/Reel)" is not recommended for new designs.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

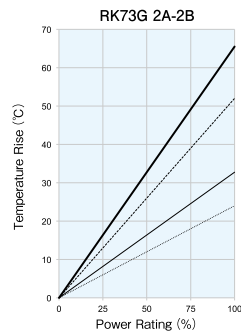
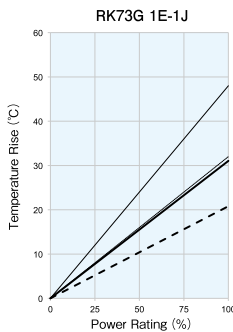
Derating Curve



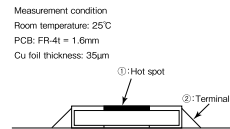
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

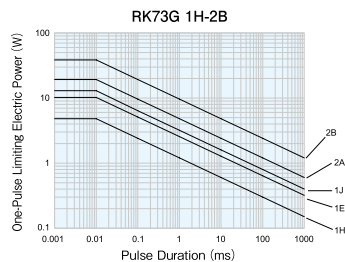
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage.
 Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C : 1H +25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C : 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B
Overload (Short time)	2	0.6	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s (1E, 2B: Rated voltage $\times 2$ for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	1	1 : 1H 0.4 : 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 : Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 1 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	0.3 : Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 0.5 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	3 : 1H, 1E 2 : 1J, 2A, 2B	1 : 1H, 1E 0.6 : 1J, 2A, 2B	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3 : 1H, 1E 2 : 1J, 2A, 2B	1 : 1H, 1E 0.6 : 1J, 2A, 2B	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.6	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

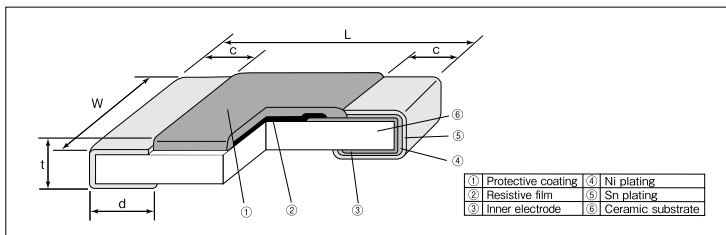
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

RS73 High Reliability Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Metal-glaze thick film resistor for surface mounting.
- High precision resistor with T.C.R. $\pm 25 \times 10^{-6}/K$ and tolerance $\pm 0.1\%$.
- High reliability with ΔR of $\pm 0.2\% \sim \pm 0.5\%$ in the Reliability test.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Car electronics, Industrial equipment, Industrial measurement

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.2±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.25±0.15	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.35±0.15	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14

Type Designation

Example

Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
RS73F	1J	T	TD	1002	B
RS73F RS73G	1E : 0.125W 1J : 0.2W 2A : 0.25W 2B : 0.33W	T : Sn	TPL·TP : 2mm pitch punch paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper BK : Bulk	4 digits	B : ±0.1% C : ±0.25% D : ±0.5% F : ±1.0%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) ^{※2}				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					B: ±0.1% E24·E96	C: ±0.25% E24·E96	D: ±0.5% E24·E96	F: ±1.0% E24·E96			TPL·TP	TD
RS73F1E	0.125W	85°C	125°C	±25 ^{※1}	300~100k	300~1M	300~1M	300~1M	75V	100V	TPL:20,000 TP:10,000	—
RS73G1E				±50								
RS73F1J	0.2W			±25 ^{※1}	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M	100V	150V	—	5,000
RS73G1J				±50								
RS73F2A	0.25W			±25 ^{※1}	10~3M	10~6.8M	10~10M	10~10M	150V	300V	—	5,000
RS73G2A				±50								
RS73F2B	0.33W	±25 ^{※1}	10~5.1M	10~5.1M	10~10M	10~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000		
RS73G2B		±50										

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}C \sim +155^{\circ}C$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

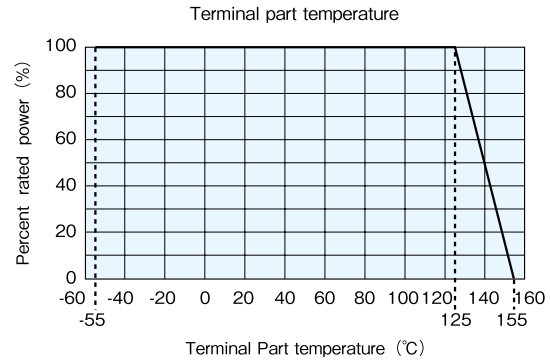
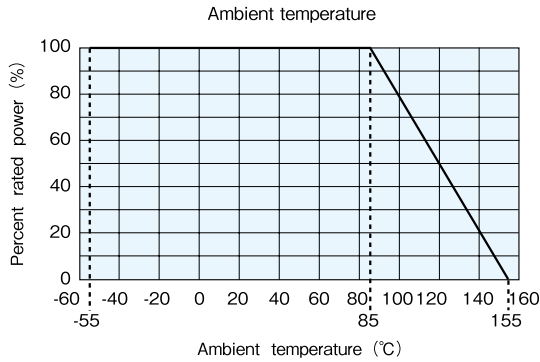
For flat chip jumper resistor, please refer to RK73Z series.

※1 Cold T.C.R. ($-55^{\circ}C/+25^{\circ}C$) is $-50 \sim +25 \times 10^{-6}/K$.

※2 Please inquire of us about E192.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

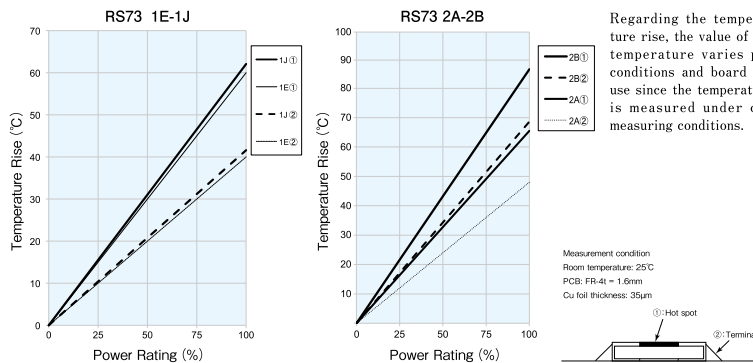
Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 85°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

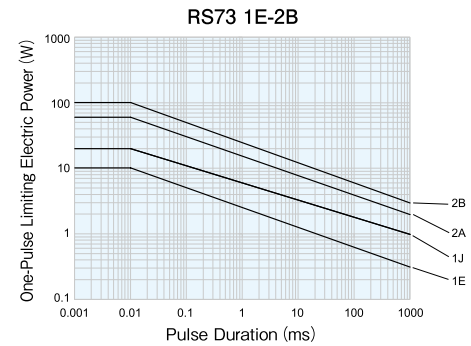
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage.
 Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

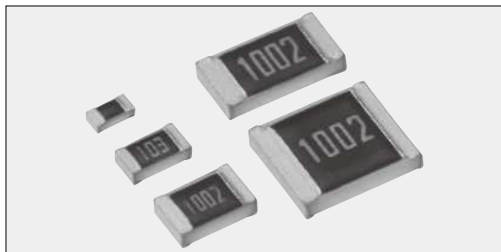
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (% +0.05%)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.2	0.03	Rated voltage \times 2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.2	0.1	260°C \pm 5°C, 10s \pm 1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.2 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.4 : others	0.05 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.2 : others	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.2 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.4~0.5 : others	0.04 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.08 : others	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 85°C or rated terminal part temperature	0.2 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.4 : others	0.05 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.2 : others	85°C \pm 2°C or rated terminal part temperature \pm 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.2 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 100k Ω) 0.4~0.5 : others	0.1 : 1E (300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J (10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A, 2B (10 Ω \leq R \leq 100k Ω) 0.2~0.3 : others	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

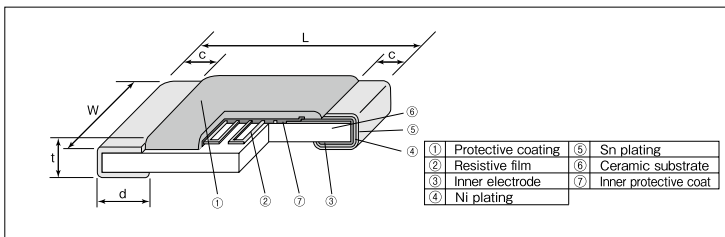
Flat Chip Resistors

RN73H Metal Film Flat Chip Resistors (For Automotive, High reliability)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- SMD metal film resistors.
- High precision type $\pm 0.05\%$ is also available as standard.
- High performance T.C.R. $\pm 5 \times 10^{-6}/K$ is also available as standard.
- Low current noise.
- Operating temperature range $\sim 155^\circ C$.
- Rated ambient temperature : $85^\circ C$
- High reliability with ΔR of $\pm 0.1\%$ in the long-term reliability test.
- Endurance at $85^\circ C$ (3,000h) : ΔR of $\pm 0.1\%$
- Improved moisture resistance by special protective coating.
- High precision resistor solution for tough environments, especially in high reliable automotive, medical and industrial applications.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Sulfur resistance verified according to ASTM B 809-95.

Applications

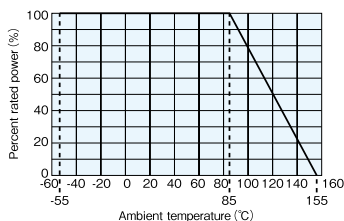
- Automotive electronics (Power Train, Body Control)
- Industrial equipment
- Medical equipment
- Measurement equipment

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2133A

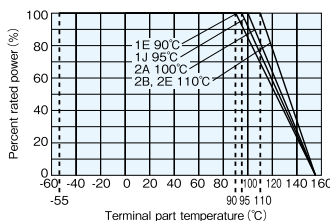
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of $85^\circ C$ or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

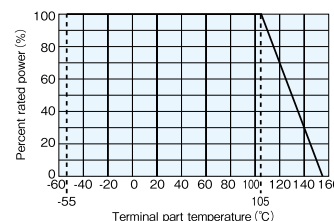
Terminal part temperature (Standard mode)



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature (Power mode)



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	$1.0 \pm_{-0.03}^{+0.1}$	0.5 ± 0.05	0.25 ± 0.1	$0.25 \pm_{-0.01}^{+0.05}$	0.35 ± 0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6 ± 0.2	0.8 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.45 ± 0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.2	0.4 ± 0.2	$0.3 \pm_{-0.1}^{+0.2}$	0.5 ± 0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.3	$0.4 \pm_{-0.1}^{+0.2}$	0.6 ± 0.1	9.14
2E (1210)		2.5 ± 0.2				14.5

Type Designation

Example

RN73H	2B	T	TD	1002	B	25
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)
	1E:0.063W 0.1W 1J:0.1W 0.125W 2A:0.125W 0.25W 2B:0.25W 0.4W 2E:0.25W 0.5W	T:Sn G:Au ^{*1}	TP:2mm pitch punch paper TD:4mm pitch paper TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK:Bulk	4 digits	A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	05 10 25 50 100

※1 Products with gold plated electrodes are also available with 1E and 1J type, so please consult with us. Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) E24 · E96 · E192					Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
					A: $\pm 0.05\%$	B: $\pm 0.1\%$	C: $\pm 0.25\%$	D: $\pm 0.5\%$	F: $\pm 1\%$			TP	TD	TE
1E	0.063W	85°C	90°C	± 5	—	220~10k	—	—	—	50V	100V	10,000	—	—
				± 10	—	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k					
				± 25	—	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k					
	0.1W	85°C	105°C	± 50	—	47~300k	47~300k	10~300k	10~300k					
				± 5	—	220~10k	—	—	—					
				± 10	—	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k					
1J	0.1W	85°C	95°C	± 25	—	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	75V	150V	—	5,000	—
				± 50	—	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k					
				± 100	—	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k					
	0.125W	85°C	105°C	± 5	100~59k	100~59k	—	—	—					
				± 10	47~59k	47~360k	47~360k	47~360k	47~360k					
				± 25	47~59k	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M					
2A	0.125W	85°C	100°C	± 50	—	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M	150V	300V	—	5,000	4,000
				± 100	—	—	—	10~1M	10~1M					
				± 5	100~59k	100~59k	—	—	—					
	0.25W	85°C	105°C	± 10	47~59k	47~360k	47~360k	47~360k	47~360k					
				± 25	47~59k	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
				± 50	—	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
2B	0.25W	85°C	110°C	± 100	—	—	—	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000
				± 5	100~100k	100~100k	—	—	—					
				± 10	47~100k	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
	0.4W	85°C	105°C	± 25	47~100k	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M					
				± 50	—	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M					
				± 100	—	—	—	47~1.5M	47~1.5M					
2E	0.25W	85°C	110°C	± 10	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000
				± 25	51~510k	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M					
				± 50	—	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M					
	0.5W	85°C	105°C	± 100	—	—	—	10~1M	10~1M					
				± 10	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k					
				± 25	51~510k	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
± 50	—	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M									

 Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +155^{\circ}\text{C}$

 Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Performance

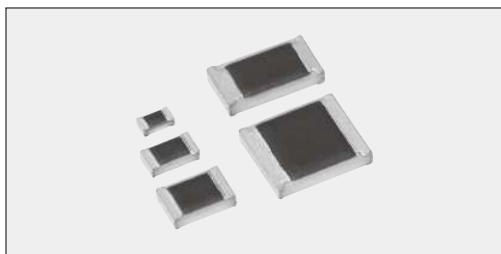
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C : T.C.R. = $\pm 5 (\times 10^{-6}/K)$ +25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+155°C : others
Overload (Short time)	Standard mode : 0.05	0.01	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ or Max. overload., whichever is less, for 5s
	Power mode : 0.05	0.01	1E, 1J : Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ or Max overload voltage , whichever is less, for 5s 2A, 2B, 2E : Rated voltage $\times 1.5$ or Max overload voltage, whichever is less, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.05 ^{※2}	0.01	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s $\pm 1\text{s}$
Rapid change of temperature	0.1 ^{※2}	0.02	1E, 1J, 2A : −55°C (30min.)/+155°C (30min.) 1000 cycles 2B, 2E : −55°C (30min.)/+155°C (30min.) 500 cycles
Moisture resistance	Standard mode : 0.1 ^{※2}	0.05	85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 85% $\pm 5\%$ RH, 1000h. Rated voltage or Max warking voltage, whichever is less. 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
	Power mode : 0.1 ^{※2}	0.04	85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 85% $\pm 5\%$ RH, 1000h. Rated power $\times 0.1$ or Max warking voltage, whichever is less.
Endurance at 85°C	Standard mode : 0.1	0.03	Rated terminal part temp. $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or Rated ambient temp. 85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 3000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
	Power mode : 0.2	0.04	Rated terminal part temp. $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or Rated ambient temp. 85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 3000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.1 ^{※2}	0.05	+155°C, 1000h

※2 Depends on resistance value.

Precautions for Use

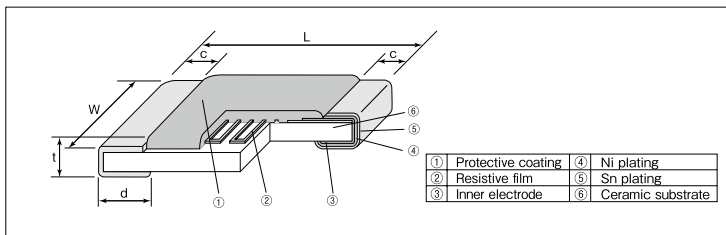
- The properly and electrostatically measured taping materials are used for the components, but attention should be paid to the fact that there is some danger the parts absorb on the top tapes to cause a failure in the mounting and the parts are destructed by static electricity (1J, 2A, 2B, 2E: 1kV and more, 1E: 0.5kV and more at Human Body Model 100pF, 1.5k Ω) to change the resistance in the conditions of an excessive dryness or after the parts are given vibration for a long time as they are packaged on the tapes. Similarly, care should be given not to apply the excessive static electricity when mounting on the boards.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. while perspiration and saliva include ionic impurities like sodium (Na⁺), chlorine (Cl⁻) etc. Therefore these kinds of ionic substances may induce electrical corrosion when they invade into the products. Either thorough washing or using RMA solder and flux are necessary since lead free solder contains ionic substances. Washing process is needed, before putting on moisture proof material in order to prevent electrical corrosion.
- When heat-resistant masking tapes are attached to the chip resistors at the time of mounting and then detached, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes. It is known that the heat applied in the mounting process will enhance the adhesion strength of the tape adhesive so please avoid the use. If the use of masking tapes are unavoidable, then please be sure not to attach the tape adhesives directly on the products.
When high-pressure shower cleaning is implemented, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes caused by the water pressure stress so please avoid the implementation.
If the implementation is unavoidable, then please evaluate the products beforehand.

Flat Chip Resistors **RN73R** Metal Film Flat Chip Resistors (High reliability)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- SMD metal film resistors.
- High precision type $\pm 0.05\%$ is also available as standard.
- High performance T.C.R. $\pm 5 \times 10^{-6}/K$ is also available as standard.
- Low current noise.
- Operating temperature range $\sim 155^\circ C$.
Rated ambient temperature : $85^\circ C$
- High reliability with ΔR of $\pm 0.1\% \sim \pm 0.25\%$ in the long-term reliability test.
- Endurance at $85^\circ C$ (1,000h) : ΔR of $\pm 0.1\%$
- Improved moisture resistance by high humidity protective coating.
- Suitable for control circuits in various industrial equipment.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Sulfur resistance verified according to ASTM B 809-95.

Applications

- Automotive electronics
- Industrial equipment
- Measurement equipment

※For higher precision, RN73H series is available.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2133A

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	$1.0^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	0.5 ± 0.05	0.25 ± 0.1	$0.25^{+0.05}_{-0.1}$	0.35 ± 0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6 ± 0.2	0.8 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.45 ± 0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.2	0.4 ± 0.2	$0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.5 ± 0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.3	$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6 ± 0.1	9.14
2E (1210)		2.5 ± 0.2				14.5

Type Designation

Example

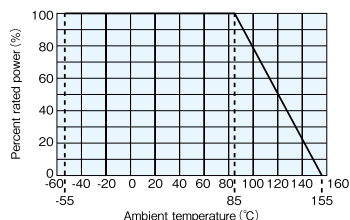
RN73R	2B	T	TD	1002	B	25
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)
	1E:0.063W 0.1W 1J:0.1W 0.125W 2A:0.125W 0.25W 2B:0.25W 0.4W 2E:0.25W 0.5W	T:Sn	TP:2mm pitch punch paper TD:4mm pitch paper TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK:Bulk	4 digits	A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	05 10 25 50 100

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

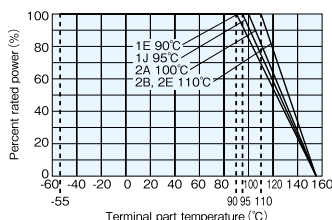
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of $85^\circ C$ or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

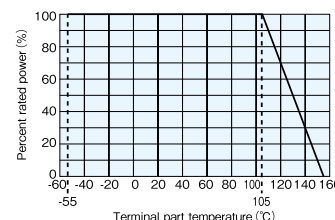
Terminal part temperature (Standard mode)



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature (Power mode)



■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) E24 · E96 · E192					Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q' ty/Reel (pcs)			
												TP	TD	TE	
					A: $\pm 0.05\%$	B: $\pm 0.1\%$	C: $\pm 0.25\%$	D: $\pm 0.5\%$	F: $\pm 1\%$						
1E	0.063W	85°C	90°C	± 10	—	47~10k	47~10k	47~10k	47~10k	50V	100V	10,000	—	—	
				± 25	—	47~300k	47~300k	10~300k	10~300k						
				± 50	—	47~300k	47~300k	10~300k	10~300k						
	1E	0.1W	85°C	105°C	± 10	—	47~10k	47~10k	47~10k	47~10k	50V	100V	10,000	—	—
					± 25	—	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k					
					± 50	—	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k					
1J		0.1W	85°C	95°C	± 5	100~59k	100~59k	—	—	—	75V	150V	—	5,000	—
					± 10	47~59k	47~59k	47~59k	47~59k	47~59k					
					± 25	47~59k	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M					
	± 50				—	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M						
	± 100				—	—	—	10~1M	10~1M						
	± 5				100~59k	100~59k	—	—	—						
	1J	0.125W	85°C	105°C	± 10	47~59k	47~59k	47~59k	47~59k	47~59k	75V	150V	—	5,000	—
					± 25	47~59k	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 50	—	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 100	—	—	—	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 5	100~100k	100~100k	—	—	—					
					± 10	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k					
2A	0.125W	85°C	100°C	± 25	47~100k	15~1.5M	15~1.5M	10~1.5M	10~1.5M	150V	300V	—	5,000	4,000	
				± 50	—	15~1.5M	15~1.5M	10~1.5M	10~1.5M						
				± 100	—	—	—	10~1.5M	10~1.5M						
				± 5	100~100k	100~100k	—	—	—						
				± 10	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k	47~100k						
				± 25	47~100k	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M						
	2A	0.25W	85°C	105°C	± 50	—	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	47~1.5M	150V	300V	—	5,000	4,000
					± 100	—	—	—	47~1.5M	47~1.5M					
					± 5	100~300k	100~300k	—	—	—					
					± 10	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k					
					± 25	47~300k	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M					
					± 50	—	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M					
2B	0.25W	85°C	110°C	± 100	—	—	—	10~1M	10~1M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000	
				± 5	100~300k	100~300k	—	—	—						
				± 10	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k						
				± 25	47~300k	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M						
				± 50	—	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M						
				± 100	—	—	—	10~1M	10~1M						
	2B	0.4W	85°C	105°C	± 5	100~300k	100~300k	—	—	—	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000
					± 10	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k	47~300k					
					± 25	47~300k	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 50	—	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 100	—	—	—	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 5	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k					
2E	0.25W	85°C	110°C	± 25	51~510k	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000	
				± 50	—	15~1M	15~1M	10~1M	10~1M						
				± 100	—	—	—	10~1M	10~1M						
				± 10	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k						
				± 25	51~510k	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M						
				± 50	—	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M						
	2E	0.5W	85°C	105°C	± 100	—	—	—	47~1M	47~1M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000
					± 10	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k					
					± 25	51~510k	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 50	—	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 100	—	—	—	47~1M	47~1M					
					± 10	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k	100~510k					

 Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +155^{\circ}\text{C}$

 Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C : T.C.R. = $\pm 5 (\times 10^{-6}/K)$ +25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+155°C : others
Overload (Short time)	Standard mode : 0.05	0.01	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ or Max. overload., whichever is less, for 5s
	Power mode : 0.05	0.01	1E, 1J : Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ or Max overload voltage, whichever is less, for 5s 2A, 2B, 2E : Rated voltage $\times 1.5$ or Max overload voltage, whichever is less, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.05 ^{*1}	0.01	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s $\pm 1\text{s}$
Rapid change of temperature	0.1 ^{*1}	0.04	1E, 1J, 2A : −55°C (30min.)/+155°C (30min.) 1000 cycles 2B, 2E : −55°C (30min.)/+155°C (30min.) 500 cycles
Moisture resistance	Standard mode : 0.25	0.07	85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 85% $\pm 5\%$ RH, 1000h. Rated voltage or Max working voltage, whichever is less. 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
	Power mode : 0.25	0.06	85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 85% $\pm 5\%$ RH, 1000h. Rated power $\times 0.1$ or Max working voltage, whichever is less.
Endurance at 85°C	Standard mode : 0.1	0.04	Rated terminal part temp. $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or Rated ambient temp. 85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
	Power mode : 0.2	0.05	Rated terminal part temp. $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or Rated ambient temp. 85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.25	0.10	+155°C, 1000h

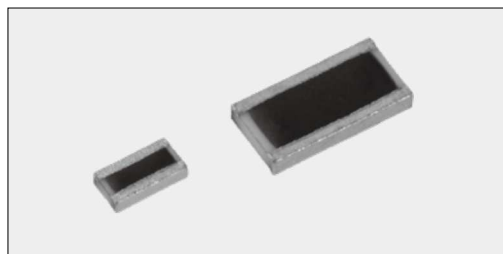
*1 Depends on resistance value.

Precautions for Use

- The properly and electrostatically measured taping materials are used for the components, but attention should be paid to the fact that there is some danger the parts absorb on the top tapes to cause a failure in the mounting and the parts are destructed by static electricity (1J, 2A, 2B, 2E: 1kV and more, 1E: 0.5kV and more at Human Body Model 100pF, 1.5k Ω) to change the resistance in the conditions of an excessive dryness or after the parts are given vibration for a long time as they are packaged on the tapes. Similarly, care should be given not to apply the excessive static electricity when mounting on the boards.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. while perspiration and saliva include ionic impurities like sodium (Na⁺), chlorine (Cl⁻) etc. Therefore these kinds of ionic substances may induce electrical corrosion when they invade into the products. Either thorough washing or using RMA solder and flux are necessary since lead free solder contains ionic substances. Washing process is needed, before putting on moisture proof material in order to prevent electrical corrosion.
- When heat-resistant masking tapes are attached to the chip resistors at the time of mounting and then detached, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes. It is known that the heat applied in the mounting process will enhance the adhesion strength of the tape adhesive so please avoid the use. If the use of masking tapes are unavoidable, then please be sure not to attach the tape adhesives directly on the products.
When high-pressure shower cleaning is implemented, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes caused by the water pressure stress so please avoid the implementation.
If the implementation is unavoidable, then please evaluate the products beforehand.

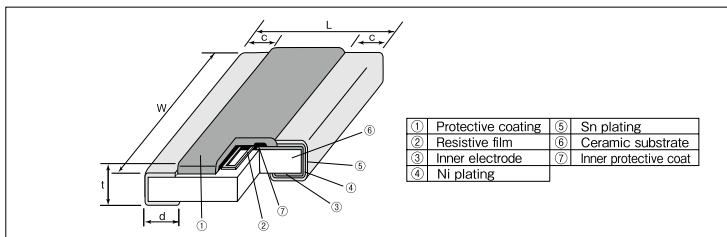
WN73H Wide Terminal Type Metal Film Flat Chip Resistors (High reliability)

Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- SMD metal film resistors of wide terminal type.
- High precision type $\pm 0.1\%$ is also available as standard.
- High performance T.C.R. $\pm 10 \times 10^{-6}/K$ is also available as standard.
- Low current noise.
- Operating temperature range $\sim 155^\circ C$.
Rated ambient temperature : $85^\circ C$
- High reliability with ΔR of $\pm 0.1\%$ in the long-term reliability test.
- Endurance at $85^\circ C$ (1,000h) : ΔR of $\pm 0.1\%$
- Improved moisture resistance by special protective coating.
- High precision resistor solution for tough environments, especially in high reliable automotive, medical and industrial applications.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Sulfur resistance verified according to ASTM B 809-95.

Applications

- Automotive electronics (Power Train, Body Control)
- Industrial equipment
- Medical equipment
- Measurement equipment

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2133A

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) E24 · E96			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
					B: $\pm 0.1\%$	C: $\pm 0.25\%$	D: $\pm 0.5\%$			TD
1J	0.3W	85°C	125°C	± 10	100~43k	100~43k	100~43k	75V	150V	5000
					15~100k	15~100k	10~100k			
					15~100k	15~100k	10~100k			
2B	1W	85°C	125°C	± 10	100~100k	100~100k	100~100k	100V	200V	5000
					15~100k	15~100k	10~100k			
					15~100k	15~100k	10~100k			

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^\circ C \sim +155^\circ C$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1J (0306)	0.8 ± 0.1	1.6 ± 0.2	0.2 ± 0.1	0.2 ± 0.1	0.35 ± 0.1	1.48
2B (0612)	1.6 ± 0.2	3.1 ± 0.2	0.25 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.15	0.45 ± 0.1	7.26

Type Designation

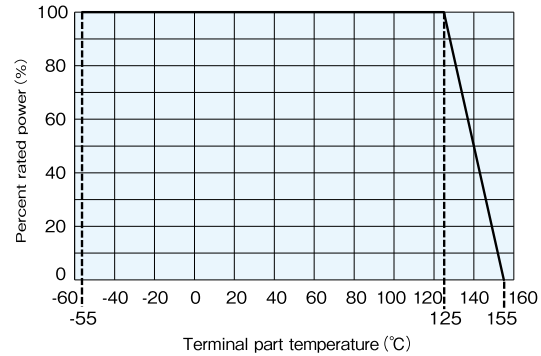
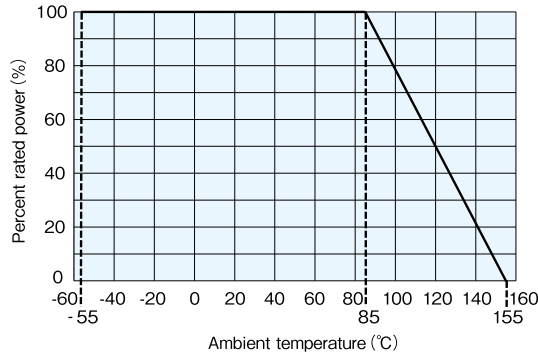
Example

WN73H	2B	T	TD	1002	B	25
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)
	1J: 0.3W 2B: 1W	T: Sn	TD: 4mm pitch paper BK: Bulk	4 digits	B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$	10 25 50

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 85°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

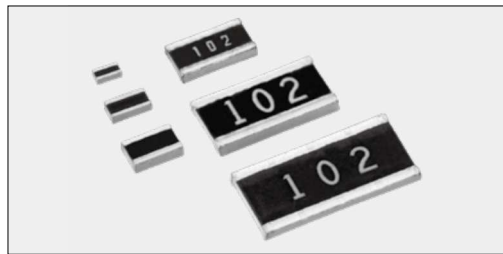
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C, +25°C/+155°C
Overload (Short time)	0.1	0.03	Rated voltage × 2.0 or Max. overload., whichever is less, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.1	0.03	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.1 ^{※2}	0.03	-55°C (30min.)/+155°C (30min.) 1000cycles
Moisture resistance	0.1 ^{※2}	0.04	85°C±2°C, 85%±5%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
"Endurance at 85°C or rated terminal part temperature"	0.1 ^{※2}	0.04	85°C±2°C or rated terminal part temperature ±2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.1 ^{※2}	0.04	+155°C, 1000h

※2 Depends on resistance value.

Precautions for Use

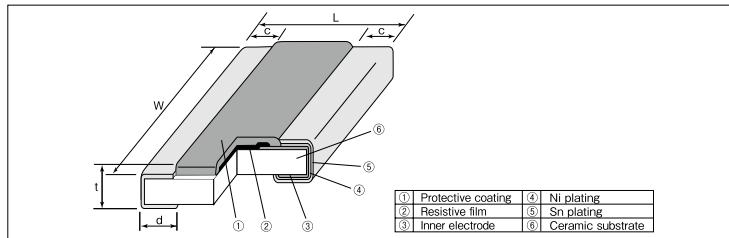
- The properly and electrostatically measured taping materials are used for the components, but attention should be paid to the fact that there is some danger the parts absorb on the top tapes to cause a failure in the mounting and the parts are destructed by static electricity (1J, 2B: 1kV and more at Human Body Model 100pF, 1.5kΩ) to change the resistance in the conditions of an excessive dryness or after the parts are given vibration for a long time as they are packaged on the tapes. Similarly, care should be given not to apply the excessive static electricity when mounting on the boards.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. while perspiration and saliva include ionic impurities like sodium (Na⁺), chlorine (Cl⁻) etc. Therefore these kinds of ionic substances may induce electrical corrosion when they invade into the products. Either thorough washing or using RMA solder and flux are necessary since lead free solder contains ionic substances. Washing process is needed, before putting on moisture proof material in order to prevent electrical corrosion.
- When heat-resistant masking tapes are attached to the chip resistors at the time of mounting and then detached, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes. It is known that the heat applied in the mounting process will enhance the adhesion strength of the tape adhesive so please avoid the use. If the use of masking tapes are unavoidable, then please be sure not to attach the tape adhesives directly on the products.
 When high-pressure shower cleaning is implemented, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes caused by the water pressure stress so please avoid the implementation.
 If the implementation is unavoidable, then please evaluate the products beforehand.

WK73R Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Flat chip resistors of wide terminal type.
- High reliability and performance with T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$, resistance tolerance $\pm 0.5\%$.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Power supply, ECU etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0204)	0.5±0.05	1.0±0.05	0.15±0.05	0.15±0.05	0.35±0.05	0.65
1J (0306)	0.8±0.1	1.6±0.1	0.15±0.1	0.2±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.13
2A (0508)	1.25±0.15	2.0±0.15	0.3±0.2	0.35±0.2	0.55±0.1	4.93
2B (0612)	1.6±0.15	3.2±0.2	0.3±0.2	0.45±0.15	0.6±0.1	12.0
2H (1020)	2.5±0.15	5.0±0.15	0.4±0.2	0.75±0.15		30.2
3A (1225)	3.1±0.15	6.3±0.15	0.45±0.2			45.6

Type Designation

Example

WK73R	2B	T	TD	1002	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1E:0.33W ^{±1} 1J:0.5W ^{±1} 2A:0.75W ^{±1} 1W ^{±1} 2B:0.75W 1W ^{±1} 2H:1W 3A:1.5W 2W ^{±1}	T : Sn	TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D, F: 4 digits J: 3 digits	D: ±0.5% F: ±1% J: ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q' ty/Reel (pcs)							
					D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24			TP	TD	TE					
WK73R1E	0.33W ^{±1}	70°C	125°C	±100	—	10~1M	10~1M	75V	100V	10,000	—	—					
WK73R1J	0.5W ^{±1}	70°C	125°C	±100	—	10~1M	10~1M	150V	200V	—	5,000	—					
WK73R2A	0.75W ^{±1}	70°C	125°C	±100	—	20.5k~1M	22k~1M	200V	400V	—	5,000	—					
	1W ^{±1}	70°C	125°C	±100	—	10~20k	10~20k			—	5,000	—					
WK73R2B	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M			—	—	—	—	—			
	1W ^{±1}	70°C	115°C	±100	10~9.76k	10~9.76k	10~9.1k			—	—	—	—	—			
WK73R2H	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	—	10~430k	10~430k	200V	400V	—	—	4,000					
				±200	—	432k~1M	470k~1M										
WK73R3A	1.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	—	10~330k	10~330k						200V	400V	—	—	4,000
				±200	—	332k~1M	360k~1M										
WK73R3A	2W ^{±1}	70°C	115°C	±100	—	10~330k	10~330k	200V	400V	—	—	4,000					
				±200	—	332k~1M	360k~1M										

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}C \sim +155^{\circ}C$

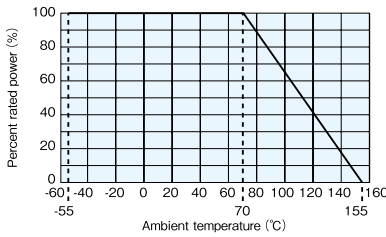
Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

*1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

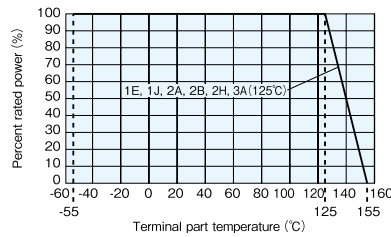
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

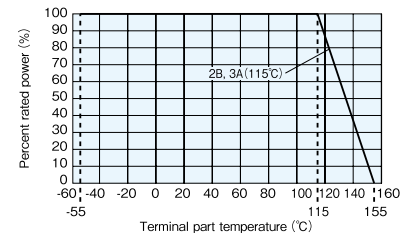
Ambient temperature



Terminal part temperature



Terminal part temperature
WK73R2B(1W), WK73R3A(2W)



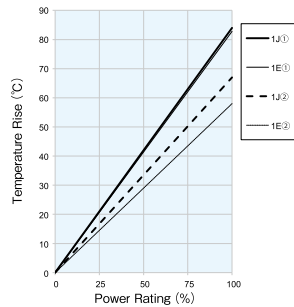
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

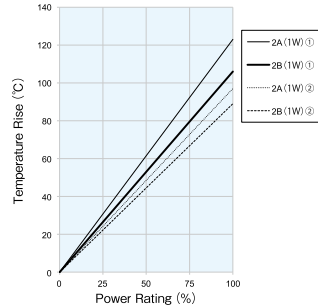
Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise

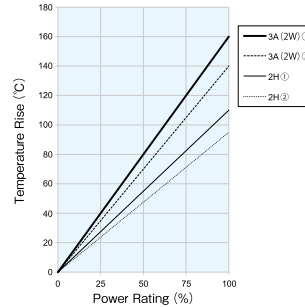
WK73R 1E-1J



WK73R 2A-2B

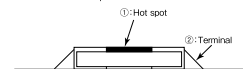


WK73R 2H-3A



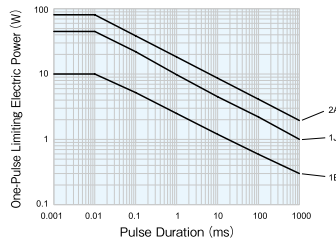
Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35μm

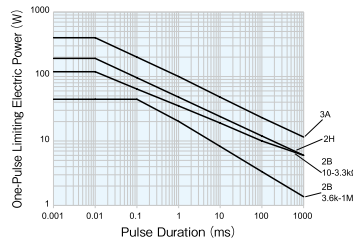


One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

WK73R 1E-2A



WK73R 2B-3A



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

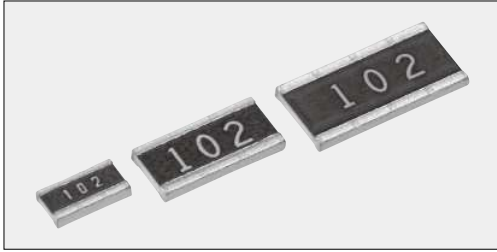
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s (WK73R1E(0.33W), WK73R2A(0.75W, 1W), WK73R2B(1W), WK73R3A(2W)) Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time. Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	1	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	3 : 1E 2 : others	1 : 1E 0.2 : others	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3 : 1E 2 : others	1 : 1E 0.2 : others	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.2	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

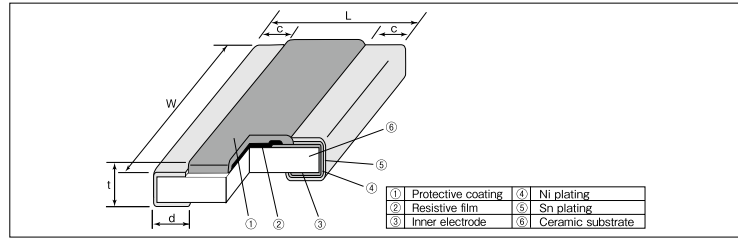
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WK73 series which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

Flat Chip Resistors WK73R Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (High Power)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Higher power than conventional type.
- Flat chip resistors of wide terminal type.
- High reliability and performance with T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$, resistance tolerance $\pm 0.5\%$.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Power supply, ECU etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
2B15 (0612)	1.6±0.15	3.2±0.2	0.3±0.2	0.45±0.15	0.6±0.1	12.0
2H2 (1020)	2.5±0.15	5.0±0.15	0.4±0.2	0.75±0.15		30.2
3A3 (1225)	3.1±0.15	6.3±0.15	0.45±0.2			45.6

Type Designation

Example

WK73R	2B15	T	TD	1002	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	2B15:1.5W ⁰¹ 2H2:2W ⁰¹ 3A3:3W ⁰¹	T : Sn	TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D, F: 4 digits J: 3 digits	D: ±0.5% F: ±1% J: ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24			TD	TE
WK73R2B15	1.5W ⁰¹	70°C	95°C	± 100	10~9.76k	10~9.76k	10~9.1k	200V	400V	5,000	—
WK73R2H2	2W ⁰¹	70°C	95°C	± 100	—	10~430k	10~430k			—	4,000
				± 200	—	432k~1M	470k~1M			—	4,000
WK73R3A3	3W ⁰¹	70°C	95°C	± 100	—	10~330k	10~330k	—	4,000		
				± 200	—	332k~1M	360k~1M				

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}C \sim +155^{\circ}C$

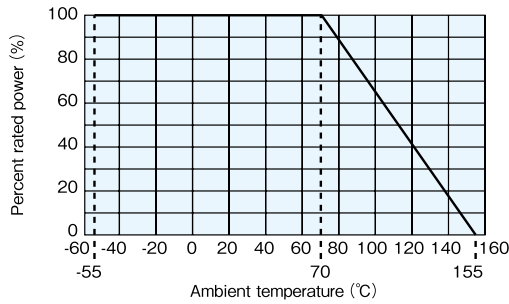
Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

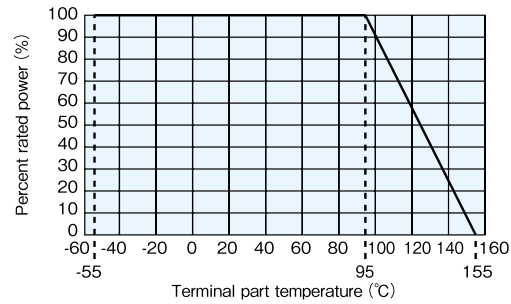
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



Terminal part temperature

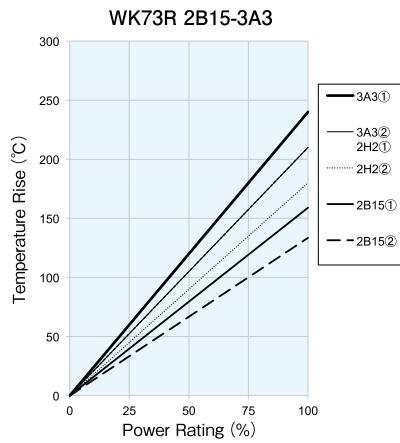


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the current shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

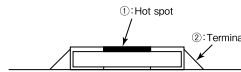
- Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise

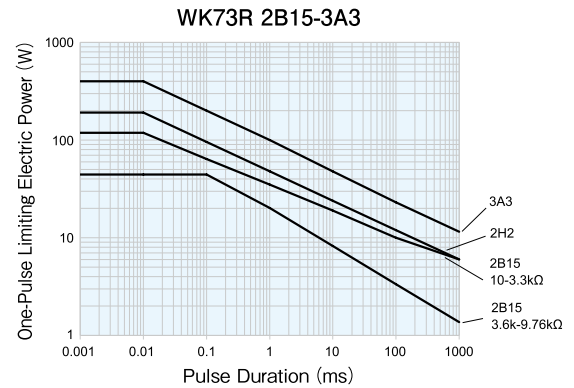


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35µm



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

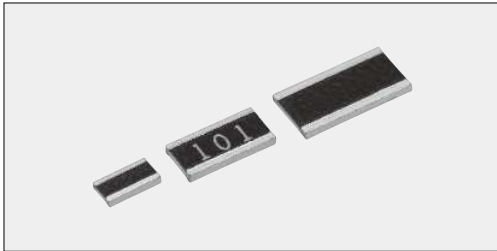
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time, Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	1	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.2	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.2	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.2	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WK73 series which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

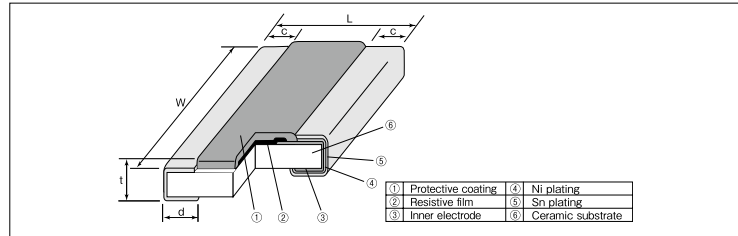
WG73 Wide Terminal Type Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors

Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Wine red

Construction



Features

- Superior to WK73 series in pulse withstanding voltage.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- E.C.U.

Reference Standards

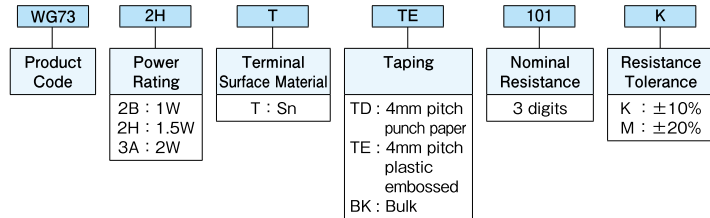
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134A

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c±0.2	d±0.15	t±0.1	
2B (0612)	1.6 ^{+0.1}	3.2 ^{+0.1}	0.3	0.45	0.6	12.0
2H (1020)	2.5±0.15	5.0±0.15	0.4	0.75		30.2
3A (1225)	3.1 ^{+0.2}	6.3±0.15	0.45			45.6

Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

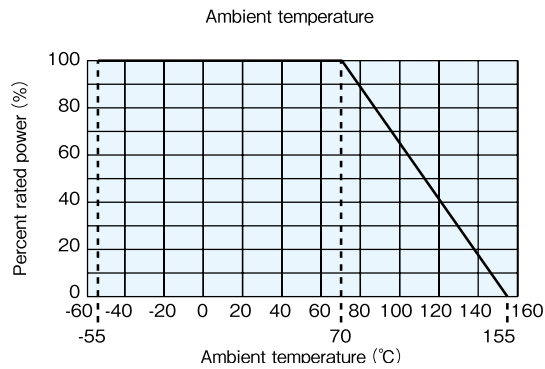
Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q' ty /Reel (pcs)	
					K : ±10% E12	M : ±20% E12			TD	TE
2B	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	560m~1k	560m~1k	200V	400V	5,000	—
2H	1.5W								—	4,000
3A	2W								—	4,000

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

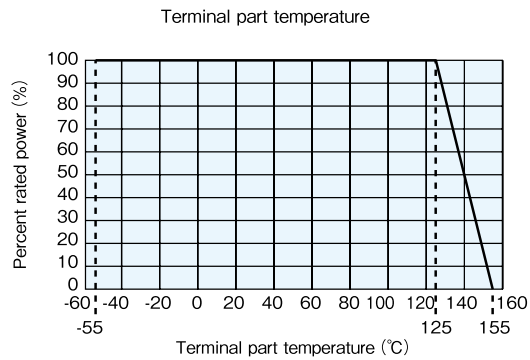
Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve



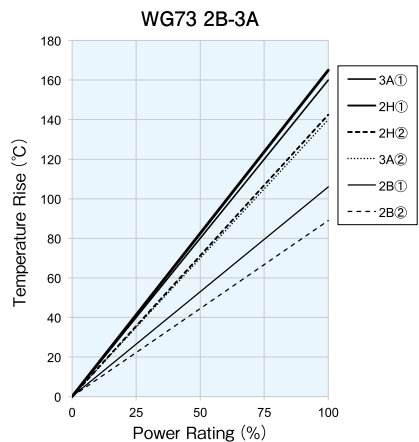
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the derating curve.



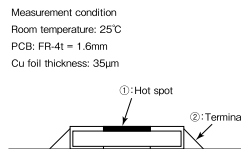
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

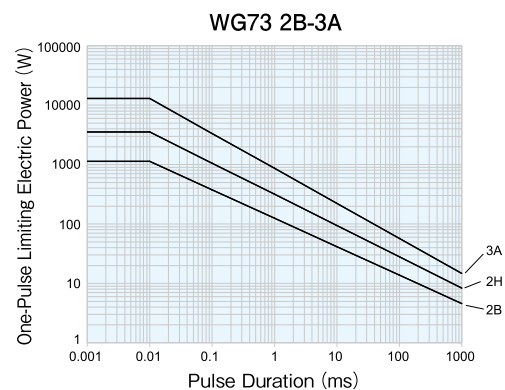
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

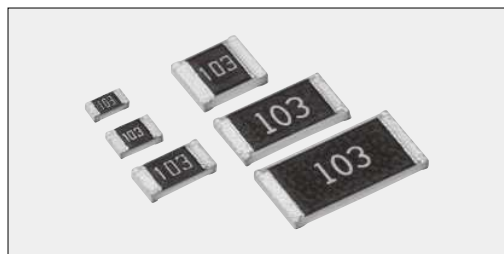
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage(DC) × 2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time. Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	1	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.2	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.2	70°C ± 2°C or rated terminal part temperature ± 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.2	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

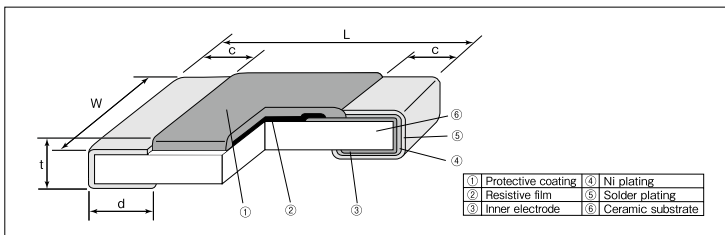
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WG73 series which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

SG73 Surge Current Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color: Wine red

Construction



Features

- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors in surge withstanding voltage and pulse withstanding voltage.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- E.C.U.
- Circuits to catch inductive lighting surge.

Reference Standards

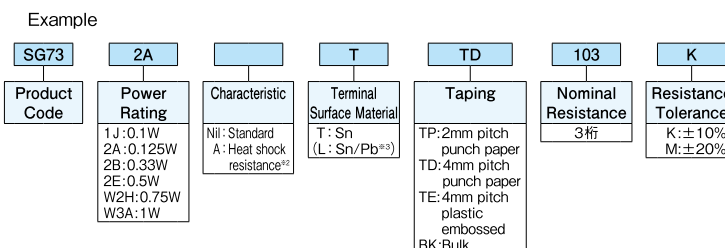
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W	c	d	t±0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45	2.14
1J AT (0603)			0.35±0.15	0.5±0.2		
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	0.5	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	0.6	9.14
2B AT (1206)			0.55±0.35	0.8±0.2		
2E (1210)			2.6±0.2	0.4 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}		
W2H (2010) ^{*1}	5.0	2.5±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.65±0.15		24.3
W3A (2512) ^{*1}	6.3	3.1±0.2				37.1

*1 SG73 2H and SG73 3A are also still available (different "d" dimensions=0.4±0.07mm)

Type Designation



*2 With type A(1J,2A,2B), only T is available as the terminal surface material. No resistance marking.

*3 With SG73 W2H, W3A only the symbol T is available as the terminal surface material. The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω) K: ±10% M: ±20% E12	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
								TP	TD	TE
1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	50V	100V	10,000 ^{*4}	5,000	—
					10~1M					
2A	0.125W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	150V	200V	10,000 ^{*4}	5,000	4,000 ^{*4}
					10~1M					
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*4}
					10~1M					
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*4}
					10~1M					
W2H	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	200V	400V	—	—	4,000
					10~1M					
W3A	1.0W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	200V	400V	—	—	4,000
					10~1M					

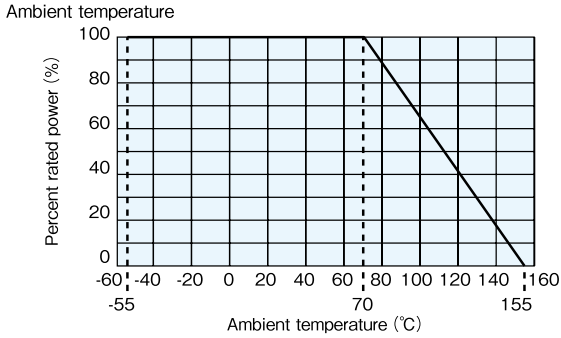
Operating Temperature Range: -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

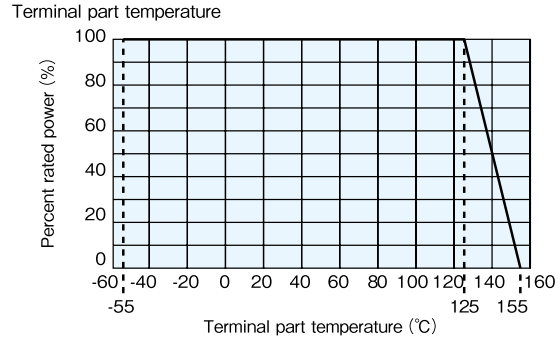
*4 Standard packaging: TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

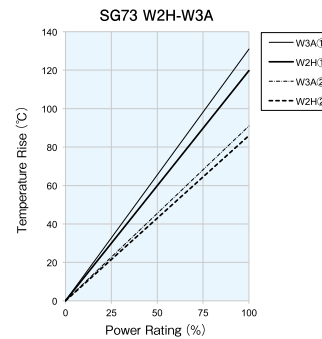
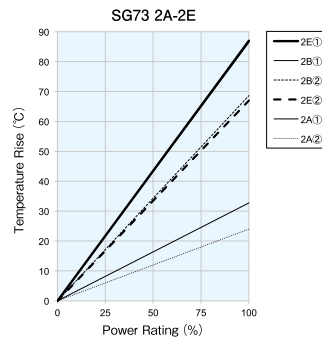
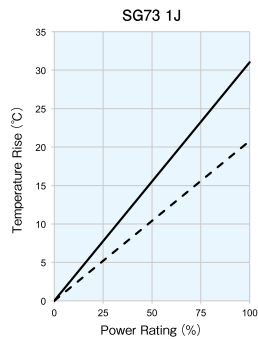


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



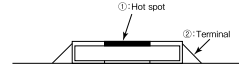
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise

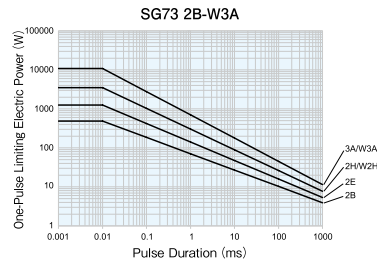
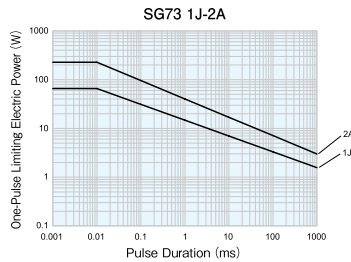


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
 Room temperature: 25°C
 PCB: FR-4t = 1.6mm
 Cu foil thickness: 35μm



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.75	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5: Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 1: Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	0.3: Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 0.5: Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) : -55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : -55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	3	0.75	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3	0.75	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

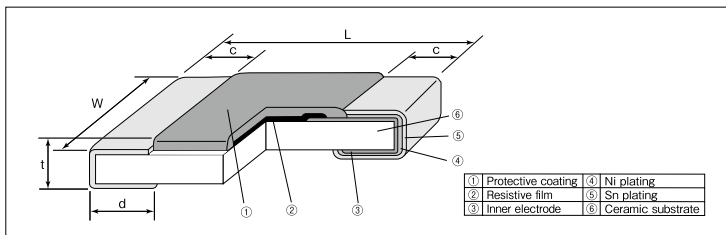
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of W2H/W3A which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1J~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of W2H/W3A. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

SG73P Endured Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black (1E, 1EW)
Green (1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, 2E1)

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.15±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1EW (0402)						
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
1J AT (0603)			0.35±0.15	0.5±0.2		
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14
2B AT (1206)			0.55±0.35	0.8±0.2		
2E (1210)		2.6±0.2	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	15.5
2E1 (1210)						

Features

- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors in pulse withstanding voltage and high power.
- Resistance tolerance is available from ±0.5%.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- E.C.U.
- Circuits to catch inductive lighting surge.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Type Designation

Example

SG73P	2A		T	TD	103	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
SG73P	1E: 0.125W 0.33W 1EW: 0.25W ^{†1} 0.33W 1J: 0.2W 0.5W 2A: 0.25W 0.75W 2B: 0.33W 1W 2E: 0.5W 1.5W 2E1: 1.5W	Ni: Standard A: Heat shock resistance ^{‡2}	T: Sn	TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D, F: 4 digits G, J: 3 digits	D: ±0.5% F: ±1% G: ±2% J: ±5%

※2 1J, 2A, and 2B are available for Heat shock resistance.
No resistance marking.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
					D: ±0.5% E24 · E96	F: ±1% E24 · E96	G: ±2% J: ±5% E24			TP	TD	TE
1E	0.125W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M	75V	100V	10,000	—	—
	0.33W	—	105°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M					
1EW	0.25W ^{†1}	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M	75V	100V	10,000	—	—
	0.33W	—	105°C	±200	—	1~9.76	1~9.1 1.1M~10M					
1J	0.2W	70°C	135°C	±100	510~576k	510~576k	510~560k	150V	200V	10,000 ^{‡5}	5,000	—
				±100 ^{‡3}	10~499	1~499	1~470					
	±100 ^{‡3}	590k~1M	590k~1M	620k~10M								
	±100	510~576k	510~576k	510~560k								
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	100~100k	100~100k	100~100k	400V	600V (800V) ^{‡4}	10,000 ^{‡5}	5,000	4,000 ^{‡5}
				±200	10~97.6	1~97.6	1~91					
	±100	102k~1M	102k~1M	110k~10M								
	±100	100~100k	100~100k	100~100k								
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~97.6	1~97.6	1~91	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{‡5}
				±200	102k~1M	102k~1M	110k~10M					
	±100	100~100k	100~100k	100~100k								
	±200	10~97.6	1~97.6	1~91								
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±200	300~1M	300~1M	300~1.1M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{‡5}
				±100	10~294	1~294	1.2M~10M					
2E1	1.5W	—	105°C	±200	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{‡5}
				±100	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M					

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of the center graph on the next page.

※3 Cold T.C.R. (-55°C ~ +25°C) is ±150 × 10⁻⁶/K.

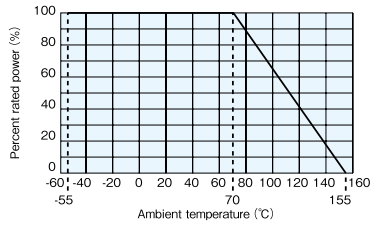
※4 Applies when power rating is 0.4W or lower.

※5 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

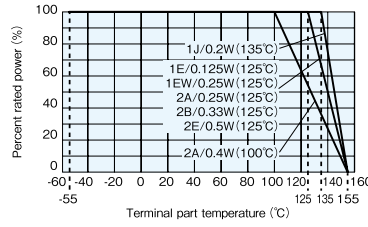
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature

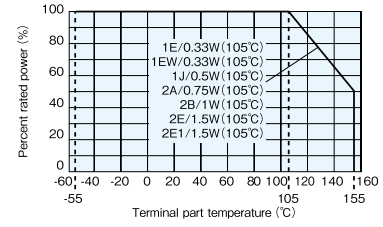


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※1 or ※4, please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of the center graph.

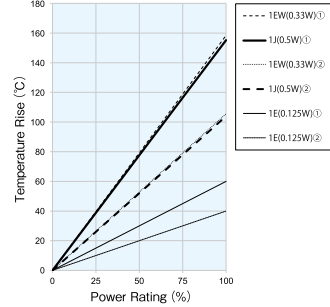
※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature

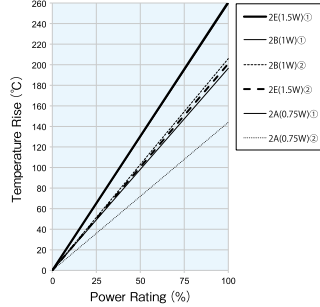


Temperature Rise

SG73P 1E-1J

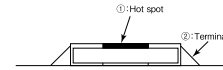


SG73P 2A-2E



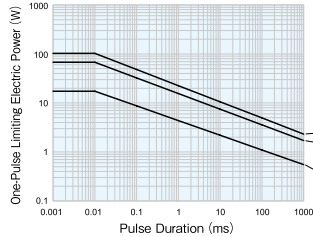
Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4 t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35µm

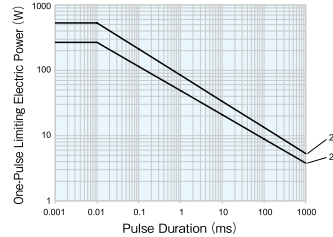


One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

SG73P 1E-2A



SG73P 2B-2E



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.1 Ω)		Test Methods																
	Limit	Typical																	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C																
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+125°C																
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Overload for 5s <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>1E</th> <th>1EW</th> <th>1J</th> <th>2A</th> <th>2B</th> <th>2E</th> <th>2E1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Overload</td> <td>1.25W</td> <td>1.25W</td> <td>2.063W</td> <td>2W (1.6W*)</td> <td>3W</td> <td>4W</td> <td>4W</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	1E	1EW	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1	Overload	1.25W	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W*)	3W	4W	4W
Type	1E	1EW	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1												
Overload	1.25W	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W*)	3W	4W	4W												
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.75	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s																
Rapid change of temperature	0.5: Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 1: Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	0.3: Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 0.5: Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) : −55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : −55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles																
Moisture resistance	3	0.75	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle																
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3	0.75	70°C±2°C or rated terminal part temperature ±2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle																
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h																

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

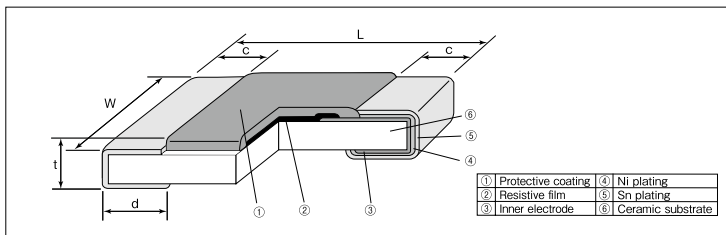
Flat Chip Resistors

SG73S ■ Endured Surge Voltage Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color: Black (1E)
Green (1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, 2E1)

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.06}	0.5±0.05	0.15±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
1J AT (0603)			0.35±0.15	0.5±0.2		
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14
2B AT (1206)			0.55±0.35	0.8±0.2		
2E (1210)			0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}		
2E1 (1210)	2.6±0.2		0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}		15.5

Features

- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors in surge withstanding voltage and high power.
- Resistance tolerance is available from ±0.5%.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

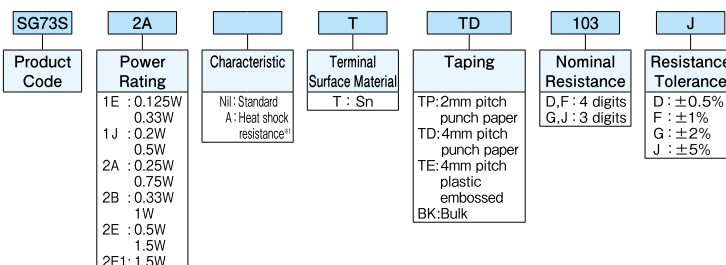
- E.C.U.
- Circuits to catch inductive lighting surge.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Type Designation

Example



※1 1J, 2A, and 2B are available for Heat shock resistance.
No resistance marking.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
					D: ±0.5% E24 · E96	F: ±1% E24 · E96	G: ±2% J: ±5% E24			TP	TD	TE
1E	0.125W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M	75V	100V	10,000	—	—
	0.33W	—	105°C									
1J	0.2W	70°C	135°C	±100	510~576k	510~576k	510~560k	150V	200V	10,000 ^{※4}	5,000	—
				±100 ^{※2}	10~499 590k~1M	1~499 590k~1M	1~470 620k~10M					
	0.5W	—	105°C	±100	510~576k	510~576k	510~560k					
				±100 ^{※2}	10~499 590k~1M	1~499 590k~1M	1~470 620k~10M					
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M	400V	600V (800V) ^{※3}	10,000 ^{※4}	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}
	0.75W	—	105°C									
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}
	1.0W	—	105°C									
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}
	1.5W	—	105°C									
2E1	1.5W	—	105°C	±200	10~1M	1~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = √ Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※2 Cold T.C.R. (-55°C ~ +25°C) is ±150 × 10⁻⁶/K.

※3 Applies when power rating is 0.4W or lower.

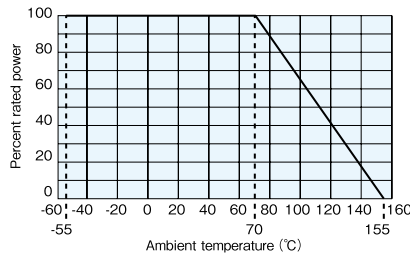
※4 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

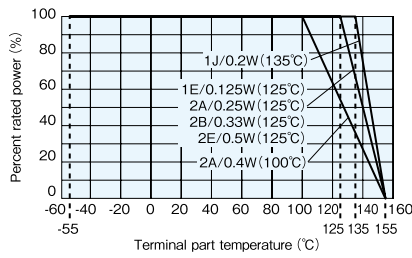
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

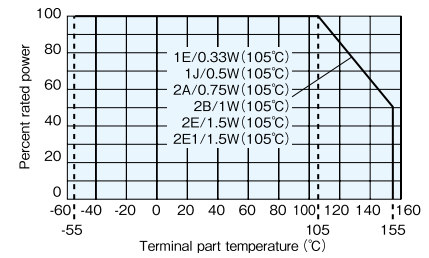
Terminal part temperature



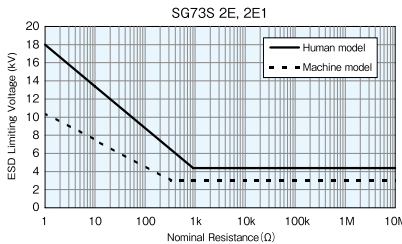
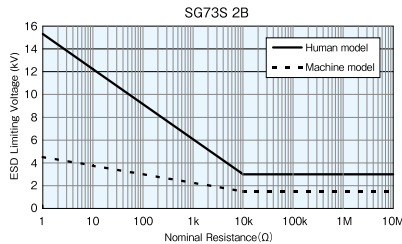
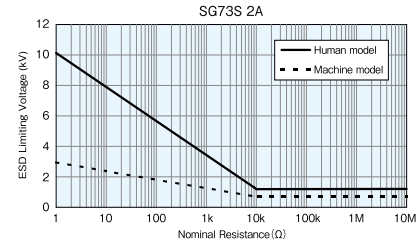
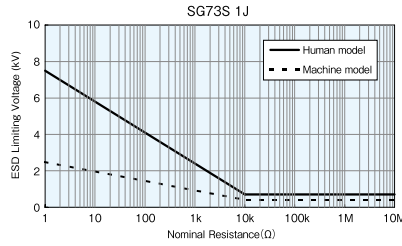
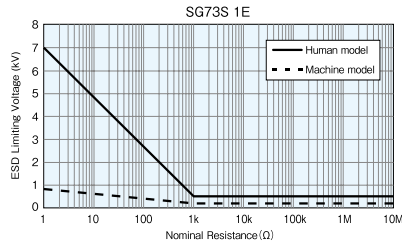
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※3, please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of the center graph. ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

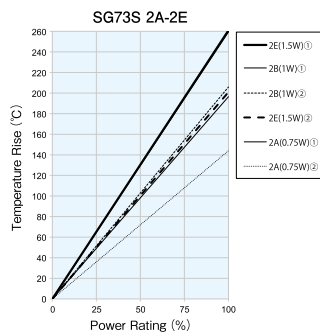
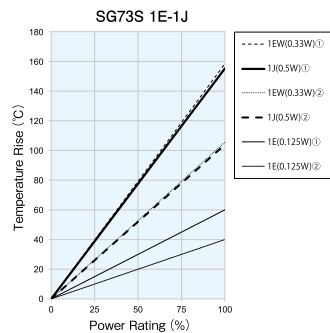
Terminal part temperature



ESD Limiting Voltage

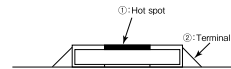


Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4 t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35μm



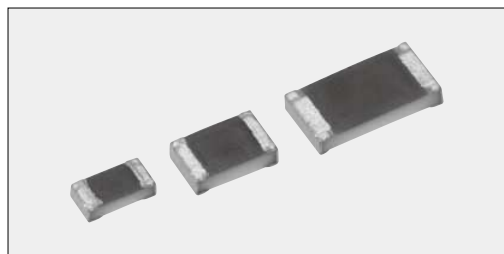
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements ΔR± (%+0.1Ω)		Test Methods											
	Limit	Typical												
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C											
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+125°C											
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Overload for 5s											
			<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>1E</th> <th>1J</th> <th>2A</th> <th>2B</th> <th>2E</th> <th>2E1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Overload</td> <td>1.25W</td> <td>2.063W</td> <td>2W (1.6W*)</td> <td>3W</td> <td>4W</td> <td>4W</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	1E	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1	Overload	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W*)
Type	1E	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1								
Overload	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W*)	3W	4W	4W								
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.75	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s											
Rapid change of temperature	0.5: Characteristic [Ni] (Standard)	0.3: Characteristic [Ni] (Standard)	Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) : −55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : −55°C (30min.)/+125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles											
	1: Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	0.5: Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)												
Moisture resistance	3	0.75	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle											
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3	0.75	70°C±2°C or rated terminal part temperature ±2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle											
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h											

Precautions for Use

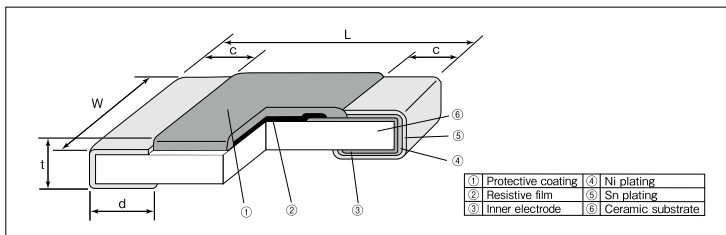
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

SG73G ■ Endured Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors (Ultra Precision Grade)



Coating color : Green

Construction



Features

- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors in pulse withstanding voltage and high power.
- High Precision resistor with T.C.R. $\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$ and Tolerance $\pm 0.25\%$.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial equipment

Reference Standards

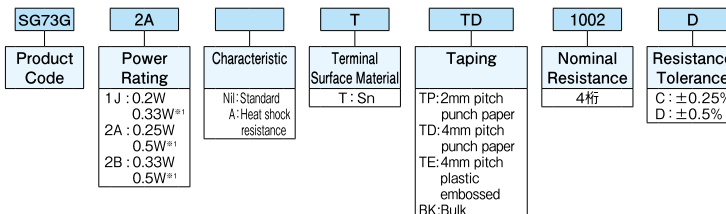
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L ± 0.2	W	c	d	t ± 0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.45	2.14
1J AT (0603)			0.35 ± 0.15	0.5 ± 0.2		
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25 ± 0.1	0.3 $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.3 $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.55	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45 ± 0.25	0.6 ± 0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6 ± 0.2	0.4 $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.4 $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6	9.14
2B AT (1206)			0.55 ± 0.35	0.8 ± 0.2		

Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
					C: $\pm 0.25\%$ E24 · E96	D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96			TP	TD	TE
1J	0.2W	70°C	125°C	± 50	10~1M	10~1M	150V	200V	10,000 ^{#2}	5,000	—
	0.33W ^{#1}	70°C	125°C								
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C								
	0.5W ^{#1}	70°C	100°C								
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C								
	0.5W ^{#1}	70°C	120°C								

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}C \sim +155^{\circ}C$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

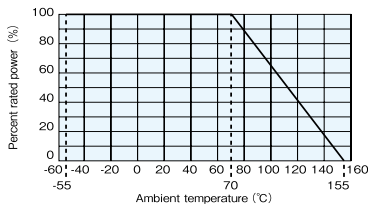
※1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

※2 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

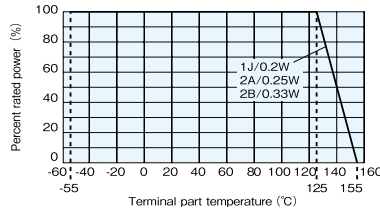
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature

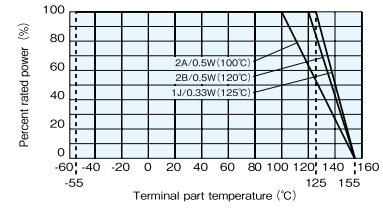


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature



Terminal part temperature

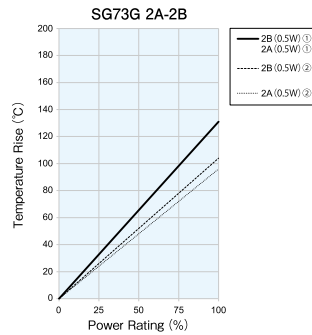
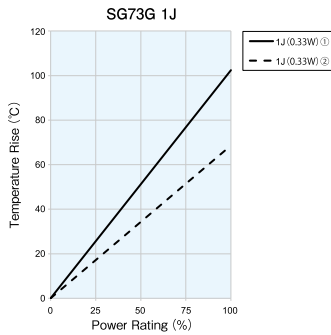


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※1, please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of right side.

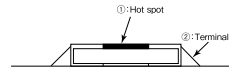
※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise

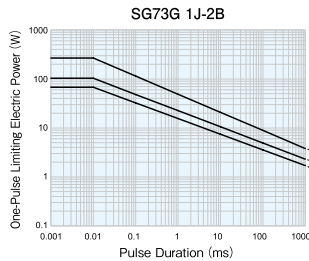


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35μm



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage.
Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

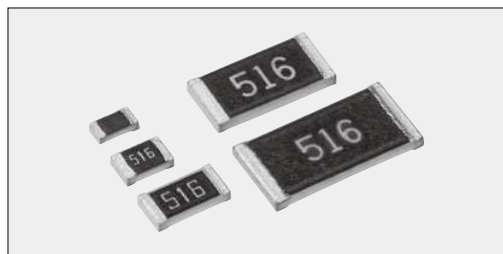
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s (2A : 0.5W, Rated voltage $\times 2$ for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.75	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 : Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 1 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	0.3 : Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) 0.5 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.75	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.75	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

HV73 Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage



Coating color : Black

Features

- Superior to RK73 series in maximum working voltage.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.

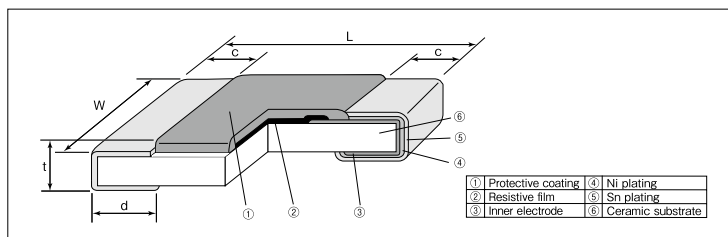
Applications

- Camera Strobe, LCD back-light, AC Adapters etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

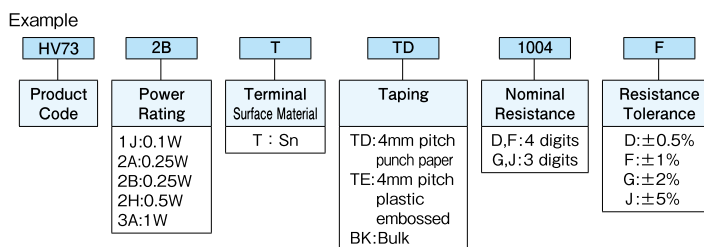
Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight(g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W	c	d	t±0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3±0.1	0.5	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4±0.1	0.6	9.14
2H (2010)	5.0	2.5±0.2				24.3
3A (2512)	6.3	3.1±0.2				37.1

Type Designation



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage (D.C.) ^{※1}	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					D:±0.5% E24·E96	F:±1% E24·E96	G:±2% E24	J:±5% E24			TD	TE
1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±100 ^{※2}	—	10k~10M	10k~10M	10k~10M	350V	500V	5,000	—
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M	400V	800V	5,000	—
				±200	—	—	—	11M~51M				
2B	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M	800V	1000V	5,000	—
				±200	—	—	—	11M~51M				
2H	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M	2000V (D.C.)	3000V	—	4,000
				±200	—	10.2M~51M	11M~51M	11M~51M				
				±300	—	51.1M~100M	56M~100M	56M~100M				
3A	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	43k~1M	43k~10M	43k~10M	43k~10M	3000V (D.C.)	4000V	—	4,000
				±200	—	10.2M~20M	11M~20M	11M~51M				

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C~+155°C

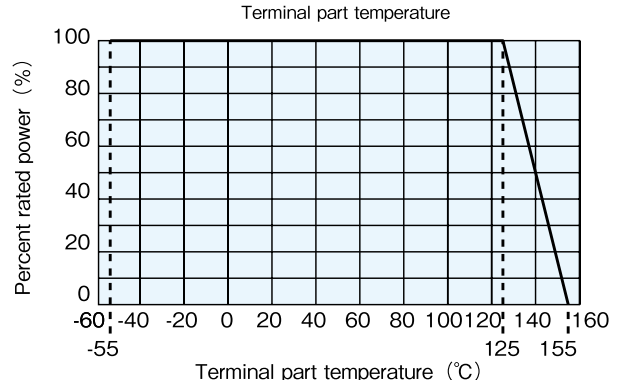
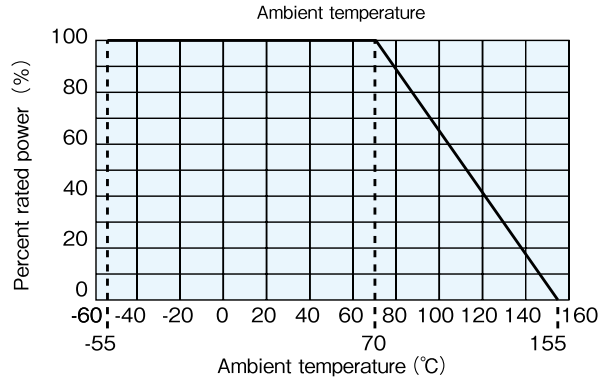
Rated voltage=√ Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage.

※2 Cold T.C.R. (-55°C~+25°C) of 1.02MΩ~10MΩ is ±200×10⁻⁶/K.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

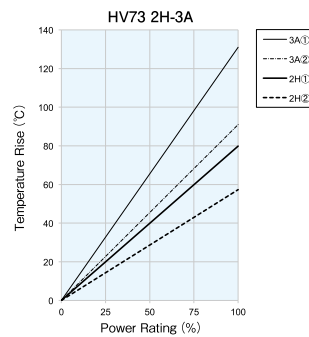
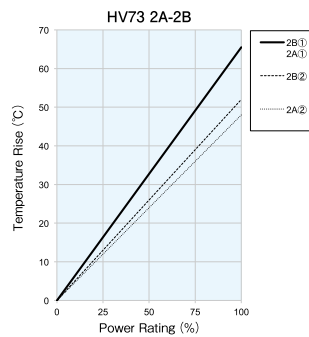
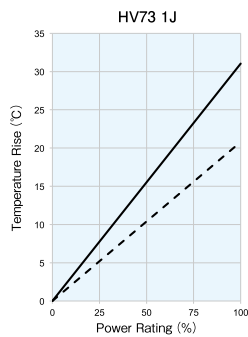
Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

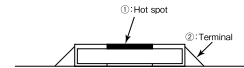
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise

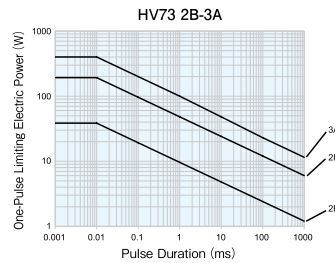
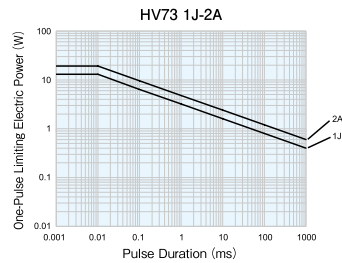


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
 Room temperature: 25°C
 PCB: FR-4t = 1.6mm
 Cu foil thickness: 35μm



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

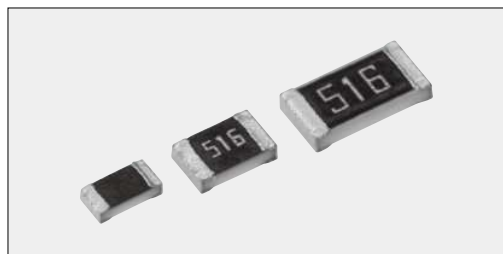
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage (D.C.) $\times 2.5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C $\pm 5^\circ$ C, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5: 10k $\Omega \leq R \leq 10$ M Ω 1: 10M $\Omega < R \leq 100$ M Ω	0.3: 10k $\Omega \leq R \leq 10$ M Ω 0.5: 10M $\Omega < R \leq 100$ M Ω	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.75	40°C $\pm 2^\circ$ C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.75	70°C $\pm 2^\circ$ C or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ$ C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	2	0.3	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage. When using in A.C. voltage, the peak value of A.C. voltage shall not exceed the Maximum overload voltage.
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of 2H/3A which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1J~2B, but the crack tends to occur in the types of 2H/3A. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

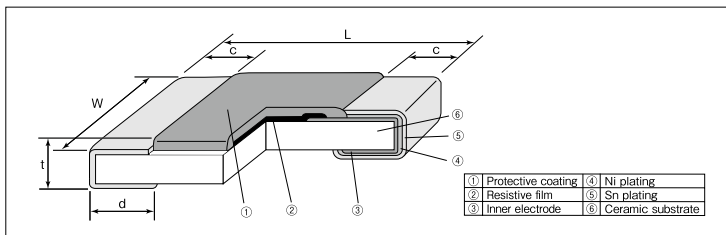
Flat Chip Resistors HV73V ■ Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage (For Automotive)

Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Superior to RK73 series in maximum working voltage.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- Suitable for high reliable applications like automotives. AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Inverter, DC-DC converter, Battery Management, Charger, HID lamp

Reference Standards

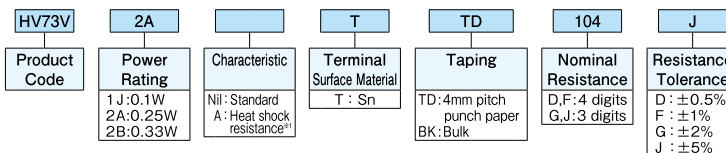
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W	c	d	t±0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45	2.14
1J AT (0603)			0.35±0.15	0.5±0.2		
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.02} _{-0.1}	0.55	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.02} _{-0.1}	0.6	9.14
2B AT (1206)			0.55±0.35	0.8±0.2		

Type Designation

Example



※1 No resistance marking.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁴ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage (D.C.) ^{※2}	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
					D:±0.5% E24·E96	F:±1% E24·E96	G:±2% E24	J:±5% E24			
HV73V1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±100 ^{※3}	—	10k~10M	10k~10M	10k~10M	350V	500V	5,000
HV73V2A	0.25W			±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M	400V	800V	
				±200	—	—	—	11M~51M	800V	1200V	
HV73V2B	0.33W			±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M			
				±200	—	—	—	11M~51M			

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

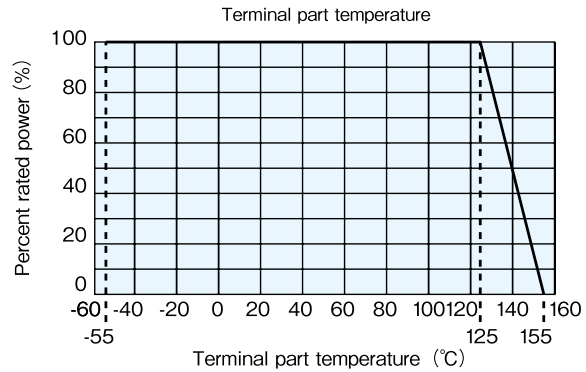
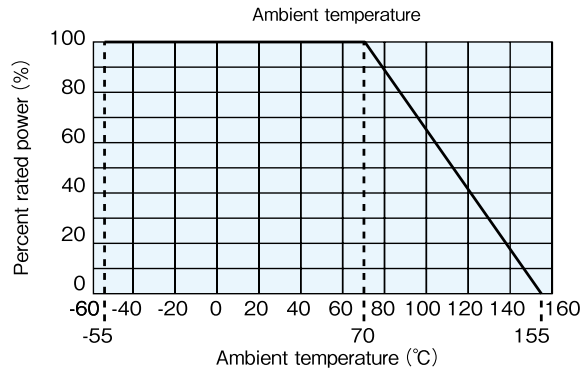
※2 Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage.

※3 Cold T.C.R. (-55°C ~ +25°C) of 1.02MΩ ~ 10MΩ is ±200 × 10⁻⁴/K.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

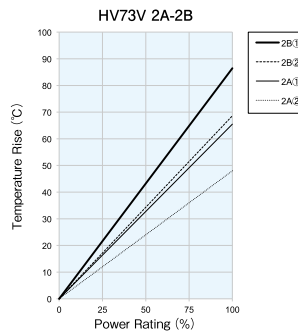
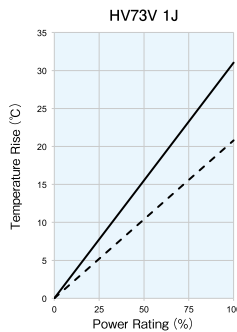


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

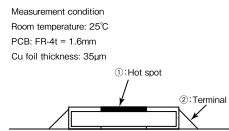
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

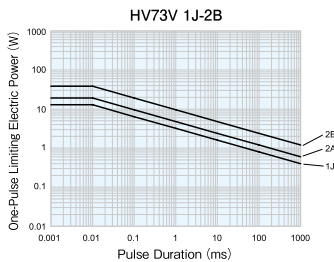
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage.
 Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

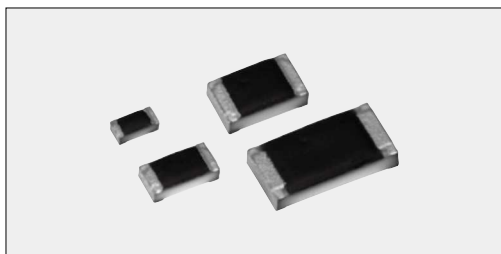
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage (D.C.) × 2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 : 10kΩ ≤ R ≤ 10MΩ 1 : 11MΩ ≤ R ≤ 51MΩ 1 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	0.3 : 10kΩ ≤ R ≤ 10MΩ 0.5 : 11MΩ ≤ R ≤ 51MΩ 0.5 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	Characteristic [Ni] (Standard) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.75	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.75	70°C±2°C or rated terminal part temperature ±2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	2	0.3	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

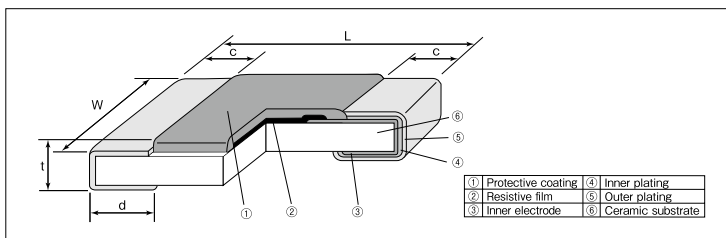
- Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage. When using in A.C. voltage, the peak value of A.C. voltage shall not exceed the Maximum overload voltage.
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

HSG73P High Temperature Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- High heat resistance that can be used even at high temperatures of 155°C or higher. The maximum operating temperature of Sn plating products compatible with solder mounting is 175°C, and Au plating products compatible with conductive glue mounting is 200°C.
- Excellent heat resistance and weather resistance are ensured by the use of metal glaze thick film.
- High stability and high reliability with the triple-layer structure of electrode.
- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors pulse withstanding voltage and high power.
- Applicable to various kinds of automatic mounters for taping, etc.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.01} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.15	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1E AT (0402)				0.3±0.15		
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.15	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
1J AT (0603)				0.35±0.15		
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.25	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2A AT (0805)			0.45±0.25	0.6±0.2		
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.55±0.35	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14
2B AT (1206)				0.8±0.2		

Type Designation

Example

HSG73P	2B		T	TD	103	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1E : 0.125W 0.2W ^{※1} 1J : 0.2W 0.33W ^{※1} 2A : 0.25W 0.5W 2B : 0.33W 0.75W	Nil:Standard A:Heat shock resistance ^{※2}	T : Sn G : Au	TP : 2mm pitch punch paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper BK : Bulk	F : 4 digits J : 3 digits	F : ±1% J : ±5%

※2 With type A only T is available as the terminal surface material.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.		Rated Terminal Part Temp.		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range(Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
		Terminal Surface Material:T (Sn plating)	Terminal Surface Material:G (Au plating)	Terminal Surface Material:T (Sn plating)	Terminal Surface Material:G (Au plating)		F : ±1% E24	J : ±5% E24			TP	TD
1E	0.125W	70°C	70°C	125°C	—	±200	10~1M	1~10M	75V	100V	10,000	—
	0.2W ^{※1}	70°C	—	105°C	—							
1J	0.2W	70°C	70°C	135°C	—	±200	10~1M	1~10M	150V	200V	—	5,000
	0.33W ^{※1}	70°C	—	125°C	—							
2A	0.25W	70°C	70°C	125°C	—	±200	10~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000
	0.5W ^{※1}	70°C	—	100°C	—							
2B	0.33W	70°C	70°C	125°C	—	±200	10~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000
	0.75W ^{※1}	70°C	—	105°C	—							

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +175°C(Terminal Surface Material:T), -55°C ~ +200°C(Terminal Surface Material:G)

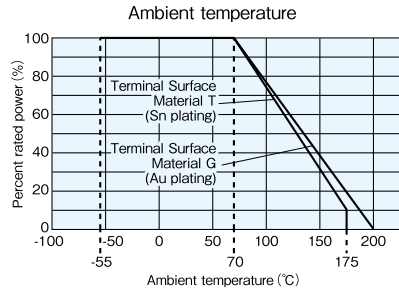
Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

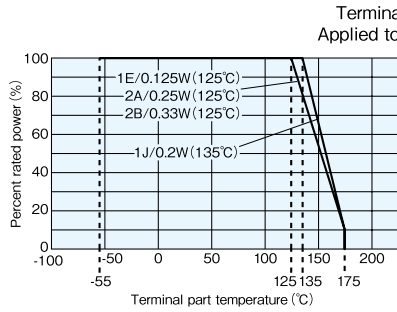
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

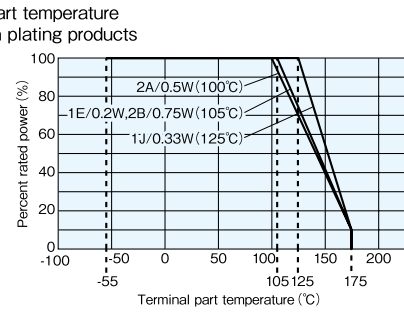


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

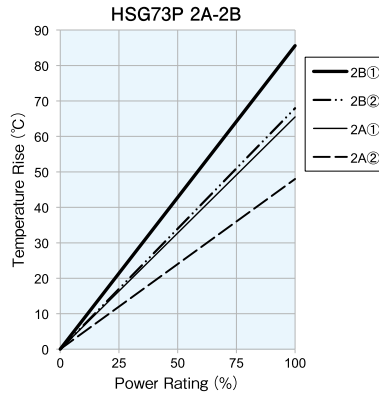
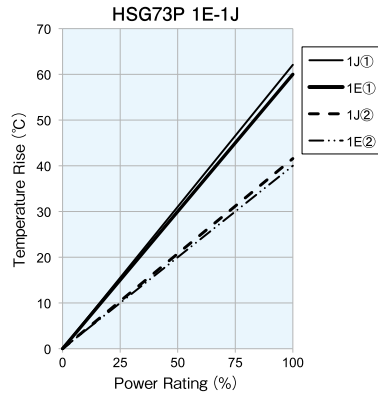


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※1, please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of right side. ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

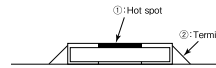


Temperature Rise

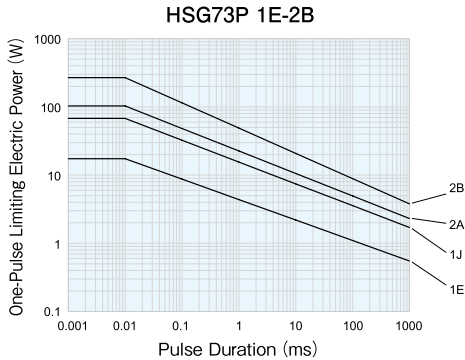


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4 t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35µm



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage. Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.

Performance

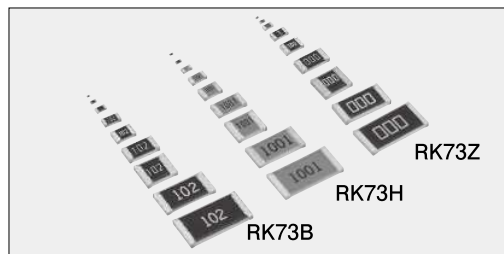
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	Characteristic [Nil] (Standard) : +25°C/-55°C, +25°C/+125°C Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : +25°C/-55°C, +25°C/+175°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s (2A : 0.5W, 2B : 0.75W Rated volatage $\times 2$ for 5s)
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 : Characteristic [Nil] (Standard) 1 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	0.3 : Characteristic [Nil] (Standard) 0.5 : Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance)	Characteristic [Nil] (Standard) : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles Characteristic [A] (Heat shock resistance) : -55°C (30min.) / +175°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : 1E	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1 : 1E	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : 1E	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1 : 1E	70°C \pm 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	2	0.5	+200°C, 1000h (Terminal Surface Material [G] : Au plating products)
Endurance at 175°C	1	0.3	+175°C, 1000h, Power Rating $\times 10\%$ (Terminal Surface Material [T] : Sn plating products)

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)

Flat Chip Resistors



Coating Color :
 Black (RK73B 1F, 1H, 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2)
 (RK73H 1F, 1H) (RK73Z 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A)
 Blue (RK73H 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2)
 Green (RK73Z 1H, 1E)

Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Excellent heat resistance and weather resistance are ensured by the use of metal glaze thick film.
- High stability and high reliability with the triple-layer structure of electrode.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- This products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested. (Exemption 1F)

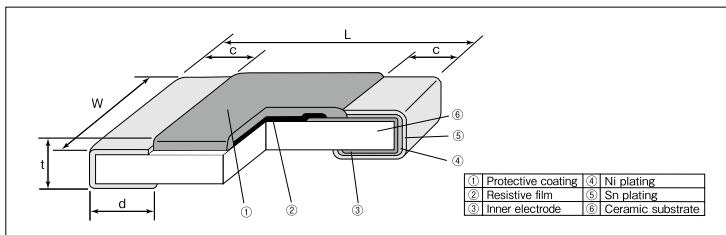
Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial robot

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
 JIS C 5201-8
 EIAJ RC-2134C

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1F (01005)	0.4±0.02	0.2±0.02	0.1±0.03	0.11±0.03	0.13±0.02	0.04
1H (0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.1±0.05	0.15±0.05	0.23±0.03	0.14
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.5 ± 0.3	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14
2E (1210)		2.6±0.2				15.5
W2H (2010)	5.0±0.2	2.5±0.2	6.3±0.2	0.65±0.15	0.6±0.1	24.3
W3A (2512)	6.3±0.2	3.1±0.2				37.1

※1 Exemption RK73Z

Type Designation

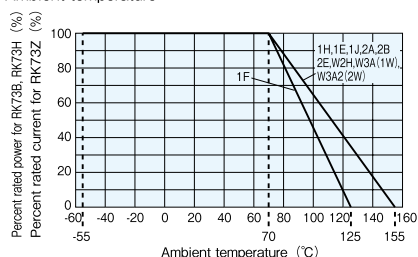
Example

Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
RK73H	2A	R	T	TD	1002	F
RK73B RK73H	1F: 0.03W 1H: 0.05W 1E: 0.1W 1J: 0.1W 0.125W 2A: 0.25W 2B: 0.25W 2E: 0.5W W2H: 0.75W W3A: 1W W3A2: 2W ^{※3}	R: Anti sulfuration	T: Sn	TX: 4mm width-1mm pitch plastic embossed TBL-TCM: 2mm pitch press paper TPL-TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	RK73B: 3 digits RK73H: 4 digits	D: ±0.5% F: ±1% G: ±2% J: ±5%
RK73Z	2A	R	T	TD		
RK73Z	1H: 0.5A 1E: 1A 1J: 1A 2A: 2A 2B: 2A 2E: 2A W2H: 2A W3A: 2A	R: Anti sulfuration	T: Sn	TCM: 2mm pitch press paper TPL-TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk		

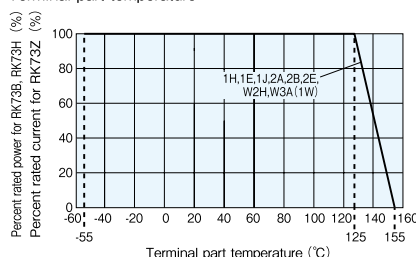
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS. For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Derating Curve

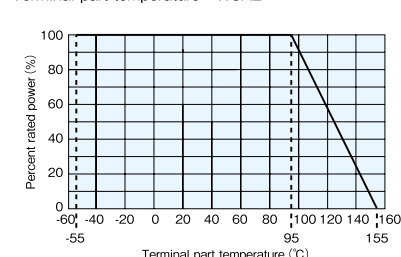
RK73B · RK73H · RK73Z-RT
Ambient temperature



RK73B · RK73H · RK73Z-RT
Terminal part temperature



RK73B · RK73H-RT
Terminal part temperature W3A2



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power (for RK73B, RK73H) or a current rating (for RK73Z) shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

■ Ratings

RK73B, RK73H

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)					
					RK73H		RK73B				TX	TBL	TCM ^{※5}	TPL·TP	TD	TE
					D : ±0.5% E24-E96	F : ±1% E24-E96	G : ±2% E24	J : ±5% E24								
1F	0.03W	70°C	—	±200	100k~2M ^{※2}	100k~1M	100k~10M	20V	30V	40,000	20,000	—	—	—	—	
				±250	10~91k ^{※2}	10~91k	10~91k									
1H	0.05W	70°C	125°C	0~+300	—	1~9.1	—	25V	50V	—	—	15,000	—	—	—	
				±200	100~100k	100~1M	100~1M									
1E	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±100	100~1M	10~1M	—	75V	100V	—	—	—	TPL:20,000 TP :10,000	—	—	
				±200	—	1.02M~10M	10~10M									
1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±100	1.02k~1M	1.02k~1M	—	150V	200V	—	—	—	TP :10,000 ^{※4}	5,000	—	
				±200	—	1.02M~10M	10~10M									
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	100~1M	10~1M	—	200V	400V	—	—	—	TP :10,000 ^{※4}	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}	
				±200	—	1.02M~10M	10~10M									
2B	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	100~1M	10~1M	—	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}	
				±200	—	1.02M~10M	10~10M									
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	100~1M	10~1M	—	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}	
				±200	—	1.02M~10M	10~10M									
W2H	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M	—	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	—	4,000	
				±200	—	1~9.76	1~10M									
W3A	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M	—	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	—	4,000	
				±200	—	1.02M~10M	10~10M									
W3A2	2W ^{※3}	70°C	95°C	±100	10~1M	10~1M	—	200V	400V	—	—	—	—	—	4,000	
				±200	—	1.02M~10M	10~10M									

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +125°C (1F), -55°C ~ +155°C (1H-1E-1J-2A-2B-2E-W2H-W3A-W3A2)

Rated voltage = √ Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※2 The nominal resistance value for RK73H1F (F:±1%) is E24.

※3 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the previous page.

※4 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

※5 Standard taping specification of 1H is TCM. Previously available "TC(10,000pcs/Reel)" is not recommended for new designs.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your use conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

While using under high power, the temperature of the product may increase depending on the condition of heat dissipation from PCB.

Be sure to check the terminal part temperature as well as precautions to use on delivery specifications before use.

RK73Z

Type	Rated Ambient Temperature	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Resistance	Current Rating	Max. Overload Current	Operating Temp. Range	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)			
							TCM ^{※5}	TPL·TP	TD	TE
1H	70°C	125°C	100mΩmax.	0.5A	1A	-55°C ~ +155°C	15,000	—	—	—
1E	70°C	125°C	50mΩmax.	1A	2A		—	TPL:20,000 TP :10,000	—	—
1J							—	TP :10,000 ^{※4}	5,000	—
2A	70°C	125°C	50mΩmax.	2A	10A		—	TP :10,000 ^{※4}	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}
2B							—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}
2E							—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※4}
W2H							—	—	—	4,000
W3A							—	—	—	4,000

■ Performance

Test Items	RK73H, RK73B		RK73Z		Test Methods
	Performance Requirements	ΔR± (%+0.1Ω)	Performance Requirements	Performance Requirements	
	Limit	Typical	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	R≤90mΩ : 1H R≤40mΩ : others	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	—	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	1 : 1F 0.8 : others	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	R≤90mΩ : 1H R≤40mΩ : others	RK73B, RK73H : Rated voltage × 2.5 for 5s (1E, 2B, W3A2: Rated voltage × 2 for 5s) Max. overload current, 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1 : 10Ω ≤ R ≤ 1MΩ 3 : R < 10Ω, R > 1MΩ	1 : R < 10Ω, R > 1MΩ 0.5 : others	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	R≤90mΩ : 1H R≤40mΩ : others	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1 : 1F 0.5 : others	0.5 : 1F 0.3 : others	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	R≤90mΩ : 1H R≤40mΩ : others	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : others	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1.5 : 1F 1 : others	R≤150mΩ : 1H R≤100mΩ : others	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	40°C ± 2°C, 90% ~ 95% RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : others	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1 : others	R≤150mΩ : 1H R≤100mΩ : others	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	70°C ± 2°C or rated terminal part temperature ± 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.5	R≤150mΩ : 1H R≤100mΩ : others	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	+125°C, 1000h : 1F +155°C, 1000h : 1H, 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2
Sulfuration test	5	0.3 : 1F, 1H 0.2 : others	R≤150mΩ : 1H R≤100mΩ : others	R≤100mΩ : 1H R≤50mΩ : others	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C ± 3°C 500h

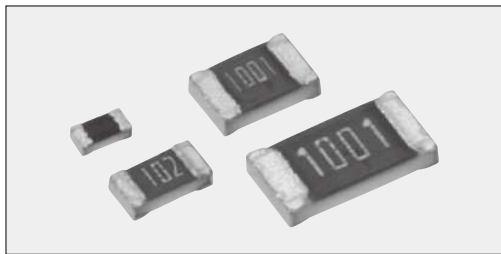
Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

■ Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of W2H/W3A/W3A2 which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy(FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1F~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of W2H/W3A/W3A2. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- Care should be taken that RK73B1F and RK73H1F may be damaged when static electricity occurs and is applied in the equipment assembly process.

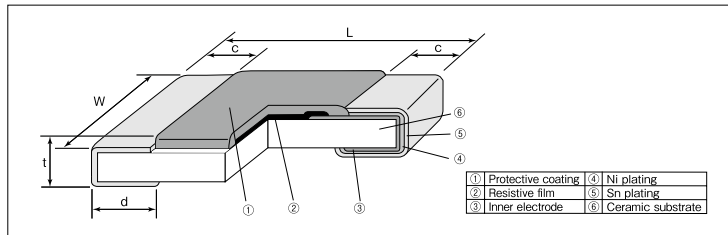
Flat Chip Resistors (Ultra Precision Grade, Anti Sulfuration)

Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black (1E),
Dark blue (1J, 2A, 2B)

Construction



Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Metal-glaze thick film resistor for surface mounting.
- High precision resistor with T.C.R. $\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$ and tolerance $\pm 0.25\%$.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Car electronics, power supply, industrial robot.
- Replacement of metal film chip resistors.

Reference Standards

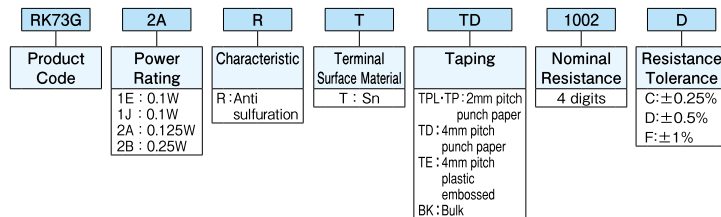
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	$1.0^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	0.5 ± 0.05	0.2 ± 0.1	$0.25^{+0.05}_{-0.1}$	0.35 ± 0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6 ± 0.2	0.8 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.45 ± 0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.1	0.4 ± 0.2	$0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.5 ± 0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.3	$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6 ± 0.1	9.14

Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty /Reel (pcs)		
					C: $\pm 0.25\%$ E24 · E96	D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96			TPL · TP	TD	TE
1E	0.1W	70°C	125°C	± 50	—	30~1M	30~1M	50V	100V	TPL : 20,000 TP : 10,000	—	—
1J	0.1W				100~1M			75V	150V	TP : 10,000 ^{*1}	5,000	—
2A	0.125W									—	5,000	4,000 ^{*1}
2B	0.25W									—	5,000	4,000 ^{*1}

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}C \sim +155^{\circ}C$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

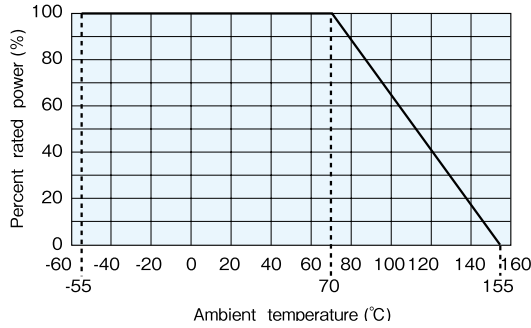
*1 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

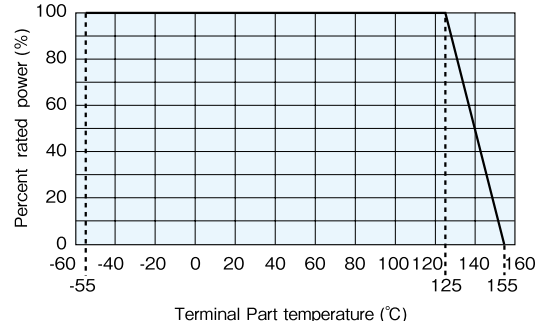
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload(Short time)	2	0.6	Rated voltage×2.5 for 5s (1E, 2B : Rated voltage×2 for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.4	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.3	-55°C(30min.)/+125°C(30min.)100 cycles
Moisture resistance	3 : 1E 2 : 1J, 2A, 2B	1 : 1E 0.6 : 1J, 2A, 2B	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3 : 1E 2 : 1J, 2A, 2B	1 : 1E 0.6 : 1J, 2A, 2B	70°C±2°C or rated terminal part temperature ±2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.6	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C ±3°C 500h

Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

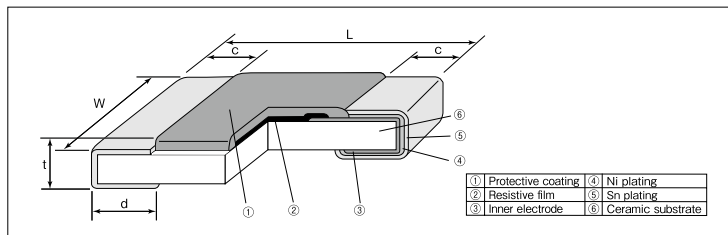
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

RS73-RT ■ High Reliability Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color : Black

■ Construction



■ Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Metal-glaze thick film resistor for surface mounting.
- High precision resistor with T.C.R. $\pm 25 \times 10^{-6}/K$ and tolerance $\pm 0.1\%$.
- High reliability with ΔR of $\pm 0.2\% \sim \pm 0.5\%$ in the Reliability test.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

■ Applications

- Car electronics, Industrial equipment, Industrial measurement

■ Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.1	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.2±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.25±0.15	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.35±0.15	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14

■ Type Designation

Example

RS73F	1J	R	T	TD	1002	B
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
RS73F RS73G	1E : 0.125W 1J : 0.2W 2A : 0.25W 2B : 0.33W	R: Anti sulfuration	T : Sn	TPL·TP : 2mm pitch punch paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper BK : Bulk	4 digits	B : ±0.1% C : ±0.25% D : ±0.5% F : ±1.0%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) ^{※2}				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty /Reel(pcs)	
					B: ±0.1% E24·E96	C: ±0.25% E24·E96	D: ±0.5% E24·E96	F: ±1.0% E24·E96			TPL·TP	TD
RS73F1E	0.125W	85°C	125°C	±25 ^{※1}	300~100k	300~1M	300~1M	300~1M	75V	100V	TPL:20,000 TP:10,000	—
RS73G1E				±50								
RS73F1J	0.2W			±25 ^{※1}	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M	100V	150V	—	5,000
RS73G1J				±50								
RS73F2A	0.25W			±25 ^{※1}	10~3M	10~6.8M	10~10M	10~10M	150V	300V	—	5,000
RS73G2A				±50								
RS73F2B	0.33W	±25 ^{※1}	10~5.1M	10~5.1M	10~10M	10~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000		
RS73G2B		±50										

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +155^{\circ}\text{C}$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

For flat chip jumper resistor, please refer to RK73Z series.

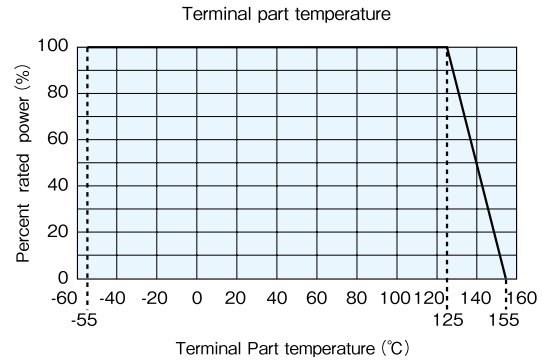
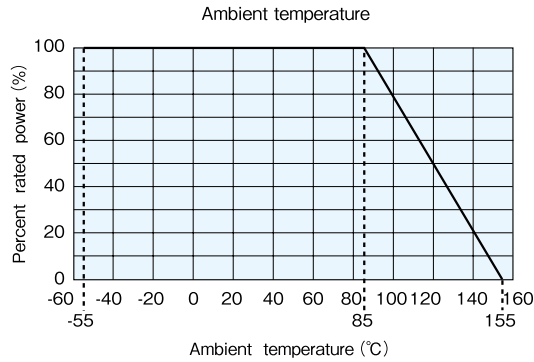
※1 Cold T.C.R. ($-55^{\circ}\text{C}/+25^{\circ}\text{C}$) is $-50 \sim +25 \times 10^{-6}/K$.

※2 Please inquire of us about E192.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 85°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

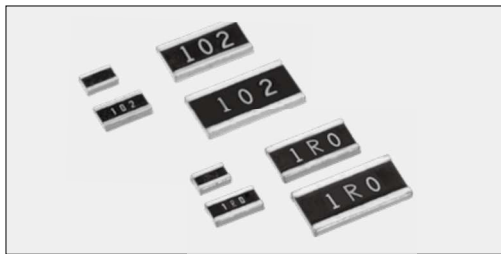
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.2	0.03	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.2	0.1	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.2 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.4 : others	0.05 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.2 : others	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.2 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.4~0.5 : others	0.04 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.08 : others	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 85°C or rated terminal part temperature	0.2 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.4 : others	0.05 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 20k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 1M Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 10M Ω) 0.2 : others	85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.2 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 100k Ω) 0.4~0.5 : others	0.1 : 1E(300 Ω \leq R \leq 10k Ω) 1J(10 Ω \leq R \leq 200k Ω) 2A,2B(10 Ω \leq R \leq 100k Ω) 0.2~0.3 : others	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 500h

Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

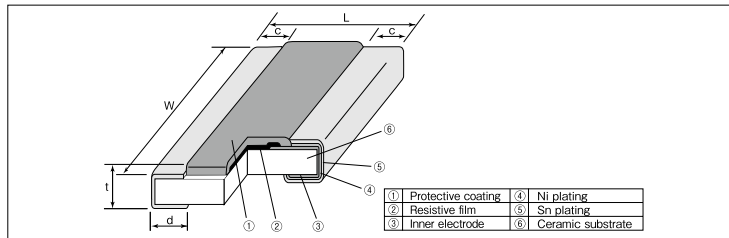
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

Flat Chip Resistors WK73-RT Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Anti-sulfuration flat chip resistors of wide terminal type.
- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- This products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial robot

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c±0.2	d	t±0.1	
2A (0508)	1.25±0.15	2.0±0.15	0.3	0.35±0.2	0.55	4.93
2B (0612)	1.6 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	3.2 ^{+0.1} _{-0.3}	0.3	0.45±0.15	0.6	12.0
2H (1020)	2.5 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	5.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	0.4	0.75±0.15		30.2
3A (1225)	3.1 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	6.3±0.15	0.45			45.6

Type Designation

Example

WK73R	2B	R	T	TD	1002	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
WK73S WK73R	2A:0.75W ^{※1} 1W ^{※1} 2B:0.75W 1W ^{※1} 2H:1W 3A:1.5W 2W ^{※1}	R:Anti sulfuration	T: Sn	TD:4mm pitch punch paper TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	F: 4 digits J: 3 digits	F: ±1% J: ±5%

Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
1~9.1	1R0~9R1	1~9.76	1R00~9R76

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					F: ±1% E24·E96	J: ±5% E24			TD	TE
WK73S2A	1W ^{※1}	70°C	125°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1	200V	400V	5,000	-
WK73R2A	0.75W ^{※1}	70°C	125°C	±100	20.5k~1M	22k~1M				
	1W ^{※1}	70°C	125°C	±100	10~20k	10~20k				
WK73S2B	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1				
	1W ^{※1}	70°C	115°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1				
WK73R2B	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±150	0.3~0.976	0.3~0.91				
				±100	10~9.76k	10~9.1k				
	1W ^{※1}	70°C	115°C	±100	10~9.76k	10~9.1k				
WK73S2H	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1				
				±150	0.2~0.976	0.2~0.91				
WK73R2H	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~430k	10~430k				
				±200	432k~1M	470k~1M				
WK73S3A	1.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1				
	2W ^{※1}	70°C	115°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1				
WK73R3A	1.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	10~330k	10~330k				
				±200	332k~1M	360k~1M				
	2W ^{※1}	70°C	115°C	±100	10~330k	10~330k				
				±200	332k~1M	360k~1M				

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

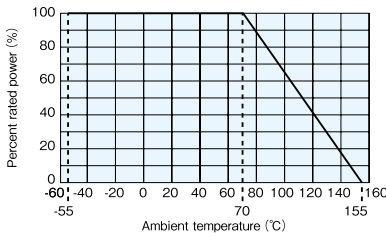
Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

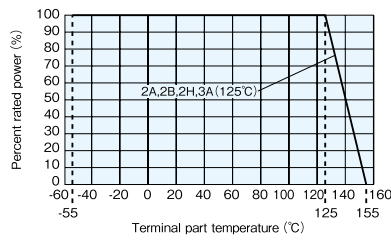
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the derating curve.

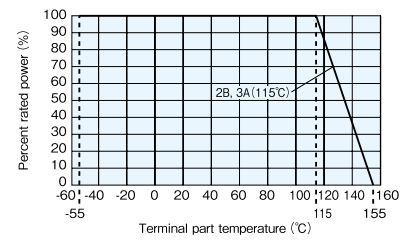
Terminal part temperature



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature
WK73S/R2B (1W), WK73S/R3A (2W)



Performance

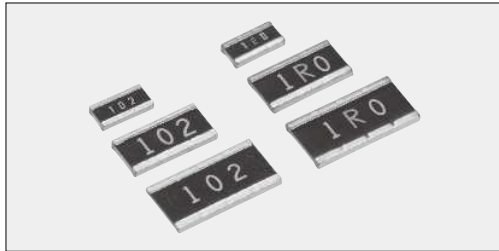
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s (WK73S/R2A (0.75W, 1W), WK73S/R2B (1W), WK73S/R3A (2W)) Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time. Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	1	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.2	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.2	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.2	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 500h

Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

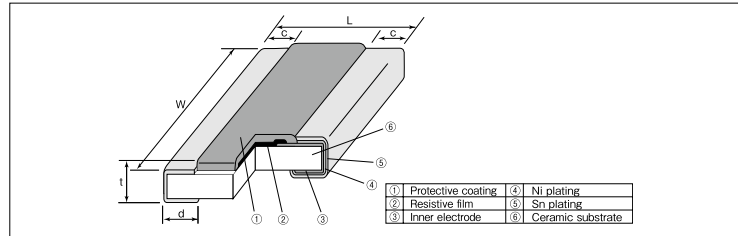
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WK73 series which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

Flat Chip Resistors WK73-RT Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (High Power/Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Higher power than conventional type.
- Anti-sulfuration flat chip resistors of wide terminal type.
- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- This products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.

- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial robot

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
2B15 (0612)	1.6 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	3.2 ^{+0.1} _{-0.3}	0.3±0.2	0.45±0.15	0.6±0.1	12.0
2H2 (1020)	2.5 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	5.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	0.4±0.2	0.75±0.15		30.2
3A3 (1225)	3.1 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	6.3±0.15	0.45±0.2			45.6

Type Designation

Example

WK73R	2B15	R	T	TD	1002	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
WK73S WK73R	2B15:1.5W ^{*1} 2H2:2W ^{*1} 3A3:3W ^{*1}	R:Anti sulfuration	T: Sn	TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	F: 4 digits J: 3 digits	F: ±1% J: ±5%

Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
1~9.1	1R0~9R1	1~9.76	1R00~9R76

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (× 10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					F: ±1% E24 · E96	J: ±5% E24			TD	TE
WK73S2B15	1.5W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1	200V	400V	5,000	-
					0.3~0.976	0.3~0.91				
WK73R2B15	1.5W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	±100	10~9.76k	10~9.1k			-	4,000
					0.2~0.976	0.2~0.91				
WK73S2H2	2W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1			-	4,000
					0.2~0.976	0.2~0.91				
WK73R2H2	2W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	±100	10~430k	10~430k				
					432k~1M	470k~1M				
WK73S3A3	3W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	±100	1~9.76	1~9.1				
					10~330k	10~330k				
WK73R3A3	3W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	±100	10~330k	10~330k				
					332k~1M	360k~1M				

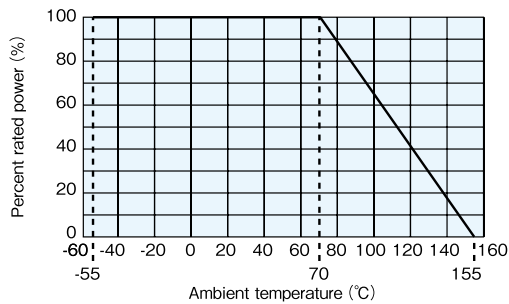
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".
Rated voltage = √ Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

*1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

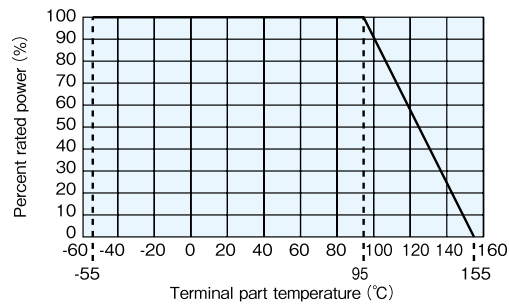
For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.
Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



Terminal part temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the current shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve. Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

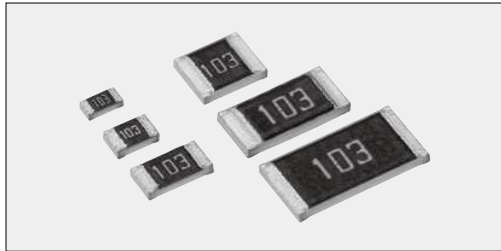
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time. Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	1	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.2	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.2	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.2	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 500h

Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WK73 series which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

SG73-RT ■ Surge Current Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color: Wine red

■ Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors in surge withstanding voltage and pulse withstanding voltage.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

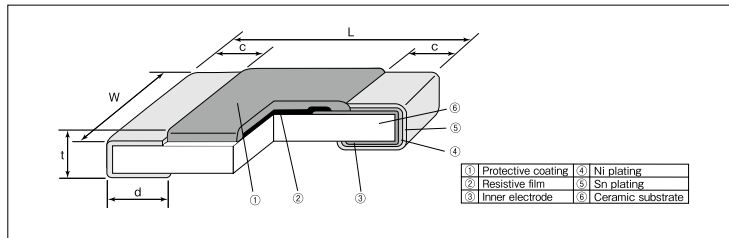
■ Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial robot

■ Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

■ Construction



■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W	c	d	t±0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6	9.14
2E (1210)		2.6±0.2				15.50
W2H (2010)	5.0	2.5±0.2				0.65±0.15
W3A (2512)	6.3	3.1±0.2	37.10			

■ Type Designation

Example

SG73	2A	R	T	TD	103	K
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1J:0.1W 2A:0.125W 2B:0.33W 2E:0.5W W2H:0.75W W3A:1W	R:Anti sulfuration	T: Sn	TP:2mm pitch punch paper TD:4mm pitch punch paper TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK:Bulk	3 digits	K:±10% M:±20%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (× 10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
					K: ±10% M: ±20% E12			TP	TD	TE
1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	50V	100V	10,000 ^{#1}	5,000	—
					10~1M					
2A	0.125W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	150V	200V	10,000 ^{#1}	5,000	4,000 ^{#1}
					10~1M					
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{#1}
					10~1M					
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2					
					10~1M					
W2H	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2					
					10~1M					
W3A	1.0W	70°C	125°C	±400	1~8.2					
					10~1M					

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

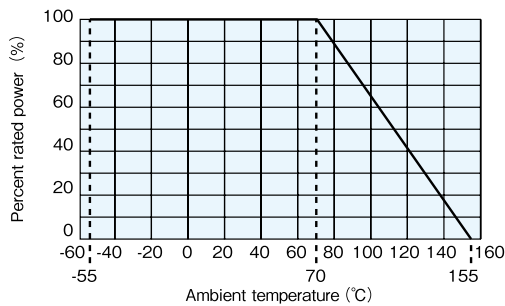
Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

*1 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

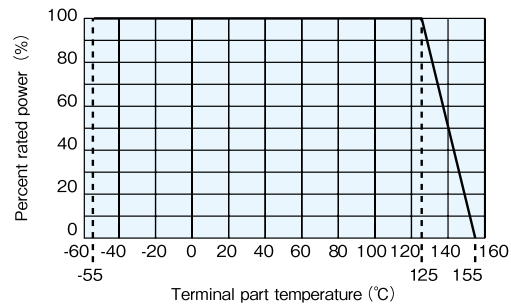
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.75	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.3	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	3	0.75	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3	0.75	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 500h

Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of W2H/W3A which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1J~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of W2H/W3A. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

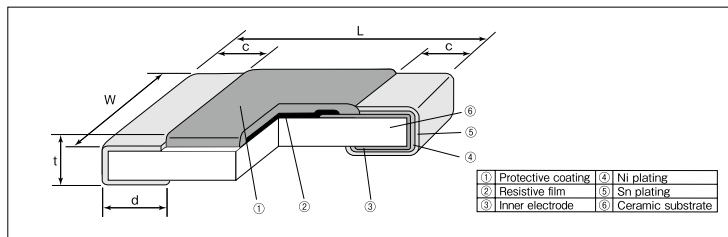
Flat Chip Resistors

SG73P-RT ■ Endured Pulse Power Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color : Black (1E)
Green (1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, 2E1)

■ Construction



■ Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors pulse withstanding voltage and high power.
- SG73P (for pulse) are able to select Resistance tolerance is available from $\pm 0.5\%$.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

■ Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial robot

■ Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	$1.0^{+0.1}$	0.5 ± 0.05	0.15 ± 0.1	$0.25^{+0.05}_{-0.1}$	0.35 ± 0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6 ± 0.2	0.8 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.45 ± 0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.1	$0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	$0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.5 ± 0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6 ± 0.1	9.14
2E (1210)		2.6 ± 0.2				15.5
2E1 (1210)						

■ Type Designation

Example

SG73P	2A	R	T	TD	103	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1E : 0.125W 0.33W 1J : 0.2W 0.5W 2A : 0.25W 0.75W 2B : 0.33W 1W 2E : 0.5W 1.5W 2E1 : 1.5W	R : Anti sulfuration	T : Sn	TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D, F : 4digits G, J : 3digits	D : $\pm 0.5\%$ F : $\pm 1\%$ G : $\pm 2\%$ J : $\pm 5\%$

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
					D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	G: $\pm 2\%$ E24	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24			TP	TD	TE
1E	0.125W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	75V	100V	10,000	—	—
	0.33W	—	105°C										
1J	0.2W	70°C	135°C	$\pm 100^{*1}$	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	150V	200V	10,000 ^{*3}	5,000	—
	0.5W	—	105°C										
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	400V	600V (800V) ^{*2}	10,000 ^{*3}	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}
	0.75W	—	105°C										
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}
	1.0W	—	105°C										
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}
	1.5W	—	105°C										
2E1	1.5W	—	105°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +155^{\circ}\text{C}$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

*1 Cold T.C.R. ($-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +25^{\circ}\text{C}$) is $\pm 150 \times 10^{-6}/K$.

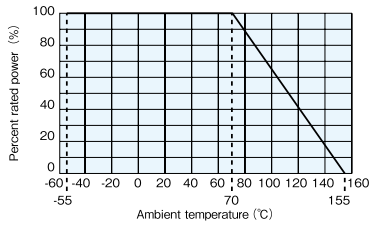
*2 Applies when power rating is 0.4W or lower.

*3 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

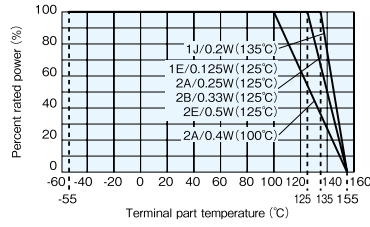
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature

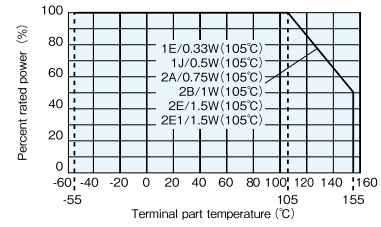


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※2, please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of the center graph.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods											
	Limit	Typical												
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C											
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+125°C											
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Overload for 5s											
			<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>1E</th> <th>1J</th> <th>2A</th> <th>2B</th> <th>2E</th> <th>2E1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Overload</td> <td>1.25W</td> <td>2.063W</td> <td>2W (1.6W^{※1})</td> <td>3W</td> <td>4W</td> <td>4W</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	1E	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1	Overload	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W ^{※1})
Type	1E	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1								
Overload	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W ^{※1})	3W	4W	4W								
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.75	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s											
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.3	−55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles											
Moisture resistance	3	0.75	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle											
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3	0.75	70°C ± 2°C or rated terminal part temperature ± 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle											
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h											
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C ± 3°C 500h											

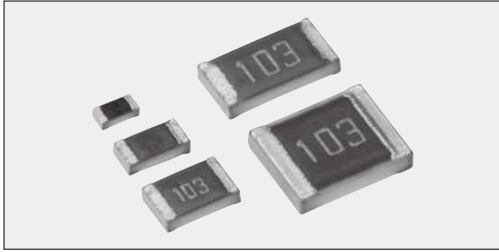
Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

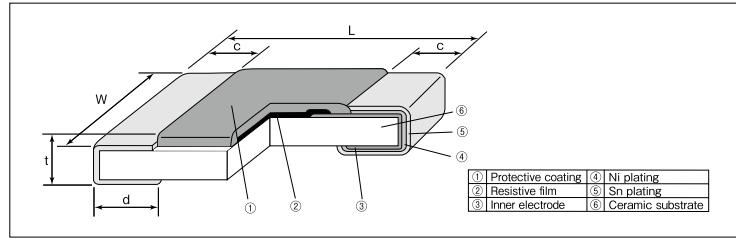
Flat Chip Resistors

SG73S-RT ■ Endured Surge Voltage Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color: Black (1E)
Green (1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, 2E1)

■ Construction



■ Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors in surge withstanding voltage and high power.
- SG73S (for surge) are able to select Resistance tolerance is available from $\pm 0.5\%$.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

■ Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial robot

■ Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	$1.0^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	0.5 ± 0.05	0.15 ± 0.1	$0.25^{+0.05}_{-0.1}$	0.35 ± 0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6 ± 0.2	0.8 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.45 ± 0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.1	$0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	$0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.5 ± 0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6 ± 0.1	9.14
2E (1210)		2.6 ± 0.2				15.5

■ Type Designation

Example

SG73S	2A	R	T	TD	103	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1E : 0.125W 0.33W 1J : 0.2W 0.5W 2A : 0.25W 0.75W 2B : 0.33W 1W 2E : 0.5W 1.5W 2E1 : 1.5W	R: Anti sulfuration	T : Sn	TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D, F : 4digits G, J : 3digits	D : $\pm 0.5\%$ F : $\pm 1\%$ G : $\pm 2\%$ J : $\pm 5\%$

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q' ty/Reel (pcs)		
					D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	G: $\pm 2\%$ E24	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24			TP	TD	TE
1E	0.125W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	75V	100V	10,000	—	—
	0.33W	—	105°C										
1J	0.2W	70°C	135°C	$\pm 100^{*1}$	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	150V	200V	10,000 ^{*3}	5,000	—
	0.5W	—	105°C										
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	400V	600V (800V) ^{*2}	10,000 ^{*3}	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}
	0.75W	—	105°C										
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}
	1.0W	—	105°C										
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}
	1.5W	—	105°C										
2E1	1.5W	—	105°C	± 200	100~1M	10~1M	10~10M	1~10M	200V	400V	—	5,000	4,000 ^{*3}

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +155^{\circ}\text{C}$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

*1 Cold T.C.R. ($-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +25^{\circ}\text{C}$) is $\pm 150 \times 10^{-6}/K$.

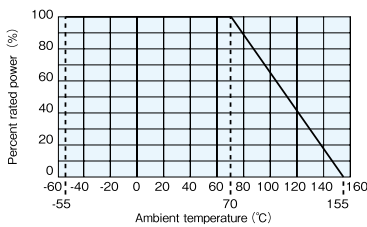
*2 Applies when power rating is 0.4W or lower.

*3 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

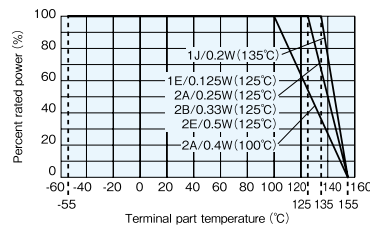
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature

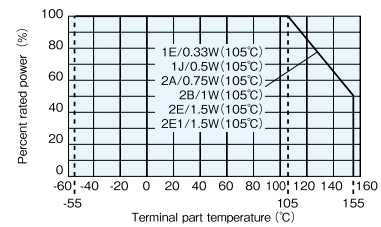


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※2, please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of the center graph.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods														
	Limit	Typical															
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C														
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+125°C														
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Overload for 5s <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>1E</th> <th>1J</th> <th>2A</th> <th>2B</th> <th>2E</th> <th>2E1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Overload</td> <td>1.25W</td> <td>2.063W</td> <td>2W (1.6W^(*))</td> <td>3W</td> <td>4W</td> <td>4W</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	1E	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1	Overload	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W ^(*))	3W	4W	4W
Type	1E	1J	2A	2B	2E	2E1											
Overload	1.25W	2.063W	2W (1.6W ^(*))	3W	4W	4W											
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.75	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s														
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.3	−55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles														
Moisture resistance	3	0.75	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle														
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3	0.75	70°C ± 2°C or rated terminal part temperature ± 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle														
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h														
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C ± 3°C 500h														

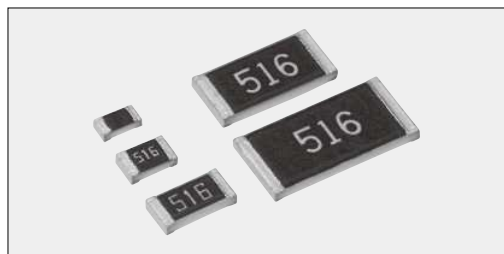
Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

Flat Chip Resistors

HV73-RT Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage (Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color : Black

Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Superior to RK73 series in maximum working voltage.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.

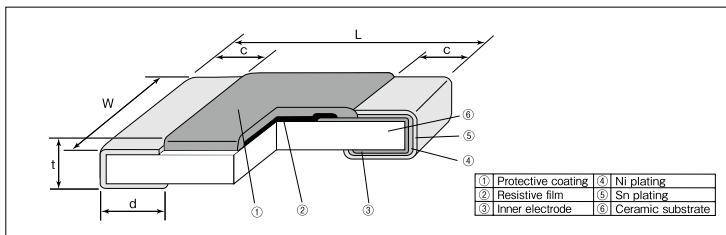
Applications

- Power supply, industrial robot.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W	c	d	t±0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6	9.14
2H (2010)	5.0	2.5±0.2				24.3
3A (2512)	6.3	3.1±0.2				37.1

Type Designation

Example

Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
HV73	2B	R	T	TD	1004	F
	1J : 0.1W 2A : 0.25W 2B : 0.25W 2H : 0.5W 3A : 1W	R : Anti sulfuration	T : Sn	TD : 4mm pitch punch paper TE : 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK : Bulk	D, F : 4digits G, J : 3digits	D : ±0.5% F : ±1% G : ±2% J : ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage (D.C.) ^{※1}	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					D:±0.5% E24·E96	F:±1% E24·E96	G:±2% E24	J:±5% E24			TD	TE
1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±100 ^{※2}	—	10k~10M	10k~10M	10k~10M	350V	500V	5,000	—
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M	400V	800V	5,000	—
				±200	—	—	—	11M~51M				
2B	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M	800V	1000V	5,000	—
				±200	—	—	—	11M~51M				
2H	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	100k~10M	2000V (D.C.)	3000V	—	4,000
				±200	—	—	—	11M~51M				
3A	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	43k~1M	43k~10M	43k~10M	43k~10M	3000V (D.C.)	4000V	—	4,000
				±200	—	10.2M~20M	11M~20M	11M~51M				

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C~+155°C

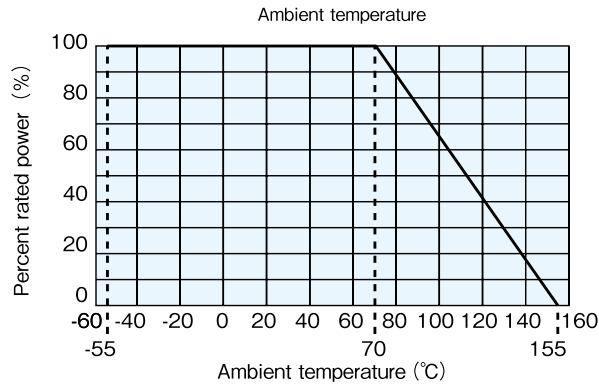
Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage.

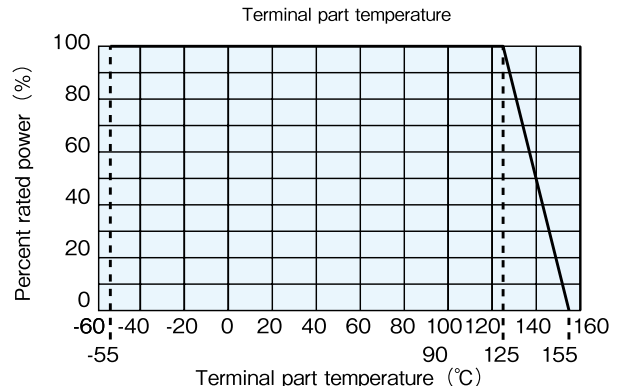
※2 Cold T.C.R. (-55°C~+25°C) of 1.02MΩ~10MΩ is ±200×10⁻⁶/K.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage (D.C.) $\times 2.5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 : 10k Ω $\leq R \leq$ 10M Ω 1 : 11M Ω $\leq R \leq$ 51M Ω	0.3 : 10k Ω $\leq R \leq$ 10M Ω 0.5 : 11M Ω $\leq R \leq$ 51M Ω	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.75	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.75	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	2	0.3	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 500h

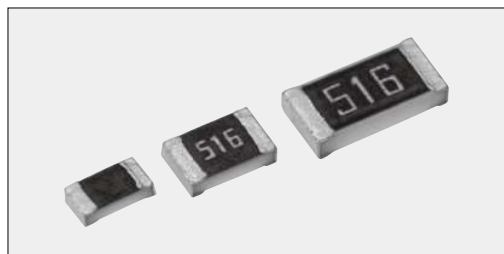
Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

- Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage. When using in A.C. voltage, the peak value of A.C. voltage shall not exceed the Maximum overload voltage.
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of 2H/3A which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1J~2B, but the crack tends to occur in the types of 2H/3A. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

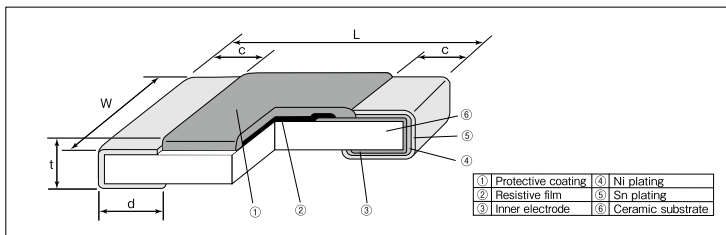
Flat Chip Resistors

HV73V-RT ■ Flat Chip Resistors For High Voltage (For Automotive, Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Superior to RK73 series in maximum working voltage.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- Suitable for high reliable applications like automotives. AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Inverter, DC-DC converter, Battery Management, Charger, HID lamp

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W	c	d	t±0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	0.5	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	0.6	9.14

Type Designation

Example

Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
HV73V	2A	R	T	TD	104	J
	1J : 0.1W 2A : 0.25W 2B : 0.33W	R : Anti sulfuration	T : Sn	TD : 4mm pitch punch paper BK : Bulk	D, F : 4digits G, J : 3digits	D : ±0.5% F : ±1% G : ±2% J : ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage (D.C.) ^{※1}	Taping & Q ¹ ty/Reel (pcs) TD
					D:±0.5% E24·E96	F:±1% E24·E96	G:±2% E24	J:±5% E24			
HV73V1J	0.1W	70°C	125°C	±100 ^{※2}	—	10k~10M	10k~10M	350V	500V	5,000	
HV73V2A	0.25W			±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	400V	800V		
				±200	—	—	11M~51M				
HV73V2B	0.33W			±100	100k~1M	100k~10M	100k~10M	800V	1200V		
		±200	—	—	11M~51M						

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C~+155°C

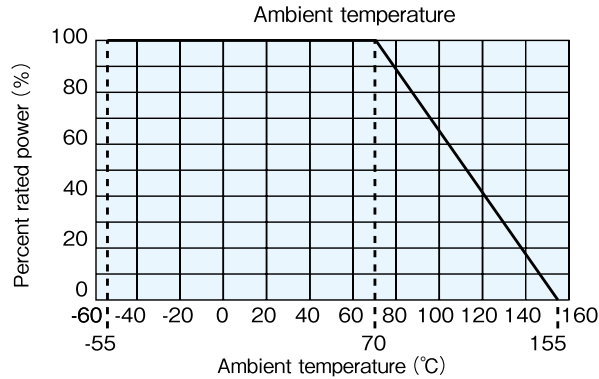
Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage.

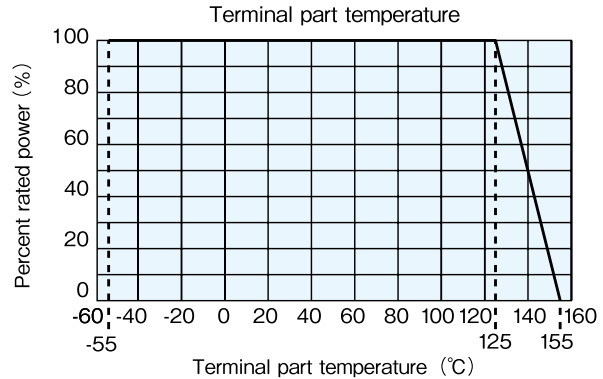
※2 Cold T.C.R. (-55°C~+25°C) of 1.02MΩ~10MΩ is ±200×10⁻⁶/K.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.1 Ω)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage (D.C.) $\times 2.5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C $\pm 5^\circ$ C, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 : 10k $\Omega \leq R \leq 10$ M Ω 1 : 11M $\Omega \leq R \leq 51$ M Ω	0.3 : 10k $\Omega \leq R \leq 10$ M Ω 0.5 : 11M $\Omega \leq R \leq 51$ M Ω	−55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.75	40°C $\pm 2^\circ$ C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.75	70°C $\pm 2^\circ$ C or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ$ C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	2	0.3	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C $\pm 3^\circ$ C 500h

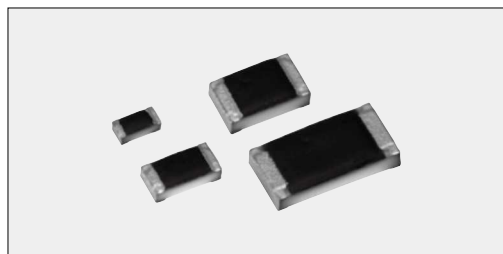
Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

- Max. overload voltage is specified by D.C. voltage. When using in A.C. voltage, the peak value of A.C. voltage shall not exceed the Maximum overload voltage.
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

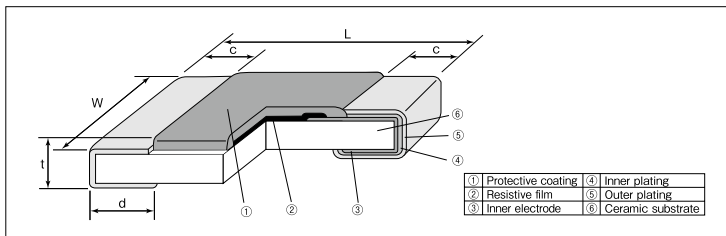
Flat Chip Resistors

HSG73P-RT High Temperature Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- High heat resistance that can be used even at high temperatures of 155°C or higher. The maximum operating temperature of Sn plating products compatible with solder mounting is 175°C.
- Excellent heat resistance and weather resistance are ensured by the use of metal glaze thick film.
- High stability and high reliability with the triple-layer structure of electrode.
- Superior to RK73 series chip resistors pulse withstanding voltage and high power.
- Applicable to various kinds of automatic mounters for taping, etc.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	1.0 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.15	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.1}	0.35±0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.15	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.25	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.5±0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.55±0.35	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6±0.1	9.14

Type Designation

Example

Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
HSG73P	2B	R	T	TD	103	J
	1E : 0.125W 0.2W ^{※1} 1J : 0.2W 0.33W ^{※1} 2A : 0.25W 0.5W ^{※1} 2B : 0.33W 0.75W ^{※1}	R: Anti sulfuration	T : Sn	TP : 2mm pitch punch paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper BK : Bulk	F : 4 digits J : 3 digits	F : ± 1% J : ± 5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range(Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					F : ±1% E24	J : ±5% E24			TP	TD
1E	0.125W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~10M	75V	100V	10,000	-
	0.2W ^{※1}	70°C	105°C							
1J	0.2W	70°C	135°C	±200	10~1M	1~10M	150V	200V	-	5,000
	0.33W ^{※1}	70°C	125°C							
2A	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	-	5,000
	0.5W ^{※1}	70°C	100°C							
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	±200	10~1M	1~10M	200V	400V	-	5,000
	0.75W ^{※1}	70°C	105°C							

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +175°C

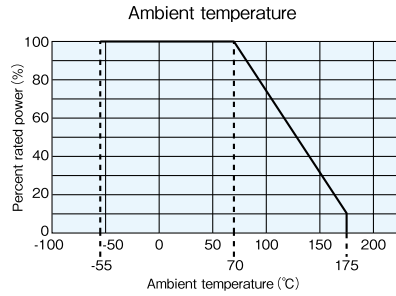
Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

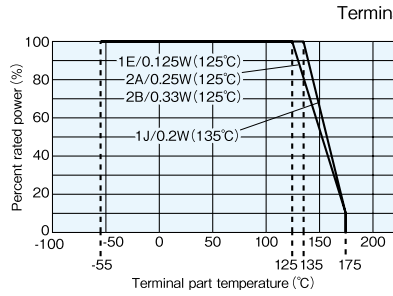
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

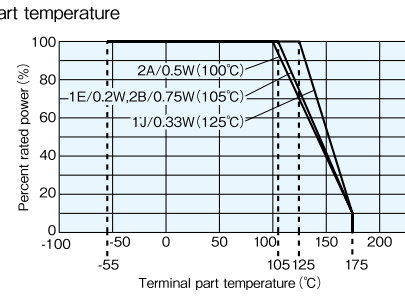


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※1, please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of right side. ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.1 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C, +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage × 2.5 for 5s (2A : 0.5W, 2B : 0.75W : Rated voltage × 2 for 5s)
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.3	−55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : 1E	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1 : 1E	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	2 : 1J, 2A, 2B 3 : 1E	0.75 : 1J, 2A, 2B 1 : 1E	70°C ± 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 175°C	1	0.3	+175°C, 1000h, Power Rating × 10%
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C ± 3°C 500h

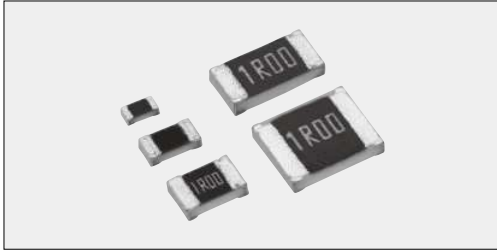
Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.

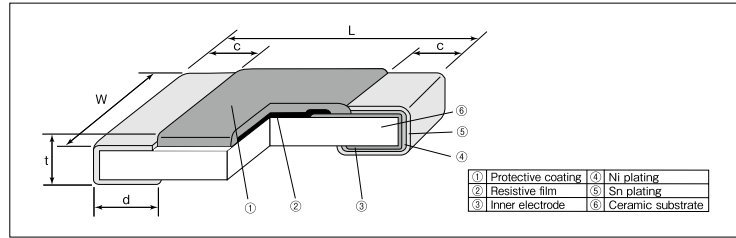
SR73-RT ■ Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (Anti Sulfuration)

Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof inner top electrode material.
- Current detecting resistors for power supply, motor circuits, etc.
- High reliability and performance with resistance tolerance $\pm 1.0\%$, T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
		L	W	c	d	t	
1E (0402)	1~10	$1.0^{+0.05}_{-0.05}$	$0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	0.25 ± 0.1	0.25 ± 0.1	0.35 ± 0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	0.1~0.43	1.6 ± 0.2	$0.8^{+0.15}_{-0.1}$	$0.35^{+0.15}_{-0.1}$	$0.35^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.45 ± 0.1	2.50
	0.47~10			0.35 ± 0.1	0.35 ± 0.1		2.14
2A (0805)	0.1~0.43	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.1	0.4 ± 0.2	$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.5 ± 0.1	5.13
	0.47~10				$0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$		4.54
2B (1206)	0.1~0.43	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.3	$0.5^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6 ± 0.1	10.0
	0.47~10				$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$		9.14
2E (1210)	0.1~0.39	2.6 ± 0.2	2.6 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.3	$0.5^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6 ± 0.1	16.3
	0.43~10				$0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$		15.5

Applications

- Car electronics, Power supply, Industrial robot

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Type Designation

Example

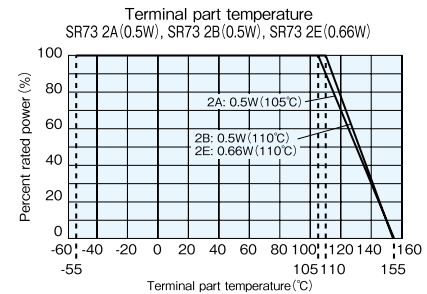
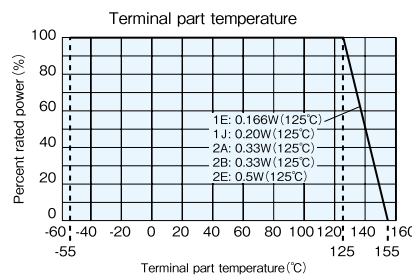
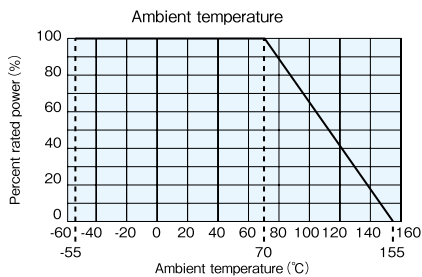
SR73	2B	R	T	TD	R10	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Characteristic	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1E:0.166W 1J:0.2W 2A:0.33W 0.5W ^{※2} 2B:0.33W 0.5W ^{※2} 2E:0.5W 0.66W ^{※2}	R:Anti sulfuration	T: Sn	TPL: TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD:4mm pitch punch paper BK: Bulk	F: 4 digits G, J: 3 digits Ex. 0.1 Ω : R100	F: $\pm 1\%$ G: $\pm 2\%$ J: $\pm 5\%$

Resistance Value (Ω)	3digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4digits
0.1~0.91	R10~R91	0.1~0.976	R100~R976
1~9.1	1R0~9R1	1~9.76	1R00~9R76
10	100	10	10R0

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

If you want to use at the rated power of ※2 please use the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature of right side.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Taping & Q'ty /Reel (pcs)	
					F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96 ⁰¹	G: $\pm 2\%$ E24	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24	TPL · TP	TD
1E	0.166W	70°C	125°C	± 200	1~10	1~10	1~10	TPL:20,000 TP :10,000	—
1J	0.2W	70°C	125°C	± 200	0.2~10	0.2~10	0.2~10	—	5,000
				± 300	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18		
2A	0.33W	70°C	125°C	± 100	0.47~10	—	—	—	5,000
				± 200	0.2~0.43	0.2~10	0.2~10		
				± 250	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18		
	0.5W ⁰²	70°C	105°C	± 100	0.47~10	—	—		
				± 200	0.2~0.43	0.2~10	0.2~10		
				± 250	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18		
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	± 100	0.47~10	—	—	—	5,000
				± 200	0.2~0.43	0.2~10	0.2~10		
				± 250	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18		
	0.5W ⁰²	70°C	110°C	± 100	0.47~10	—	—		
				± 200	0.2~0.43	0.2~10	0.2~10		
				± 250	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18		
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	± 100	0.43~10	—	—	—	5,000
				± 200	0.2~0.39	0.2~10	0.2~10		
				± 250	—	—	0.1~0.18		
	0.66W ⁰²	70°C	110°C	± 100	0.43~10	—	—		
				± 200	0.2~0.39	0.2~10	0.2~10		
				± 250	—	—	0.1~0.18		

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +155^{\circ}\text{C}$

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$

※1 The nominal resistance value for SR731E(1 Ω ~10 Ω), SR731J, 2A, 2B (0.1 Ω ~0.43 Ω) and SR732E (0.1 Ω ~0.39 Ω) is in E24.

※2 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the previous page.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

■ Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.005 Ω)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.3	260°C $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.3	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	1	40°C $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	1	70°C $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h
Sulfuration test	5	0.2	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C $\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ 500h

Please refer to conventional products for characteristic data such as temperature rise.

■ Precautions for Use

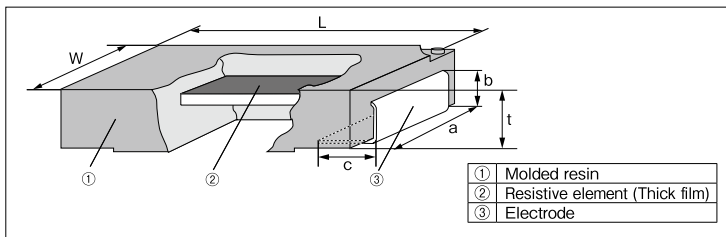
- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them.
- The resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

SLR Mold Type Thick Film Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Thick film resistor protected by liquid crystal polymer resin
- Excellent heat cycle characteristics
- Encapsulated with flame retardant resin molding. (UL94 V-0)
- High operating temperature range up to 180°C
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

Automotive ECU, etc.
Industrial Batteries, etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	t	a	b	c	
SLR1 (2512)	6.3±0.3	3.1±0.2	1.9±0.2	2.4±0.2	1.2±0.2	1.2±0.3	90

Type Designation

Example

SLR	1	T	TE	R301	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
SLR	1:1.0W	T:Sn	TE: 8mm pitch Plastic embossed TED: 8mm pitch Plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D, F: 4 digits J: 3 digits	D: ±0.5% F: ±1% J: ±5%

Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
0.33~0.91	R33~R91	0.301~0.976	R301~R976
1~9.1	1R0~9R1	1~9.76	1R00~9R76

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

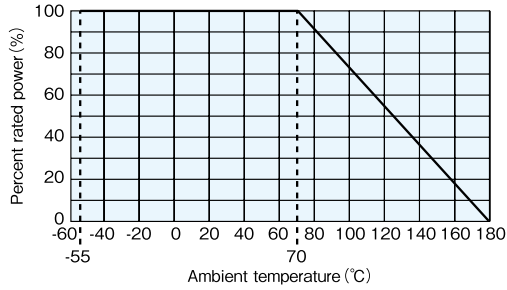
Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Resistance Range (Ω)			T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
				D: ±0.5% E24 · E96	F: ±1% E24 · E96	J: ±5% E24					TE	TED
SLR1	1W	70°C	90°C	301m~1M	301m~1M	330m~1M	±100	200V	400V	-55°C~+180°C	1,000	2,000

Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

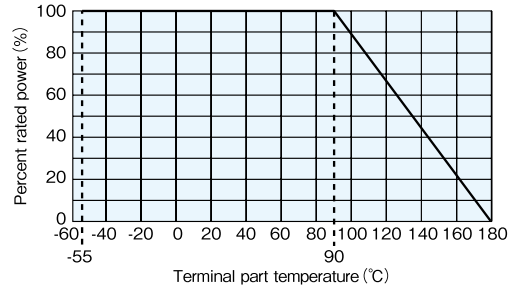
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve

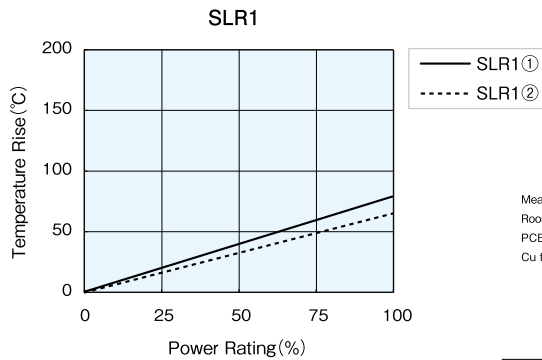


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

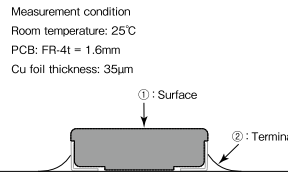


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※ Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise

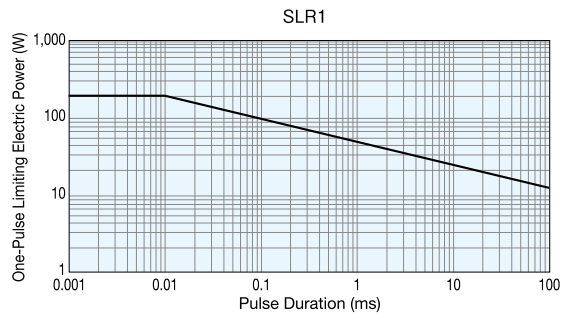


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage.
 Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



Performance

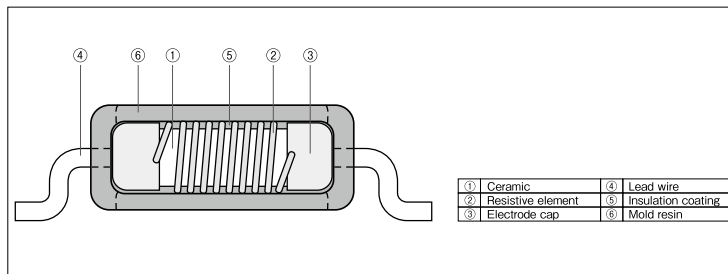
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	1	0.1	Rated power × 5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.3	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.4	-55°C(30min.)/+155°C(30min.)1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.2	40°C ± 2°C, 90% ~ 95% Rh 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles
Endurance at 70°C	2	0.2	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles

MWS Mold Wirewound Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

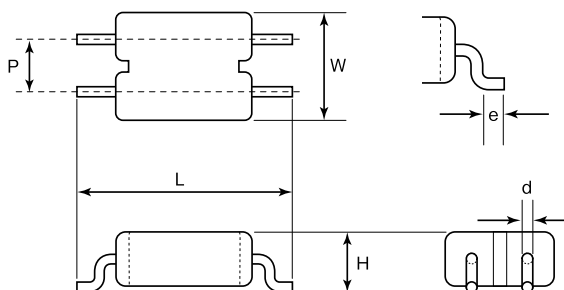
- Flame retardant coating (UL94 V-0)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- It has excellent pulse resistance and is suitable as a surface mount component for precharge resistance, snubber resistance, and damping resistance.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Car electronics
- Industrial equipment

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	H	P	e	d (Nominal)	
MWS5	16.9±0.2	8.6±0.2	4.8±0.2	4.2±0.2	1.4±0.2	0.8	1000



Type Designation

Example

MWS	5	C	TEG	100	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	5:5W	C:SnCu	TEG:12mm pitch plastic embossed	3 digits	±5%

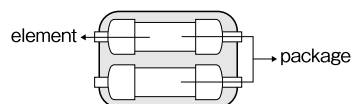
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

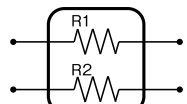
Ratings

Type	Power Rating		Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Resistance Range (Ω) J : ±5% (E24)	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/ Reel (pcs)
	Package	Piece					
MWS5	5W	2.5W	+130°C	1~470	±200	-55°C~+200°C	1500

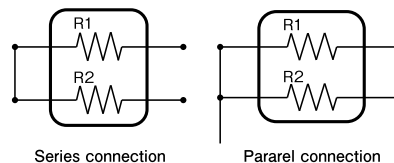
Element and package



Equivalent circuit (R1=R2)

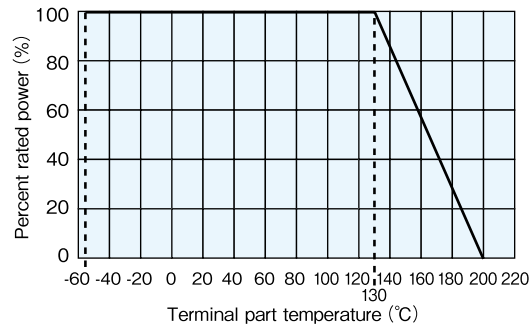


Connection example (R1=R2)



Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$

Derating Curve



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※ Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

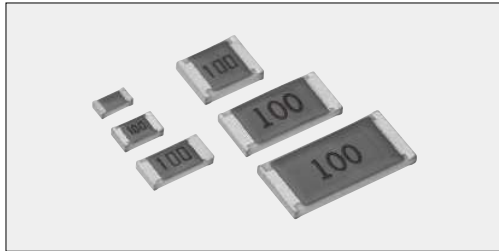
Performance

Test Characteristics	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance内	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Rapid change of temperature	2	0.6	-55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) 1000cyc.
Overload(Short time)	5	2	Power Rating $\times 4$, 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.8	350°C \pm 10°C, 3.5sec. or 260°C \pm 5°C, 10s
Moisture resistance	5	3	Power Rating \times 1/10, 85°C, 80~85%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance of Rated Terminal part Temperature	5	3	130°C \pm 2°C, rated voltage, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormally in appearance such as disappearance of making, etc.	—	On immersing the sample in IPA for 3 minutes, the resistor surface should be lightly wiped with a dry cloth (velvet or gauze).
High temperature exposure	2	0.3	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

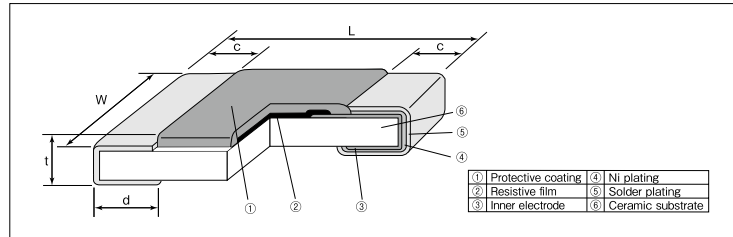
- In case of using them for an AC circuit, abnormal phenomena like oscillation etc. occasionally happen as they have an inductance or a parasitic capacitance because of their wiring structures. Use them by taking the dispersion of constants of other components into the consideration.

RF73 Fusing Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Brown

Construction



Features

- In normal condition, it works as a resistor and when excessive voltage is applied, it protects circuits by fusing quickly.
- The same shape as RK73 series.
- Recognized by safety standard UL1412. (1J is not recognized.)
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.

Approval Awarded

RF73 2A, 2B, 2E, 2H, 3A : UL1412 File No.E117262

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2124

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W	c	d	t±0.1	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.5	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25±0.1	0.4±0.2	0.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}		4.54
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6±0.2	0.5±0.3	0.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.6	9.14
2E (1210)		2.6±0.2				15.5
2H (2010)	5.0	2.5±0.2				24.3
3A (2512)	6.3	3.1±0.2	37.1			

Type Designation

Example

RF73	2B	T	TD	100	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1J:0.063W 2A:0.1W 2B:0.125W 2E:0.25W 2H:0.5W 3A:1.0W	T: Sn (L: Sn/Pb)	TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	3 digits	J: ±5%

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

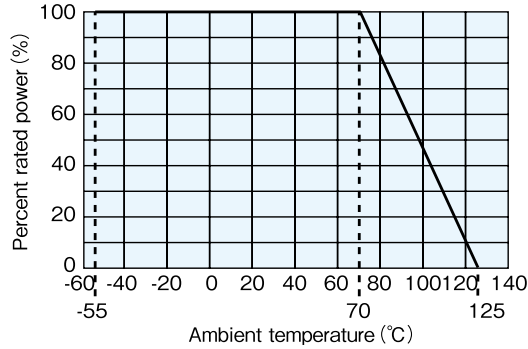
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) E24	Resistance Tolerance	Fusing Characteristics					T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)									
				Fusing Power Resistance Range				Fusing Time		TD	TE								
				3.0W 0.2~0.47Ω	2.6W 0.51~1.0Ω	2.4W 1.1~20Ω	2.1W 22~100Ω					2.0W 110~510Ω							
1J	0.063W	1~100	J : ±5%						60s Max.	+1000~-500 (1.0~3.3Ω) ±500 (3.6~100Ω)	5,000	-							
2A	0.1W	0.2~510		3.0W 0.2~0.47Ω	2.6W 0.51~1.0Ω	2.4W 1.1~20Ω	2.1W 22~100Ω	2.0W 110~510Ω					+1000~-500 (0.2~4.3Ω) ±500 (4.7~510Ω)	5,000	4,000 ^{*1}				
2B	0.125W			3.75W 0.2~0.47Ω	2.875W 0.51~10Ω	2.5W 11~24Ω	2.0W 27~100Ω	1.75W 110~510Ω	5,000	4,000 ^{*1}									
2E	0.25W			4.5W 0.2~0.47Ω	4.1W 0.51~4.7Ω	3.5W 5.1~27Ω	3.2W 30~100Ω	3.0W 110~510Ω			-	4,000							
2H	0.5W			5.5W 0.2~0.47Ω	5.0W 0.51~4.7Ω	4.0W 5.1~27Ω	3.5W 30~100Ω	3.2W 110~510Ω								-	4,000		
3A	1.0W			6.5W 0.2~0.47Ω	6.0W 0.51~4.7Ω	5.0W 5.1~30Ω	4.5W 33~100Ω	4.0W 110~510Ω										-	4,000

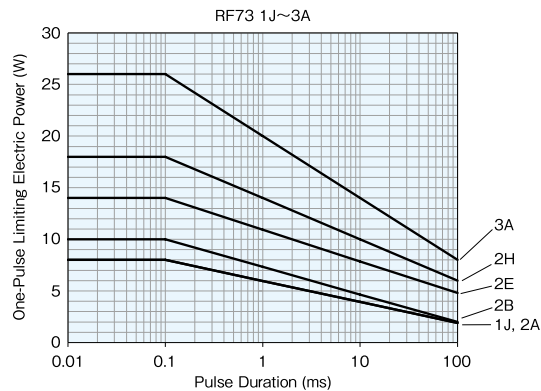
Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C
Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +125°C
*1 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

Derating Curve



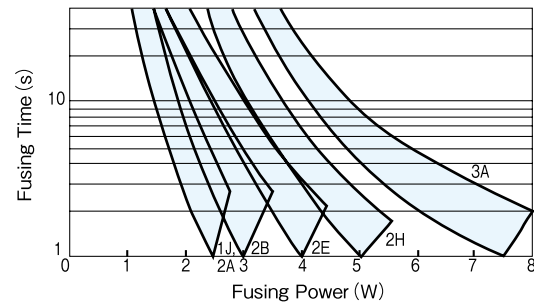
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with derating curve on the left.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Example of Fusing Characteristics



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.1Q)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	5	2	Rated voltage×2 for 5s (Except 2E, 2H, 3A : ×1.5)
Resistance to soldering heat	3	0.5	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 : 2A~3A 3 : 1J	0.3 : 2A~3A 0.6 : 1J	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	5	2	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 500h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	5	1	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.6	+125°C, 100h

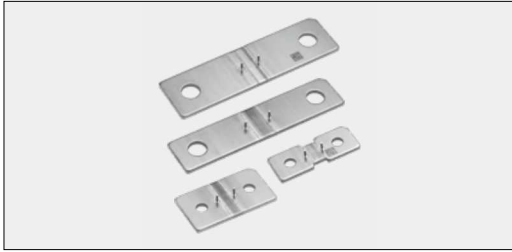
Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON /OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of 2H/3A which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy(FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1J~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of 2H/3A. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- Maximum open-circuit voltage is the maximum value of the voltage applicable to both ends of resistors, when a fuse resistor becomes open conditions in a circuit. It differs according to the form of a product and a resistance value and is specified individually. The maximum open-circuit voltage is the lower one, whichever the voltage 1000 times of the rated power or the voltage shown in below table. Use the components under the voltage applied between the terminals of resistors to be under the maximum open-circuit voltage regardless of normal operating or abnormal operating time of equipment.

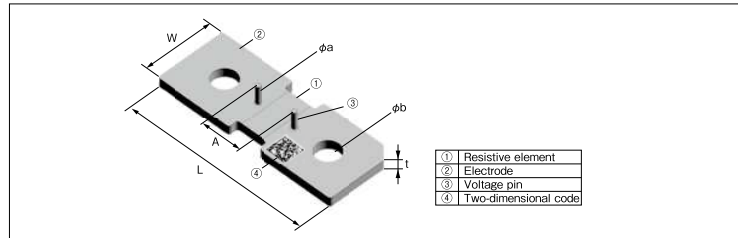
Type	1J	2A	2B	2E	2H	3A
Maximum Open-Circuit Voltage	50V	50V	50V	50V	100V	100V

HS Large Current Shunt

Current Sensing Resistors



Construction



Features

- Ultra low resistance, suitable for large current sensing.
- Excellent T.C.R. achieved ($50 \pm 25 \times 10^{-6}/K \sim$)
- Correct electric current detection by a voltage pin is possible.
- Bus bar and Cable can be screwed on.
- 2D code means individual resistance information.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Hybrid Electric Vehicle, Electric Vehicle
- BEMS, HEMS

Reference Standards

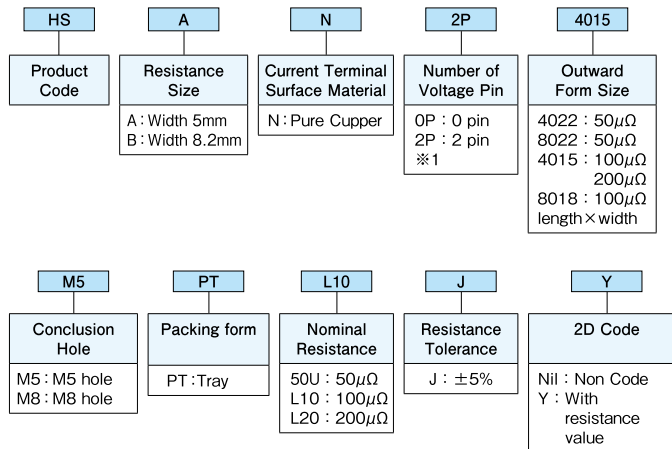
IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type	Resistance (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1pcs)
		L±0.25	W±0.25	A±0.2	φa±0.2	φb±0.1	t±0.2	
HSAN2P4022M5	50μ	40.0	22.0	8.5	1.0	5.4	2.0	15
HSAN2P8022M8		80.0	22.0	8.5	1.0	8.3	2.0	30
HSAN2P4015M5	100μ	40.0	15.0	8.5	1.0	5.4	2.0	10
HSBN2P8018M8		80.0	18.0	12.0	1.0	8.3	2.0	25
HSAN2P4015M5	200μ	40.0	15.0	8.5	1.0	5.4	1.0	5

Type Designation

Example



※1 Voltage pin: φ 1mm, length 4mm, Sn plating.

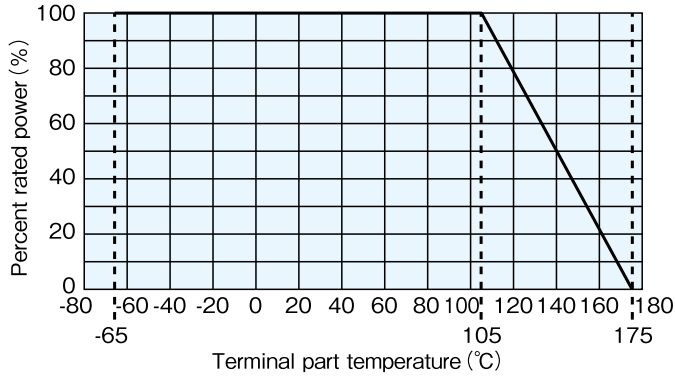
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating ^{※2} (Current Rating)	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
HS	50W (1000A)	75±50	50μ	105°C	-65°C ~ +175°C
	36W (600A)	50±25	100μ		
	18W (300A)		200μ		

※2 A power rating shall be guaranteed with a method shown in the item. (Performance)

Derating Curve



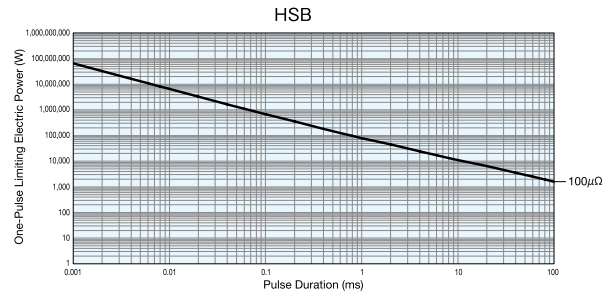
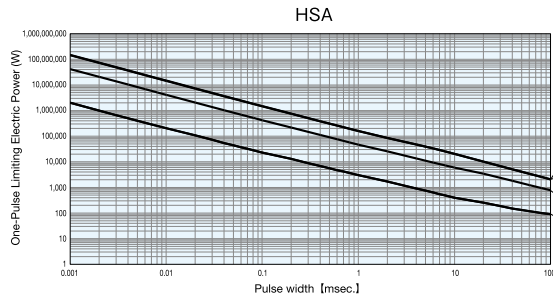
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.

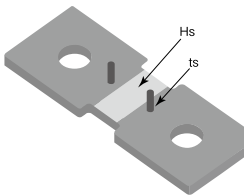
The pulse endurance values are not assured values,so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



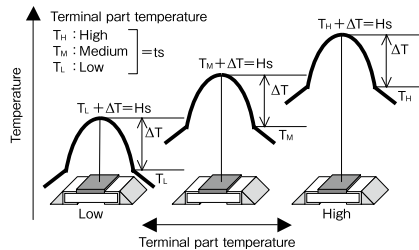
Thermal Resistance

Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
50μ	0.57
100μ	1.2
200μ	2.3

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$



The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R	Within specified T.C.R	—	50μΩ : +25°C/+125°C 100μΩ, 200μΩ : +25°C/+100°C
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	-0.1	-55°C (30min.) / +150°C (30min.) 1000cycles
Endurance at 105°C and less of terminal part temperature	1.0	-0.1	Terminal part temp. : 105°C±3°C, 1000h., 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure	0.5	-0.05	-65°C, 1000h.
High temperature exposure	1.0	-0.4	+175°C, 1000h.

Precautions for Use

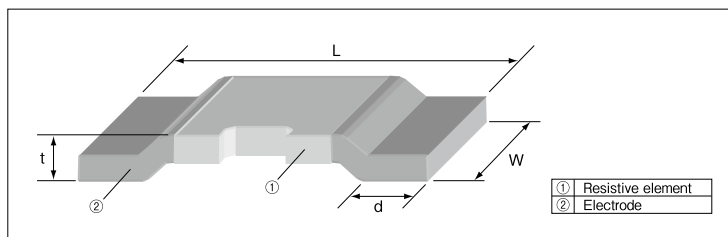
- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.

PSL2 Chip Type Power Shunt

Current Sensing Resistors



Construction



Features

- Ultra low resistance, suitable for large current sensing.
- Automatic mounting machines are applicable.
- Suitable for reflow soldering. (Not suitable for flow soldering.)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Current sensing for module of Automobiles, Inverter power supplies etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
		L	W	d	t	
PSL2 (2512)	0.2m	6.3±0.15	3.15±0.15	1.15±0.15	1.40±0.15	181
	0.3m				1.32±0.15	161
	0.5m				1.12±0.15	128

Type Designation

Example

PS	L	2	N	TEB	L500	F
Product Code	Style & Power Rating	Terminal Number	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	L(0.2m) : 9W L(0.3m) : 8W L(0.5m) : 8W		N: Pure Copper	TEB: 8mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	4 digits L200 : 0.2mΩ L300 : 0.3mΩ L500 : 0.5mΩ	F : ±1%

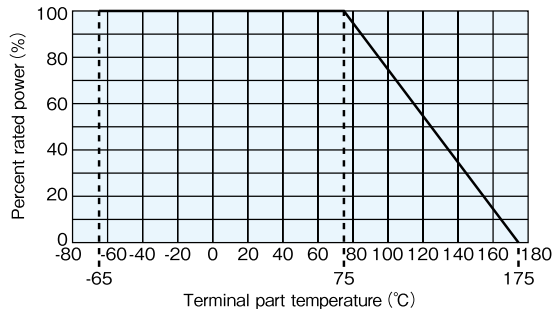
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating (Current Rating)	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
							TEB
PSL2	9W(212A)	250±100	0.2m	F : ±1%	75°C	-65~+175°C	5,000
	8W(163A)	±175	0.3m				
	8W(126A)	±115	0.5m				

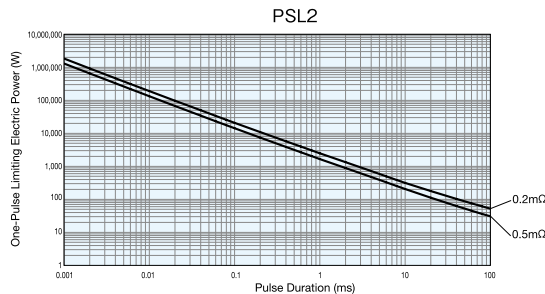
Derating Curve



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



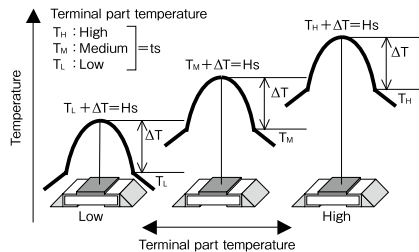
Thermal Resistance

Type	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
PSL2	0.2m	3.2
	0.5m	6.7

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R	Within specified T.C.R	—	+25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.5	0.1	0.2mΩ : 27W for 5s. 0.3mΩ, 0.5mΩ : 24W for 5s.
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	0.1	260°C ± 5°C, 15s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.1	-55°C (30min.) / +150°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.5	0.05	85°C ± 3°C, 85% ± 3%RH, 1000h, 10% Bias
Endurance at 75°C and less of terminal part temperature	1.0	0.3	Terminal part temp. : 75°C ± 3°C, 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure	0.5	0.02	-65°C, 1000h
High temperature exposure	1.0	0.5	+175°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

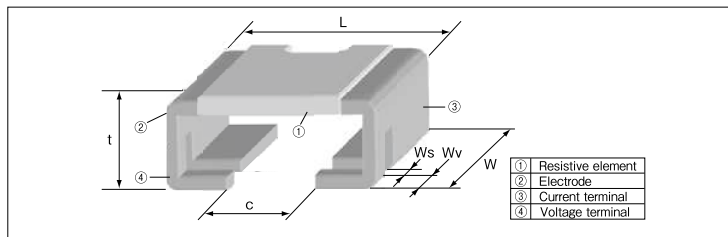
- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- For resistance values of PSL2 the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

PSF4 Chip Type Power Shunt

Current Sensing Resistors



Construction



Features

- Correcter electric current detection is possible to 4-terminal Construction.
- Excellent T.C.R. achieved ($\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$)
- Ultra low resistance, suitable for large current sensing.
- Automatic mounting machines are applicable.
- Suitable for reflow soldering. (Not suitable for flow soldering.)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Current sensing for module of Automobiles, Inverter power supplies etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1000pcs)
		L	W	c	Ws	Wv	t	
PSF4 (1216)	0.5m	3.0 \pm 0.1	3.8 \pm 0.1	0.95 \pm 0.15	0.7 \pm 0.05	0.5 \pm 0.05	1.8 \pm 0.1	70
	1m							45

Type Designation

Example

PS	F	4	N	TEB	L500	F
Product Code	Style & Power Rating	Terminal Number	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	F(0.5m):5W F(1m):3W		N: Pure Copper	TEB:plastic embossed BK:Bulk	4 digits L500: 0.5m Ω 1L00: 1m Ω	F: $\pm 1\%$

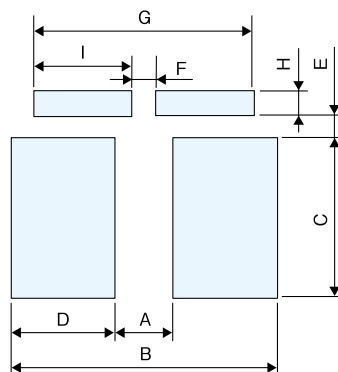
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating (Current Rating)	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
							TEB
PSF4	5W(100A)	± 50	0.5m	F: $\pm 1\%$	130 $^{\circ}$ C	-65 \sim +175 $^{\circ}$ C	3,000
	3W(54A)		1m				

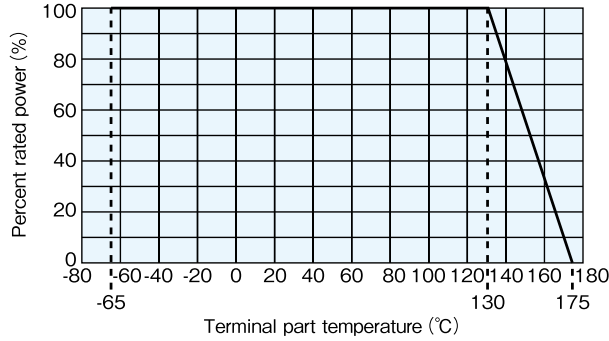
Recommended Pad Dimensions



Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)								
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
PSF4(1216)	0.6	3.6	2.95	1.5	0.5	0.6	3.6	0.7	1.5

*These pad dimensions are only for standard pattern and the characteristics are not guaranteed, which you are suggested to confirm before use.

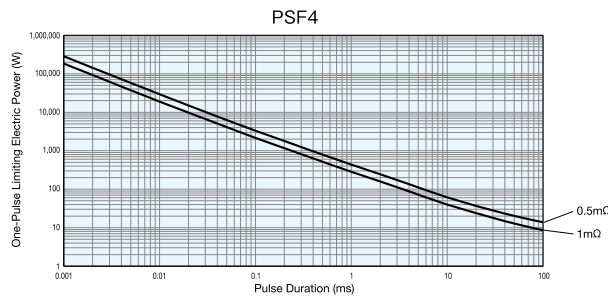
Derating Curve



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



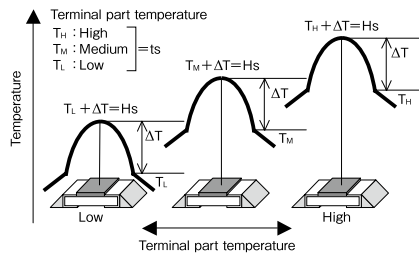
Thermal Resistance

Type	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
PSF4	0.5m	8
	1m	14

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

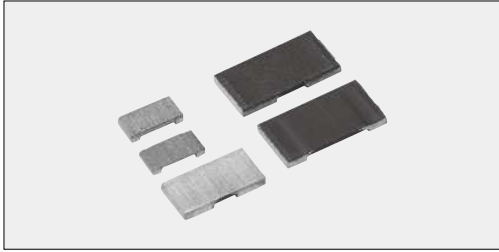
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R	Within specified T.C.R	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.5	0.1	0.5mΩ : 15W for 5s. 1mΩ : 9W for 5s.
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	0.1	260°C ± 5°C, 15s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.1	-55°C (30min.) / +150°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.5	0.05	85°C ± 3°C, 85% ± 3%RH, 1000h, 10% Bias
Endurance of rated terminal part temperature	1.0	0.5	Terminal part temp. : 130°C ± 3°C, 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure	0.5	0.01	-65°C, 1000h
High temperature exposure	1.0	0.6	+175°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.

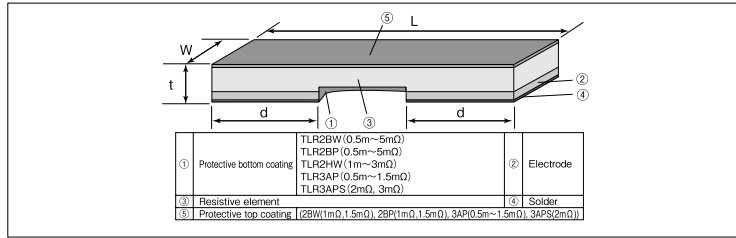
TLR Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors (High Power)

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black (2BW(1mΩ,1.5mΩ), 2BP(1mΩ,1.5mΩ), 3AP(0.5m~1.5mΩ), 3APS(2mΩ))

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)			
		L	W	d	t
2BW (1206)	0.5m	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	1.25±0.2	0.7±0.2
	1m, 1.5m			1.1±0.2	
	2m, 3m, 4m, 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m, 11m, 12m, 13m, 15m, 16m, 18m, 20m			0.5±0.2	
				0.6±0.2	
2BP (1206)	0.5m	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	1.25±0.2	0.6±0.2
	1m, 1.5m			1.1±0.2	
	2m, 3m, 4m, 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m, 11m, 12m, 13m, 15m, 16m, 18m, 20m			0.5±0.2	
				0.6±0.2	
2HW (2010)	0.5m	5.0±0.2	2.5±0.2	1.9±0.2	0.6±0.2
	1m			1.8±0.2	
	1.5m			1.5±0.2	
	2m, 2.5m, 3m, 4m, 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m			0.5±0.2	
3AP (2512)	0.5m	6.35±0.25	3.18±0.25	2.725±0.25	0.6±0.25
	0.68m, 0.75m, 0.82m			2.675±0.25	
	1m, 1.5m, 3m, 4m			2.20±0.25	
	2m			2.50±0.25	
	5m, 6m, 7m, 8m			1.20±0.25	
	9m, 10m			0.77±0.25	
3APS (2512)	2m, 3m	6.35±0.25	3.18±0.25	1.20±0.25	0.6±0.25

Features

- Ultra low resistances (0.5mΩ~), suitable for large current sensing.
- Ultra low height with a thickness of 0.6mm, suitable for use of small equipment.
- Excellent high-frequency characteristics.
- Automatic mounting machines are applicable.
- Suitable for reflow soldering. (Not suitable for flow soldering)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Current sensing for CPU
- Inverter power supplies
- DC-DC converters
- Mobile device etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Type Designation

Example

TLR	2BW	D	TD	10L0	F	75
Product Code	Power Rating	Termination Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)
	2BW : 1.0W 2BP : 1.5W 3.0W 2HW : 2.0W 3AP : 3.0W 5.0W 3APS : 3.0W	D : SnAgCu	TD : 4mm pitch punch paper TE : Plastic embossed BK : Bulk	F : 4 digits	F : ±1%	50 : ±50 75 : ±75

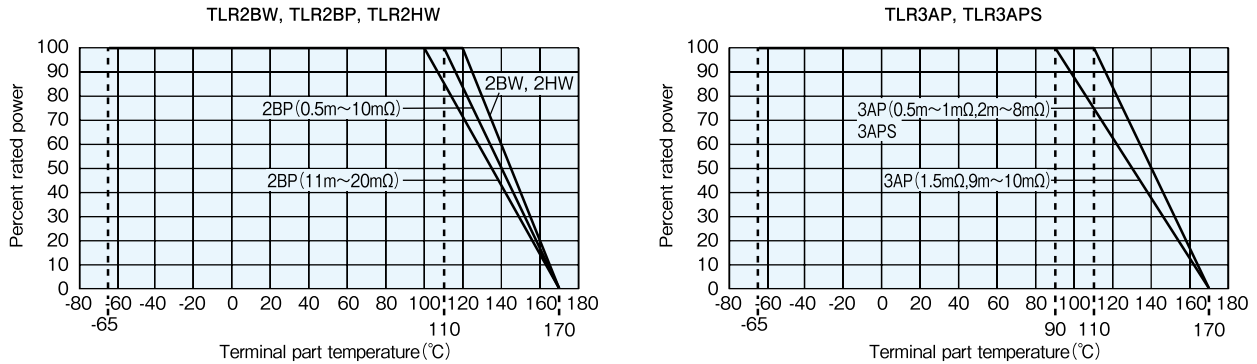
Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
0.5m~0.82m	L500~L820
1m~9m	1L00~9L00
10m~20m	10L0~20L0

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
							TD	TE	
TLR2BW	1.0W	±50	2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m, 11m,12m,13m,15m,16m,18m,20m	F : ±1%	+120°C and less	-65°C~ +170°C	5000	-	
		±75	0.5m,1m,1.5m,2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m, 10m,11m,12m,13m,15m,16m,18m,20m						
TLR2BP	1.5W	±50	5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m						+110°C and less
		±75	11m,12m,13m,15m,16m,18m,20m						+100°C and less
	3.0W	±50	5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m				+110°C and less		
		±75	11m,12m,13m,15m,16m,18m,20m				+100°C and less		
TLR2HW	2.0W	±50	2m,3m,4m				+110°C and less	-	4000
		±75	0.5m,1m,1.5m,2m,3m,4m						
TLR3AP	3.0W	±50	0.5m,1m,1.5m,2m,2.5m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m 8m,9m,10m				+120°C and less	-	2000
		±75	5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m				5m~8m : +110°C and less 9m~10m : +90°C and less		
	5.0W	±50	2m,3m,4m	0.5m~1m,2m~4m : +110°C and less 1.5m : +90°C and less					
		±75	0.5m,0.68m,0.75m,0.82m,1m,1.5m,2m,3m,4m	+110°C and less					
TLR3APS	3.0W	±50, ±75	2m,3m	+110°C and less					

Derating Curve



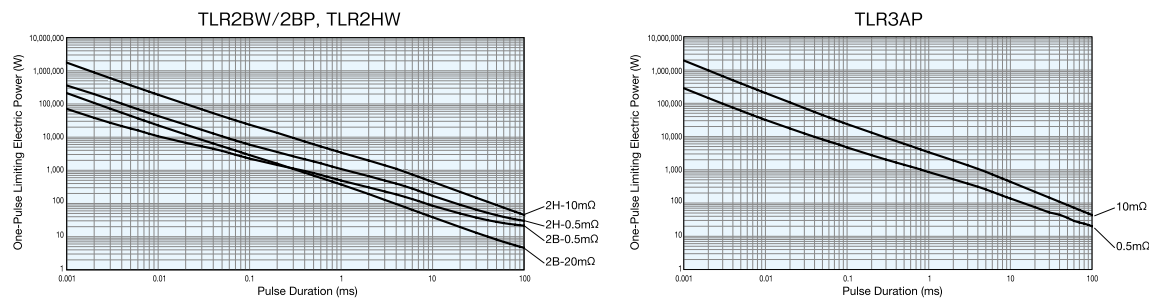
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.

The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



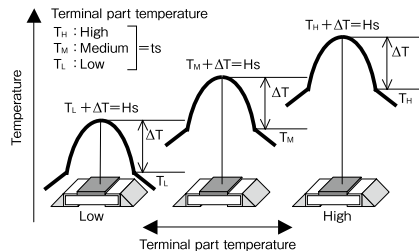
Thermal Resistance

Type	Size	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
TLR	2BW	0.5m	7.2
		2BP	20m
	2HW	0.5m	9
		10m	61.1
	3AP	0.5m	6
		10m	62

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R\%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	0.3	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 0.5s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.3	-55°C (15min.) / +150°C (15min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.5	0.1	MIL-STD-202-106 0% power, 7a and 7b not required
Biased humidity	0.5	0.1	85°C ± 2°C, 85%RH, 1000h, 10% Bias
Endurance of Rated Terminal Part Temperature	1	0.3	120°C ± 2°C (2BW, 2HW), 110°C ± 2°C (3AP 0.5m~1mΩ, 2m~8mΩ), 90°C ± 2°C (3AP 1.5mΩ, 9m~10mΩ), 110°C ± 2°C (3APS 2mΩ, 3mΩ), 110°C ± 2°C (2BP 0.5m~10mΩ), 100°C ± 2°C (2BP 11m~20mΩ) 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.6	+155°C, 1000h
	2	0.8	+170°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- In the resistance values of TLR the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

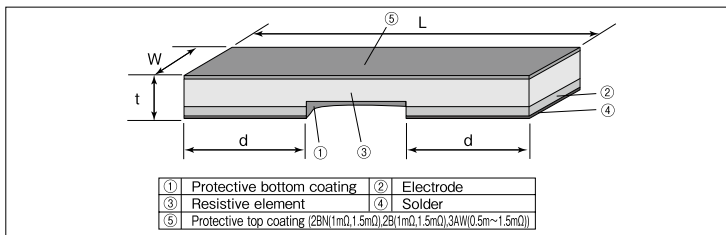
TLR Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black (2BN(1mΩ,1.5mΩ), 2B(1mΩ,1.5mΩ), 3AW(0.5m~1.5mΩ))

Construction



Features

- Ultra low resistances (0.5mΩ ~), suitable for large current sensing.
- Ultra low height with a thickness of 0.6mm, suitable for use of small equipment.
- Excellent high-frequency characteristics.
- Automatic mounting machines are applicable.
- Suitable for reflow soldering. (Not suitable for flow soldering)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Current sensing for CPU
- Inverter power supplies
- DC-DC converters
- Mobile device etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)					
		L	W	d	t		
2B 2BN (1206)	1m, 1.5m	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	1.1±0.2	0.6±0.2		
	2m, 3m, 4m, 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m, 11m, 12m, 13m, 15m, 16m, 18m, 20m			0.5±0.2			
	2H (2010)			1m		1.8±0.2	0.65±0.2
				2m, 3m, 4m, 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m		1.5±0.2	0.6±0.2
3AW (2512)	0.5m	6.35±0.25	3.18±0.25	2.725±0.25	0.6±0.25		
	0.68m, 0.75m, 0.82m			2.675±0.25			
	1m, 1.5m, 2m, 3m, 4m			2.20±0.25			
	5m, 6m, 7m, 8m			1.20±0.25			
	9m, 10m			0.77±0.25			

Type Designation

Example

TLR	2B	D	TD	10L0	F	75
Product Code	Power Rating 2BN: 0.5W 2B: 0.5W 2H: 1.0W 3AW: 2.0W	Termination Surface Material D: SnAgCu	Taping TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: Plastic embossed BK: Bulk	Nominal Resistance F: 4 digits	Resistance Tolerance F: ±1%	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K) Nil: ±150 50: ±50 75: ±75

Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
0.5m~0.82m	L500~L820
1m~9m	1L00~9L00
10m~20m	10L0~20L0

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

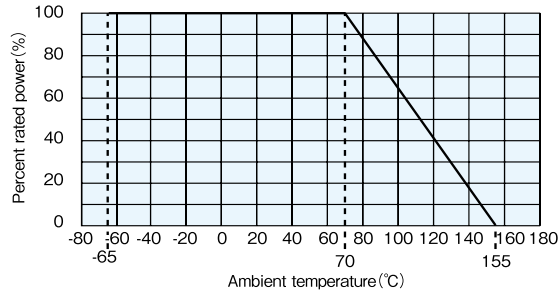
Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)		
								TD	TE	
TLR2B	0.5W	+70°C	+105°C	± 50	2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m, 11m,12m,13m,15m,16m,18m,20m	F: ±1%	-65°C ~ +155°C	5,000	-	
TLR2BN				± 75	1m,1.5m,2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m, 10m,11m,12m,13m,15m,16m,18m,20m					
TLR2H	± 150			1m,1.5m,2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m, 10m,11m,12m,13m,15m,16m,18m,20m	-			4,000		
TLR3AW	2.0W			± 50	2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m			-65°C ~ +155°C	-	2,000
				± 75	0.5m,0.68m,0.75m,0.82m,1m,1.5m, 2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m					
				± 150	0.5m,0.68m,0.75m,0.82m,1m,1.5m, 2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m					

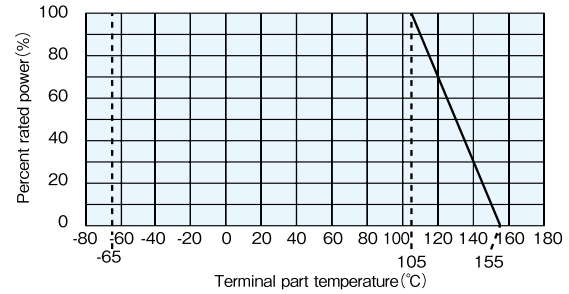
※1 Please ask separately us about dimensions of 2mΩ.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



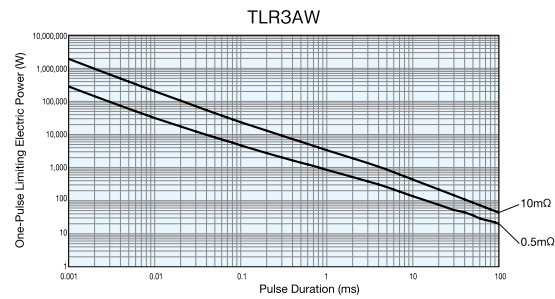
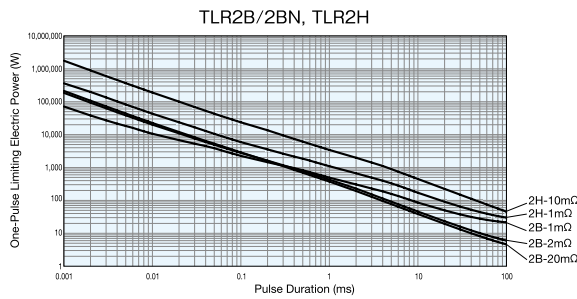
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.

The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



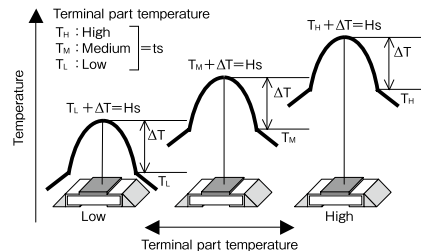
Thermal Resistance

Type	Size	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
TLR	2B 2BN	1m	11.8
		2m	18.3
		20m	116
	2H	1m	17
		10m	61.1
	3AW	0.5m	6
		10m	62

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R\%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	0.3	260°C \pm 5°C, 10s \pm 0.5s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.4	-55°C (15min.) / +150°C (15min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.5	0.1	MIL-STD-202, 106, 0% power, 7a and 7b not required
Biased humidity	0.5	0.1	85°C \pm 2, 85%RH, 1000h, 10% Bias
Endurance at 70°C	1	0.3	70°C \pm 2°C, 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.6	+155°C (2BN, 2B, 2H, 3AW), +170°C (3A), 1000h

Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- In the resistance values of TLR the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

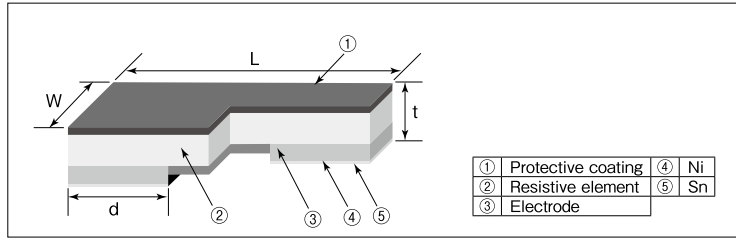
TLR Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- SMD type of small size, metal plate low resistance resistor for current detection.
- Low height suitable for use of Small equipment such as mobile phone.
- High reliability and performance with T.C.R $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6} / K$
- Suitable for reflow soldering. (Not suitable for flow soldering.)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Mobile phones, PDAs, Media players, Computers etc.

Reference Standards

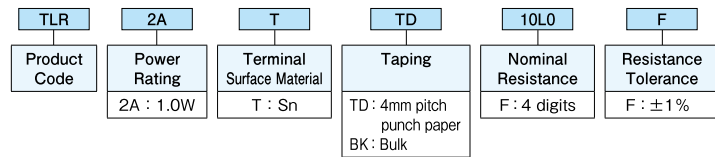
IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
		L	W	d	t	
2A(0805)	2mΩ	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.2	0.60±0.20	0.30±0.15	5.6
	3mΩ			0.25±0.15	4.0	
	4mΩ				3.7	
	5mΩ				4.8	
	6mΩ			0.55±0.20	0.30±0.15	4.7
	7mΩ			0.50±0.20	0.26±0.15	4.6
	8mΩ			0.50±0.20		3.8
	9mΩ			0.45±0.20		3.7
	10mΩ			0.35±0.20		3.6

Type Designation

Example



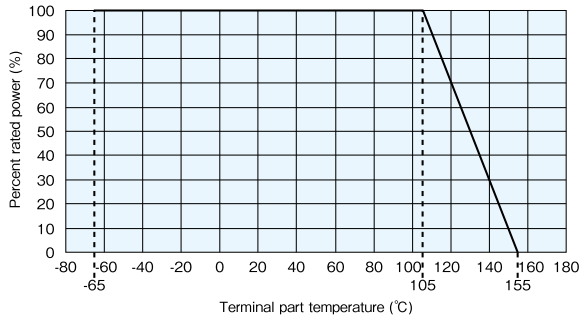
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6} / K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
							TD
TLR 2A	1.0W	±100	2m, 3m, 4m 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m	F : ±1%	105°C	-65°C ~ +155°C	5,000

Derating Curve



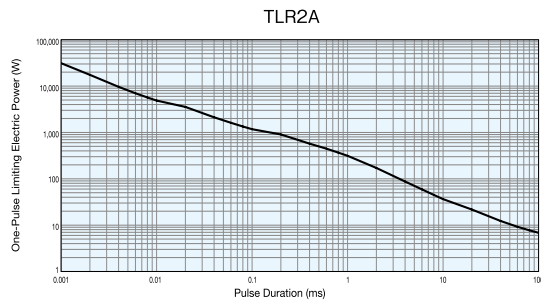
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.

The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



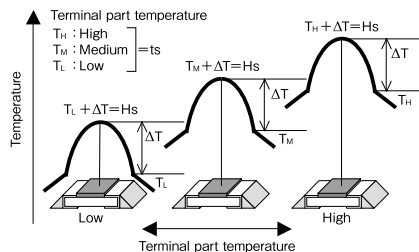
Thermal Resistance

Type	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
TLR2A	2m	26.1
	10m	54.7

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

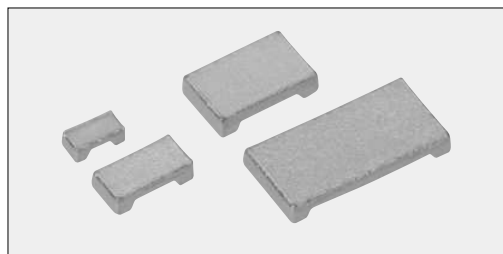
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R\%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	1	0.05	Rated power × 2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.01	260°C ± 5°C 10~12秒
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.2	-55°C (15min.) / +150°C (15min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	1	0.3	85°C, 85%RH, 1000h, 10% Bias
Endurance at 105°C and less of terminal part temperature	1	0.4	Terminal part temp. : 105°C, 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure	1	0.05	-65°C, 96h
High temperature exposure	1 (2m~4m, 7m~10m) 2 (5m, 6m)	0.5 (2m~4m, 7m~10m) 0.8 (5m, 6m)	155°C 1000h

Precautions for Use

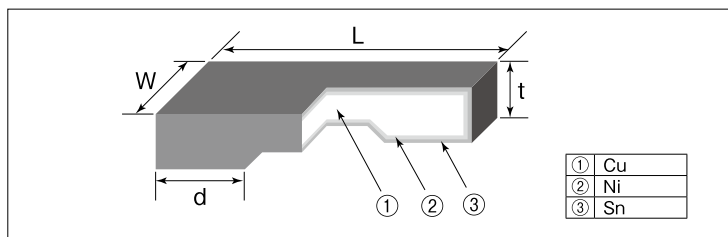
- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- For resistance values of TLR the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

TLRZ Metal Plate Chip Type Jumper

Current Sensing Resistors



Construction



Features

- SMD type of small size, high rated current jumper.
- Low height suitable of use of Small equipment such as mobile phone.
- Suitable for reflow soldering. (Not suitable for flow soldering.)
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Mobile phones, PDAs, Media players, Computers etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	d	t	
1E (0402)	1.0±0.1	0.5±0.1	0.2±0.1	0.4±0.05	1.1
1J (0603)	1.6±0.1	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.5±0.05	4.6
2A (0805)	2.0±0.1	1.25±0.1			8.9
2B (1206)	3.2±0.1	1.6±0.1			15.3

Type Designation

Example

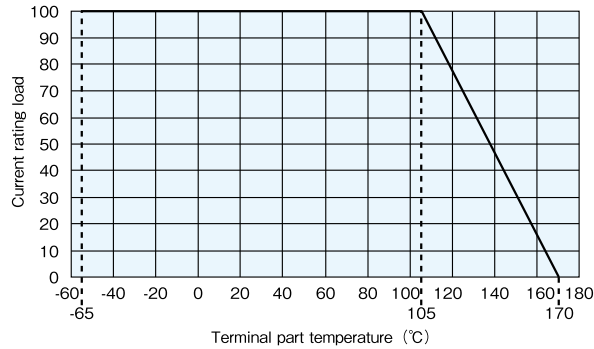
TLRZ	1J	T	TD
Product Code	Current Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping
	1E : 10A 1J : 26A 2A : 31.6A 2B : 50A	T : Sn	TB : 2mm pitch press paper TD : 4mm pitch punch paper BK : Bulk

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Resistance	Current Rating	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					TB	TD
TLRZ 1E	0.2mΩ max.	10A	+105°C and less	-65°C ~ +170°C	10,000	-
TLRZ 1J		26A				
TLRZ 2A		31.6A				
TLRZ 2B		50A				5,000

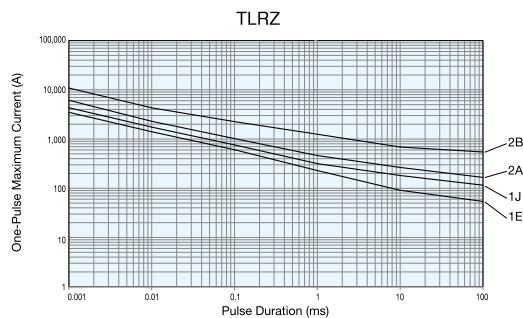
Derating Curve



When the terminal part temperature of the jumper exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Maximum Current

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



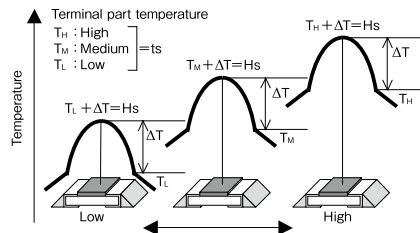
Thermal Resistance

Type	Size	Rth
TLRZ	1E	<math><0.5^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}</math>
	1J	
	2A	
	2B	

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / P_{power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

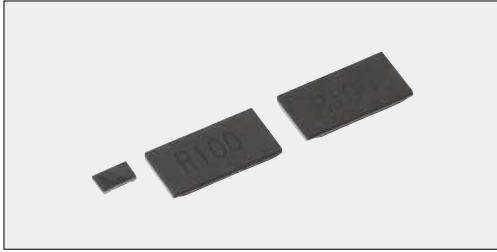
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R\%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance			25°C
Overload (Short time)			1E : 20A, 1J/2A : 40A, 2B : 80A, 5s
Resistance to soldering heat			260°C \pm 5°C, 10~12s
Rapid change of temperature			-55°C (30min.) ~ +155°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	MAX 0.5m Ω 1E MAX 0.2m Ω 1J/2A/2B	MAX 0.25m Ω 1E MAX 0.15m Ω 1J/2A/2B	85°C, 85%RH, 1E : 1A, 1J/2A : 2A, 2B : 4A, 1000h
Endurance of rated terminal part temperature			Terminal part temp. : 105°C, 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure			-65°C, 1000h
High temperature exposure			170°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- For resistance values of TLRZ the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount.
 Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

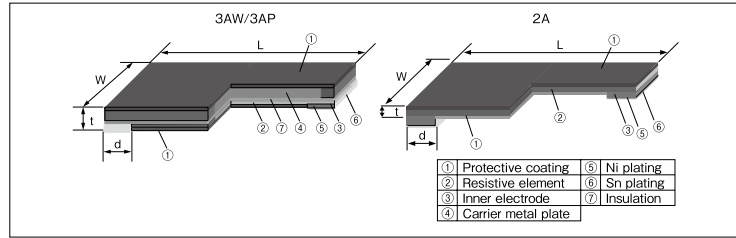
TLRH Metal Plate Chip Type Low Resistance Resistors

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- SMD Type of small size, low resistance resistor for current detection.
- Carrier metal plate inside, resistor of high radiation of heat structure. (3AW/3AP)
- High reliability and performance with Low T.C.R.
- Automatic mounting machines are applicable.
- Suitable for reflow soldering. (2A:Not Suitable for flow soldering)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight(g) (1000pcs)
		L	W	d	t	
2A (0805)	12m~100m	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.2	0.35±0.2	0.25±0.15	4
3AW (2512)	10m~270m	6.3±0.2	3.2±0.2	0.75±0.2	0.5±0.2	52
	6m~39m			1.8±0.2		60
3AP (2512)	40m~120m	6.3±0.2	3.2±0.2	1.3±0.2	0.5±0.2	55

Applications

- Inverter power supplies
- Motor control
- Mobile PC

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8

Type Designation

Example

TLRH	3AW	T	TE	33L0	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	2A(12~27mΩ) : 0.5W 2A(33~50mΩ) : 0.33W 2A(56~100mΩ) : 0.25W 3AW : 2.0W 3AP(6~39mΩ) : 5W 3AP(40~120mΩ) : 4W	T : Sn	TD : 4mm pitch punch paper TE : Plastic embossed BK : Bulk	F : 4 digits EX 33L0 : 33mΩ R100 : 100mΩ	F : ±1%

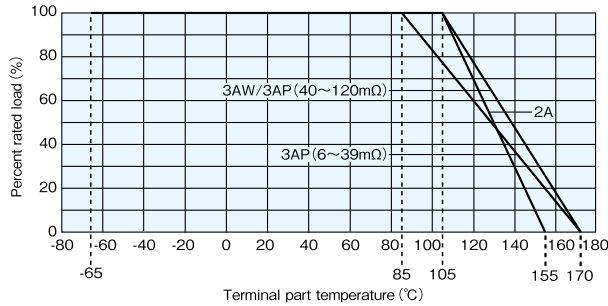
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than The substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. (× 10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q' ty/Reel (pcs)					
			F : ±1% (E12)			TD	TE				
TLRH2A	0.25W	±75	56m~100m	105°C	-65°C~+155°C	5,000	-				
	0.33W		33m~50m								
	0.50W		12m~27m								
TLRH3AW	2.0W	±75	10m~22m			85°C	-65°C~+170°C	-	2,000		
	4.0W		24m~270m								
TLRH3AP	5.0W	±75	40m, 47m, 50m~120m							85°C	-65°C~+170°C
	5.0W		18m, 20m, 22m, 25m~39m								
			6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m, 12m								

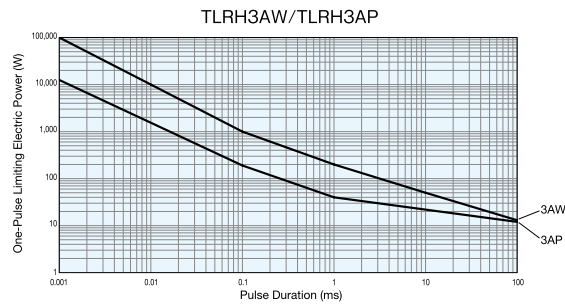
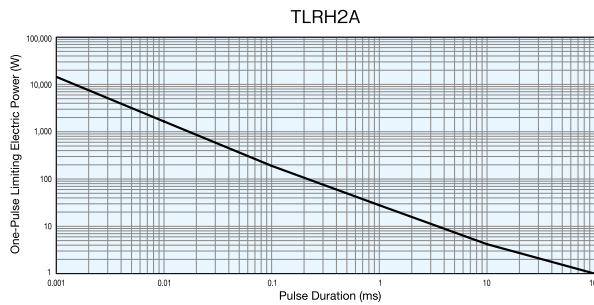
Derating Curve



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



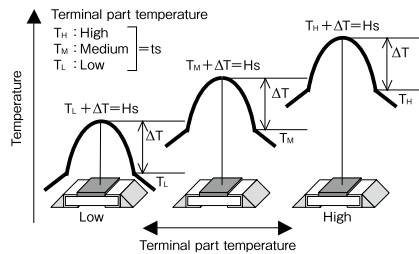
Thermal Resistance

Type	Size	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
TLRH	2A	27m	123
		50m	195
		100m	280
	3AW	10m	5.2
		270m	7.4
		18m	7.4
3AP	120m	4.1	

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +100°C
Overload (Short time)	0.5	0.05 : 2A 0.2 : 3AW/3AP	Rated power × 2.5 for 5s : 2A, 3AW 8W for 5s : 3AP
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	0.1	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ~ 12s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.2 : 2A 0.1 : 3AW/3AP	-55°C (15min.) / +150°C (15min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.5	0.1	85°C ± 2°C, 85%RH, 1000h, 10% Bias
Endurance of Rated Terminal part Temperature	1	0.45 : 2A 0.3 : 3AW/3AP	105°C ± 2°C : 2A, 3AW, 3AP (40~120mΩ) 85°C ± 2°C : 3AP (6~39mΩ) 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure	0.5	0.05 : 2A 0.02 : 3AW/3AP	-65°C, 96h
High temperature exposure	2	0.2 : 3AP	170°C, 1000h : 3AP (6~12mΩ)
	1	0.5 : 2A 0.2 : 3AW/3AP	155°C, 1000h : 2A/3AP (6~12mΩ) 170°C, 1000h : 3AW/3AP (18~120mΩ)

Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- For resistance values of TLRH the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

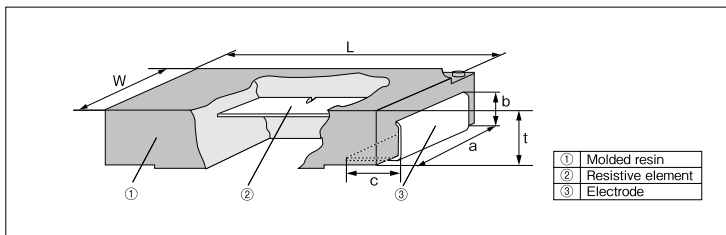
SL·SLN Current Detecting Chip Resistors (High Power)

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- SMD type of small size, ultra-low resistance ($3\text{m}\Omega \sim$) and high accuracy ($\pm 0.5\%$) resistor for current sensing.
- Encapsulated with flame retardant resin molding. (UL94 V-0)
- Excellent dimension accuracy, mountability and shock-resistance due to molded products.
- Excellent terminal strength and solderability due to structure of a metal plate terminal electrode.
- Easy to absorb the thermal expansion and shrinkage because of a metal plate terminal structure.
- Suitable for flow, reflow and iron solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

Automotive
Note PCs
Battery packs
AC Adapters
DC-DC converters, etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range ^{※1} (Ω)			T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$)	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
		D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96 ^{※3}	F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96 ^{※3}	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24				TE · TED (SLN5)
SLW07	1W	—	5m~100m		0~200:R \leq 10m Ω 0~150:R \geq 11m Ω	145°C	-55°C~+180°C	2,000
SLW1	1.5W	10m~100m	5m~100m	3m~100m	± 180 :R < 15m Ω ± 100 :R \geq 15m Ω ± 75 :20m \leq R \leq 100m Ω ± 50 :34.8m \leq R \leq 100m Ω	120°C		1,000
SLN3	3W	5m~200m			± 110 :R < 10m Ω ± 75 :R \geq 10m Ω	105°C		
SLN5	7W (5W ^{※2})	3m~200m		—	70°C (120°C ^{※2})	-65°C~+180°C		

※1 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m and 9m Ω are available in each resistance range.
 ※2 When the rated terminal part temperature is 120°C, rated power is 5W.
 ※3 SLW07 and SLN5 (3m~4.7m Ω) offer only E24 series.

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L ± 0.3	W ± 0.2	t ± 0.2	a ± 0.2	b ± 0.2	c	
SLW07 (2010)	5.0	2.5	1.7	2.0	0.9	1.2 ± 0.3	45
SLW1 (2512)	6.3	3.1	1.9	2.4	1.2	1.2 ± 0.3	90
SLN3 (4527)	11.5	7.0	2.4	5.5	1.6	2.55 ± 0.4	500
SLN5 (4527)	11.5	7.0	2.5	5.5	1.9	2.55 ± 0.4	600

Type Designation

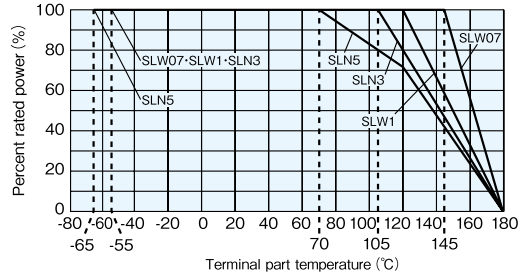
Example

SL	W1	T	TE	20L0	F	75
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$)
SL SLN	W07: 1.0W W1: 1.5W 3: 3W 5: 7W	T: Sn	TE: Plastic embossed TED: Plastic embossed (SLN5 only) BK: Bulk	D, F: 4 digits J: 3 digits	D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$ J: $\pm 5\%$	NH: 0~150 0~200 ± 75 (SLN3/SLN5) ± 100 ± 110 ± 180 50: ± 50 (SLW1) 75: ± 75 (SLW1)

Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
5m~9.1m	5L0~9L1	3m~9.1m	3L00~9L10
10m~91m	10L~91L	10m~91m	10L0~91L0
0.1~0.91	R10~R91	0.1~0.91	R100~R910

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.
 Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
 For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

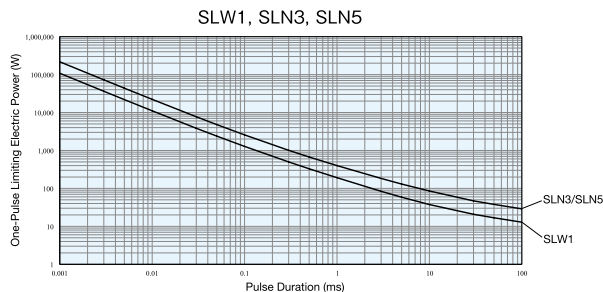
Derating Curve



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

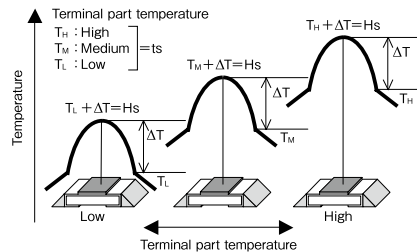
Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



Thermal Resistance

Type	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
SLW07	5m	26
	22m	48
	100m	78
SLW1	5m	16
	20m	39
	100m	59
SLN3	5m	19
	11m	24
	200m	46
SLN5	5m	11
	30m	19
	200m	15

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	1: SLW07, SLW1 0.5: SLN3 2: SLN5	1: SLW07, SLW1 0.25: SLN3 0.3: SLN3, SLN5	SLW07: 3W for 5s SLW1: 5W for 5s SLW1 (T.C.R. $\pm 50/\pm 75$): 4W for 5s SLN3: 10W for 5s SLN5: 15W for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1: SLW07, SLW1 0.5: SLN3, SLN5	1: SLW07, SLW1 0.5: SLN3, SLN5	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s $\pm 1\text{s}$ 260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s $\sim 12\text{s}$
Rapid change of temperature	1: SLW07, SLW1 0.5: SLN3, SLN5	0.5: SLW07, SLW1 0.3: SLN3, SLN5	-55°C (30min.) / +150°C (30min.) 1000 cycles -55°C (15min.) / +150°C (15min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2: SLW07, SLW1 0.5: SLN3, SLN5	1: SLW07, SLW1 0.35: SLN3, SLN5	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle SLN3: 85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 85%RH, 1000h, 0.3W SLN5: 85°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 85%RH, 1000h, 0.7W
Endurance of Rated Terminal part Temperature	2	1: SLW07, SLW1, SLN3 1.2: SLN5	Terminal part temp.: 145°C (SLW07) : 120°C (SLW1, SLN5 5W) : 105°C (SLN3) : 70°C (SLN5 7W) 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles
Low temperature exposure	0.5	0.25	SLW07, SLW1: -55°C, 1h SLN3, SLN5: -65°C, 24h

Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- In the resistance values of 50mΩ or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

TSL·SL (Metal plate)·SLN Current Detecting Chip Resistors SLZ Jumper Type

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Features

- SMD type of small size, ultra-low resistance (3mΩ~) and high accuracy (±0.5%) resistor for current sensing.
- Encapsulated with flame retardant resin molding. (UL94 V-0)
- Excellent dimension accuracy, mountability and shock-resistance due to molded products.
- Excellent terminal strength and solderability due to structure of a metal plate terminal electrode.
- Easy to absorb the thermal expansion and shrinkage because of a metal plate terminal structure.
- Suitable for flow, reflow and iron solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

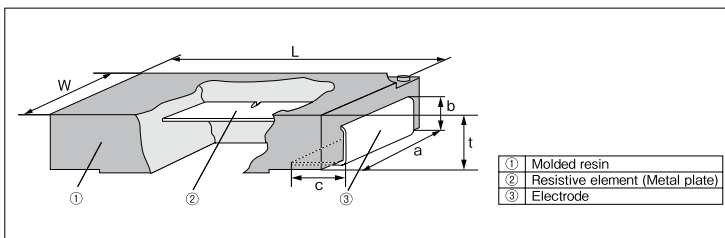
Applications

Automotive
Note PCs
Battery packs
AC Adapters
DC-DC converters, etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.3	W±0.2	t±0.2	a±0.2	b±0.2	c	
SL07(2010)	5.0	2.5	1.7	2.0	0.9	1.2±0.3	45
TSL1(2512)	6.3	3.1	1.0	2.4	0.7	1.2±0.3	41
SL1·SLZ1(2512)	6.3	3.1	1.9	2.4	1.2	1.2±0.3	90
SL2(4527)	11.5	7.0	2.5	5.0	1.7	2.6±0.5	476
SLN2(4527)	11.5	7.0	2.4	5.5	1.6	2.55±0.4	500

Type Designation

Example

SL	1	T	TE	20L0	F	75
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁴ /K)
TSL SL SLN	07:0.75W 1:1.0W 2:2.0W	T:Sn	TE:Plastic embossed BK:Bulk	D,F:4 digits J,G:3 digits Ex. 0.1Ω:R10 5mΩ:5L0	D:±0.5% F:±1% G:±2% J:±5%	Nil: 0~150 0~200 ±75(SLN2) ±100 ±110 ±180 50:±50(SL1) 75:±75(SL1)

SLZ	1	T	TE
Product Code	Current Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping
	1:44A	T:Sn	TE:8mm pitch plastic embossed BK:Bulk

Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
3m~9.1m	3L0~9L1	5m~9.1m	5L00~9L10
10m~91m	10L~91L	10m~91m	10L0~91L0
0.1~0.36	R10~R36	0.1~0.36	R100~R360

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Resistance Range (Ω)*1				T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁴ /K)	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel(pcs) TE
				D:±0.5% E24·E96*2	F:±1% E24·E96*2	G:±2% E24	J:±5% E24			
SL07	0.75W	70°C	145°C	—	5m~100m	—	5m~100m	0~200:R<11mΩ 0~150:R≥11mΩ	-55°C~+180°C	2,000
TSL1	1W		125°C	10m~100m	5m~100m	—	5m~100m	±180:R<15mΩ ±100:R≥15mΩ		3,000
SL1	1W				10m~102m	5m~102m	3m, 4m	3m~100m		±180:R<15mΩ ±100:R≥15mΩ
SL1(TCR±50ppm)	1W				34.8m~200mΩ	34.8m~200mΩ	—	36m~200mΩ	±50ppm	
SL1(TCR±75ppm)	1W				20m~300mΩ	20m~300mΩ	—	20m~300mΩ	±75ppm	
SL2	2W				105°C	10m~360mΩ	5m~360mΩ	3m, 4m	3m~360mΩ	±180:R<11mΩ ±100:R≥11mΩ
SLN2	2W		5m~200m	5m~200m			—	5m~200m	±110:R<10mΩ ±75:R≥10mΩ	

*1 3m, 4m, 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m and 9mΩ are available in each resistance range.

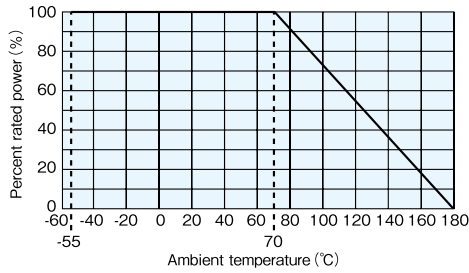
*2 SL07 and SL1 (T.C.R.: ±50ppm, 102mΩ≤R≤200mΩ) offer only E24 series.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

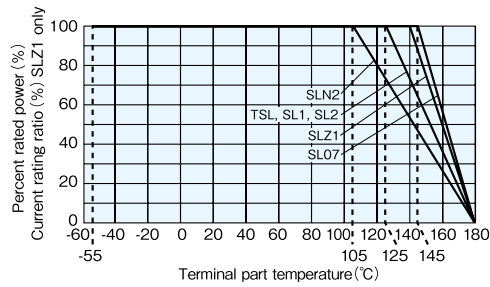
Jumper Ratings

Type	Resistance	Current Rating	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁴ /K)	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
SLZ1	0.5mΩ max.	44A	140°C	4000 max.	-55°C~+180°C	1,000

Derating Curve



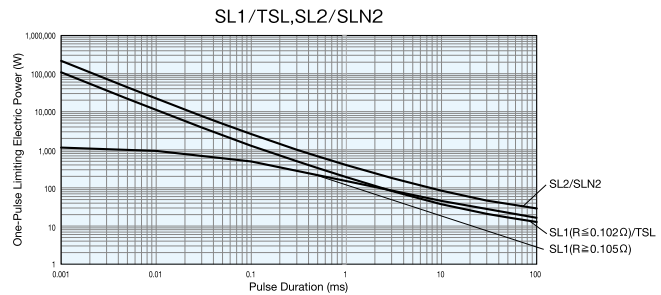
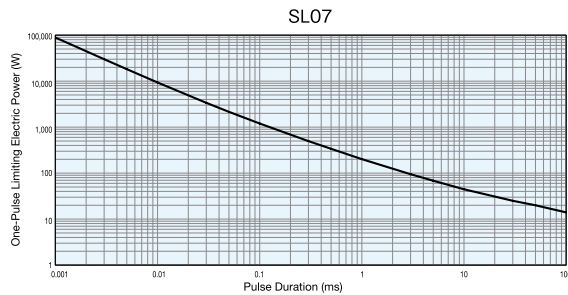
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※ Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.
 The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.



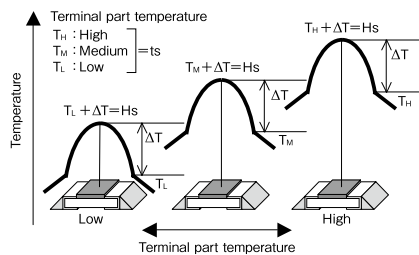
Thermal Resistance

Type	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
SL07	5m	26
	22m	48
	100m	78
SL1 TSL	5m	16
	20m	39
	100m	59
SL2	5m	16
	20m	41
	200m	55
SLN2	5m	19
	11m	24
	200m	46

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



Performance

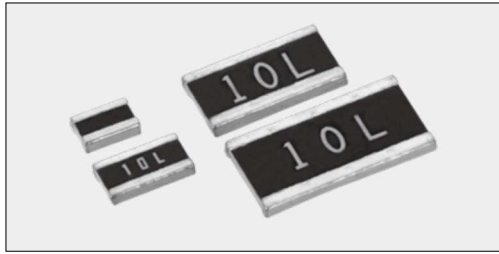
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	1: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.5: SLN2	1: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.25: SLN2	SL07: Rated power × 4 for 5s TSL1: Rated power × 2.5 for 5s SL1, SL2, SLN2: Rated power × 5 for 5s (SL1 (T.C.R.: ±50/±75): Rated power × 4 for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	1: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.5: SLN2	1: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.5: SLN2	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s 260°C ± 5°C, 10s ~ 12s
Rapid change of temperature	1: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.5: SLN2	0.5: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.25: SLN2	-55°C (30min.) / +150°C (30min.) 1000 cycles -55°C (15min.) / +150°C (15min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.5: SLN2	0.5: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 0.25: SLN2	40°C ± 2°C, 90% ~ 95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle 85°C ± 2°C, 85%RH ± 3%RH, 1000h Rated power × 0.1
Endurance at 70°C	2: SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2 1: SLN2	1	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure	0.5	0.25	SL07, TSL1, SL1, SL2: -55°C, 1h SLN2: -65°C, 24h

Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.
- In the resistance values of 50mΩ or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

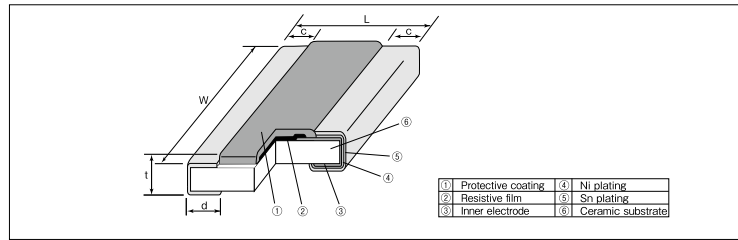
WK73S ■ Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

■ Construction



■ Features

- Flat chip resistors of wide terminal type.
- High reliability and performance with T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$, resistance tolerance $\pm 0.5\%$.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

■ Applications

- Power supply, ECU etc.

■ Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
		L ± 0.15	W	c	d	t ± 0.1	
2A (0508)	20m~61.9m	1.25	2.0 ± 0.15	0.4 ± 0.15	0.35 ± 0.2	0.55	4.93
	62m~9.76			0.3 ± 0.2			
2B (0612)	10m~9.76	1.6	3.2 ± 0.2	0.3 ± 0.2	0.45 ± 0.15	0.6	12.0
2H (1020)	10m~9.76	2.5	5.0 ± 0.15	0.4 ± 0.2	0.75 ± 0.15		30.2
3A (1225)	10m~9.76	3.1	6.3 ± 0.15	0.45 ± 0.2			45.6

■ Type Designation

Example

Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
WK73S	2A:1W ^{#1} 2B:0.75W 1W ^{#1} 2H:1W 3A:1.5W 2W ^{#1}	T : Sn	TD: 4mm pitch punch paper TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D, F: 4 digits J: 3 digits	D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$ J: $\pm 5\%$

Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
10m~91m	10L~91L	22m~97.6m	22L0~97L6
0.1~9.1	R10~9R1	0.1~9.76	R100~9R76

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					D : $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F : $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	J : $\pm 5\%$ E24	TD	TE
WK73S2A	1W ^{#1}	70°C	125°C	± 100	—	1~9.76	1~9.1	5,000	—
				0~+200	—	30m~976m	30m~910m		
				0~+300	—	20m~29.4m	20m~27m		
WK73S2B	0.75W	70°C	125°C	± 100	430m~9.76	430m~9.76	430m~9.1	5,000	—
				± 200	—	30m~422m	30m~390m		
				± 800	—	—	10m~27m		
WK73S2H	1W	70°C	125°C	± 100	430m~9.76	430m~9.76	430m~9.1	—	4,000
				± 200	—	30m~422m	30m~390m		
				± 800	—	—	10m~27m		
WK73S3A	1.5W	70°C	125°C	± 100	—	220m~9.76	220m~9.1	—	4,000
				± 200	—	360m~9.76	360m~9.1		
				± 300	—	33m~357m	33m~330m		
	± 800	—	—	10m~20m					
	2W ^{#1}	70°C	115°C	± 100	—	360m~9.76	360m~9.1		
				± 200	—	33m~357m	33m~330m		
± 300				—	22m~32.4m	22m~30m			
				± 800	—	—	10m~20m		

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^\circ C \sim +155^\circ C$

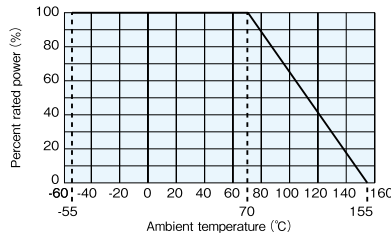
Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$

*1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

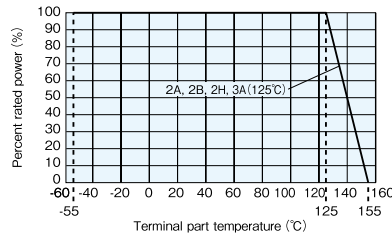
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



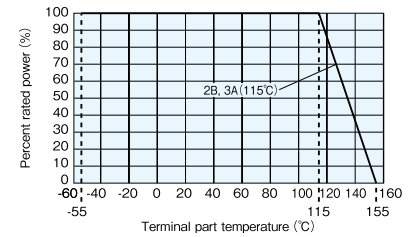
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the derating curve.

Terminal part temperature

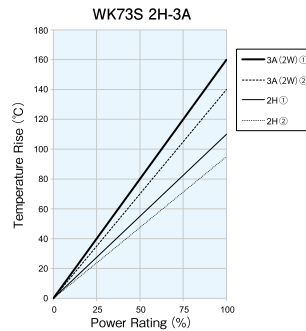
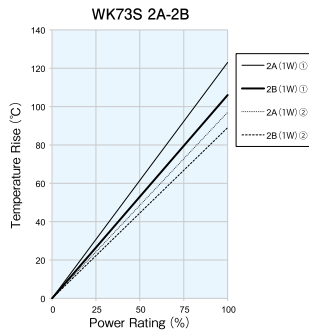


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve. Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature
WK73S2B(1W), WK73S3A(2W)

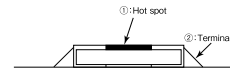


Temperature Rise

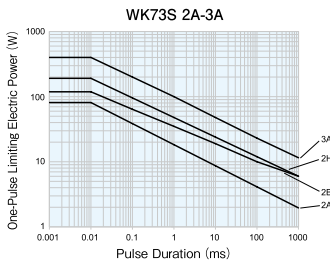


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

Measurement condition
Room temperature: 25°C
PCB: FR-4t = 1.6mm
Cu foil thickness: 35µm



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

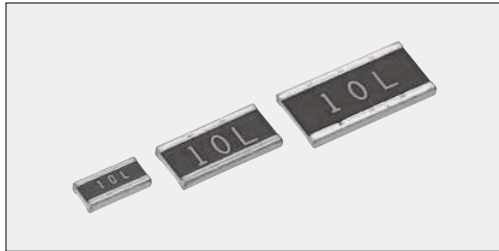
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s (WK73S2A, WK73S2B(1W), WK73S3A(2W)) Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time. Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	1	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.2	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.2	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	2 : J ($\pm 5\%$) 1 : others	0.5 : J ($\pm 5\%$) 0.2 : others	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WK73 series which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- In the resistance values of 50mΩ or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

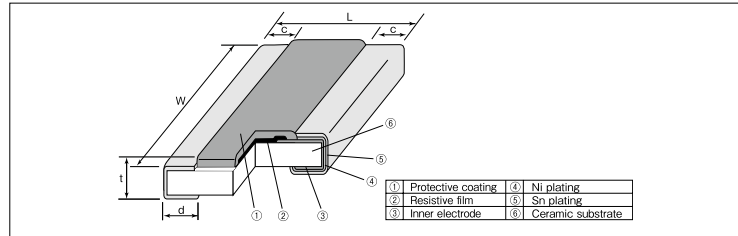
WK73S ■ Wide Terminal Type Flat Chip Resistors (High Power)

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Higher power than conventional type.
 - Flat chip resistors of wide terminal type.
 - High reliability and performance with T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$, resistance tolerance $\pm 1\%$.
 - Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
 - Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Power supply, ECU etc.

Reference Standards

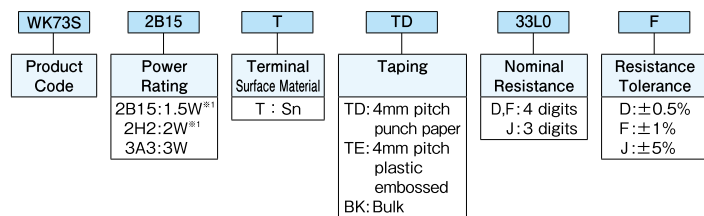
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L ± 0.15	W	c ± 0.2	d ± 0.15	t ± 0.1	
2B15 (0612)	1.6	3.2 ± 0.2	0.3	0.45	0.6	12.0
2H2 (1020)	2.5	5.0 ± 0.15	0.4	0.75		30.2
3A3 (1225)	3.1	6.3 ± 0.15	0.45			45.6

Type Designation

Example



Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
10m~91m	10L~91L	22m~97.6m	22L0~97L6
0.1~9.1	R10~9R1	0.1~9.76	R100~9R76

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					D: $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24	TD	TE
WK73S2B15	1.5W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	± 100	430m~9.76	430m~9.76	430m~9.1	5,000	—
					—	30m~422m	30m~390m		
					—	—	10m~27m		
WK73S2H2	2W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	± 100	—	220m~9.76	220m~9.1	—	4,000
					—	27m~215m	27m~200m		
					—	—	10m~24m		
WK73S3A3	3W ^{*1}	70°C	95°C	± 100	—	360m~9.76	360m~9.1	—	4,000
					—	33m~357m	33m~330m		
					—	22m~32.4m	22m~30m		
					—	—	10m~20m		

Operating Temperature Range : $-55^{\circ}C \sim +155^{\circ}C$

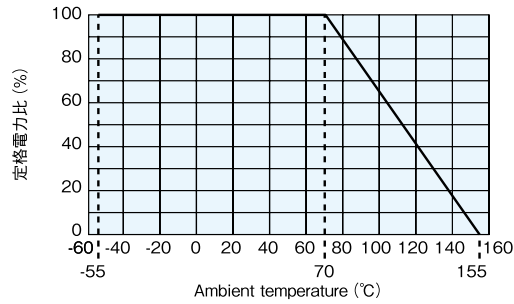
Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$

*1 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

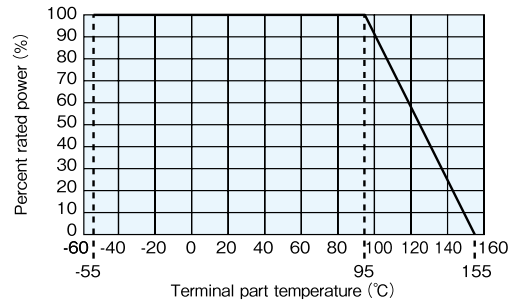
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



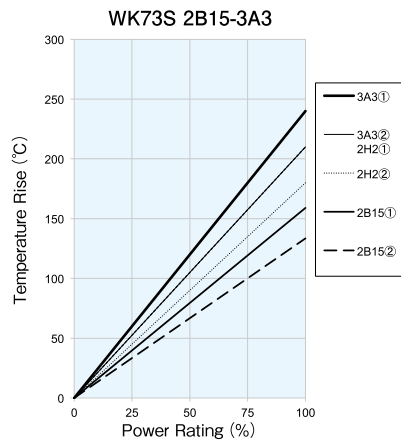
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the current shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature

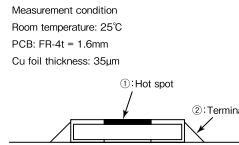


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve. Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

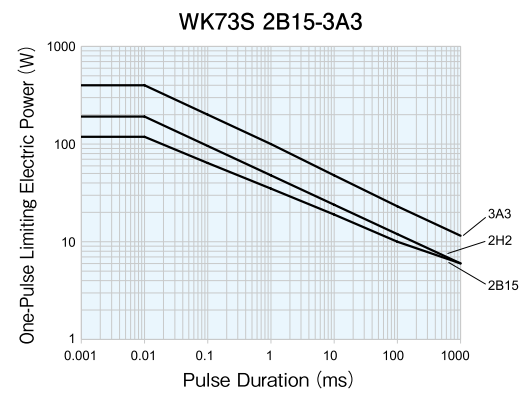
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2.0$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time, Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	1	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.2	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.2	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	2 : J ($\pm 5\%$) 1 : others	0.5 : J ($\pm 5\%$) 0.2 : others	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WK73 series which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- In the resistance values of 50mΩ or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

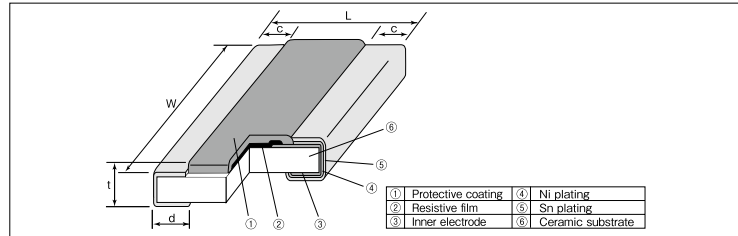
WU73 Wide Terminal Type Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (Low T.C.R.)

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Flat chip resistors of wide terminal type.
- High reliability and performance with T.C.R. $\pm 75 \times 10^{-6}/K$, resistance tolerance $\pm 1\%$.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- Power supply, ECU etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L ± 0.15	W ± 0.1 $W_{\pm 0.3}$	c ± 0.2	d ± 0.15	t ± 0.1	
2B(0612)	1.6	3.2	0.4	0.45	0.6	12.0
2B15(0612)	1.6	3.2	0.4	0.45	0.6	12.0

Type Designation

Example

WU73	2B	T	TD	10L0	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
WU73	2B:1W 2B15:1.5W ^{※2}	T : Sn	TD: 4mm pitch punch paper BK: Bulk	4 digits Ex. 10L0: 10mΩ R100: 100mΩ	F: $\pm 1\%$

Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
10m~91m	10L0~91L0
0.1	R100

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					E24 & 25m, 50m ^{※1}				
WU73 2B	1W	70°C	115°C	± 100	10m~12m	F : $\pm 1\%$	-55°C~155°C	5,000	
					± 75				13m~27m
					± 100				30m~100m
WU73 2B15	1.5W ^{※2}	70°C	95°C	± 100	10m~12m				
					± 75				13m~27m
					± 100				30m~100m

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$

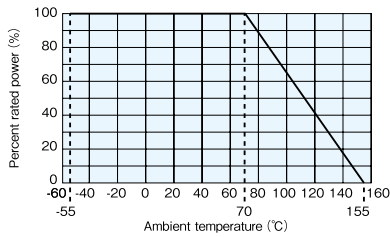
※1 25mΩ and 50mΩ are available.

※2 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

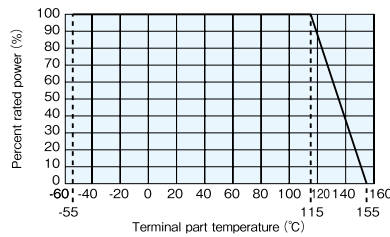
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the derating curve.

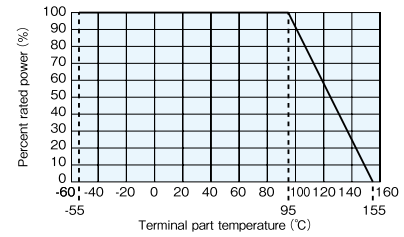
Terminal part temperature



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

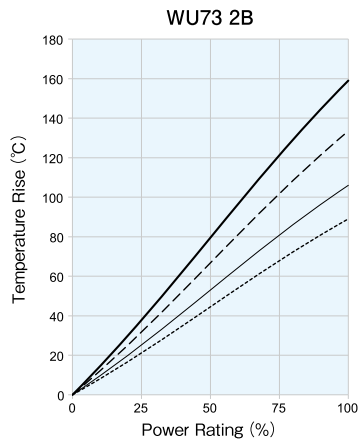
※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature
WU73 2B15 (1.5W)

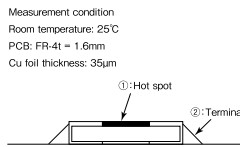


Current Sensing Resistors

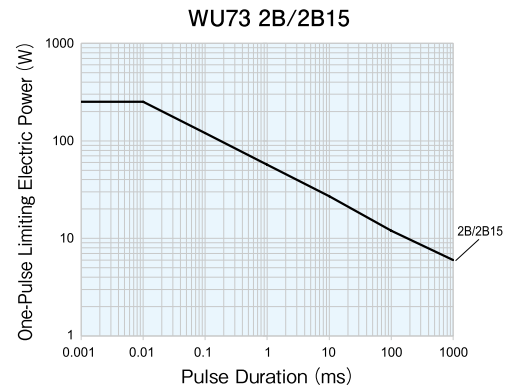
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

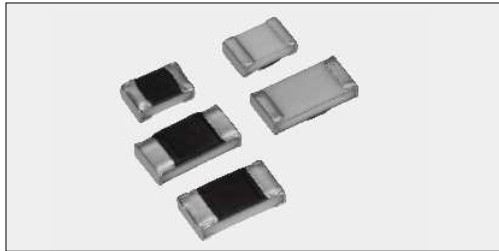
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.2	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Bending test	1	0.1	Holding point 90mm, Bending 1time. Bending 5mm
Rapid change of temperature	2	0.3	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.1	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	0.2	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ or rated terminal part temperature $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.1	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when WU73 which have self-heating. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- In the resistance values of 50mΩ or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

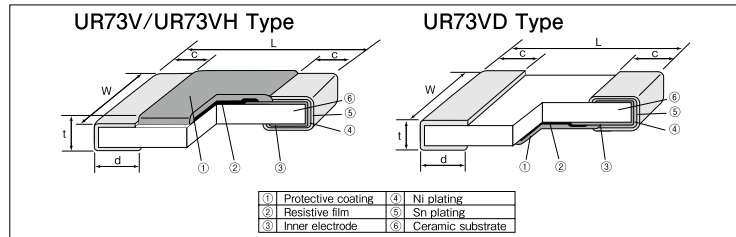
UR73V Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (For Automotive, Low T.C.R.)

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Current detecting resistors for power supplies, motor circuits, etc.
- Low resistance (100mΩ or under) and high accuracy resistors ($\pm 1\%$) for current detection.
- High reliability and performance with T.C.R. $\pm 75 \times 10^{-6}/K$.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Operating temperature range $\sim 155^{\circ}C$.

Applications

- Car electronics, Computers, HDDs, Cellular-telephones, Power supplies, and Motor circuits, etc.

Reference Standards

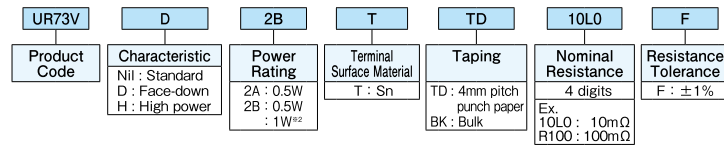
IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance range (Ω)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight(g) (1000pcs)
		L	W	c	d	t	
UR73VD 2A (0805)	10m~16m	2.0 \pm 0.2	1.25 \pm 0.2	0.4 \pm 0.2	0.7 \pm 0.2	0.6 \pm 0.1	5.74
	18m~36m				0.6 \pm 0.2		
UR73V 2A (0805)	39m~100m	2.0 \pm 0.2	1.25 \pm 0.2	0.4 \pm 0.2	0.4 \pm 0.2	0.6 \pm 0.1	5.60
UR73VD 2B (1206)	10m~13m	3.2 \pm 0.2	1.6 \pm 0.2	0.4 \pm 0.3	1.25 \pm 0.2	0.6 \pm 0.1	11.12
	15m~16m				1.15 \pm 0.2		
	18m~20m				1.1 \pm 0.2		
	22m~27m				1.0 \pm 0.2		
UR73V 2B (1206)	30m~33m	3.2 \pm 0.2	1.6 \pm 0.2	1.0 \pm 0.3	0.4 \pm 0.2	0.6 \pm 0.1	10.09
	36m~39m			0.9 \pm 0.3			
	43m~100m			0.65 \pm 0.3			
UR73VH 2B (1206)	100m~1	3.2 \pm 0.2	1.6 \pm 0.2	0.65 \pm 0.3	0.4 \pm 0.2	0.6 \pm 0.1	10.09

Type Designation

Example



Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
10m~91m	10L0~91L0
0.1~1	R100~1R00

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS. For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) E24 & 25m, 50m ^{※1}	Resistance Tolerance	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs) TD
UR73VD 2A	0.5W	70°C	100°C	0~+250	10m~11m	F: $\pm 1\%$	-55°C~+155°C	5,000
				0~+150	12m~13m			
				± 75	15m~36m			
UR73V 2A				± 75	39m~100m			
UR73VD 2B	0.5W	70°C	125°C	0~+250	10m~11m	F: $\pm 1\%$	-55°C~+155°C	5,000
				± 75	12m~27m			
	1W ^{※2}	70°C	95°C	0~+250	10m~11m			
				± 75	12m~27m			
UR73V 2B	0.5W	70°C	125°C	± 75	33m~75m	F: $\pm 1\%$	-55°C~+155°C	5,000
				± 100	30m, 82m~100m			
				± 100	30m, 82m~100m			
UR73VH 2B	1W ^{※2}	70°C	125°C	± 100	100m~1	F: $\pm 1\%$	-55°C~+155°C	5,000

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$

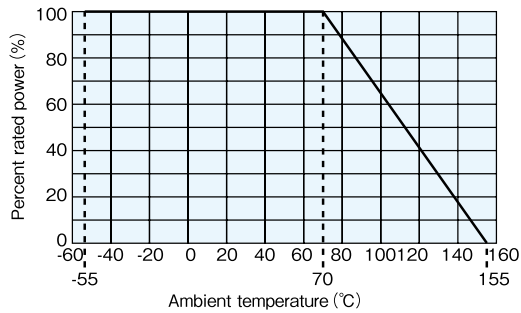
※1 25mΩ and 50mΩ are available. E96 is available in UR73VH.

※2 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the next page.

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature". For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

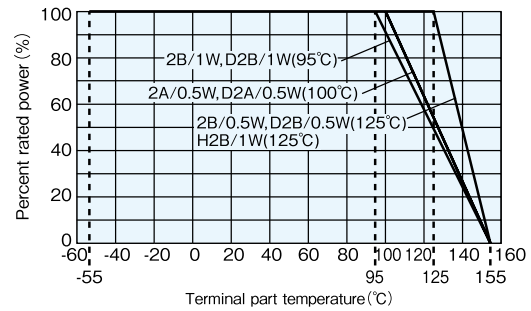
Derating Curve

Ambient temperature



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Terminal part temperature

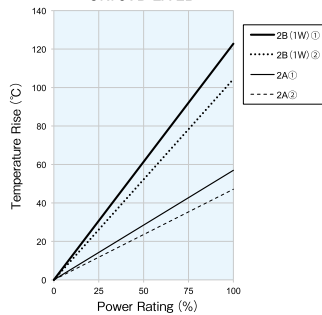


When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

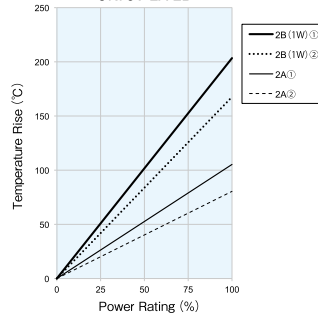
※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Temperature Rise

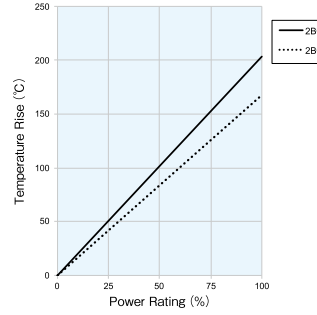
UR73VD 2A-2B



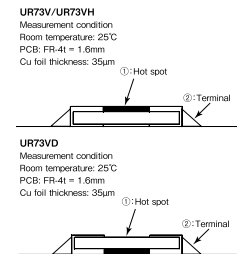
UR73V 2A-2B



UR73VH

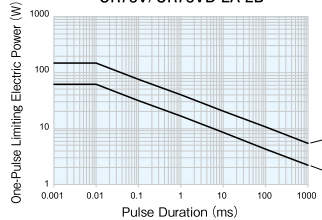


Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.

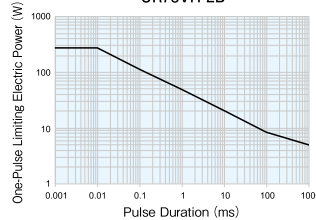


One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

UR73V/UR73VD 2A-2B



UR73VH 2B



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

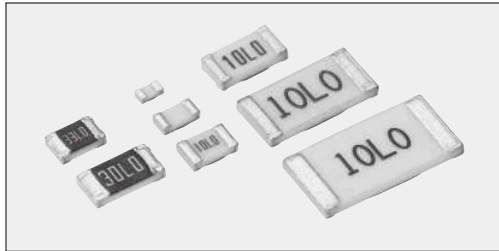
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	UR73V/UR73VD : +25°C/-55°C, +25°C/+125°C UR73VH : +25°C/-55°C, +25°C/+155°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage \times 2.5 for 5s (2B:1W : Rated voltage \times 2 for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.3	260°C \pm 5°C, 10s \pm 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	UR73V/UR73VD : -55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles UR73VH : -55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	1	40°C \pm 2°C 90~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	1	70°C \pm 2°C or rated terminal part temperature \pm 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+155°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- In the resistance values of 50m Ω or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

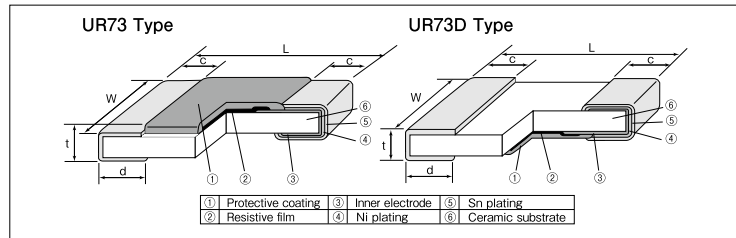
UR73 ■ Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors (Low T.C.R.)

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Indigo

■ Construction



■ Features

- Current detecting resistors for power supplies, motor circuits, etc.
- Low resistance (100mΩ or under) and high accuracy resistors ($\pm 1\%$) for current detection.
- High reliability and performance with T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$.
- Suitable for flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

■ Applications

- Computers, HDDs, Cellular-telephones, Power supplies, and Motor circuits, etc.

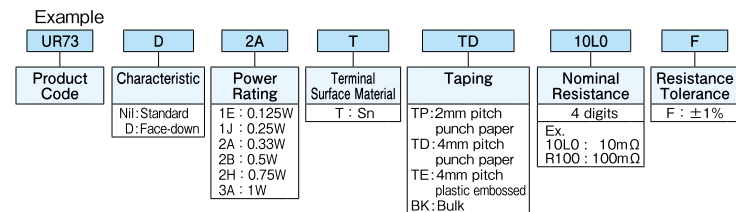
■ Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8

■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Resistance range (Ω)	Resistance range (mm)					Weight(g) (1000pcs)
		L	W	c	d	t	
UR73D 1E (0402)	24m~100m	$1.0^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	$0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	0.25 ± 0.1	0.3 ± 0.1	0.4 ± 0.05	0.72
UR73D 1J (0603)	10m~27m	1.6 ± 0.2	$0.8^{+0.15}$	0.35 ± 0.1	0.55 ± 0.1	0.5 ± 0.1	2.84
	30m~100m				0.35 ± 0.1		
UR73D 2A (0805)	10m~16m	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.2	0.4 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.2	0.55 ± 0.1	5.74
	18m~30m				0.5 ± 0.2		
UR73 2A (0805)	33m~100m	2.0 ± 0.2	1.25 ± 0.2	0.4 ± 0.2	$0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	0.55 ± 0.1	5.60
UR73D 2B (1206)	10m~16m	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.2	1.0 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.1	11.12
	18m~27m				0.8 ± 0.2		
UR73 2B (1206)	30m~100m	3.2 ± 0.2	1.6 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.2	$0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	0.6 ± 0.1	10.09
UR73D 2H (2010)	10m~30m	5.0 ± 0.2	2.5 ± 0.2	0.65 ± 0.3	1.6 ± 0.3	0.65 ± 0.1	29.80
	33m~100m				0.65 ± 0.3		
UR73D 3A (2512)	10m~30m	6.3 ± 0.2	3.1 ± 0.2	0.8 ± 0.3	2.0 ± 0.3	0.6 ± 0.1	47.69
	33m~100m				0.8 ± 0.3		

■ Type Designation



Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
10m~91m	10L0~91L0
0.1	R100

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS. For further information or taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q' ty/Reel (pcs)		
					E24 & 25m, 50m ^{※1}			TP	TD	TE
UR73D 1E ^{※2}	0.125W	70°C	-	± 500	24m~27m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	10,000	-	-
					30m~100m			-	5,000	-
					10m~27m			-	5,000	-
UR73D 1J	0.25W	70°C	80°C	± 200	30m~43m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	5,000	-
					47m~100m			-	5,000	-
UR73D 2A	0.33W	70°C	90°C	± 100	10m~30m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	5,000	-
					33m~43m			-	5,000	-
UR73 2A	0.33W	70°C	100°C	± 250	47m~100m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	5,000	-
					10m~27m			-	5,000	-
UR73D 2B	0.5W	70°C	85°C	± 200	30m~43m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	5,000	-
					47m~100m			-	5,000	-
UR73 2B	0.5W	70°C	85°C	± 100	10m~30m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	5,000	-
					33m~100m			-	5,000	-
UR73D 2H	0.75W	70°C	90°C	± 250	10m~30m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	-	4,000
					33m~100m			-	-	4,000
UR73D 3A	1W	70°C	95°C	± 100	10m~30m	F : $\pm 1\%$	$-55^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$	-	-	4,000
					33m~100m			-	-	4,000

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$

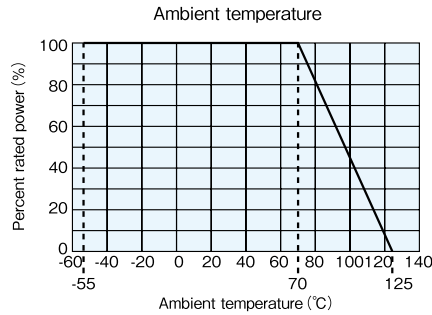
※1 25mΩ and 50mΩ are available.

※2 Please inquire before use.

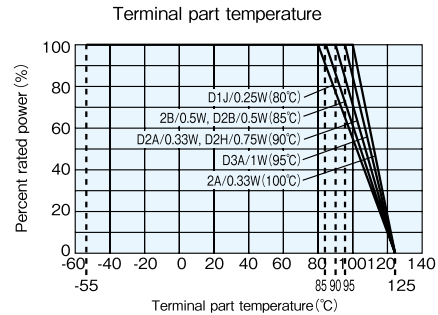
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve



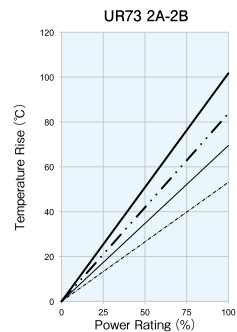
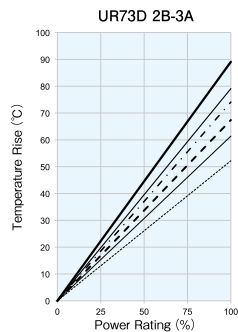
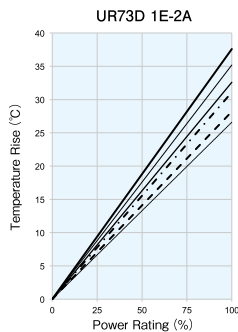
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



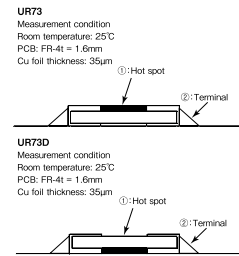
When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

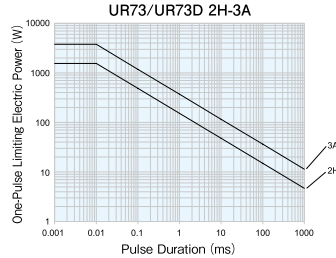
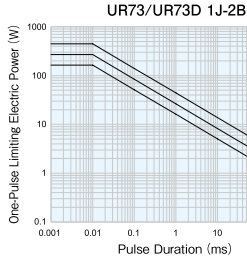
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

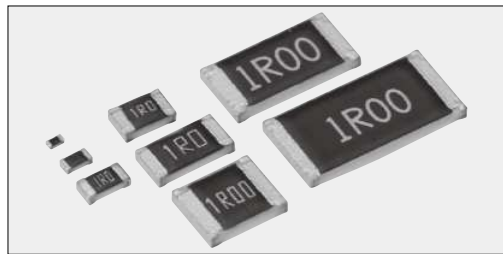
Test Items	Performance Requirements		Test Methods
	Limit	$\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005 \Omega)$ Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/−55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage × 2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.3	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	−55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	1	40°C ± 2°C, 90% ~ 95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	2	1	70°C ± 2°C or rated terminal part temperature ± 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+125°C, 1000h

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON/OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of 2H/3A which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy (FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1E~2B, but the crack tends to occur in the types of 2H/3A. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- In the resistance values of 50mΩ or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

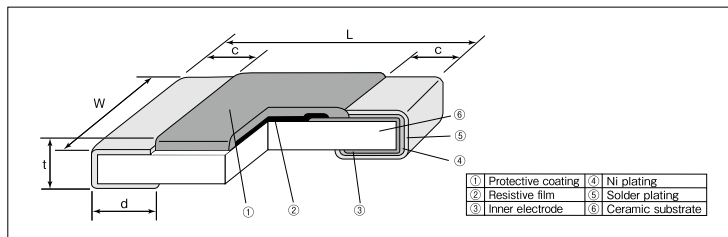
SR73 Low Resistance Flat Chip Resistors

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black (1H)
Indigo (1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2)

Construction



Features

- Current detecting resistors for power supply, motor circuits, etc.
- High reliability and performance with resistance tolerance $\pm 0.5\%$, T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$
- Suitable for both reflow and flow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in electrode, resistor element and glass.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (Exemption 1H).

Applications

- Car electronics, Computers, HDDs, Cellular-telephones, Power supplies, and Motor circuits, etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8
EIAJ RC-2134C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
1H (0201)	0.6 \pm 0.03	0.3 \pm 0.03	0.1 \pm 0.05	0.15 \pm 0.05	0.23 \pm 0.03	0.14
1E (0402)	1.0 $^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	0.5 $^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$	0.25 \pm 0.1	0.25 \pm 0.1	0.35 \pm 0.05	0.68
1J (0603)	1.6 \pm 0.2	0.8 $^{+0.15}_{-0.1}$	0.35 \pm 0.1	0.35 \pm 0.1	0.45 \pm 0.1	2.14
2A (0805)	2.0 \pm 0.2	1.25 \pm 0.1	0.4 \pm 0.2	0.3 $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.5 \pm 0.1	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2 \pm 0.2	1.6 \pm 0.2	0.5 \pm 0.3	0.4 $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	0.6 \pm 0.1	9.14
2E (1210)		2.6 \pm 0.2		15.5		
W2H (2010) ^{*1}	5.0 \pm 0.2	2.5 \pm 0.2	0.5 \pm 0.3	0.65 \pm 0.15	0.6 \pm 0.1	24.3
W3A (2512) ^{*1}	6.3 \pm 0.2	3.1 \pm 0.2				37.1
W3A2 (2512) ^{*1}						

*1 SR73 2H, 3A and 3A2 are also still available (different "d" dimensions=0.4 \pm 0.1mm)

Type Designation

Example

SR73	2B	T	TD	R10	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1H:0.1W 1E:0.166W 1J:0.2W 0.25W 2A:0.33W 0.5W ^{*5} 2B:0.33W 0.5W ^{*5} 2E:0.5W 0.66W ^{*5} W2H:0.75W W3A:1.0W W3A2:2.0W ^{*5}	T: Sn G: Au ^{*2} (L: Sn/Pb) ^{*3}	10M:2mm pitch press paper TPL·TP: 2mm pitch punch paper TD:4mm pitch punch paper TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	D,F: 4 digits G,J: 3 digits Ex. 0.1Ω:R100 47mΩ:47L	D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$ G: $\pm 2\%$ J: $\pm 5\%$

Resistance Value (Ω)	3digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4digits
24m~91m	24L~91L	0.1~0.976	R100~R976
0.1~0.91	R10~R91	1~9.76	1R00~9R76
1~9.1	1R0~9R1	10	10R0
10	100		

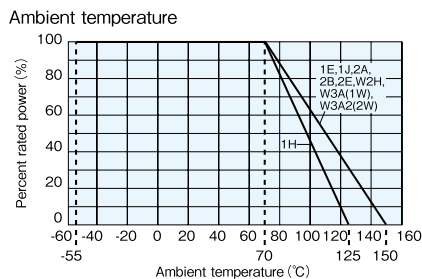
*2 Products with gold plated electrodes are also available only 1J, 2A and 2B type (0.1Ω~10Ω, F: $\pm 1\%$, J: $\pm 5\%$), so please consult with us.

*3 With type 1H, W2H and W3A, W3A2 only T is available as the terminal surface material. The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

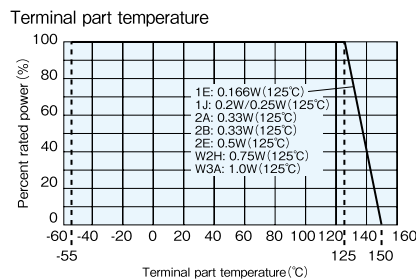
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Derating Curve



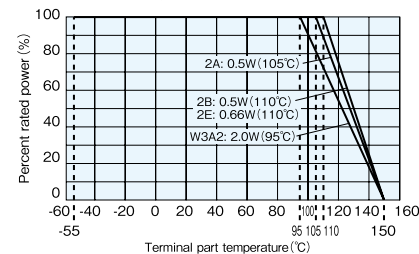
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.

*Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Terminal part temperature
SR73 2A (0.5W), SR73 2B (0.5W),
SR73 2E (0.66W), SR73 W3A2



■ Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁵ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Taping & Q'ty /Reel (pcs)			
					D: ±0.5% E24 · E96	F: ±1% E24 · E96	G: ±2% E24	J: ±5% E24	TCM	TPL · TP	TD	TE
1H ^{※4}	0.1W	70°C	—	0~+400	—	1~10	—	0.27~10	TCM: 15,000	—	—	—
				0~+500	—	—	—	0.18~0.24				
1E ^{※4}	0.166W	70°C	125°C	±200	—	0.51~10	0.51~10	0.51~10	—	TPL: 20,000 TP: 10,000	—	—
				±300	—	0.2~0.47	0.2~0.47	0.2~0.47				
				±500	—	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18	0.1~0.18				
1J	0.2W	70°C	125°C	±200	—	1.02~10	1.1~10	1.1~10	—	TP: 10,000 ^{※6}	5,000	—
	0.25W	70°C	125°C	±200	—	0.1~1	0.1~1	0.1~1				
2A	0.33W	70°C	125°C	±100	0.15~10	0.1~10	—	—	—	TP: 10,000 ^{※6}	5,000	4,000 ^{※6}
				±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10				
				±500	—	—	—	0.051~0.091				
	±800	—	—	—	0.03~0.047							
	±100	0.15~10	0.1~10	—	—							
	±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10							
0.5W ^{※5}	70°C	105°C	±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10	—	—	—	—	
			±500	—	—	—	0.051~0.091					
			±800	—	—	—	0.03~0.047					
2B	0.33W	70°C	125°C	±100	0.15~10	0.1~10	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※6}
				±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10				
				±500	—	—	—	0.056~0.091				
	±800	—	—	—	0.03~0.051							
	±100	0.15~10	0.1~10	—	—							
	±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10							
0.5W ^{※5}	70°C	110°C	±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10	—	—	—	—	
			±500	—	—	—	0.056~0.091					
			±800	—	—	—	0.03~0.051					
2E	0.5W	70°C	125°C	±100	—	0.1~10	—	—	—	—	5,000	4,000 ^{※6}
				±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.047~10				
				±500	—	—	—	0.036~0.043				
	±1000	—	—	—	0.024~0.033							
	±100	—	0.1~10	—	—							
	±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.047~10							
0.66W ^{※5}	70°C	110°C	±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.047~10	—	—	—	—	
			±500	—	—	—	0.036~0.043					
			±1000	—	—	—	0.024~0.033					
W2H	0.75W	70°C	125°C	±100	—	0.1~10	—	—	—	—	—	4,000
				±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10				
				±500	—	—	—	0.056~0.091				
				±800	—	—	—	0.033~0.051				
W3A	1W	70°C	125°C	±100	—	0.1~10	—	—	—	—	—	4,000
				±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10				
				±500	—	—	—	0.056~0.091				
				±800	—	—	—	0.039~0.051				
W3A2	2W ^{※5}	70°C	95°C	±100	—	0.1~10	—	—	—	—	—	4,000
				±200	—	—	0.1~10	0.1~10				
				±500	—	—	—	0.056~0.091				
				±800	—	—	—	0.039~0.051				

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C~+125°C (1H), -55°C~+150°C (1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2)

Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value

※4 The nominal resistance value for SR73 1H, SR73 1E (F: ±1%) is in E24.

※5 If you use at the rated power, please keep the condition that the terminal of the resistor is below the rated terminal part temperature. Please refer to the derating curves based on the terminal temperature of right side on the previous page.

※6 Standard packaging : TD(4mm pitch punch paper)

If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

While using under high power, the temperature of the product may increase depending on the condition of heat dissipation from PCB.

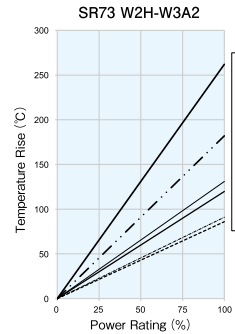
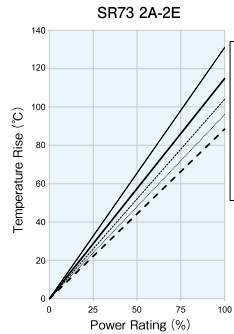
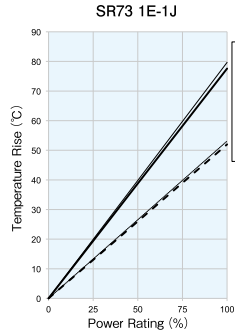
Be sure to check the terminal part temperature as well as precautions to use on delivery specifications before use.

THICK FILM (LOW RESISTANCE)

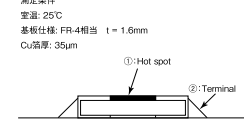


Current Sensing Resistors

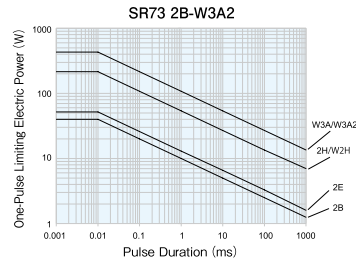
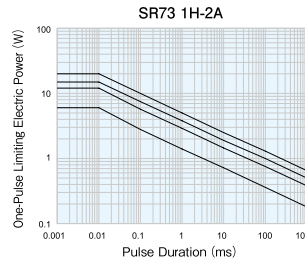
Temperature Rise



Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions.



One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (% +0.005Ω)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R	—	+25°C / -55°C and +25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2	0.5	Rated voltage × 2.5 for 5s (W3A2: Rated voltage × 2.0 for 5s)
Resistance to soldering heat	3 : 1H 1 : 1E~W3A2	0.75 : 1H 0.3 : 1E~W3A2	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.3	-40°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	3 : 1H 2 : 1E~W3A2	1	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C or rated terminal part temperature	3 : 1H 2 : 1E~W3A2	1	70°C ± 2°C or rated terminal part temperature ± 2°C 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.3	+125°C, 1000h : 1H +150°C, 1000h : 1E, 1J, 2A, 2B, 2E, W2H, W3A, W3A2

Precautions for Use

- The substrate of chip resistors is alumina. Cracks may occur at the connection of solder (solder fillet portion) due to the difference of the coefficient of thermal expansion from a mounting board when heat stress like heat cycle, etc. are repeatedly given to them. Care should be taken to the occurrence of the cracks when the change in ambient temperature or ON / OFF of load is repeated, especially when large types of W2H/W3A/W3A2 which have large thermal expansion and also self heating. By general temperature cycle test using glass-epoxy(FR-4) boards under the maximum/minimum temperatures of operating temperature range, the crack does not occur easily in the types of 1H~2E, but the crack tends to occur in the types of W2H/W3A/W3A2. The occurrence of the crack by heat stress may be influenced by the size of a pad, solder volume, heat radiation of mounting board etc., so please pay careful attention to designing when a big change in ambient temperature and conditions for use like ON/OFF of load can be assumed.
- The resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

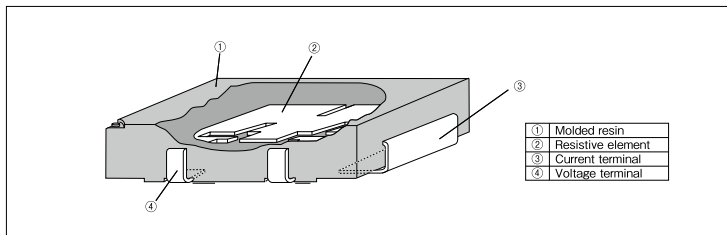
CSR Chip Current Sensing Resistors

Current Sensing Resistors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Current sensing chip resistors of 4-terminal construction with current terminals and voltage (KELVIN) terminals.
- Despite ultra low resistance, high resistance accuracy is realized.
- No change in resistance value after soldering to a circuit board, even for D ($\pm 0.5\%$) or F ($\pm 1.0\%$) class.
- Excellent T.C.R. achieved ($\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$)
- Flame retardant type resin is used. (UL94 V-0)
- Suitable for reflow, flow and iron solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.

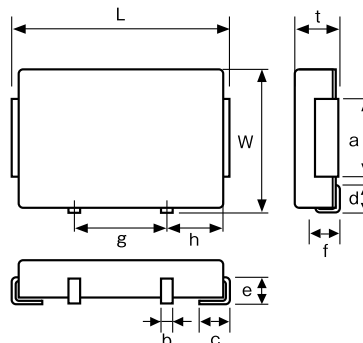
Applications

- Electric automobiles
- Industrial robots

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions



Dimensions (mm)	Type	
	CSR1	CSR2
L ± 0.5	10.8	12.8
W ± 0.3	6.2	8.2
t ± 0.2	2.1	3.1
a ± 0.3	3.0	5.0
b ± 0.2	0.8	1.0
c ± 0.5	1.4	2.0
d ± 0.5	1.2	2.0
e ± 0.3	1.3	2.2
f ± 0.3	1.3	2.2
g ± 0.1	5.0	6.0
h ± 0.1	2.5	3.0
Weight (g) Net/1,000pcs.	320	690

Type Designation

Example

CSR	1	T	TE	10L0	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1 : 1W 2 : 2W	T : Sn	TE: Plastic embossed BK: Bulk	4 digits	D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$

Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
5m~8.2m	5L00~8L20
10m~50m	10L0~50L0

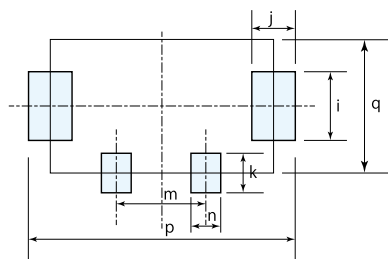
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
							TE
CSR1	1W	5m~50m (E12)	D: $\pm 0.5\%$, F: $\pm 1.0\%$	± 50	+70°C	-55°C~+125°C	1,000
CSR2	2W		F: $\pm 1.0\%$				

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$.

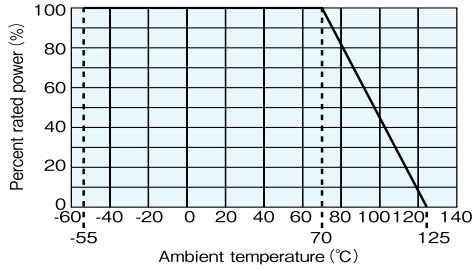
Recommended Pad Dimensions



Type	Dimensions (mm)						
	i	j	k	m	n	p	q
CSR1	3.0	2.0	2.0	5.0	1.6	12.0	6.0
CSR2	5.3	2.3	3.2	6.0	2.2	14.3	8.0

※These pad dimensions are only for standard pattern and the characteristics are not guaranteed, which you are suggested to confirm before use.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

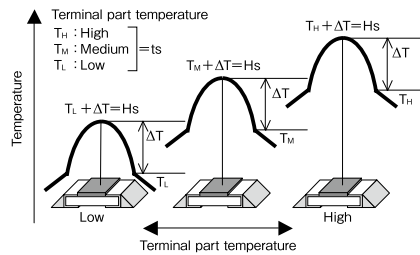
Thermal Resistance

Type	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)
CSR1	20m	42
CSR2	20m	30

$$R_{th} = (H_s - t_s) / \text{Power}$$

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.

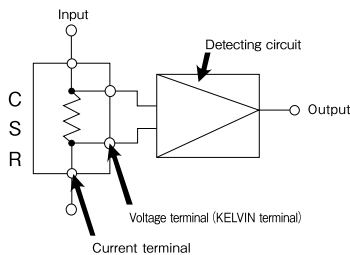
The temperature of the resistor will increase the same ΔT from the standard terminal part temperature regardless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.



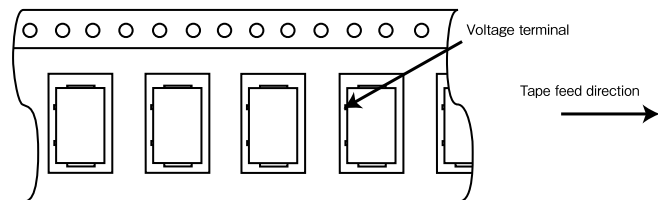
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	1	1	Rated power $\times 5$ for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	1	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 500 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.5	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	1	0.5	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Low temperature exposure	0.5	0.25	-55°C, 1h
High temperature exposure	0.5	0.25	+125°C, 100h

Example For Circuit



Taping Direction



Precautions for Use

- In case of using the low ohm resistors as shunt resistors, please lay out a pattern considering the electromagnetic induction with surrounding inductors.

MELF (METAL FILM, CARBON FILM)

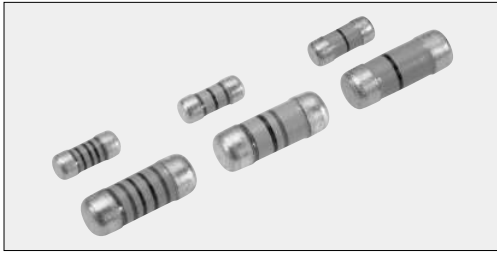


RN41 ■ MELF Type Fixed Metal Film Resistors

RD41 ■ MELF Type Fixed Carbon Film Resistors

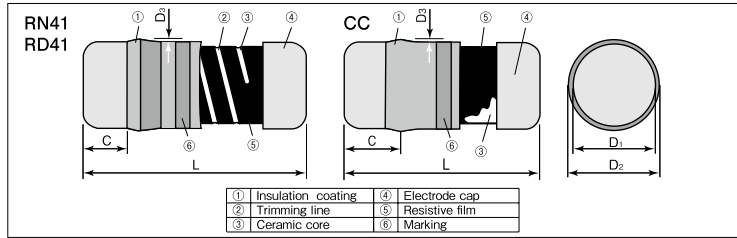
CC ■ MELF Type Cross-conductors

Melf Type Resistors



Coating color : RN41/CC : Blue, RD41 : Ivory
 Color code : RD41 : 3 color-bands
 RN41 (E24) : 4 color-bands
 RN41 (E24·96) : 5 color-bands
 CC : 1 color-band

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch/DIN Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	C	D1	D2 Max.	D3 Max.	
2ES (1406/0204)	3.5±0.2	0.5~0.9	1.4±0.1	1.55	0.1	20
CC12M (1406/0204)						
2E·3AS (2309/0207)						
CC25 (2309/0207)	5.9±0.2	0.5min	2.2±0.1	2.4	0.15	75

Features

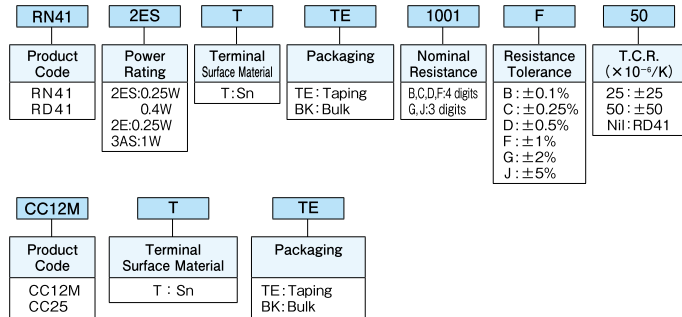
- SMD resistors.
- Free direction for mounting due to cylindrical design.
- High precision products (Resistance tolerance ±0.1% and T.C.R.±25×10⁻⁶/K) available. (RN41)
- The electrode strength is firm.
- The noise characteristics is excellent.
- Suitable for reflow, flow and iron solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (RN41 2ES/3AS, CC 12M/25)

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
 JIS C 5201-8
 EIAJ RC-2132A

Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Current Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range and Resistance Tolerance (Ω)					Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Packaging & Q'ty (pcs)		
						B:±0.1% E24·E96	C:±0.25% E24·E96	D:±0.5% E24·E96	F:±1% E24·E96	G:±2% E24			J:±5% E24	Box	Reel
RN41 2ES	0.25W	—	70°C	90°C	±25 ±50	43~511k	100~100k	100~604k	—	—	—	200V	400V	40,000	3,000
	0.4W ^{※1,※2}	—	—	90°C	±50	—	—	—	1.0~5.11M	—	0.22~0.91	200V	400V	40,000	3,000
RN41 3AS	1W ^{※1,※2}	—	70°C	90°C	±50	—	—	—	1.0~1M	—	0.22~0.91	400V	600V	10,000	1,500
RD41 2ES	0.25W	—	70°C	—	— ^{※3}	—	—	—	—	—	0.22~1M	200V	400V	40,000	3,000
RD41 2E	0.25W	—	70°C	—	— ^{※3}	—	—	—	—	—	2.2~1M	200V	600V	10,000	1,500
CC12M	—	2A	70°C	—	—	20mΩ or under					—	—	40,000	3,000	
CC25	—	5A											10,000	1,500	

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

※1 A power rating is guaranteed at the terminal part temperature.

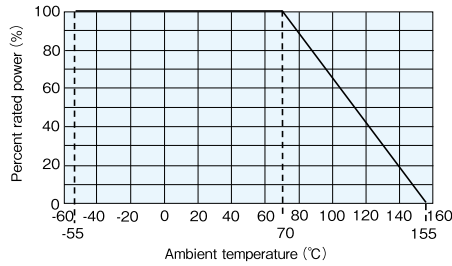
※2 A power rating shall be guaranteed with a method shown in the item. (Performance) Please inquire before you order and/or use.

※3 Please contact us for T.C.R. of RD41.

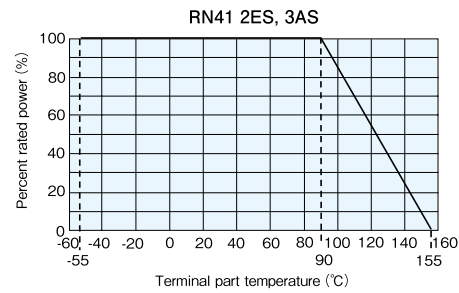
If any questions arise whether to use the "Rated Ambient Temperature" or the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature" in your usage conditions, please give priority to the "Rated Terminal Part Temperature".

For more details, please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve. Please contact us about CC series's derating curve.



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve. Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

Performance

Test Items	Type	RD41, RN41		CC		Test Methods
		Performance Requirements ^{※4} $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Performance Requirements		
		Limit	Typical	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	RN41 RD41	Within specified tolerance	—	Max. 20mΩ	Max. 7.5mΩ	25°C
T.C.R.	RN41 RD41	Within specified T.C.R.	—	—	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	RN41	2ES : Test group D	0.3	—	—	Rated voltage×2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
	RD41	1.0	0.5			
Intermittent overload	RD41	1.0	—	—	—	Rated voltage×4 or Max. Intermittent overload voltage, whichever is lower, 10,000 cycles.
Resistance to soldering heat	RN41	2ES : Test group D	—	Max. 20mΩ	Max. 7.5mΩ	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
	RD41	1.0	0.5			
Rapid change of temperature	RN41	2ES : Test group D	—	Max. 20mΩ	Max. 7.5mΩ	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
	RD41	1.0	0.75			
Moisture resistance	RN41	2ES : Test group C	—	Max. 20mΩ	Max. 7.5mΩ	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
	RD41	5.0	2.5			
Endurance at 70°C	RN41	2ES : Test group A	—	Max. 20mΩ	Max. 7.5mΩ	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
	RD41	2.0	1.0			
Low temperature exposure	RD41	1.0	0.75	—	—	-55°C, 1h
High temperature exposure	RN41	2ES : Test group C	0.75	—	—	+155°C, 2h RN41 2ES, 3AS : 155°C, 1000h
	RD41	2.0	1.0			

※4 Performance requirement for RN41 3AS are different from the above, so consult with us about the detail.

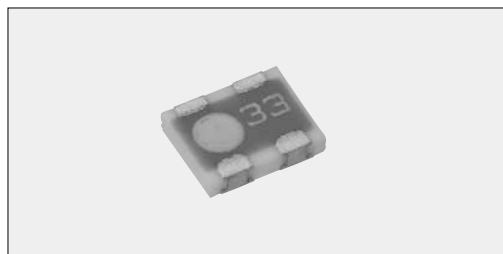
RN41 Test group

Stability class	Stability class for each resistance Resistance range	Limit resistance changing attests			
		Test group			
		A	B	C	D
0.25	10~332kΩ	±(0.25%+0.05Ω)	±(0.50%+0.05Ω)	±(0.25%+0.05Ω)	±(0.05%+0.05Ω)
0.5	1~<10Ω			±(0.50%+0.05Ω)	±(0.10%+0.05Ω)
1	0.22~<1Ω	±(1.00%+0.05Ω)	±(1.00%+0.05Ω)	±(1.00%+0.05Ω)	±(0.25%+0.05Ω)
2	>332kΩ~5.11MΩ			±(2.00%+0.05Ω)	±(0.50%+0.05Ω)

Precautions for Use

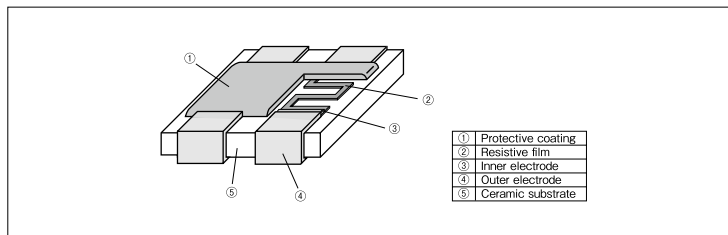
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.

CNN Thin Film Chip Networks



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Metal film chip network resistors.
- Excellent in relative T.C.R. and relative accuracy.
- Pair resistors for high precision OP-Amplifiers.
- As custom products, any pairs between 1kΩ and 100kΩ are available on request.
- Suitable for reflow soldering.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Type Designation

Example

CNN	2A	2	T	TE	103/103	B	A
Product Code	Style	Number of Elements	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Absolute Resistance Tolerance	Resistance Ratio
CNN		2	T:Sn	TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK:Bulk	3 digits/ 3 digits	B:±0.1% C:±0.25%	A : 0.05% B : 0.1%

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

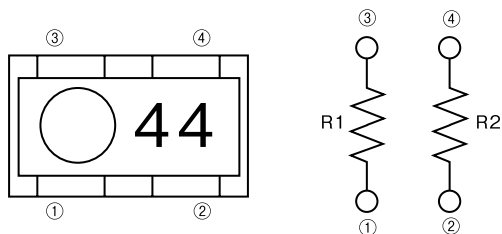
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type (Inch size)	POWER Rating	Resistance (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Rated Ambient Temperature	Operating Temperature Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
			Absolute	Relative	Absolute	Relative					TE
CNN2A (0805×2)	0.05W/Element	1k, 10k, 100k	B: ±0.1% C: ±0.25%	A: 0.05% B: 0.1%	±25	5	50V	100V	+70°C	-55°C~+125°C	4,000

Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Circuit Construction



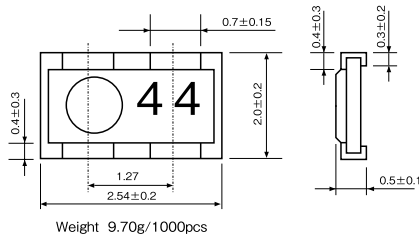
Standard

	Resistance					
	R1	1kΩ	1kΩ	1kΩ	10kΩ	10kΩ
R2	1kΩ	10kΩ	100kΩ	10kΩ	100kΩ	100kΩ
First marking number	3	3	3	4	4	5
Second marking number	3	4	5	4	5	5

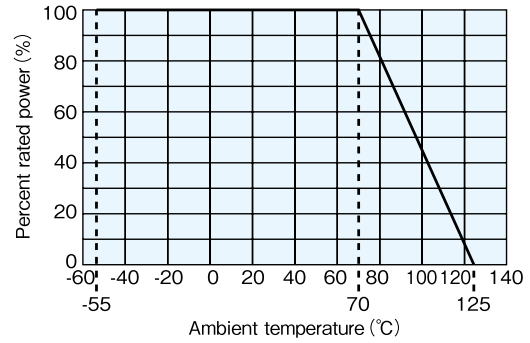
Custom

Custom products of any pairs between 1kΩ and 100kΩ are available on request. Please ask us beforehand for the custom products.

■ Dimensions (mm)

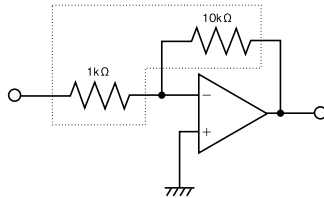


■ Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

■ Example of Application



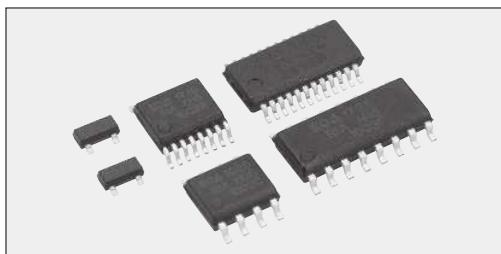
■ Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements Absolute $\Delta R \pm$ (% +0.05%)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.1	0.01	Rated voltage \times 2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever less, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.1	0.02	260°C \pm 5°C, 10s \pm 1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.25	0.01	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.25	0.03	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	0.25	0.03	70°C \pm 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.25	0.02	125°C, 100h

■ Precautions for Use

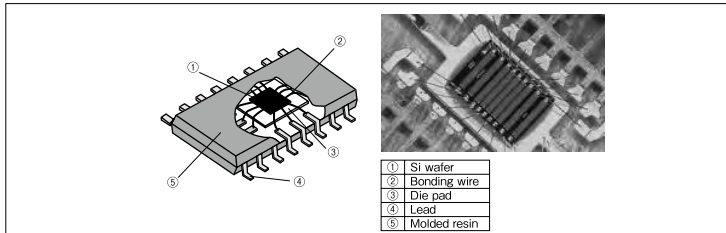
- The properly and electrostatically measured taping materials are used for the components, but attention should be paid to the fact that there is some danger the parts absorb on the top tapes to cause a failure in the mounting and the parts are destructed by static electricity (1kV and more, Human Body Model 100pF 1.5kΩ) to change the resistance in the conditions of an excessive dryness or after the parts are given vibration for a long time as they are packaged on the tapes. Similarly, care should be given not to apply the excessive static electricity when mounting on the boards.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. while perspiration and saliva include ionic impurities like sodium (Na⁺), chlorine (Cl⁻) etc. Therefore these kinds of ionic substances may induce electrical corrosion when they invade into the products. Either thorough washing or using RMA solder and flux are necessary since lead free solder contains ionic substances. Washing process is needed, before putting on moisture proof material in order to prevent electrical corrosion.
- When heat-resistant masking tapes are attached to the chip resistors at the time of mounting and then detached, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes. It is known that the heat applied in the mounting process will enhance the adhesion strength of the tape adhesive so please avoid the use. If the use of masking tapes are unavoidable, then please be sure not to attach the tape adhesives directly on the products.
When high-pressure shower cleaning is implemented, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes caused by the water pressure stress so please avoid the implementation.
If the implementation is unavoidable, then please evaluate the products beforehand.

KPC | KOA's Integrated Passive Components



Coating color : Body color : Black

Construction



Features

- Thin film (metal film) Resistor array on silicon wafer.
- Excellent resistance matching, TCR tracking and stabilities.
- Custom circuits are available with flexible layout. (Different resistance combination possible)
- Higher integration saves board space and overall assembly costs.
- Excellent reliability with standard molded IC package.
- Suitable for reflow soldering.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Making peripheral resistors for analog operational amplifiers highly accurate 1 chip network.
- Automotives, Analog instrumentations, IC testers
- Computers, Data communications, Network systems
- Operational amplifiers, Terminations, Pull-up/Pull-down

Reference Standards

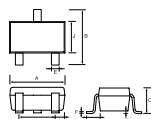
IEC 60115-1 JIS C 5201-1 JIS C 5101-1

Network Resistors

Dimensions

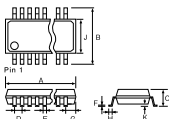
● SOT type

SOT-23



● QSOP, SOIC-N

QSOP, SOIC-N



Package Symbol	Package	Number of Pins	Dimensions (mm)										Taping & Q'ty/Reel TE	Weight (g) 1000pcs
			A±0.2	B±0.2	C±0.2	D±0.1	E±0.1	F±0.1	G±0.1	H±0.2	J±0.2	K±0.1		
S03	SOT-23	3	2.92	2.3	0.95	1.91	0.44	0.13	0.51	0.53	1.3	0.11	3,000	9
Q16	QSOP	16	4.90	5.99	1.60	0.635	0.25	0.20	0.20	0.66	3.81	0.18	2,500	76
Q20		20	8.66						1.47					125
Q24		24	8.66						0.84					129
N08	SOIC-N	8	4.83	1.27	0.41	0.52	0.20	0.52	0.66	3.81	0.18	2,500	73	
N14		14	8.66										150	
N16		16	9.91										153	

Type Designation

- Resistor Networks : RIA, RBA, RBB, RLA

Example

RIA	Q20	T	TE	1002	B	E	B	T
Circuit Code	Package Symbol	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Absolute Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10⁻⁴/K)	Relative Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. Tracking (×10⁻⁴/K)
RIA : Isolated resistor network RBA: Bussed resistor network RBB: High speed bussed network RLA: R/2R Ladder network	Package type symbol+ Number of pins Q16, Q20, Q24: QSOP N08, N14, N16: SOIC Narrow	T: Sn	TE: Plastic embossed	4 digits 3 digits	B: ±0.1% C: ±0.25% D: ±0.5% F: ±1% G: ±2% J: ±5%	T: ±10 E: ±25 C: ±50 H: ±100	A: 0.05% B: 0.1% C: 0.25% D: 0.5% F: 1% G: 2% Nil: Not specified	Y: 05 T: 10 E: 25 C: 50 Nil: Not specified

Specifications are limited by the circuit and resistance value. Please contact us separately.

- Resistor Networks : RNX, RTX, RTY

Example

RNX	Q20	T	TE	5001
Circuit Code	Package Symbol	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Custom Code
RNX: Custom Resistor Network RTX, RTY: SOT-23 Resistor network	Package type symbol+ Number of pins	T: Sn	TE: Plastic embossed	

- Resistor Networks : RDA, RDB

Example

RDA	Q20	T	TE	471J	511J	H
Circuit Code	Package Symbol	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance & Tolerance of R1	Nominal Resistance & Tolerance of R2	T.C.R. (×10⁻⁴/K)
RDA: Dual terminator network RDB: Differential terminator network	Same as above (Except Q24, N14, N08)	T: Sn	TE: Plastic embossed	3 digits G: ±2% J: ±5%	3 digits G: ±2% J: ±5%	E: ±25 C: ±50 H: ±100

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

■ Ratings

Package	QSOP			SOIC			SOT-23
Package Symbol	Q16	Q20	Q24	N08	N14	N16	S03
Package Power Rating	0.8W	1.0W	1.0W	0.4W	0.6W	0.8W	0.2W
Resistance Range	10Ω~1kΩ	Power Rating 200mW/Resistor Element ^{※1}					
	1.1kΩ~	Power Rating 50mW/Resistor Element ^{※1}					
Max. Working Voltage	100V						
Rated Voltage	$\sqrt{\text{Rated Power} \times \text{Nominal Resistance Value}}$, Rated Voltage should not exceed Max. Working Voltage.						
Rated Ambient Temp.	+70°C						
Operating Temp. Range	-55°C~+125°C ^{※2}						

Above ratings are based on the thermal resistances using a multi-layer circuit board (EIA/JESD51). For mounting on a mono-layer board, power derating shall be needed. Please inquire of us about conditions.

※1 Total power consumption of all elements should not exceed the package power rating.

※2 About operating temperature range -55°C~+155°C, We can provide as custom devices. Please inquire of us about it.

● Standard Resistor Networks

Circuit Code	Circuit Schematics (Top View)	Number of Pins	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) E24 and Absolute Tolerance		Circuit Code	Circuit Schematics (Top View)	Number of Pins	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) (E24) and Resistance Tolerance
				F:±1%	G:±2%, J:±5%					G:±2%, J:±5%
RBA		8, 14, 16, 20, 24	E:±25	100~100k	100~100k	RDA		16, 20	E:±25	R1=150~10k R1:R2=1:1~1:4
			C:±50	51~100k	51~100k				C:±50	
			H:±100	30~100k	10~100k				H:±100	
RBB		8, 14, 16, 20, 24	E:±25	100~100k	100~100k	RDB		16, 20	E:±25	R1=150~10k R1:R2=1:1~1:4
			C:±50	51~100k	51~100k				C:±50	
			H:±100	30~100k	10~100k				H:±100	
RTX		3 SOT-23 Only	E:±25	100~40k	100~40k	RLA		14, 16	H:±100	1k~30k
			C:±50	51~40k	51~40k					
			H:±100							

Network Resistors

■ Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.05Ω)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance		25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.		+25°C/-55°C, +25°C/125°C
Resistance to soldering heat	0.1 ^{※3}	0.05	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5 ^{※3}	0.05	-55°C(30min.)/+125°C(30min.), 100 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.5 ^{※3}	0.05	40°C±2°C, 90~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	0.25 ^{※3}	0.05	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.25 ^{※3}	0.10	+125°C, 1000h

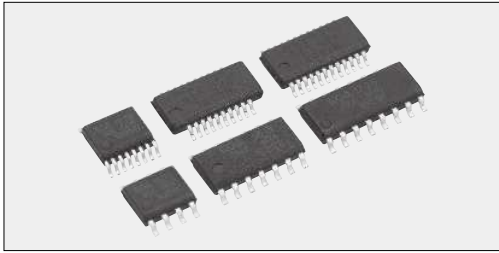
※3 Guaranteed value differs depending on resistance value.

■ Precautions for Use

- The resistor of this product is formed by narrow patterning a thin metal film. Thus, application of excessive voltage causes burn and destruction of the resistive film, abnormality in resistance or open resistance and loss of proper function. The properly and electrostatically measured taping materials are used for the components, but attention should be paid to the fact that there is some danger the parts may be destructed by static electricity(equivalent to 500V and more at 100pF, 1.5kΩ) to cause a change in resistance in the conditions of an excessive dryness when mounting on the boards. Similarly, care should be given not to apply the excessive static electricity at the time of mounting on the boards. When designing, consideration can be taken into withstanding ESD for customized KPC products. Please consult with us about the details.
- Hand soldering by iron soldering or repairment are not recommended because KPC is a multi-pin product.

KPC RIA ■ Isolated Resistor Networks

KPC RNX ■ Custom Resistor Networks



Body color : Black

■ Applications

- Automotives, medical instrument, industrial machines, Measurement equipment
- Computers and networks
- High precision OP amp circuit, High precision voltage divider

■ Features

- High precision resistor networks
- Combination of different resistance is available for custom circuit.
- Relative resistance tolerance 0.05%~
- TCR tracking $5 \times 10^{-6}/K \sim$

■ Ratings

Number of Pins	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) and Absolute Tolerance					Relative resistance tol.	TCR Tracking ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)
		B : $\pm 0.1\%$	C : $\pm 0.25\%$	D : $\pm 0.5\%$	F : $\pm 1\%$	G : $\pm 2\%$, J : $\pm 5\%$		
8, 14 16, 20 24	T : ± 10	510~100k	510~100k	510~100k	510~100k	510~100k	A : 0.05% B : 0.1% C : 0.25% D : 0.5% F : 1% G : 2%	Y : 5 T : 10 E : 25 C : 50
	E : ± 25			100~510k	100~510k	100~510k		
	C : ± 50			51~510k	51~510k	51~510k		
	H : ± 100				30~510k	10~510k		

Rated power (70°C) : $10\Omega \sim 1k\Omega$ 200mW/element $1.1k\Omega \sim 50m\Omega$ /element

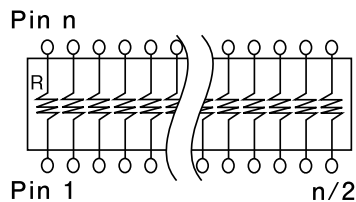
Please inquire of us about your custom devices and circuits. (Different resistance combination available)

Depending on the circuit and package, much higher resistances are possible.

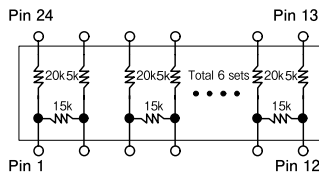
For RIA20, 24 pin, highest resistance value/element is up to 100k Ω .

■ Circuit Construction (Top View)

● High Precision Resistor Networks



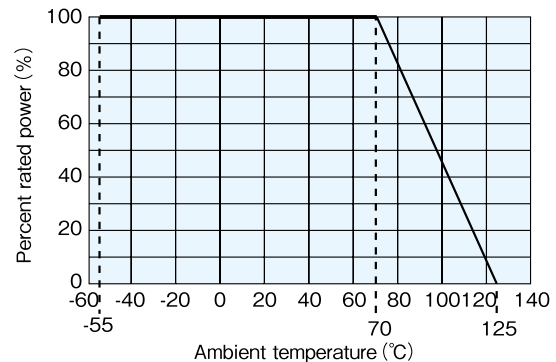
● Custom High Precision Resistor Networks



(Example of use)

Resistance Value 5k Ω , 15k Ω , 20k Ω Total 18 elements
 Tol. abs. $\pm 0.1\%$ relative 0.1%
 T.C.R. abs. $\pm 10 \times 10^{-6}/K$ TCR Tracking $5 \times 10^{-6}/K$
 Please inquire of us about your custom devices and circuits.

■ Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

KPC RTY Precision Voltage Divider



Features

- Expanded flexibility of component layout.
- Relative precision of pair resistors are guaranteed.
- Relative resistance tolerance 0.05%~
- TCR tracking $5 \times 10^{-6}/K \sim$

Application

- Voltage dividing circuit
- Reference voltage circuit
- OP amplifier circuit
- Matching resistors

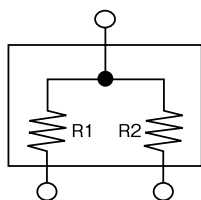
Ratings

T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω) and Absolute Tolerance					Relative resistance tol.	TCR Tracking ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)
	B: $\pm 0.1\%$	C: $\pm 0.25\%$	D: $\pm 0.5\%$	F: $\pm 1\%$	G: $\pm 2\%$, J: $\pm 5\%$		
T: ± 10	1k~40k	1k~40k	1k~40k	1k~40k	1k~40k	A: 0.05% B: 0.1% C: 0.25% D: 0.5% F: 1% G: 2%	Y: 5 T: 10 E: 25 C: 50
E: ± 25	1k~150k	1k~150k	100~150k	100~150k	100~150k		
C: ± 50			51~200k	51~200k	51~200k		
H: ± 100			30~200k	30~200k	30~200k		

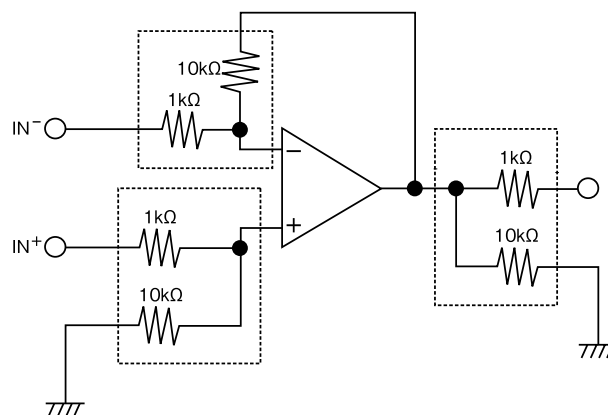
Max. total resistance in a package is up to 200k Ω

Network Resistors

Schematic (Top View)



Example of Application

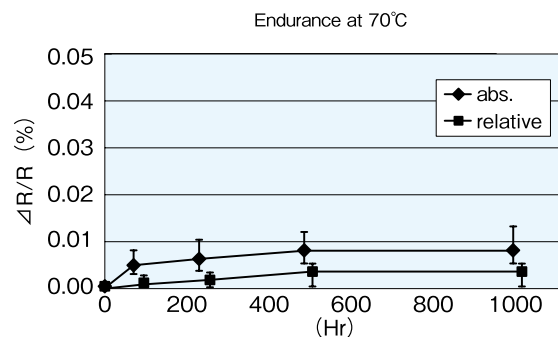


Package Ratings

Package Symbol	Package	Number of pins	Package power rating (W)
S03	SOT-23	3	0.2

Typical Characteristics

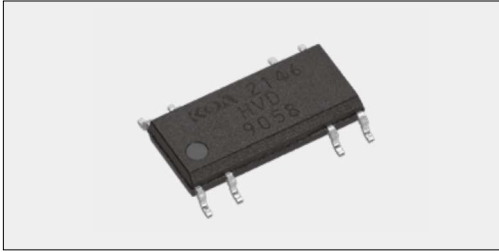
Endurance at 70°C (Typical: 1k Ω , 8 resistors/package)



Merit of thin film resistor networks

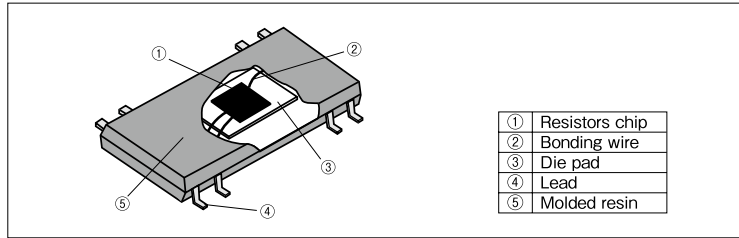
Metal thin film resistors formed by sputtering method have very similar characteristic among pair resistors. When their characteristic of T.C.R., aging, etc. for relative precision is requested, it's very suitable to apply thin film resistor networks to utilize the characteristic as above.

HVD Thin Film Network Resistors For High Voltage Divider



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- High precision high voltage divider.
- Max. resistance value 51MΩ, Max. working voltage 1000V, Max. resistance ratio 1000:1.
- Relative precision of pair resistors are guaranteed.
- Higher integration saves board space and overall assembly costs.
- Excellent reliability with Standard molded IC package.
- Suitable for reflow soldering.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

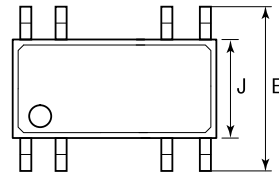
Applications

- High voltage divider for HEV/EV.
- High magnification of the operational amplifier circuit.

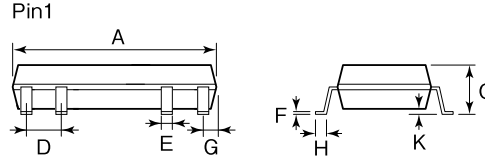
Reference Standards

- IEC 60115-6-2
- JIS C 5201-6-2
- IEC 60664-1
- JIS C 60664-1

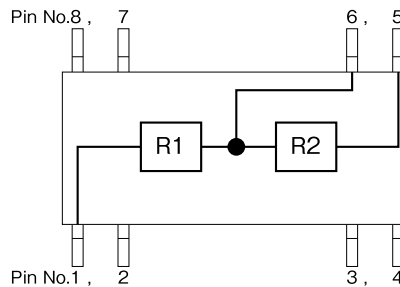
Dimensions



Dimensions (mm)			
A	8.66±0.2	F	0.20±0.1
B	5.99±0.2	G	0.29±0.1
C	1.60±0.2	H	0.66±0.2
D	1.50±0.1	J	3.81±0.2
E	0.25±0.1	K	0.18±0.1



Circuit Construction



Type Designation

Example

HVD	P08	T	TE	XXXX
Circuit Code	Package Symbol	Terminal Surface Material	Taping Number	Product Identification Number
HVD : High Voltage Divider	Package type symbol + Number of pins	T : Sn	TE : Plastic embossed	

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Ratings

	Max. Working Voltage	Power Rating/Resistor Element	Resistance Range Resistance ratio 10:1~1000:1 (R1+R2)/R2	Absolute Resistance Tolerance	Relative Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	T.C.R. Tracking (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Taping & Q' ty/Reel (pcs) TE	Weight (g) 1000 pcs
R1	1000V	250mW	0.5MΩ~51MΩ	±0.1%, ±0.25%, ±0.5%, ±1%	0.1% 0.25% 0.5%	±25 ±50	10 25	2,500	128
R2	15V	50mW	4.5kΩ~1MΩ	—					

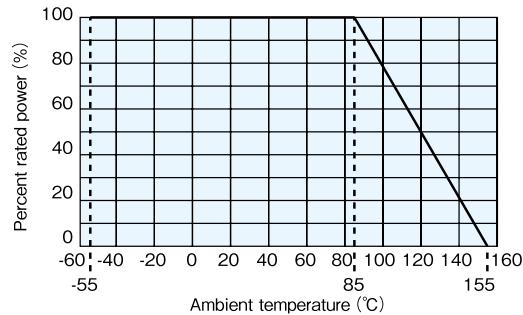
Rated Ambient Temperature : +85°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Guaranteed value differs depending on resistance value.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 85°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

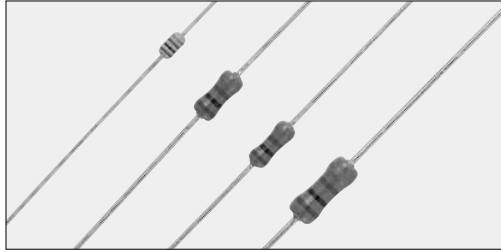
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements (Ratio) ΔR%		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C, +25°C/+155°C
Overload (Short time)	0.1	0.01	Rated Voltage×2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.1	0.02	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.1	0.01	-55°C(30min.) /+155°C(30min.) 1000cycles
Moisture resistance	0.1	0.02	85°C±2°C, 85%±5%RH, 1,000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles
Endurance at 85°C	0.1	0.01	85°C±2°C, 1,000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles
High temperature exposure	0.1	0.03	+155°C, 1,000h

Precautions for Use

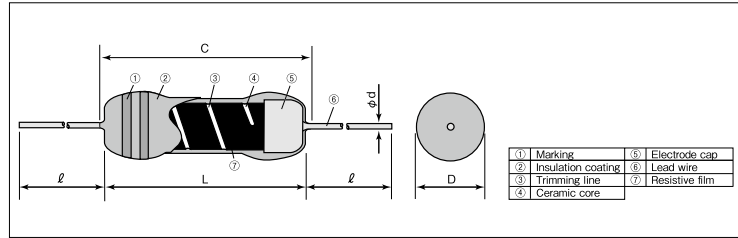
- The resistor of this product is formed by narrow patterning a thin metal film. Thus, application of excessive voltage causes burn and destruction of the resistive film, abnormality in resistance or open resistance and loss of proper function. The properly and electrostatically measured taping materials are used for the components, but attention should be paid to the fact that there is some danger the parts may be destructed by static electricity(equivalent to 500V and more at 100pF, 1.5kΩ) to cause a change in resistance in the conditions of an excessive dryness when mounting on the boards. Similarly, care should be given not to apply the excessive static electricity at the time of mounting on the boards.
- Hand soldering by iron soldering or repairment are not recommended because HVD is a multi-pin product.

CF Coat-Insulated Fixed Carbon Film Resistors



Coating colors : CFS1/4-Ivory Others-venetian red
Marking : Color code

Construction



Features

- General-purpose lead-type resistors.
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Various types of formings are available.
- Stronger in pulse resistance than chip resistors of the same power.
- The smaller type of 1/4W(CFS 1/4) is available.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-2
JIS C 5201-2
EIAJ RC-2136

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)		
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	Standard	Long	
CFS1/4	3.2±0.2	3.4	1.7 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.45	14min.*1	20min.*2	80
CF1/4	6.1±0.5	7.1	2.3±0.3	0.6			160
CFS1/2	6.3±0.5	7.1	2.85±0.3	0.6	20min.	—	290
CFB1/2	9.0±1.0	11.0	3.5±0.5	0.7		—	520

*1 Forming code S is applied for bulk type. *3 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.
*2 Long type is custom-made

Type Designation

Example

CF	1/4	C	T52	A	103	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	S1/4:0.25W 1/4:0.25W S1/2:0.5W B1/2:0.5W	C:SnCu	See table below	A: AMMO R: REEL Nil: BOX	3 digits	G: ±2% J: ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Straight		Axial Taping		Radial Taping					U Forming		M Forming			
	S	Nil	T26	T52	VT	MT	MHT	VTP	VTE	U	UCL	M5	M10	M12.5	M12.5
CFS 1/4C	○*1	○*2	○	○	○	○	○	—	—	○	—	M5F	—	—	—
CF 1/4C	○*1	○*2	○	○	○	—	—	○	○	—	○	—	M10H	M12.5H	—
CFS 1/2C	—	○	○	○	○	—	—	○	○	○	—	—	M10H	—	—
CFB 1/2C	—	○	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	M12.5K

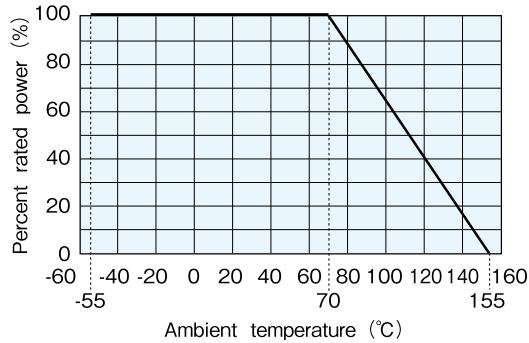
Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) E24		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)	
		G: ±2%	J: ±5%	+350~-450	0~-700	0~-1000	0~-1300				T26A	T52A
CFS 1/4C	0.25W	10~330k	2.2~1M	2.2Ω~47kΩ	51kΩ~100kΩ	110kΩ~330kΩ	360kΩ~1MΩ	250V	500V	300V	5,000	3,000
CF 1/4C	0.25W	10~1M	2.2~5.1M	2.2Ω~100kΩ	110kΩ~330kΩ	360kΩ~1MΩ	1.1MΩ~5.1MΩ	300V	600V	500V	2,000	2,000
CFS 1/2C	0.5W		1.0~5.1M	1.0Ω~91kΩ	100kΩ~1MΩ	1.1MΩ~2.2MΩ	2.4MΩ~5.1MΩ	350V	700V	700V		
CFB 1/2C	0.5W		2.2~5.1M	2.2Ω~100kΩ	110kΩ~1MΩ	1.1MΩ~2.2MΩ	2.4MΩ~5.1MΩ	400V	800V	700V	—	—

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C
Operating Temperature Range : -55°C~+155°C

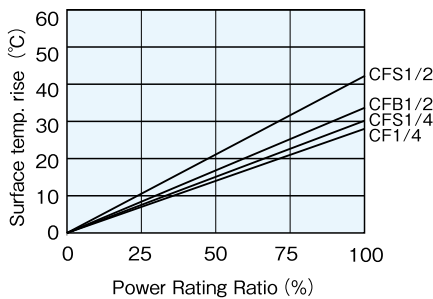
Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve

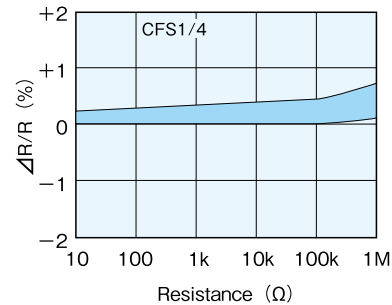


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Surface Temperature Rise



Load Life At 70°C 1000Hr



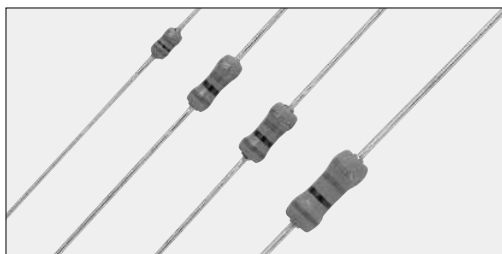
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	Measuring points are at 10mm±1mm from the end cap.
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+ 25°C / + 125°C
Overload (Short time)	1	0.5	Rated voltage × 2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s.
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s, 350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s ± 0.5s
Terminal strength	No lead-coming off and loose terminals	—	Twist 360°, 5 times
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	5	2.5	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	3	1.5	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle

Precautions for Use

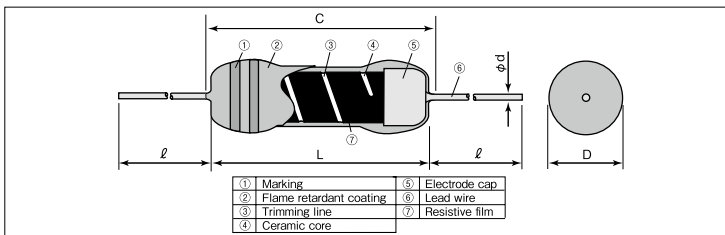
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.

CFP Coat-Insulated Fixed Carbon Film Resistors (Flame retardant coating)



Coating color : Green
Marking : Color code

Construction



Features

- Equivalent to flame retardant coat. (UL94 V-0)
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Stronger in pulse resistance than chip resistors of the same power.
- The smaller type of 1/4W (CFPS 1/4) is available.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-2
JIS C 5201-2

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)		
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	Standard	Long	
CFPS1/4	3.2±0.2	3.4	1.7 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.45	14min. ^{*1}	20min. ^{*2}	80
CFP1/4	6.1±0.5	7.1	2.3±0.3	0.6	20min.	—	160
CFPS1/2	6.3±0.5	7.1	2.85±0.3	0.6	—	—	290
CFPB1/2	9.0±1.0	11.0	3.5±0.5	0.7	—	—	520

*1 Forming code S is applied for bulk type.

*2 Long type is custom-made

*3 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation

Example

CFP	1/4	C	T52	A	103	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	S1/4:0.25W 1/4:0.25W S1/2:0.5W B1/2:0.5W	C: SnCu	See table below	A: AMMO R: REEL Nil: BOX	3 digits	G: ±2% J: ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Straight		Axial Taping			Radial Taping					M Forming	L Forming
	S	Nil	T26	T52	L52	VT	MT	MHT	VTP	GT		
CFPS 1/4C	○ ^{*1}	○ ^{*2}	○	○	—	—	○	○	—	—	M5F	—
CFP 1/4C	○ ^{*1}	○ ^{*2}	○	○	○	○	—	—	○	○	M10H	L10A
CFPS 1/2C	—	○	○	○	—	○	—	—	○	○	—	—
CFPB 1/2C	—	○	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	M12.5K	L12.5A

Ratings

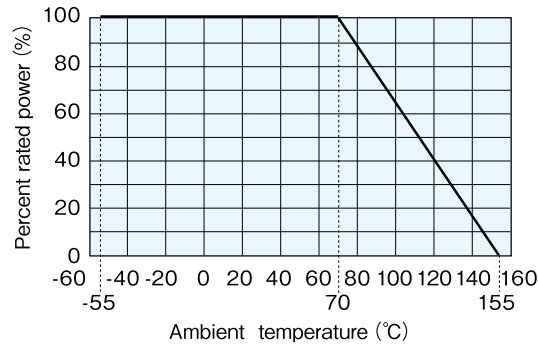
Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) E24		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)		
		G: ±2%	J: ±5%	+350~-450	0~-700	0~-1000	0~-1300				T26A	T52A	L52A
CFPS 1/4C	0.25W	10~100K	2.2~1M	2.2Ω~47kΩ	51kΩ~100kΩ	110kΩ~330kΩ	360kΩ~1MΩ	250V	500V	300V	5,000	3,000	—
CFP 1/4C	0.25W	10~1M		2.2Ω~100kΩ	110kΩ~330kΩ	360kΩ~1MΩ	—	300V	600V	500V	2,000	2,000	2,000
CFPS 1/2C	0.5W			2.2Ω~91kΩ	100kΩ~1MΩ	—	—	350V	700V	700V			
CFPB 1/2C	0.5W			2.2Ω~100kΩ	110kΩ~1MΩ	—	—	400V	800V	—	—	—	2,000

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Performance

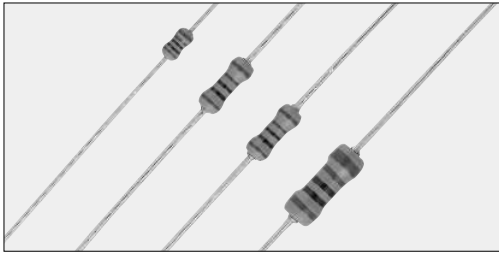
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	Measuring points are at 10mm±1mm from the end cap.
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	1	0.5	Rated voltage×2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s, 350°C±10°C, 3.5s±0.5s
Terminal strength	No lead-coming off and loose terminals	—	Twist 360°, 5 times
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	5	2.5	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	3	1.5	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	Ultrasonic washing with Isopropyl alcohol for 2 min. Power : 0.3W/cm ² , f : 28kHz, Temp. : 35°C±5°C
Flame retardant	No evidence of flaming or self-flaming.	—	Flame test : The test flame shall be applied and removed for each 15 sec respectively to repeat the cycle 5 times. Overload flame retardant : AC Voltage corresponding to 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 times the power rating shall be applied for each 1min. until disconnection occurs. However the applied voltage shall not exceed 4 times the maximum operating voltage.

Low Power Type Resistors

Precautions for Use

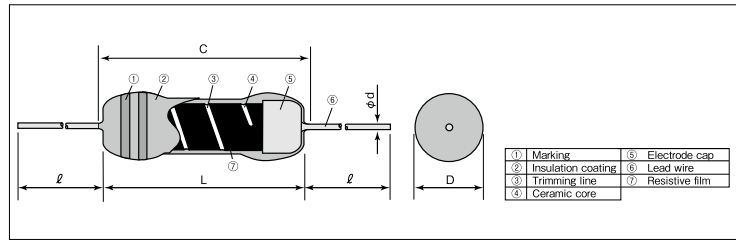
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.
- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.

MF Coat-Insulated Fixed Metal Film Resistors



Coating color : Light gray
Marking : Color code

Construction



Features

- High precision and low T.C.R. metal film resistors.
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Various formings are available.
- Excellent stability for a long time.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (Exemption MF1/2).

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1
EIAJ RC-2137

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	
MFS1/4	3.2±0.2	3.4	1.7 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.45	120
MF1/4	6.3±0.5	7.1	2.3±0.3	0.6	215
MFS1/2					215
MF1/2	9.0±1.0	11.1	3.5±0.4		360

*1 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation

Example

MF	1/4	D	C	T52	A	1002	F
Product Code	Power Rating	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	S1/4: 0.25W 1/4: 0.25W S1/2: 0.5W 1/2: 0.5W	C: ±50 D: ±100 L: ±200	C: SnCu	See table below	A: AMMO R: REEL Nil: BOX	D, F: 4 digits G: 3 digits	D: ±0.5% F: ±1% G: ±2%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping		Radial Taping				U Forming	M Forming				
	T26	T52	VT	VTP	VTE	MT	U	M5		M10	M12.5	M15
MFS1/4□C	○	○	○	—	—	○	○	M5F	M5R	—	—	—
MF1/4□C	○	○	○	○	○	—	○	—	—	M10F	M12.5R	—
MFS1/2□C	○	○	○	○	○	—	—	—	—	M10R	—	—
MF1/2□C	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	M12.5R	M15R

□ : T.C.R.

Ratings

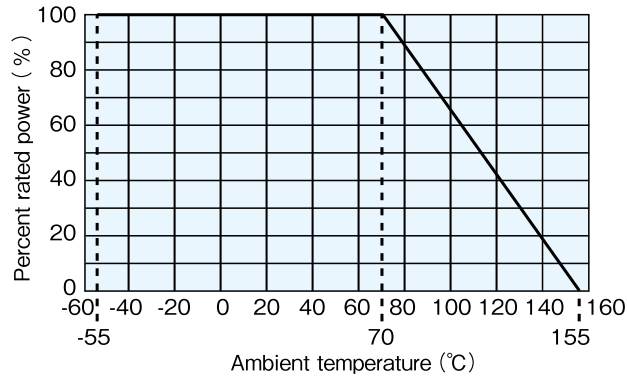
Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectri Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)		
			D : ±0.5% E24 · E192	F : ±1% E24 · E96	G : ±2% E24				T26A	T52A	
MFS1/4CC	0.25W	C : ±50	49.9~562k	10~1M	—	250V	500V	300V	3,000	3,000	
MFS1/4DC		D : ±100							3,000	3,000	
MF1/4CC	C : ±50	10~2.21M	10~2.21M	—	500V				2,000	2,000	
MF1/4DC	D : ±100								2,000	2,000	
MF1/4LC	L : ±200	—	1.0~10	0.51~10				2,000	2,000		
MFS1/2CC	0.5W	C : ±50	10~1M	10~2.2M				10~2.2M	2,000	2,000	
MFS1/2DC		D : ±100			2,000	2,000					
MF1/2CC	0.5W	C : ±50	10~5.05M	10~4.99M	—	350V	700V	700V	—	2,000	
MF1/2DC		D : ±100								10~5.11M	2,000
MF1/2LC		L : ±200								1.0~10	0.51~10

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Performance

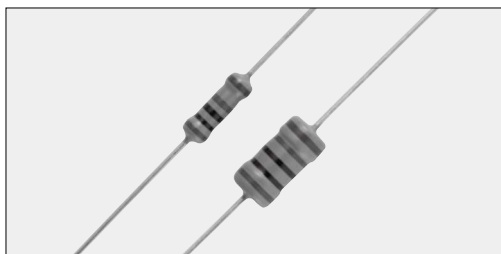
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.5	0.3	Rated voltage×2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s : MFS1/4, MF1/4, MF1/2 Rated voltage×2 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s : MFS1/2
Resistance to soldering heat	0.75 : MFS1/4 0.5 : MF1/4, MFS1/2, MF1/2	0.4 : MFS1/4 0.25 : MF1/4, MFS1/2, MF1/2	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1.0	0.3	-55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	1.5 : MFS1/4 1 : MF1/4, MFS1/2, MF1/2	1 : MFS1/4 0.75 : MF1/4, MFS1/2, MF1/2	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	1.5 : MFS1/4 1 : MF1/4, MFS1/2, MF1/2	1 : MFS1/4 0.75 : MF1/4, MFS1/2, MF1/2	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle

Low Power Type Resistors

Precautions for Use

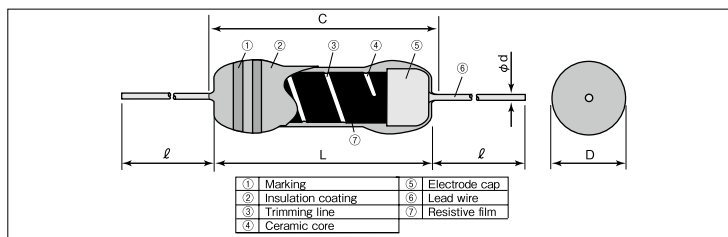
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.

SN 3A/3D Coat-Insulated Fixed Metal Film Resistors



Coating color : Light gray
Marking : Color code

Construction



Features

- High precision and low T.C.R. metal film resistor.
- Excellent stability for a long time.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±2	C Max.	D±1.0	d (nominal)	ℓ ±3	
SN3A	14.1	18.3	4.8	1.0	38	1,240
SN3D	16.5	21.5	8.4			3,340

Type Designation

Example

SN	3A	D	C	1002	F
Product Code	Power Rating	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Termination Surface Material	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	3A : 1W 3D : 2W	C : ± 50 D : ± 100 L : ± 200	C : SnCu	D,F : 4digits G : 3digits	D : $\pm 0.5\%$ F : $\pm 1\%$ G : $\pm 2\%$

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Ratings

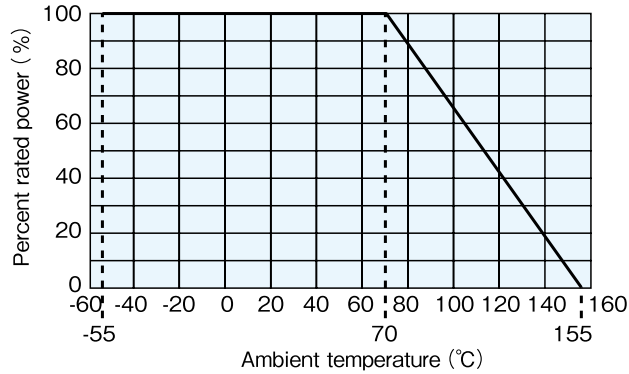
Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectri Withstanding Voltage
			D : $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E192	F : $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	G : $\pm 2\%$ E24			
SN3ACC	1W	C : ± 50	—	10~1M	—	500V	1000V	1000V
SN3ADC		D : ± 100	10~1M	10~1M	10~1M			
SN3ALC		L : ± 200	—	4.99~10	1~10			
SN3DDC	2W	D : ± 100	10~1.5M	10~1.5M	10~1.5M			
SN3DLC		L : ± 200	—	—	5.1~10			

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Performance

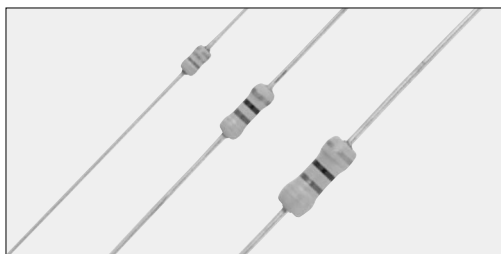
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$	Test Methods
	Limit	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	+25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.5	Rated voltage \times 2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.25	260°C \pm 5°C, 10s \pm 1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	-55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	1	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	1	70°C \pm 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle

Low Power Type Resistors

Precautions for Use

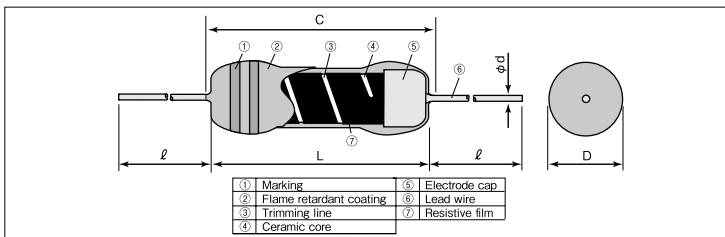
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.

SNF Coat-Insulated Metal Film Fixed Resistors



Coating color : Light blue
 Marking : Color code : 4 color-bands

Construction



Features

- Flame retardant coating.
(Equivalent to UL94 V-0)
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Various types of formings are available.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Reference Standards

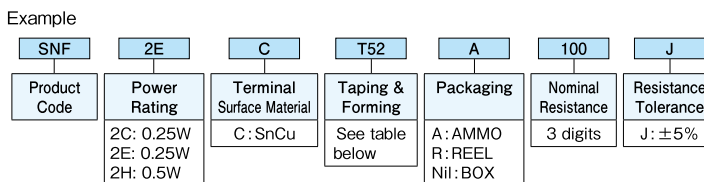
IEC 60115-1
 JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)		
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	Standard	Long	
SNF2C	3.2±0.2	3.4	1.7 ^{+0.2} / _{-0.1}	0.45	14min.*1	20min.*2	80
SNF2E	6.1±0.5	7.1	2.3±0.3	0.6	—	—	160
SNF2H	9.0±1.0	11.0	3.5±0.5	0.7	20min.	—	520

*1 Forming code S is applied for bulk type.
 *2 Long type is custom-made
 *3 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
 For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Straight		Axial Taping		M Forming			
	S	Nil	T26	T52	M5	M10	M12.5	M15
SNF2CC	○	○*2	○	○	M5F	—	—	—
SNF2EC	○	○*2	○	○	—	M10F	M12.5R	—
SNF2HC	—	○	—	○	—	—	M12.5K	M15K

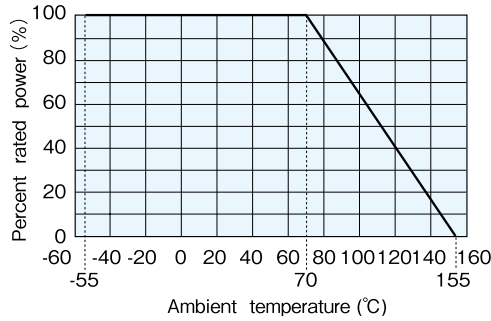
Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) J: ±5% E24	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Max. Working Voltage E=√P×R (V)	Max. Overload Voltage E×2.5 (V)	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty /AMMO (pcs)	
								T26A	T52A
SNF2CC	0.25W	0.47~9.1	+350~-450	E=√P×R (V)	E×2.5 (V)	300V	-55°C~+155°C	3,000	3,000
SNF2EC								2,000	2,000
SNF2HC	0.50W	0.47~100				700V		—	2,000

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C
 Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value

Low Power Type Resistors

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Performance

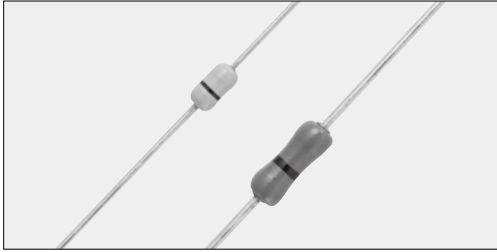
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	1	0.5	Rated voltage×2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s, 350°C±10°C, 3.5s±0.5s
Terminal strength	No lead-coming off and loose terminals	—	Twist 360°, 5 times
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	5	2.5	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	3	1.5	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	Ultrasonic washing with Isopropyl alcohol for 2 min. Power : 0.3W/cm ² , f : 28kHz, Temp. : 35°C±5°C
Flame retardant	No evidence of flaming or self-flaming.	—	Flame test : The test flame shall be applied and removed for each 15 sec respectively to repeat the cycle 5 times. Overload flame retardant : AC Voltage corresponding to 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 times the power rating shall be applied for each 1min. until disconnection occurs. However the applied voltage shall not exceed 4 times the maximum operating voltage.

Low Power Type Resistors

Precautions for Use

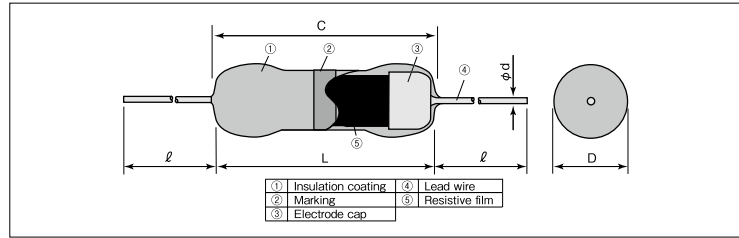
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.
- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.

Z Coat-Insulated Zero OHM Resistors



Coating color : Ivory (Z16) : Venetian Red (Z25)
 Marking : Color code with one black band

Construction



Features

- Zero OHM resistors of the same shape of CFS1/4 series and CF1/4 series.
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)	
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	ℓ ^{※3}		
					Standard	Long	
Z16	3.2±0.2	3.4	1.7 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	0.45	14min. ^{※1}	20min. ^{※2}	80
Z25	6.1±0.5	7.1	2.3±0.3	0.6			160

※1 Forming code S is applied for bulk type.
 ※2 Long type is custom-made
 ※3 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation

Example

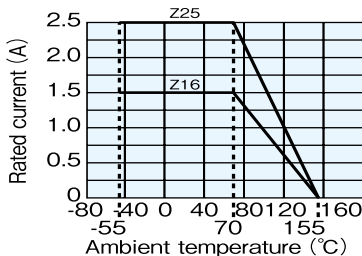
Z16	C	T52	A
Product Code	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging
Z16 Z25	C: SnCu	S: Standard Nil: Long T26: 26mm taping T52: 52mm taping	A: AMMO R: REEL Nil: BOX

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
 For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Maximum Amperage	Rated Ambient Temperature	Operating Temperature Range	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Resistance	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)	
						T26A	T52A
Z16C	1.5A	+70°C	-55°C~+155°C	300V	20mΩ or less	5,000	3,000
Z25C	2.5A	+70°C	-55°C~+155°C	500V		2,000	2,000

Derating Curve

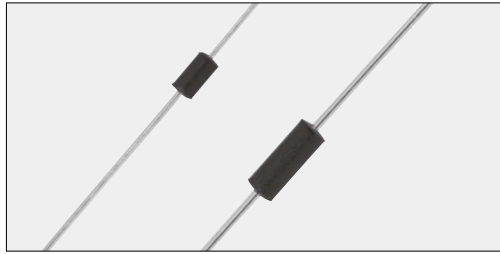


For resistors operated in an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the derating curve in the left figure.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements	Test Methods JIS C 5201-1
Resistance	20mΩ or less	Measuring points are at 10mm±1mm from the end cap.
Resistance to soldering heat	20mΩ or less	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s, 350°C±10°C, 3.5s±0.5s
Terminal Strength	No lead-coming off and loose terminals	Pulling test : Z16 : 5N, 30s, Z25 : 10N, 30s Twist test : 360°, 5 times Bending test : 5N, 90°, 2 times (Z16 : 2.5N)
Rapid change of temperature	20mΩ or less	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	20mΩ or less	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	20mΩ or less	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	Ultrasonic washing with Isopropyl alcohol for 2 min. Power: 0.3W/cm², f: 28kHz, Temp.: 35°C±5°C

J-Z Insulated Jumper Wires



Body color : Black
No marking

Features

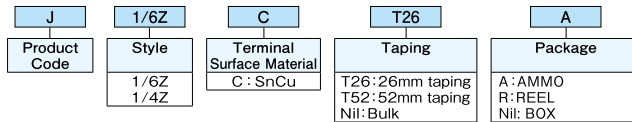
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Higher than Z series in allowable current.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Ratings

Type	Max. Allowable Current	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
J1/6ZC	8A	+70°C	-55°C~+125°C
J1/4ZC	10A		

Type Designation

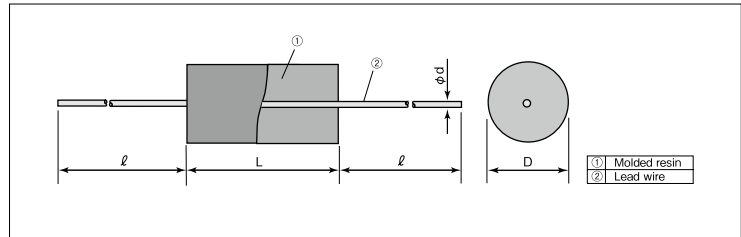
Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g/1000pcs)
	L	D	d (nominal)	$l \pm 3^{+1}$	
J1/6Z	$3.4^{+0.1}_{-0.2}$	1.7 ± 0.2	0.5	30	110
J1/4Z	6.5 ± 0.5	$2.3^{+0}_{-0.3}$	0.6		190

※1 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

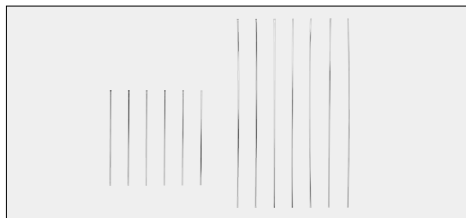
Taping

Taping Type Name	Taping & Q'ty (pcs)	
	AMMO	Reel
J1/6ZCT26A	2,000	—
J1/6ZCT52□	2,000	5,000
J1/4ZCT26A	2,000	—
J1/4ZCT52□	2,000	5,000

The code for package enters □.

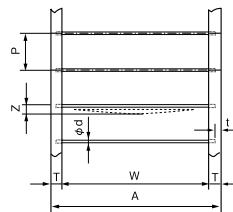
Low Power Type Resistors

JL Jumper Wires



Coating : None

Dimensions (mm)



Type	Dimension (mm)			
	W	P	A	Z
T26	$26^{+1.0}_{-0}$	5.00 ± 0.3	39 ± 1.0	
T52	52 ± 1	5.08 ± 0.38	64.5 ± 1.0	
	d (Nominal)	T	t	Z
T26	0.5, 0.6	6.2 ± 0.5	2.5 Max.	0.8 Max.
T52				

Features

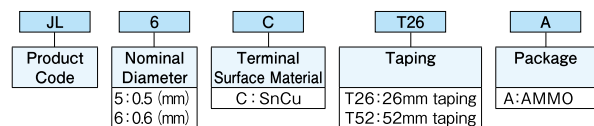
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Ratings

Type	Nominal Diameter	Max. Allowable Current	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
JL5C	0.5mm	8A	+70°C	-55°C~+125°C
JL6C	0.6mm	10A		

Type Designation

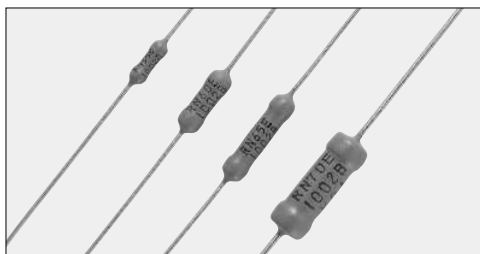
Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

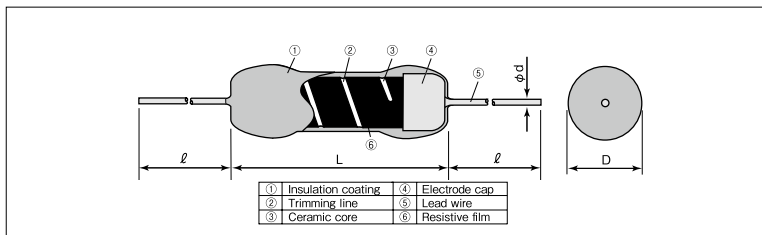
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

RNS Coat-Insulated Precision Fixed Metal Film Resistors



Coating color : Light gray
Marking : Alphanumeric

Construction



Features

- High precision resistors with resistance tolerance $\pm 0.1\%$ and T.C.R. $\pm 5 \times 10^{-6}/K$.
- Excellent long term stability in resistance value.
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (RNS1).

Standard Approved

MIL-R-10509G standard (USA)

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g/1000pcs)
	L ± 1	D ± 0.5	d (Nominal)	l $\pm 3^{*1}$	
RNS1/8	6.4	2.3	0.6	38	260
RNS1/4	9.5	3.5			440
RNS1/2	13.5		530		
RNS1	15.5	5.5	0.8		1400

*1 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation

Example

RNS	1/8	E	C	T52	A	1003	B
Product Code	Power Rating	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Termination Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1/8 : 0.125W 1/4 : 0.25W 1/2 : 0.5W 1 : 1W	Y : ± 5 T : ± 10 E : ± 25 C : ± 50	C : SnCu	See table below	A : AMMO R : REEL Nil : BOX	4 digits	B : $\pm 0.1\%$ C : $\pm 0.25\%$ D : $\pm 0.5\%$ F : $\pm 1\%$

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping			Radial Taping		
	T26	T52	T521	VT	VTP	VTE
RNS1/8	○	○	—	*2	*2	*2
RNS1/4	—	○	—	—	—	—
RNS1/2	—	○	—	—	—	—
RNS1	—	—	○	—	—	—

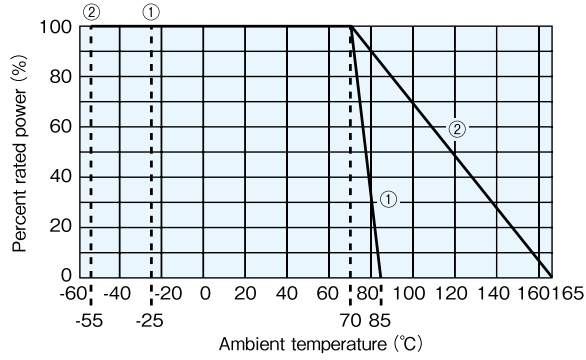
*2 T.C.R. is applicable to E($\pm 25 \times 10^{-6}/K$) and C($\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$).

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)				Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Rated Ambient Temperature	Operating Temperature Range
			B : $\pm 0.1\%$ E24 · E192	C : $\pm 0.25\%$ E24 · E192	D : $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E192	F : $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96					
RNS1/8 (RN55)	0.125W	Y : ± 5	100~100k	100~100k	100~100k	100~100k	200V	400V	500V	+70°C	-25°C~ +85°C
		T : ± 10	100~200k	100~200k	100~200k	100~200k					
		E : ± 25 C : ± 50	5.1~750k	5.1~1.62M	0.2~2M	0.2~2M					
RNS1/4 (RN60)	0.25W	E : ± 25	5.1~1M	5.1~2M	0.2~2M	0.2~2M	250V	500V	700V	+70°C	-55°C~ +165°C
		C : ± 50	5.1~1.5M		0.2~5.1M	0.2~5.1M					
RNS1/2 (RN65)	0.5W	E : ± 25	5.1~1.5M	5.1~2M	0.2~2.4M	0.2~4.7M	300V	600V	700V	+70°C	
		C : ± 50	5.1~2M		5.1~2.4M	0.2~5.1M					
RNS 1 (RN70)	1W	E : ± 25	5.1~2M	5.1~2.4M	0.2~5.1M	0.2~5.1M	350V	700V	1000V	+70°C	
		C : ± 50	5.1~2.4M		0.2~6.8M	0.2~6.8M					

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



① T.C.R. : Y ($\pm 5 \times 10^{-6}/K$), T ($\pm 10 \times 10^{-6}/K$)

② T.C.R. : E ($\pm 25 \times 10^{-6}/K$), C ($\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$)

For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

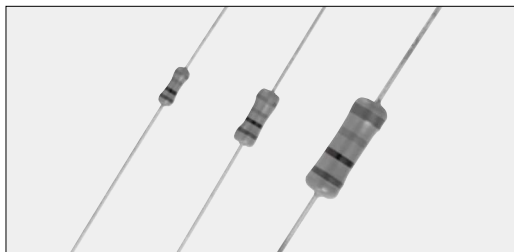
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	Y, T : +25°C/+65°C E, C : +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.25	0.15	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s.
Resistance to soldering heat	0.2	0.075	350°C $\pm 10^\circ\text{C}$, 3.5s $\pm 0.5\text{s}$
Rapid change of temperature	0.2	0.075	-55°C (30min.) / +85°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	0.75	0.5	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	0.5	0.35	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle

Precautions for Use

- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.

RK Coat Insulated Glazed Metal Film Fixed Resistors RK1/2G Discharge Path Resistors



Coating color : Light gray
Marking : Color code

Features

- Responsible to resistance tolerance $\pm 1\%$ and T.C.R. $\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$.
- Resistors up to high resistance range in small sizes are available.
- Highly stable against environmental conditions and overload.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirement. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in resistor element.

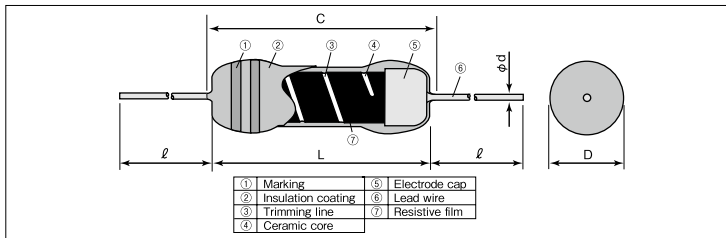
Approval Awarded

- UL1676 c-UL (CSA-C22.2 No.1-M94) (File No.E159326) Recognized. Products Discharge Path Resistors RK 1/2GC

Reference Standards

- EIAJ RC-2128

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	ℓ^{*2}	
RK 1/4	6.3 \pm 0.5	7.1	2.3 \pm 0.3	0.6	24 Min.	250
RK 1/2	9.5 \pm 1.0	11.1	3.5 \pm 0.4	0.6	24 Min.	380
RK 1	15.5 \pm 1.0	18.3	5.5 \pm 0.5	0.8	38 \pm 3	1340
RK 1/2G ^{*1}	9.5 \pm 1.0	11.1	3.5 \pm 0.4	0.6	24 Min.	380

*1 Discharge path resistor

*2 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation

Example

Product Code	Power Rating	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
RK	1/4	B	C	T52	A	106	J
	1/4: 0.25W 1/2: 0.5W 1: 1W	D: ± 100 L: ± 200 G: ± 250 B: ± 350	C: SnCu	See table below	A: AMMO R: REEL Nil: BOX	F: 4 digits G, J: 3 digits	F: $\pm 1\%$ G: $\pm 2\%$ J: $\pm 5\%$

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping			U Forming	L Forming		M Forming				
	T26	T52	T521	U	L10A	L20A	M10F	M10R	M12.5	M15	
RK1/4□C	○	○	—	○	○	—	—	—	M12.5R	—	—
RK1/2□C	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	M12.5F	M15F	M15R
RK1□C	—	—	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—
RK1/2GC	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	M12.5F	M15F	M15R

□ : T.C.R.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Resistance Range (Ω)			Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)		
			F: $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96	G: $\pm 2\%$ E24	J: $\pm 5\%$ E24				T26A	T52A	T521A
RK1/4DC	0.25W	D: ± 100	3.09M~25M	—	—	500V	700V	500V	2,000	2,000	—
RK1/4LC		L: ± 200	—	3.3M~33M	3.3M~33M						—
RK1/4BC		B: ± 350	100k~25M	100k~33M	100k~33M						—
RK1/2DC	0.5W	D: ± 100	5.11M~33M	—	—	700V	1000V	700V	—	—	—
RK1/2LC		L: ± 200	—	6.2M~33M	6.2M~33M						—
RK1/2BC		B: ± 350	100k~35M	100k~51M	100k~51M						—
RK1BC	1W	B: ± 350	100k~51M	100k~100M	100k~100M	1000V	1500V	1000V	—	—	500
RK1/2GC ^{*3}	0.5W	G: ± 250	—	—	1M~12M	350V	700V	700V	—	2,000	—

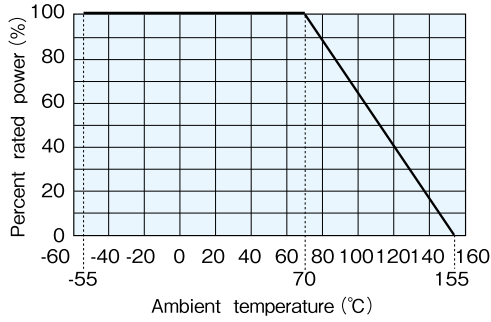
*3 Discharge path resistor

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +155°C

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

■ Derating Curve



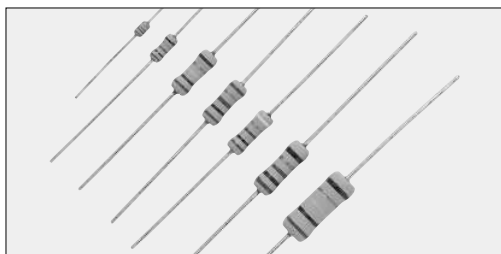
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

■ Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+ 25°C / + 125°C
Overload (Short time)	1 : RK 2.5 : RK1/2G	0.6 : RK 1 : RK1/2G	Rated voltage × 2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1 : RK 5 : RK1/2G	0.5 : RK 1 : RK1/2G	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s or 350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s ± 0.5s
Dielectric withstanding voltage	No breakdown	—	1 min.
Insulation resistance	Not less than 10,000MΩ	—	100V, 1 min.
Rapid change of temperature	1 : RK 5 : RK1/2G	0.5 : RK 1 : RK1/2G	-55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	5 : RK 10 : RK1/2G	2 : RK 5 : RK1/2G	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	5 : RK 10 : RK1/2G	2 : RK 5 : RK1/2G	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	The resistor shall be immersed for 5s in IPA.
Impulse	No such abnormalities as short-circuit, burnout, breakdown, etc.	—	Discharge from 1000pF capacitor 50 pulses. Interval 2.5s Charge voltage : 1.25kV (RK1/4), 2.5kV (RK1/2) and 6kV (RK1).

High Voltage Type Resistors

RCR Coat-Insulated Fixed Anti Surge Resistors



Coating color : Blue gray
 Marking : Excluding RCR16...4 line color codes+5th color code^{*1}
 RCR16...4 line color codes

*1 RCR50+, RCR50EN (1MΩ~12MΩ) : Green, RCR60 : White, Others : Black
 Please confirm contents on technical specifications about the color code of F grade product.

Features

- Excellent anti-surge characteristics.
- Stable characteristics of moisture resistance up to high resistance range.
- RCR50+(1MΩ~12MΩ), RCR50EN (1MΩ~12MΩ) and RCR60 (1MΩ~12MΩ) are conductive-path and Discharge-path Resistors recognized by UL1676 and c-UL (CSA-C22.2 No.1-M94).
- RCR25EN (100kΩ~33MΩ), RCR50EN (100kΩ~33MΩ) and RCR60 (100kΩ~56MΩ) is approved by EN62368-1 G.10 safety.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirement. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in resistor element.
- Automatic mounting machine is applicable by surface mounted device style lead forming.

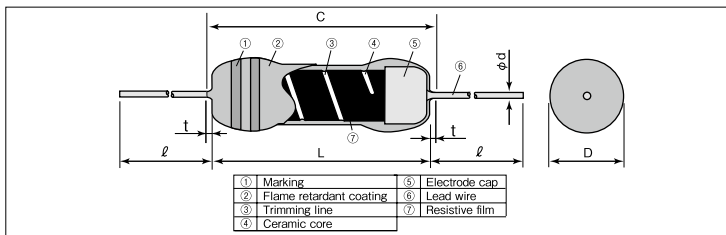
Applications

- TV
- Copy machines
- LBP
- Switching power supplies
- AC adapters

Approvals Awarded

Type	UL1676 & c-UL (CSA-C22.2 No.1-M94)	EN62368-1 G.10
RCR25EN	—	○
RCR50+	—	—
RCR50EN	○ (1MΩ~12MΩ)	○
RCR60	—	○

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	C Max.	t Max.	D	d (Nominal)	
RCR16	3.2±0.2	3.4	—	1.7 ^{+0.05}	0.45	150
RCR25 RCR25EN	6.3±0.5	7.1	—	2.5±0.5	0.6	240
RCR50 (+) RCR50EN	9.5±1.0	—	3.0	3.5±0.4	0.7	520
RCR60	9.5 ^{+1.0}	—	3.0	3.5±0.4	0.7	520
RCR75	12.0±1.0	—	3.0	4.0±0.5	0.8	800
RCR100	15.5±1.0	—	3.0	6.0 ^{+1.0}	0.8	1400

*2 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation

Example

RCR	50	EN	C	T52	A	106	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Safety Approvals Marking	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging Forming	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	16:0.25W 25:0.25W 50:0.5W 60:1W 75:2W 100:3W	+ : RCR50+ EN : RCR25EN, RCR50EN Nil : Others	C:SnCu	See table below	A: AMMO R: REEL TEB-TEG: Plastic embossed (N forming) Nil: BOX	F:4 digits J:3 digits	F:±1% J:±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS. For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping				L Forming			M Forming				N Forming	
	T26	T52	T521	T631	L15A	L20A	L25A	M5	M10	M15	M20	N17	N20
RCR16	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	M5F	—	—	—	—	—
RCR25	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	M10F	—	—	—	—
RCR25EN	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	M10F	—	—	—	—
RCR50	—	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	M15F	—	—	—
RCR50+	—	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	M15F	—	—	—
RCR50EN	—	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	M15F	—	—	—
RCR60	—	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	M15F	—	—	—
RCR75	—	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—
RCR100	—	—	○	○	—	○	○	—	—	—	M20E	—	○

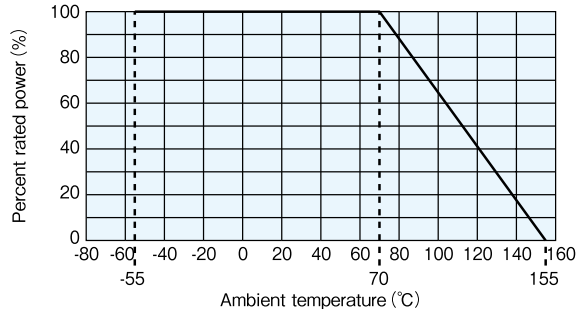
Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω)		Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)			
		F:±1%(E24·E96)	J:±5%(E24)				T26	T52	T521	T631
RCR16	0.25W	100k~5.1M	100k~5.1M	500V	1000V	300V	5000	3000	—	—
RCR25 RCR25EN		100k~9.1M	100k~33M	D.C. 1600V A.C. 1150V	D.C. 2000V A.C. 1500V	700V	2000	2000	—	—
RCR50		3.3Ω~910k	3.3~910k 13M~33M	2000V	2500V	700V	—	2000	—	—
RCR50+	1M~9.1M	1M~12M								
RCR50EN	100k~9.1M	100k~33M								
RCR60	100k~9.1M	100k~56M								
RCR75	2W	100k~9.1M	100k~100M	5000V	5000V	700V	—	1000	—	—
RCR100	3W	100k~9.1M	100k~51M	5000V	5000V	1000V	—	—	500	1000

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C
 Operating Temperature Range : -55°C~+155°C

Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



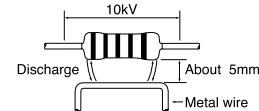
For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Notice on Surge Load

Surge withstanding load voltage for the resistors cannot be guarantee when the undermentioned 4 items get to a remarkable overload in comparison with the conditions shown by surge withstanding voltage in Anti-surge characteristics. You are kind by requested to contact to us in advance if such a case is anticipated.

- (1) Peak voltage to be applied
- (2) Pulse width
- (3) Conditions of protecting insulation around the resistor
- (4) Situation of proximity conductivity object

As the fig. below for instance when a metal wire is placed at less than 5mm away from the resistor body, there is such a case that causes an electric discharge by a surge load 10kV and then destroys the outer coating.



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods																											
	Limit	Typical																												
Resistance	Within specified		Measuring points are at 10mm±1mm from the end cap.																											
T.C.R.	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>T.C.R.</th> <th>Resistance Range</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RCR16</td> <td>$\pm 200 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>100kΩ~5.1MΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RCR25</td> <td>$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>100kΩ~33MΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RCR25EN</td> <td>$\pm 500 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>3.3Ω~91kΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RCR50 (+)</td> <td>$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>100kΩ~33MΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RCR50EN</td> <td>$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>100kΩ~33MΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RCR60</td> <td>$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>100kΩ~56MΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RCR75</td> <td>$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>100kΩ~100MΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RCR100</td> <td>$\pm 200 \times 10^{-6}/K$</td> <td>100kΩ~51MΩ</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	T.C.R.	Resistance Range	RCR16	$\pm 200 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~5.1MΩ	RCR25	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~33MΩ	RCR25EN	$\pm 500 \times 10^{-6}/K$	3.3Ω~91kΩ	RCR50 (+)	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~33MΩ	RCR50EN	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~33MΩ	RCR60	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~56MΩ	RCR75	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~100MΩ	RCR100	$\pm 200 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~51MΩ	—	+ 25°C/+ 125°C
Type	T.C.R.	Resistance Range																												
RCR16	$\pm 200 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~5.1MΩ																												
RCR25	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~33MΩ																												
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RCR50 (+)	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~33MΩ																												
RCR50EN	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~33MΩ																												
RCR60	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~56MΩ																												
RCR75	$\pm 350 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~100MΩ																												
RCR100	$\pm 200 \times 10^{-6}/K$	100kΩ~51MΩ																												
Overload (Short time)	1	0.5	Rated voltage×2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s																											
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s or 350°C±10°C, 3.5s±0.5s																											
Terminal strength	No lead-coming off and loose terminals		Twist 360°, 5 times																											
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) 5 cycles																											
Moisture resistance	5	2.5	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle RCR16, 25, 50 (+), 60 : Rated Voltage RCR75, 100 : Power Rating×0.1																											
Endurance at 70°C	5	2.5	70°C±2°C, 1000h, Rated Voltage 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle																											
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.		Ultrasonic washing with Isopropyl alcohol for 2 min. Power : 0.3W/cm², f : 28kHz, Temp. : 35°C±5°C																											
Anti-surge characteristics	10	2.5	Discharge test : 2kV~10kV 0.01 μF capacitor discharge pulse 10 times. (1pulse/5s max.) <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>RCR16</th> <th>RCR25·RCR25EN</th> <th>RCR50·RCR50+</th> <th>RCR50EN</th> <th>RCR60</th> <th>RCR75</th> <th>RCR100</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="4">Applied voltage</td> <td rowspan="4">2kV</td> <td rowspan="4">3kV</td> <td>3.3Ω~6.2Ω : 10kV</td> <td rowspan="4">10kV</td> <td rowspan="4">10kV</td> <td rowspan="4">10kV</td> <td rowspan="4">10kV</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.8Ω~10Ω : 7kV</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11Ω~9.1kΩ : 5kV</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10kΩ~91kΩ : 7kV</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>100kΩ~33MΩ : 10kV</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	RCR16	RCR25·RCR25EN	RCR50·RCR50+	RCR50EN	RCR60	RCR75	RCR100	Applied voltage	2kV	3kV	3.3Ω~6.2Ω : 10kV	10kV	10kV	10kV	10kV	6.8Ω~10Ω : 7kV	11Ω~9.1kΩ : 5kV	10kΩ~91kΩ : 7kV				100kΩ~33MΩ : 10kV				
Type	RCR16	RCR25·RCR25EN	RCR50·RCR50+	RCR50EN	RCR60	RCR75	RCR100																							
Applied voltage	2kV	3kV	3.3Ω~6.2Ω : 10kV	10kV	10kV	10kV	10kV																							
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			100kΩ~33MΩ : 10kV																											
EN60065 test (RCR50EN, RCR60 Only)	20	—	Discharge test : 10kV 1000pF capacitor discharge pulse 50 times. (1pulse/5s max.)																											

High Voltage Type Resistors

Precautions for Use

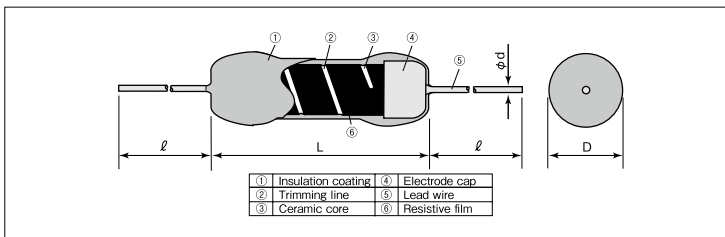
- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.
- Do not touch the resistors with high-resistance value by hand to prevent surface-leakage current.
- Consult with us when there are electric conductors near to because it may cause corona and short-circuit by discharge.
- Please do not apply resistors under such bad conditions as high temperature, high humidity, and foul adhesion, or with resin molding, because it may cause the change of resistance value.
- The resistance film of less than RCR50 100kΩ is different. Therefore, the characteristic might decrease when it is polluted by a remarkable moisture environment and the ionic material so inquire of our company beforehand, please.

GS High Voltage High Resistance Thick Film Resistors



Coating color : Brown
Marking : Alphanumeric

Construction



Features

- Miniature construction endurable to high voltage and high power.
- Resistors excellent in anti-surge characteristics.
- Wide resistance range of 500kΩ~10GΩ and small T.C.R.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in resistor element and Pb contained in Brass cap.

Applications

- Copying machines.
- LBPs.
- Charging and discharging resistors for power supply circuits.
- High voltage dividing resistors.

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)			Weight (g) (1000pcs)	
	L	D	d (Nominal)		
GS 1/4	6.3±1.0	2.3±0.5	0.65	320	
GS 1/2	9.5±1.0	3.5±0.6	0.8	590	
GS 1	15.0±1.5	4.5±1.0	38±3	1,230	
GS 2	24.0±1.5	7.9±1.0		1.0	4,190
GS 3	52.0±2.0				7,750
GS 5	76.0±2.0				10,790
GS 7	97.0±3.0				13,350
GS 10	117.0±3.0				16,180
GS 12	137.0±3.0				18,440

Type Designation

Example

GS	1/2	L	C	106	J
Product Code	Power Rating	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Terminal Surface Material	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1/4: 0.25W 1/2: 0.5W 1: 1W 2: 2W 3: 3W 5: 5W 7: 7W 10: 10W 12: 12W	D : ±100 L : ±200	C: SnCu	D, F: 4 digits G, J, K: 3 digits	D : ±0.5% F : ±1% G : ±2% J : ±5% K : ±10%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Custom forming for all of items and custom taping for GS1/4 · GS1/2 are available on request.

Ratings

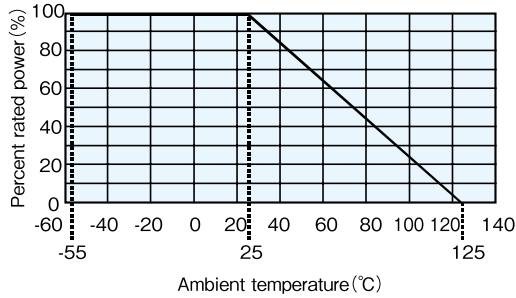
Type	Power Rating	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Resistance Range (Ω)					Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Impulse Withstand Voltage
			D : ±0.5% E24·25×10 ¹ ·50×10 ¹	F : ±1% E24·25×10 ¹ ·50×10 ¹	G : ±2% E24·25×10 ¹ ·50×10 ¹	J : ±5% E24·25×10 ¹ ·50×10 ¹	K : ±10% E24·25×10 ¹ ·50×10 ¹			
GS 1/4DC	0.25W	D : ±100	500k~20M	500k~100M	500k~100M	500k~100M	0.5kV	1kV	1.25kV	
GS 1/4LC		L : ±200								
GS 1/2DC	0.5W	D : ±100								
GS 1/2LC		L : ±200								
GS 1DC	1W	D : ±100								
GS 1LC		L : ±200								
GS 2DC	2W	D : ±100								
GS 2LC		L : ±200								
GS 3DC	3W	D : ±100								
GS 3LC		L : ±200								
GS 5DC	5W	D : ±100								
GS 5LC		L : ±200								
GS 7DC	7W	D : ±100								
GS 7LC		L : ±200								
GS 10DC	10W	D : ±100								
GS 10LC		L : ±200								
GS 12DC	12W	D : ±100								
GS 12LC		L : ±200								

Rated Ambient Temperature : +25°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +125°C

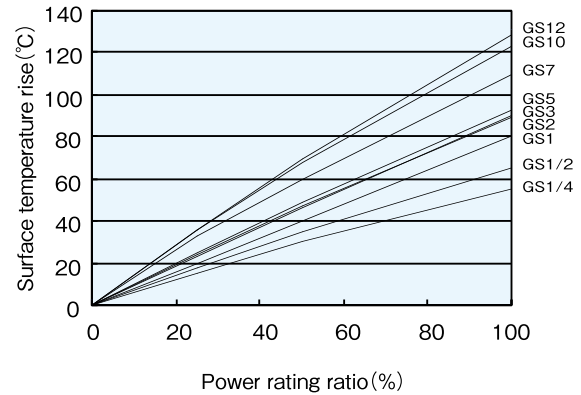
Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 25°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Surface Temperature Rise



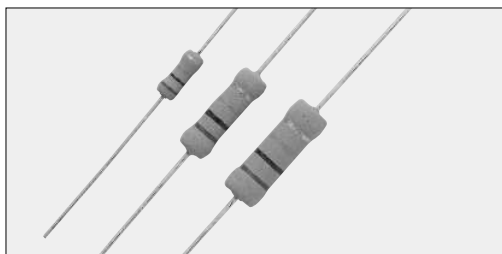
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$	Test Methods
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	+25°C / +125°C
Overload (Short time)	2 : T.C.R. $200 \times 10^{-6}/K$ 0.5 : T.C.R. $100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ (GS1/4, GS1/2), Rated voltage $\times 2$ (GS1~GS12) or Max. overload voltage, whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	2 : T.C.R. $200 \times 10^{-6}/K$ 0.5 : T.C.R. $100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	350°C $\pm 10^\circ C$, 3s $\pm 0.5s$ or 260°C $\pm 5^\circ C$, 10s $\pm 1s$
Rapid change of temperature	2 : T.C.R. $200 \times 10^{-6}/K$ 0.5 : T.C.R. $100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) , 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	5 : T.C.R. $200 \times 10^{-6}/K$ 2 : T.C.R. $100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h
Endurance at 25°C	3 : T.C.R. $200 \times 10^{-6}/K$ 2 : T.C.R. $100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	25°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Voltage coefficient	$\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/V$: T.C.R. $200 \times 10^{-6}/K$ $\pm 10 \times 10^{-6}/V$: T.C.R. $100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	GS1/4, 1/2 only Rated voltage or max. working voltage, whichever is lower and 1/10 of its voltage.
Voltage characteristics	5 : T.C.R. $200 \times 10^{-6}/K$ 3 : T.C.R. $100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	GS1~12 Rated voltage or max. working voltage, whichever is lower and 1/10 of its voltage.
Resistance to solvent	No evidence of damage to protective coating and marking.	Soaking in IPA for 1min and brushing 10 times -3 cycles- liquid temp. 25°C $\pm 5^\circ C$
Impulse withstand voltage	No abnormality in appearance and flash-over.	An impulse voltage shall be applied 5 times at an interval of 1min.

Precautions for Use

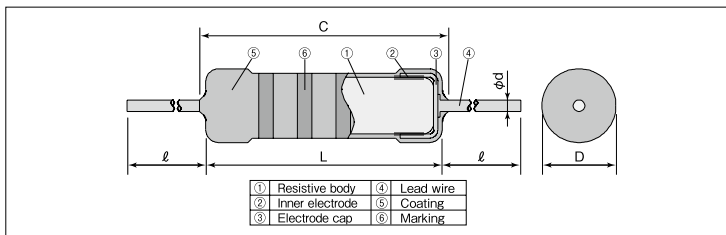
- Impulse withstanding voltage is specified for waveform of 1/40 μs or 1.2/50 μs as a standard. Please inquire of us in advance when using other than the standard waveform, since the specified value may change, depending on time constant or length of wave tail.
- Use the components under less dusty places, as continual applying of high voltage makes dust adhere to the surface of the resistors and causes surface leakage and corona. Also periodic cleaning of the surface of resistors is needed.
- Use them at 50% or under of the rated power for stable use for a long time.
- Do not touch the resistors with high resistance value by hand to prevent surface-leakage current.
- Set the products away from near electric conductors 1cm or over per 3kVd.c. to avoid occurrence of corona and short-circuit by discharge, if there are electric conductors near to.
- Ceramic is used for the core of these resistors. Pay attention to the handling as the characteristics may be deteriorated by damage and inner crack when they are fallen or shocked.
- In case of using in oil, inquire of us in advance.
- Take care that the resistors may become instable in resistance value by absorption of humidity when they are stored or used in high humidity environment.

PCF Ceramic Resistors for Anti Pulse · Surge



Coating color : Light green
Marking : Color code

Construction



Features

- KOA original bulk ceramic resistors.
- Excellent in anti-pulse resistance and inrush current characteristics.
- Higher reliability against disconnection compared to wirewound resistors and film resistors.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- Flame retardant coating. (Equivalent to UL-94 V-0)
- Non-Inductive resistors.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- High voltage circuits for X-ray generators and electron microscopes.
- Power supply circuits for machine tools, etc.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±1	C max.	D	d(Nominal)	ℓ±3 ^①	
PCF1/2	9.0	11.1	3.5±0.5	0.7	30.0	450
PCF1	16.5	19.0	5.5±1.0	0.8	38.0	1340
PCF2	19.0	22.5	7.0±1.0			2240

※1 Lead length changes depending on taping type.

Type Designation

Example

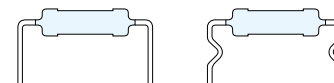
PCF	1	C	T631	R	103	K
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
PCF	1/2:0.5W 1:1.0W 2:2.0W	C:SnCu	See table Below	R:REEL Nil:BOX	3 digits	K:±10% M:±20%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping

Type	Axial Taping	
	T52	T631
PCF1/2	○	—
PCF1	—	○
PCF2	—	○



Contact us for lead forming details.

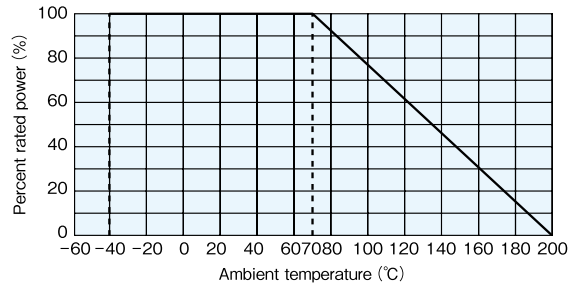
Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω)		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁵ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/reel (pcs)	
		K: ±10% E12	M: ±20% E6					T52R	T631R
PCF1/2	0.5W	4.7~100k	4.7~100k	-500~-1300:3.3Ω≤R<10Ω -600~-1500:10Ω≤R<100Ω	200V	400V	500V	2,000	—
PCF1	1.0W	3.3~390k	3.3~330k	-700~-1800:100Ω≤R<1kΩ -900~-1900:1kΩ≤R<100kΩ	300V	600V		—	1,000
PCF2	2.0W			-900~-2000:100kΩ≤R<200kΩ -900~-2200:200kΩ≤R≤390kΩ	400V	800V	700V	—	500

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C
Operating Temperature Range : -40°C ~ +200°C

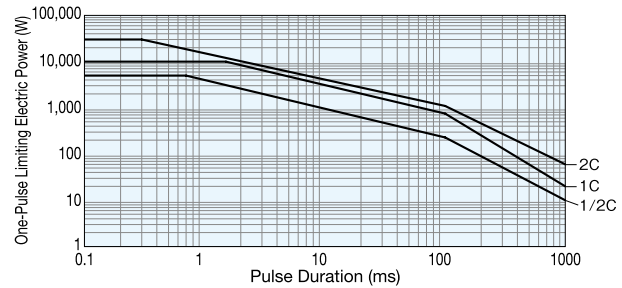
Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at the ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power rating shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



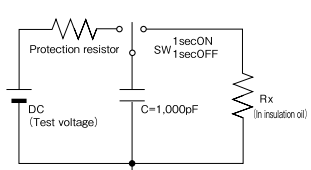
※The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage.

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse.

The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods																							
	Limit	Typical																								
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C																							
			Resistance	Measuring voltage																						
			$3.3 \Omega \leq R < 10 \Omega$	0.3V																						
			$10 \Omega \leq R < 100 \Omega$	1.0V																						
			$100 \Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$	3.0V																						
T.C.R.	-500~-1300: $3.3 \Omega \leq R < 10 \Omega$ -600~-1500: $10 \Omega \leq R < 100 \Omega$ -700~-1800: $100 \Omega \leq R < 1 \text{k}\Omega$ -900~-1900: $1 \text{k}\Omega \leq R < 100 \text{k}\Omega$ -900~-2000: $100 \text{k}\Omega \leq R < 200 \text{k}\Omega$ -900~-2200: $200 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$	—	+25°C/-40°C, +25°C/+75°C and +25°C/+125°C																							
Voltage coefficient (Apply for 1kΩ or over)	0~-0.20%/V	—	Rated voltage and rated voltage × 10%																							
Overload (Short time)	2	0.4	Rated voltage × 2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s.																							
Resistance to pulse	Refer to the right table	—	The resistor mounted on to the test circuit as below is applied with high voltage impulse 10000 cycles.																							
			<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>Test voltage</th> <th>Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3">PCF1/2</td> <td>10kV: $4.7 \Omega \leq R < 10 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R < 33 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10kV: $33 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>25</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">PCF1</td> <td>4kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14kV: $3.3 \Omega \leq R < 30 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14kV: $30 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">PCF2</td> <td>7kV: $30 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20kV: $3.3 \Omega \leq R < 10 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$</td> <td>5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	Test voltage	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$	PCF1/2	10kV: $4.7 \Omega \leq R < 10 \text{k}\Omega$	5	10kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R < 33 \text{k}\Omega$	10	10kV: $33 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{k}\Omega$	25	PCF1	4kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{k}\Omega$	5	14kV: $3.3 \Omega \leq R < 30 \text{k}\Omega$	5	14kV: $30 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$	10	PCF2	7kV: $30 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$	5	20kV: $3.3 \Omega \leq R < 10 \text{k}\Omega$	5	20kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$
Type	Test voltage	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$																								
PCF1/2	10kV: $4.7 \Omega \leq R < 10 \text{k}\Omega$	5																								
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	10kV: $33 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{k}\Omega$	25																								
PCF1	4kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{k}\Omega$	5																								
	14kV: $3.3 \Omega \leq R < 30 \text{k}\Omega$	5																								
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PCF2	7kV: $30 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$	5																								
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11kV: $10 \text{k}\Omega \leq R \leq 390 \text{k}\Omega$	5																									
Resistance to soldering heat	2	0.8	350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s ± 0.5s																							
Rapid change of temp.	2	0.4	-40°C (30min.) / +85°C (30min.) 5 cycles																							
Moisture resistance	5	0.6	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles																							
Load life	5	0.4	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles																							
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	Dipping in IPA or Xylene for 3 min. and leaving for 10 min. after removing drops, then brushing 10 times.																							

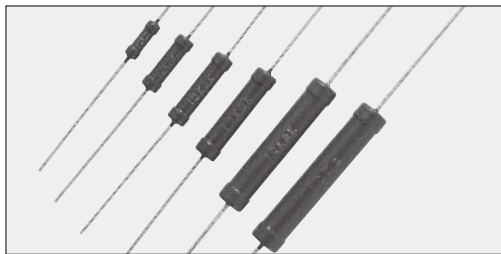


High Voltage Type Resistors

Precautions for Use

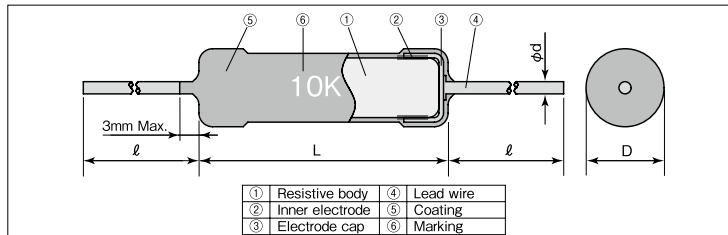
- Under the environment where surge like thunders etc. is apt to happen, the resistors used for open circuit, resistors connected directly to input, output or ground, and resistors used for the circuit pulse applied to, may be destructed by surge or pulse. Therefore, the resistors need to be selected after sufficient check on the supposition of the worst condition against possible surge and pulse.
- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.
- When overload is impressed continuously by the trouble of the circuit part because this product is hard to be snapped, a resistor body continues being overheated and emits smoke from a resistor and neighboring flammable materials and may catch fire. In a steady use state and heterology, please design the circuit so that the surface temperature of this product is not as above 200 degrees Celsius.

HPC Ceramic Resistors for Anti Pulse • Surge



Coating color : Reddish brown
 Marking: Alphanumeric

Construction



Features

- KOA original bulk ceramic resistors.
- Excellent in anti-pulse resistance, inrush current and active discharge characteristics.
- Higher reliability against disconnection compared to wirewound resistors and film resistors.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- Non-Inductive resistors.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.

Applications

- High voltage circuits for X-ray generators and electron microscopes.
- Power supply circuits for machine tools, etc.
- Active discharge resistors for EV.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
 JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±2	D±1	d (Nominal)	ℓ ±3 ^{*1}	
HPC1/2	11	3.5	0.8	38	690
HPC1	16	4.5			1260
HPC2	21	5.0			1780
HPC3	26	6.0	2830		
HPC4	38	7.0	1.0		5880
HPC5	44	7.5		7930	

*1 Lead length changes depending on taping type.

Type Designation

Example

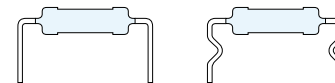
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
HPC	1	C	T631	R	103	K
	1/2: 0.5W 1: 1.0W 2: 2.0W 3: 3.0W 4: 4.0W 5: 5.0W	C: SnCu	See table Below	A: AMMO R: Reel Nil: BOX	3 digits	K: ±10% M: ±20%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping

Type	Axial Taping	
	T52	T631
HPC1/2	○	—
HPC1	—	○



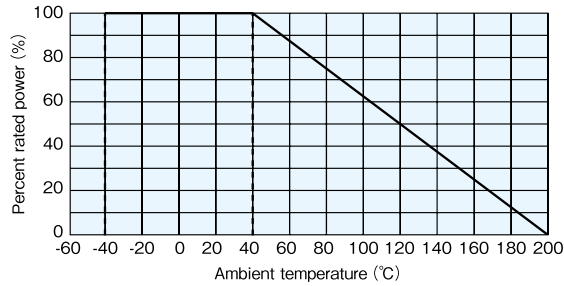
Contact us for lead forming details.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω)		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
		K : ±10% E12	M : ±20% E6					
HPC1/2	0.5W	10~390k	3.3~330k	-500~-1300: 3.3Ω ≤R<10Ω	200V	400V	+40°C	-40°C ~ +200°C
HPC1	1W			-600~-1500: 10Ω ≤R<100Ω	300V	600V		
HPC2	2W			-700~-1800: 100Ω ≤R<1kΩ	400V	800V		
HPC3	3W			-900~-1900: 1kΩ ≤R<100kΩ	450V	900V		
HPC4	4W			-900~-2000: 100kΩ ≤R<200kΩ	500V	1000V		
HPC5	5W			-900~-2200: 200kΩ ≤R≤390kΩ	550V	1100V		

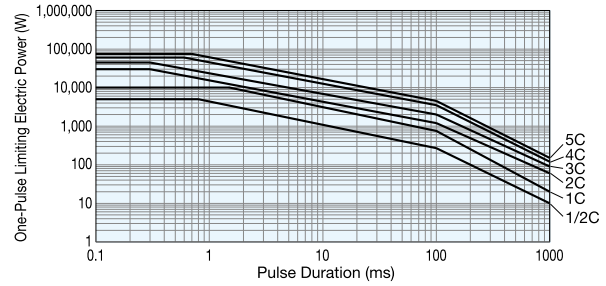
Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at the ambient temperature of 40°C or higher, the power rating shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power

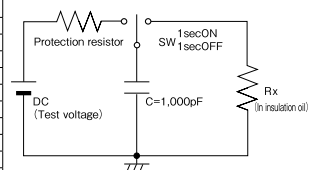


※The maximum applicable voltage is equal to the max. overload voltage.

Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods																								
	Limit	Typical																									
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C																								
			Resistance	Measuring voltage																							
			$3.3\Omega \leq R < 10\Omega$	0.3V																							
			$10\Omega \leq R < 100\Omega$	1.0V																							
			$100\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	3.0V																							
T.C.R.	$-500 \sim -1300 : 3.3\Omega \leq R < 10\Omega$ $-600 \sim -1500 : 10\Omega \leq R < 100\Omega$ $-700 \sim -1800 : 100\Omega \leq R < 1k\Omega$ $-900 \sim -1900 : 1k\Omega \leq R < 100k\Omega$ $-900 \sim -2000 : 100k\Omega \leq R < 200k\Omega$ $-900 \sim -2200 : 200k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	—	+25°C / -40°C and +25°C / +125°C																								
Voltage coefficient (Apply for 1kΩ or over)	$0 \sim -0.2\%/V$ (HPC1/2) $0 \sim -0.1\%/V$ (HPC1) $0 \sim -0.05\%/V$ (HPC2,3,4,5)	—	Rated voltage and rated voltage × 10%																								
Overload (Short time)	2	0.4	Rated voltage × 2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s.																								
Resistance to pulse	Refer to the right table	—	The resistor mounted on to the test circuit as below is applied with high voltage impulse 10,000 cycles.																								
			<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>Test voltage</th> <th>Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td rowspan="3">HPC1/2</td><td>8kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>8kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>5kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td rowspan="3">HPC1</td><td>15kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>15kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>7kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td rowspan="3">HPC2</td><td>25kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>25kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>15kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>HPC3, HPC4, HPC5</td><td>25kV</td><td>5</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	Test voltage	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$	HPC1/2	8kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$	5	8kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	10	5kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	5	HPC1	15kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$	5	15kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	10	7kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	5	HPC2	25kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$	5	25kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	10	15kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	5
Type	Test voltage	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$																									
HPC1/2	8kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$	5																									
	8kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	10																									
	5kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	5																									
HPC1	15kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$	5																									
	15kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	10																									
	7kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	5																									
HPC2	25kV: $3.3\Omega \leq R < 30k\Omega$	5																									
	25kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	10																									
	15kV: $30k\Omega \leq R \leq 390k\Omega$	5																									
HPC3, HPC4, HPC5	25kV	5																									
Resistance to soldering heat	2	0.8	350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s ± 0.5s																								
Rapid change of temperature	2	0.4	-40°C (30min.) / +85°C (30min.) 5 cycles																								
Moisture resistance	5	0.6	40°C ± 2°C, 90% ~ 95% RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle																								
Load life	5	0.4	40°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle																								
High temperature exposure	5	1.7	+200°C, 1000h																								
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	Dipping in IPA or Xylene for 3 min. and leaving for 10 min. after removing drops, then brushing 10 times.																								

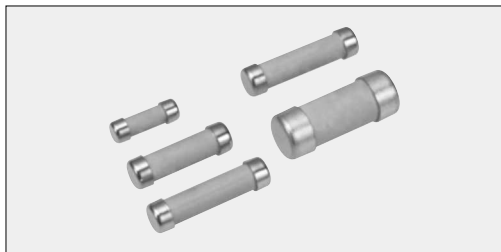


High Voltage Type Resistors

Precautions for Use

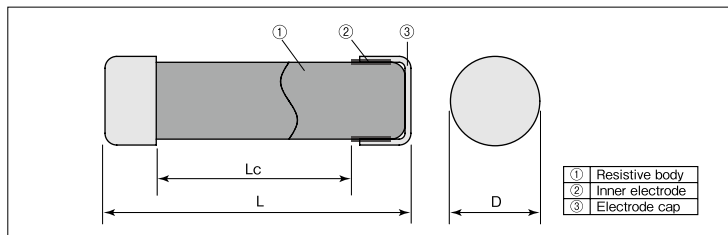
- Under the environment where surge like thunders etc. is apt to happen, the resistors used for open circuit, resistors connected directly to input, output or ground, and resistors used for the circuit pulse applied to, may be destructed by surge or pulse. Therefore, the resistors need to be selected after sufficient check on the supposition of the worst condition against possible surge and pulse.
- The coating of this product is used to make the marking easy to see, and there is no electric characteristic (dielectric withstanding voltage etc.). The coating of this product is weak to an external impact. So, the coating of the cap might peel off while transporting it. Please judge the product which reads the marking easily even if there are peeling off, a bruise, and a pinhole in the coating to be a non-defective unit.
- Be careful to handle these resistors because coating are weak to outer shock. please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. Please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.
- When overload is impressed continuously by the trouble of the circuit part because this product is hard to be snapped, a resistor body continues being overheated and emits smoke from a resistor and neighboring flammable materials and may catch fire. In a steady use state and heterology, please design the circuit so that the surface temperature of this product is not as above 200 degrees Celsius.

CPCN Ceramic Resistors



No coating

Construction



Features

- Excellent noise prevention of engine ignition circuit system.
- High reliability against disconnection.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)			Cap Material	Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	Lc	D		
CPCN1/2	10.7±0.5	5.4Min.	3.5±0.1	Fe (Ni/Cu plating)	330
CPCN1	16.0±0.6	9.6Min.	4.75±0.3		810
CPCN2N	18.3±0.6	11.5Min.		7.2±0.3	SUS304
CPCN2NS		10.0Min.	Fe (Sn/Cu plating)		920
CPCN3				2350	

Type Designation

Example

CPCN	2N	S	502	M
Product Code	Power Rating Symbol	Cap Material Symbol	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
CPCN	1/2: 0.5W 1: 1.0W 2N: 1.5W 3: 2.0W	S: SUS304 Nil: Fe (plating)	3 digits	M: ±20%

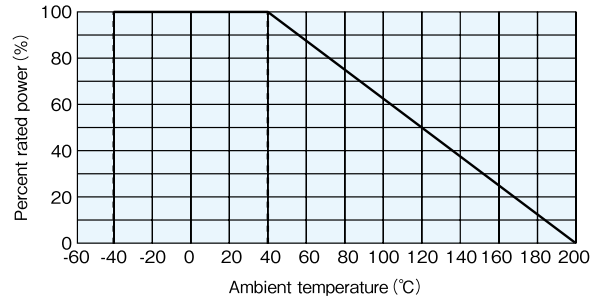
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁵ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temp. Range	Packaging Qty/Bag (pcs)
CPCN1/2	0.5W	1kΩ, 5kΩ	M: ±20%	-1200±300	86V	215V	+40°C	-40°C~ +200°C	1,000
CPCN1	1.0W	10kΩ, 15kΩ			122V	305V			1,000
CPCN2N	1.5W	1kΩ, 2kΩ, 5kΩ			150V	375V			1,000
CPCN2NS		10kΩ, 15kΩ			173V	432V			500

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at the ambient temperature of 40°C or higher, the power rating shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Performance

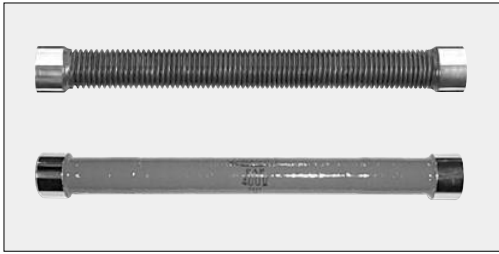
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods			
	Limit	Typical				
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C			
			Resistance	Measuring voltage		
			1k Ω , 2k Ω , 5k Ω	10V		
			10k Ω , 15k Ω	30V		
T.C.R.	$-1200 \pm 300 \times 10^{-6}/K$	—	+25°C / -40°C and +25°C / +125°C			
Voltage coefficient	0 ~ -0.2%/V	—	Rated voltage and rated voltage $\times 10\%$			
Overload (Short time)	2	0.3	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s			
Load life at high voltage pulse	30	—	Continuous 250h high voltage pulse on the test circuit (Refer to JIS D 5111) CPCN½, CPCN1 : In insulation oil			
Resistor body strength	No mechanical damage	—	Type	Holding distance	Duration	Load
			CPCN1/2	5.0 ± 0.2 mm	10s	98N (10kgf)
			CPCN1	9.0 ± 0.3 mm		
			CPCN2N, 2NS	12.3 ± 0.3 mm	490N (50kgf)	
CPCN3						
Rapid change of temperature	5	—	-55°C (15min.) / +155°C (15min.) 500 cycles			
Moisture resistance	5	0.9	40°C $\pm 2^\circ C$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle			
Load life	5	0.7	40°C $\pm 2^\circ C$, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle			
Low temperature exposure	5	0.7	-40°C, 24h			
High temperature exposure	5	2.0	+200°C, 1000h			

The resistance measurement before and after the test should be performed at a difference of $\pm 1^\circ C$ of room temp.

Precautions for Use

- Under the environment where surge like thunders etc. is apt to happen, the resistors used for open circuit, resistors connected directly to input, output or ground, and resistors used for the circuit pulse applied to, may be destructed by surge or pulse. Therefore, the resistors need to be selected after sufficient check on the supposition of the worst condition against possible surge and pulse.
- Please design the receiving terminal and the mounting method so that big power is not applied to the resistor when you assemble the resistor. Especially, comparatively weak power might be broken in the condition that the one side of the resistor is fixed. Please do not add the outside power when you assemble the resistor with the one side of the resistor fixed.

PSN·PV·PSO·PN·PWW·PAP | High Voltage Power Resistors

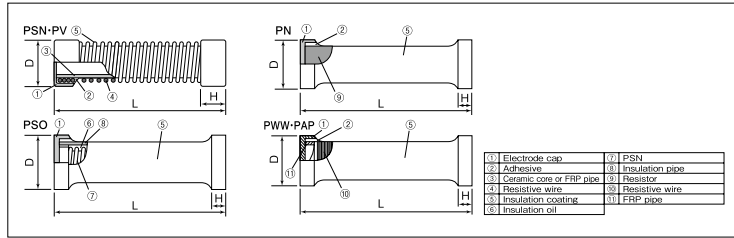


Body color : Red
Marking : Alphanumeric

■Features

- PSN can respond to high voltage and high power with a wide resistance range of $500\Omega \sim 6G\Omega$.
- PSO is made completely moisture preventive to be PSN that can be used under high moisture environment.
- PN is a non-inductive type and can be used for high frequency.
- PWW and PAP type are non-inductive wire wound resistors.
- PWW resistors have the same shapes as PSN and can be used for a low resistance area that cannot be produced with PSN resistors.
- PAP resistors are non-inductive wire wound resistors with inductance lessened than PWW can be used for pulse wave measurement, impulse generators, etc.
- Products with Pb free symbol "F" meet EU-RoHS requirement. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for lead in brass.

■Construction



■Applications

- Resistors for charging and discharging for high voltage, resistors for surge absorption, and protective resistors at the time of a short-circuit.
- Voltage Equalizing Resistors at the time of using and connecting diodes and capacitors in series.
- Dividers for DC voltage and for measuring lightning and switching impulses.

■Precautions for Use

- Impulse withstanding voltage is specified for waveform of $1/40\mu s$ or $1.2/50\mu s$ as a standard. Please inquire of us in advance when using other than the standard waveform, since the specified value may change, depending on time constant or length of wave tail.
- Use the components under less dusty places, as continual applying of high voltage makes dust adhere to the surface of the resistors and causes surface leakage and corona. Also periodic cleaning of the surface of resistors is needed.
- Use them at 50% or under of the rated power for stable use for a long time.
- Do not touch the resistors with high resistance value by hand to prevent surface-leakage current.
- Set the products away from near electric conductors 1cm or over per 3kVd.c. to avoid occurrence of corona and short-circuit by discharge, if there are electric conductors near to.
- Take care that the resistors may become instable in resistance value by absorption of humidity when they are stored or used in high humidity environment.

■Type Designation

Example

PSN	PSN	0.5	CP	F	A	105	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Cap ^{※1}	RoHS	Holder ^{※2}	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	
	0.5:2W 1:5W 2:10W 3:25W 4:50W 5:125W 6:250W	C M CP		Nil:No holder A B	3 digits	J: ±5% K: ±10% M: ±20%	

PSO	PSO	1	C	F	105	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Cap ^{※1}	RoHS	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	
	1:4W 2:8W 3:20W 4:40W 5:100W 6:200W	C		3 digits	J: ±5% K: ±10% M: ±20%	

PV	PV	0.5	CP	F		105	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Cap ^{※1}	RoHS	Holder ^{※2}	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	
	0.5:2W 1:4W 2:7W 5:12W 8:20W	C M CP		Nil:No holder A B	3 digits	J: ±5% K: ±10% M: ±20%	

PN	PN	1	CP	F	105	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Cap ^{※1}	RoHS	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	
	0.5:1.5W 1:3W 2:6W 3:9W 4:12W	C M CP		3 digits	J: ±5% K: ±10% M: ±20%	

PWW·PAP	PWW	3	M	F	A	102	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Cap ^{※1}	RoHS	Holder ^{※2}	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	
PWW PAP	3:25W 4:50W 5:100W 6:200W	M		Nil:No holder A B	3 digits	J: ±5% K: ±10% M: ±20%	

※2 See next page for detail.

※1 Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

P series resistors use brass for the electrode cap. Lead in brass is a substance not subject to the EU-RoHS (exemption 6(c)), but please note that it exceeds the threshold of the EU-REACH (Reach 19th SVHC list).

■ Ratings

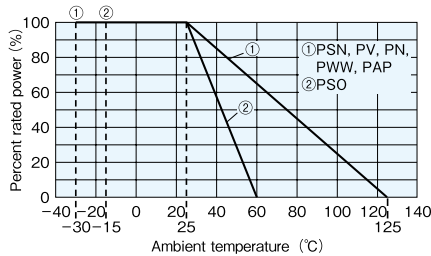
Type	Power Rating (W)	Resistance Range (Ω) J : ±5% K : ±10% M : ±20% (E24 ^{※3})	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Impulse Withstand Voltage	Operating Temperature Range	Energy Rating 1 time/5 min.	Dimensions (mm)			Weight (g) (1pcs)
								L	D±0.5	H (Nominal)	
PSN-0.5	2	500~500M	±1500 : +25°C/−15°C ±1000 : +25°C/+85°C (R<1GΩ)	15kV	20kV	−30°C~+125°C	50J	50±2	17.5	10	20
PSN-1	5	1k~1G		30kV	40kV		125J	100±2			30
PSN-2	10	2k~2G		60kV	80kV		400J	200±2	85		
PSN-3	25	3k~3G		90kV	120kV		1.8kJ	300±2	250		
PSN-4	50	4k~4G		120kV	160kV		4.0kJ	400±3	600		
PSN-5	125	5k~5G		150kV	200kV		9.0kJ	500±3	800		
PSN-6	250	6k~6G		300kV	400kV		20.0kJ	1000±5	1350		
PV-0.5	2	500~500M		24kV	32kV		45J	80±2	12		
PV-1	4	1k~1G		45kV	60kV		90J	150±2	23		
PV-2	7	1.5k~1.5G					270J		45		
PV-5	12	2.5k~2.5G	650J			105					
PV-8	20	2.5k~2.5G	950J			220					
PSO-1	4	1k~1G	±3000 (R≥1GΩ)	30kV	40kV	−15°C~+60°C	100J	105±5	28	10	150
PSO-2	8	2k~2G		60kV	80kV		320J	205±5			370
PSO-3	20	3k~3G		90kV	120kV		1.5kJ	320±5	760		
PSO-4	40	4k~4G		120kV	160kV		3.2kJ	420±5	1900		
PSO-5	100	5k~5G		150kV	200kV		7.2kJ	530±5	3500		
PSO-6	200	6k~6G		300kV	400kV		16.0kJ	1050±5	6200		
PN-0.5	1.5	50~500k	−	20kV	20kV	−30°C~+125°C	35J	50±2	17	12	25
PN-1	3	100~1M		40kV	40kV		70J	100±2			55
PN-2	6	200~2M		80kV	80kV		130J	200±2			80
PN-3	9	300~3M		120kV	120kV		200J	300±2			100
PN-4	12	400~4M	160kV	160kV	270J	400±2	125				
PWW-3	25	10~800	−	120kV	120kV	−30°C~+125°C	2kJ~5kJ	300±2	33	20	310
PWW-4	50	15~1.5k		160kV	160kV		4kJ~12kJ	400±3			660
PWW-5	100	25~2.5k		200kV	200kV		7kJ~20kJ	500±3	1300		
PWW-6	200	50~5k		400kV	400kV		14kJ~40kJ	1000±5	2700		
PAP-3	25	10~400	−	120kV	120kV	−30°C~+125°C	1kJ~2kJ	300±2	33	20	250
PAP-4	50	10~800		160kV	160kV		1.5kJ~4kJ	400±3			510
PAP-5	100	15~1k		200kV	200kV		3.5kJ~10kJ	500±3	960		
PAP-6	200	25~2k		400kV	400kV		7kJ~25kJ	1000±5	1850		

Rated Ambient Temperature : +25°C

Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

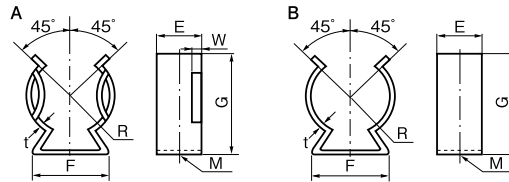
※3 Please ask of us about resistance other than E24 series.

■ Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 25°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

■ Holder Dimensions (PSN · PV · PWW · PAP) (mm)



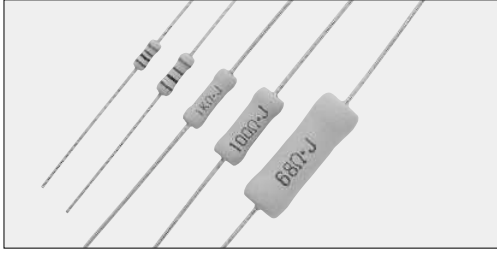
Type	R	E	F	G	M	t	W
PSN-0.5·PSN-1 · PV-2	8.5	11	16	24	φ4.2	0.8	1.5±0.5
PSN-2·PV-5	11.5	15	18	32	φ4.2	1.0	1.5±1.0
PSN-3·PV-8·PWW-3·PAP-3	16	18	24	40		1.5±1.0	
PSN-4·PWW-4·PAP-4	22	20	36	59	φ6.5	1.5	2.0±1.0
PSN-5.6·PWW-5.6·PAP-5.6	30	25	46	74		1.5	2.0±1.0

■ Cap Dimensions (mm)

Type	C		M				CP		C			
	D	d	D	M	K	A	d	ℓ	D	M	ℓ ₁	ℓ ₂
PSN-0.5·PSN-1 · PV-2	17.5	7	17.5	3	2	7	1.0	90	-	-	-	-
PSN-2·PV-5	24	12	24	4		10	1.2	120				
PSN-3·PV-8·PWW-3·PAP-3	33	14	33	5	4	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
PSN-4·PWW-4·PAP-4	-	-	45	6	7	16	-	-	-	-	-	-
PSN-5.6·PWW-5.6·PAP-5.6	-	-	62	8	7	26	-	-	-	-	-	-
PV-0.5·PV-1	9.5	Without hole	-	-	-	-	0.9	90	-	-	-	-
PN-0.5	17	Without hole	-	-	-	-	1.0	90	-	-	-	-
PN-1	-	-	17	4	-	-	1.2	120	-	-	-	-
PN-2~PN-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PSO-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	4	8	-
PSO-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	6	10	-
PSO-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	8	-	15
PSO-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	10	-	20
PSO-5.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	12	-	25

MOS Fixed Metal Oxide Film Resistors (Small type)

MOSX Fixed Metal Film Resistors (Small type)



Coating color : Lavender
 Marking : Color code (0.5W, 1W)
 Alphanumeric (2W, 3W, 5W)

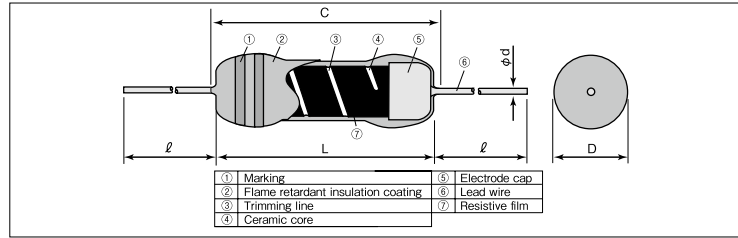
Features

- Small size power type resistors.
- Flame retardant coating. (Equivalent to UL94 V-0)
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Various types of formings are available.
- High reliability.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- Automatic mounting machine is applicable by surface mounted device style lead forming.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-4
 JIS C 5201-4
 EIAJ RC-2138

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal) ^{※1}	ℓ ^{※1}	
MOS(X) 1/2	6.2±0.5	7.1	2.5±0.5	0.6	24Min.	250
MOS(X) 1	9.0±1.0	11.1	3.0±0.5			350
MOS(X) 2	12.0±1.0	15.0	4.0±0.5	0.8	30±3	800
MOS(X) 3	15.5±1.0	18.0	6.0±1.0			1,400
MOS(X) 5	24.5±1.0	28.0	9.0±1.0			38±3

※1 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type. Example: 1C, 1CT52, 1CT526=0.6mm 1C8, 1CT528=0.8mm

Type Designation

Example	MOS	1	C	T52	A	103	J
Product Code	MOS: 小形酸化金属皮膜固定抵抗器 MOSX: 小形金属皮膜固定抵抗器	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
		1/2: 0.5W 1: 1W 2: 2W 3: 3W 5: 5W	C: SnCu	See table below	A: AMMO R: REEL Nil: BOX TEB-TEG: Plastic embossed (N forming)	F: 4 digits G, J: 3 digits	F: ±1% G: ±2% J: ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping				Stand-off Axial Taping			VT Radial Taping				GT Radial Taping		L Forming ^{※2}						U Forming		M Forming ^{※2}						N Forming ^{※2}			
	T26	T52	T521	T631	L52	L521	L631	VTP	VTE	VTF	GT	GT4	L10A	L125A	L15A	L20A	L25A	L30A	L35A	U	UCL	M10	M12.5	M15	M20	M26	M30	N14.5	N17	N20	
MOS(X)1/2C	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	○	○	—	○	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOS(X)1C	—	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOS(X)2C	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOS(X)3C	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MOS(X)5C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—

※2 P168,169 Ref. Secondary Processed Products

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω)			T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping&Q'ty/AMMO pack (pcs)			
		F: ±1% (E24·E96) ^{※3}	G: ±2% (E24) ^{※3}	J: ±5% (E24)					T26A	T52A	T521A	T631A
MOS1/2C	0.5W	10~47k	10~47k	10~47k	±300	E=√P×R(V)	600V	400V	2,000	2,000	—	—
MOS1C	1W	10~68k	10~68k	—				500V	—	2,000	—	—
MOS2C	2W	10~100k	—	—		350V	700V	—	1,000	1,000	—	—
MOS3C	3W	—	10~100k	10~100k		500V	1000V	700V	—	—	500	1,000
MOS5C	5W	—	—	—		800V	—	800V	—	—	—	—
MOSX1/2C	0.5W	1.0~9.1	0.22~9.1	0.1~9.1		E=√P×R(V)	E×2.5(V)	400V	2,000	2,000	—	—
MOSX1C	1W							500V	—	2,000	—	—
MOSX2C	2W					700V	—	1,000	1,000	—		
MOSX3C	3W					800V	—	—	500	1,000		
MOSX5C	5W					—	—	—	—	—		

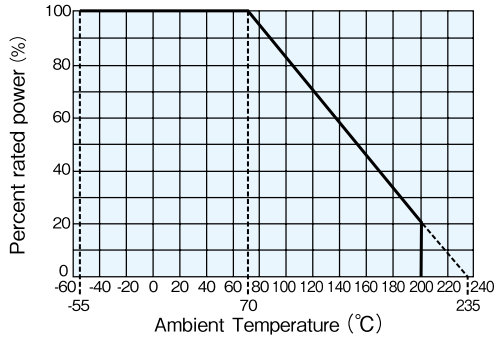
※3 Please consult with us for resistance other than catalog specification (tol.F/G)

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +200°C

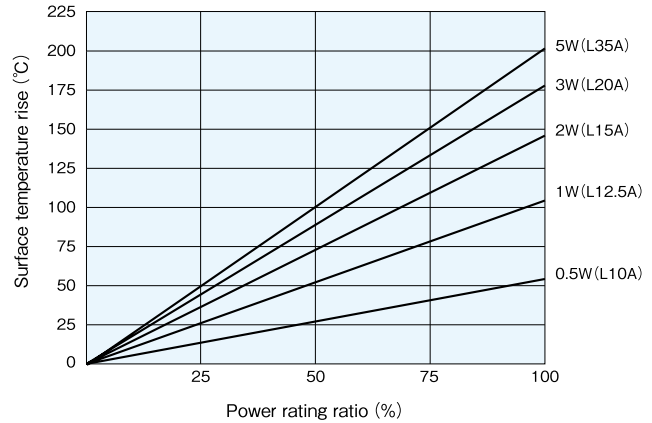
Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or above, a power rating shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Surface Temperature Rise



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	Measuring points are 10mm±1mm from the end cap.
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+ 25°C / + 125°C
Overload (Short time)	$\pm (2\% + 0.1 \Omega)$	1	Rated voltage × 2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s, 350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s ± 0.5s
Terminal strength	No lead-coming off and loose terminals	—	Twist 360°, 5 times
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	$\pm (5\% + 0.1 \Omega)$	2.5	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	$\pm (5\% + 0.1 \Omega)$	2.5	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible	—	Ultrasonic washing with Isopropyl alcohol for 2 min. Power : 0.3W/cm², f : 28kHz, Temp : 35°C ± 5°C
Flame retardant	No evidence of flaming or self-flaming.	—	Flame test : The test flame shall be applied and removed for each 15 sec respectively to repeat the cycle 5 times. Overload flame retardant : AC voltage corresponding to 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 times the power rating shall be applied for each 1min. until disconnection occurs. However the applied voltage shall not exceed the value of 4 times the maximum operating voltage.

Precautions for Use

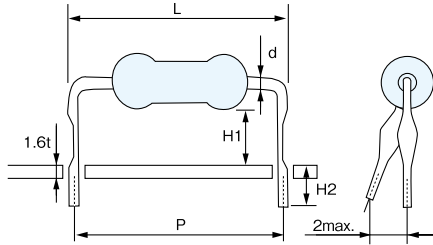
- Coating color, marking and dimensions are different depending on the manufacturing base. Verify them on the delivery specification.
- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.

MOS Fixed Metal Oxide Film Resistors (Small type)

MOSX Fixed Metal Film Resistors (Small type)

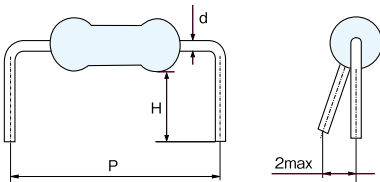
■ Secondary Processed Products (mm)

L Forming



Type MOS MOSX	P±1	H ₁ ±1	H ₂ ±1	d (Nominal)	L max.	Substrate hole dia
1/2CL10A	10.0	5.3	4.0	0.6	17.5	φ 0.8
1CL12.5A	12.5	7.0				
1CL15A	15.0	6.5		0.8	17.5	φ 1.0
2CL15A		7.0				
2CL15F	4.5					
2CL20A	20.0	9.0				
2CL20D		4.8				
3CL20A		8.0				
3CL20C		10.0				
3CL20T	4.0					
3CL25A	25.0	7.0				
3CL30A	30.0	7.0				
5CL30A		8.5				
5CL35A	35.0	5.5				

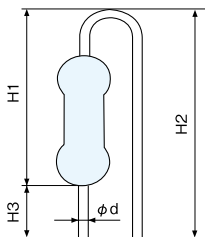
M Forming



Type MOS MOSX	P±1	H±1	d (Nominal)	Substrate hole dia
1/2CM10C	10.0	3.5	0.6	φ 0.8
1/2CM10F	10.0	5.0	0.6	
1CM12.5C	12.5	3.5	0.8	φ 1.0
1CM12.5D	12.5	4.0	0.8	
1CM15F	15.0	5.0	0.8	
1CM15J	15.0	6.3	0.8	
1CM15S	15.0	11.0	0.8	
2CM15C	15.0	3.5	0.8	
2CM15E	15.0	4.5	0.8	
2CM20D	20.0	4.0	0.8	
2CM20U	20.0	13.5	0.8	
3CM20E	20.0	4.6	0.8	
3CM26E	26.0	4.7	0.8	
5CM30U	30.0	13.0	0.8	

High Power Type Resistors

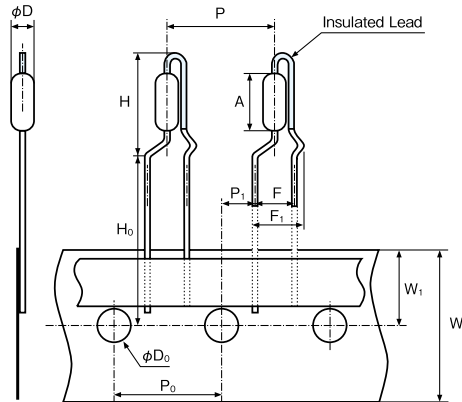
UCL Forming



Type MOS MOSX	H ₁ ±1	H ₂ ±1	H ₃ ±1	d (Nominal)	Insertion pitch	Substrate hole dia
1CUCL	13.0	17.0max.	3.5	0.8	5.0	φ 1.0
2CUCL	14.5	18.5max.	3.5			
3CUCL	20.0max.	22.0	4.0			

■ Secondary Processed Products (mm)

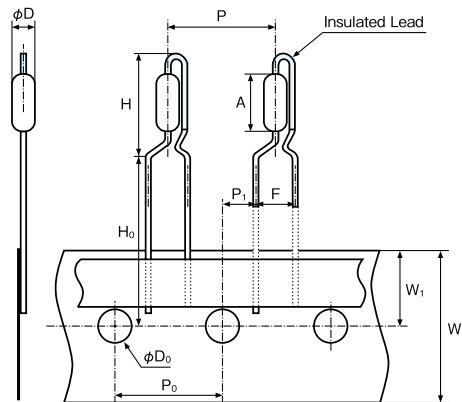
VTF Radial Taping



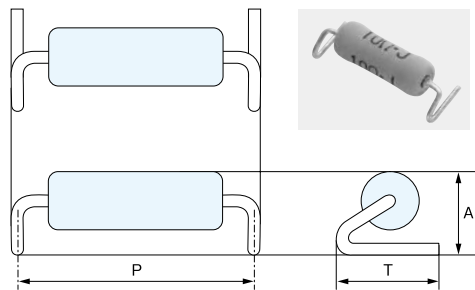
Breed	MOS/MOSX			
	1/2C	1C	2C	2C
Rating	VTP	VTP	VTP	VTF
A	6.2±0.5	9.0±1.0	12.0±1.0	12.0±1.0
φD	2.5±0.5	3.0±0.5	4.0±0.5	4.0±0.5
d (nominal)	0.6		0.65	0.8
F	5.0±0.5			
F ₁				7.3max.
H	13max.	16max.	22.5max.	22.5max.
H ₀	16+1.0/-0			
P	12.7±1.0			
P ₀	12.7±0.3			
P ₁	3.85±0.7			
W	18.0±0.5			
W ₁	9.0±0.5			
φD ₀	4.0±0.2			
Substrate hole dia	φ0.8		φ1.0	

- The color of insulated lead : Green
- Insertion pitch : 5.0mm

VTP Radial Taping



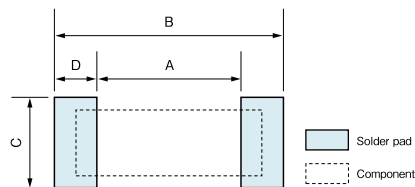
N Forming



Breed	MOS/MOSX		
	1C	2C	3C
Rating	N14.5TEB	N17TEB	N20TEG
P±1	14.5	17.0	20.0
T±0.5	5.0	6.0	7.5±1.0
A±0.5	4.8	5.8	6.5
d (nominal)	0.8	0.8	0.8

- Need a dedicated nozzle for automatic mounting.
- Please inquire to us before use.

Recommended Pad Dimensions



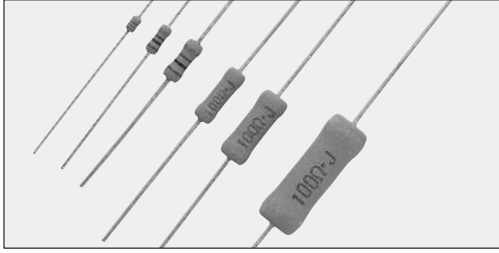
Breed	MOS/MOSX		
	1C	2C	3C
Rating	N14.5TEB	N17TEB	N20TEG
Type	N14.5TEB	N17TEB	N20TEG
A	12.5	14.6	17.6
B	16.5	19.4	22.4
C	7.0	8.0	9.5
D	2.0	2.4	2.4

- Please refer to APPENDIX for the packaging specification.

Various lead forming shapes are available upon request. Please feel free to ask us.

SPR Special Power Resistors (Small type)

SPRX Fixed Metal Film Resistors (Small type)

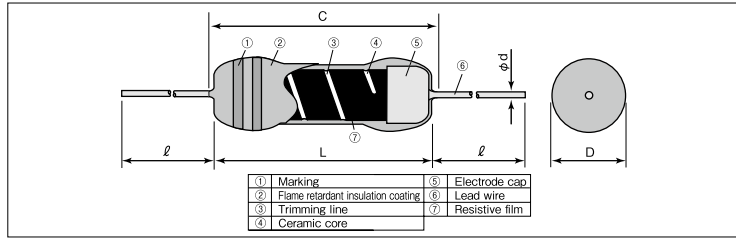


Coating color : Light green
 Marking : Color code (0.25W, 0.5W, 1W)
 Alphanumeric (2W, 3W, 5W)

Features

- Small size power type resistors.
- Flame retardant coating. (Equivalent to UL94 V-0)
- Automatic insertion is applicable.
- Various types of formings are available.
- High reliability.
- Excellent in pulse characteristic.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- Automatic mounting machine is applicable by surface mounted device style lead forming.

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)	
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)		
SPR (X) 1/4	3.3±0.3	3.5	1.7±0.3	0.45	140	
SPR (X) 1/2	6.2±0.5	7.1	2.5±0.5	0.6	250	
SPR (X) 1	9.0±1.0	11.1	3.5±0.5	0.8	500	
SPR (X) 2	12.0±1.0	15.0	4.2±0.8		800	
SPR (X) 3	15.5±1.0	18.0	6.0±1.0		1,400	
SPR (X) 5	24.5±1.0	28.0	9.0±1.0		30±3	1,400
					38±3	4,600

※1 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Type Designation

Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
SPR: Special Power Resistors (Small type) SPRX: Fixed Metal Film Resistors (Small type)	1/4:0.25W 1/2:0.5W 1:1W 2:2W 3:3W 5:5W	C:SnCu	See table below	A:AMMO R:REEL Nil:BOX TEB:TEG-Plastic embossed (N forming)	F:4 digits G,J:3 digits	F:±1% G:±2% J:±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping				Stand-off Axial Taping			VT Radial Taping				GT Radial Taping		L Forming					U Forming		M Forming				N Forming								
	T26	T52	T521	T631	L52	L521	L631	VT	VTP	VTE	VTF	GT	L10A	L12.5A	L15A	L20A	L25A	L30A	L35A	U	U	M10	M12.5	M15	M20	N17	N20						
SPR (X) 1/4	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
SPR (X) 1/2	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	M10F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
SPR (X) 1	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	M12.5D	M15F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
SPR (X) 2	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	M15E	M20U	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
SPR (X) 3	—	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	M20E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
SPR (X) 5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω)			T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)										
		F:±1% (E24-E96) ^{※2}	G:±2% (E24) ^{※2}	J:±5% (E24)					T26A	T52A	T521A	T631A							
SPR1/4	0.25W	—	—	2.2~10k	±350	E=√P×R(V)	500V	300V	2,000	2,000	—	—							
SPR1/2	0.5W	10~91k	10~91k	2.2~91k					800V	500V	2,000	2,000	—	—					
SPR1	1W						—	1,000V			700V	—	1,000	1,000	—	—			
SPR2	2W								—	1,200V		800V	—	—	500	1,000			
SPR3	3W												—	—	—	—	—	—	
SPR5	5W					10~100k	10~100k	2.2~110k	E=√P×R(V)	E×2.5(V)	500V	300V	2,000	2,000	—	—			
SPRX1/4	0.25W	1.0~2.0	0.22~2.0	0.1~2.0		300V	2,000	2,000					—	—	—	—			
SPRX1/2	0.5W												—	1,000	1,000	—	—	500	1,000
SPRX1	1W					—	—	—								—	—	—	—
SPRX2	2W															—	—	—	—
SPRX3	3W				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—					
SPRX5	5W	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							

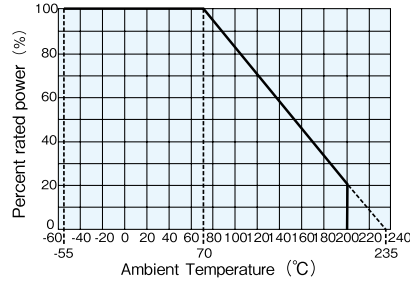
※2 Please consult with us for resistance other than catalog specification (tol.F/G)

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +200°C

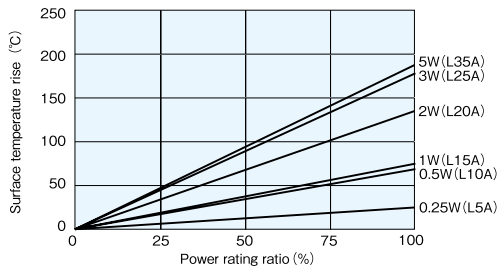
Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Derating Curve

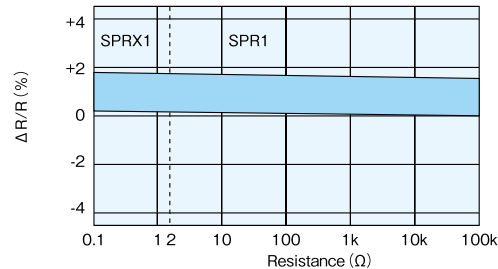


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Surface Temperature Rise



Load Life at 70°C 1000h



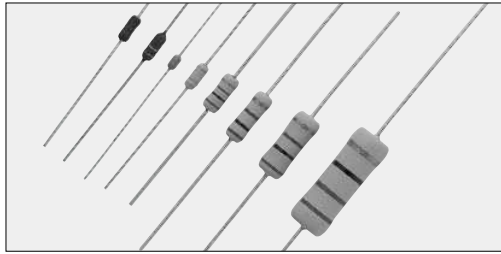
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	Measuring points are 10mm±1mm from the end cap.
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	$\pm (1\% + 0.1 \Omega)$	0.5	Rated voltage×2.5 or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s, 350°C±10°C, 3.5s±0.5s
Terminal strength	No lead-coming off and loose terminals	—	Twist 360°, 5 times
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-55°C (30min.)/+155°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	$\pm (3\% + 0.1 \Omega)$: 1/4W~2W $\pm (5\% + 0.1 \Omega)$: 3W, 5W	1.5 : 1/4W~2W 2.5 : 3W, 5W	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	$\pm (3\% + 0.1 \Omega)$: 1/4W~2W $\pm (5\% + 0.1 \Omega)$: 3W, 5W	1.5 : 1/4W~2W 2.5 : 3W, 5W	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	Ultrasonic washing with Isopropyl alcohol for 2 min. Power : 0.3W/cm², f : 28kHz, Temp : 35°C±5°C
Flame retardant	No evidence of flaming or self-flaming.	—	Flame test : The test flame shall be applied and removed for each 15 sec respectively to repeat the cycle 5 times. Overload flame retardant : AC voltage corresponding to 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 times the power rating shall be applied for each 1min. until disconnection occurs. However the applied voltage shall not exceed the value of 4 times of the maximum operating voltage.

Precautions for Use

- Water and moisture may affect and change the high resistance range of this product largely. Consult us in advance when you consider using this product for such applications that may cause serious damage.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. attached to these products or mounted onto PCB, negatively affect the moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. Ionic substances like sweat and salt that may be caused according to the storage environment, mounting conditions and mounting environment, also affect the above characteristics. Wash thoroughly these ionic substances. Confirm the reliability of washing and decide the dry conditions so that washing solvent is not to be remained inside the product after washing. Do not apply electricity to the product nor use the product itself until the drying is fully completed.
- Be careful of handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.

CW Coat-Insulated Miniature Wirewound Resistors



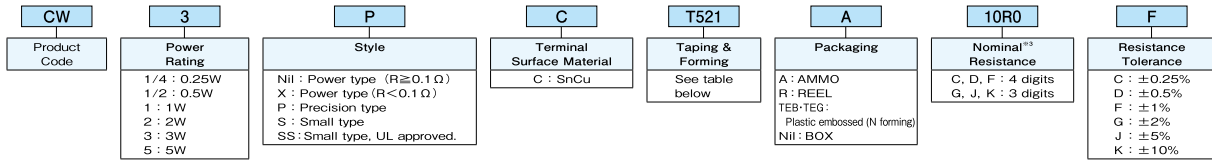
Coating color : Green (CW1/4), Blue (CW, CW□X, CW□P)
 Black (CW1S, CW1SS)
 Marking : Color code (CW, CW□X, CW1SS*)
 Alphanumeric (CW□P, CW1S)
 ※1 Two silver lines for CW1SS.

Features

- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- CW1SS has UL1412 approval. (File No. E320246)
- Automatic mounting machine is applicable by surface mounted device style lead forming.
- Flame retardant coating (Equivalent to UL94 V-0)

Type Designation

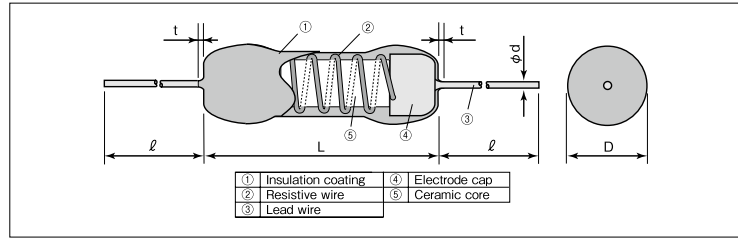
Example



Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits	Resistance Value (Ω)	4 digits
10m~91m	10L~91L	0.1~0.976	R100~R976
0.1~0.91	R10~R91	1~9.76	1R00~9R76
1~9.1	1R0~9R1		

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
 For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)	
	L	D	ℓ ±3.0**	d (Nominal)	t Max.		
CW1/4	3.3±0.3	1.9±0.3	30	0.45	0.5	140	
CW1/2	6.5±1.0	2.5±1.0		0.6	1	250	
CW1	9.0±1.0	3.5±1.0		0.8	3	650	
CW1X		3.5 ^{+1.5}					
CW1P		3.5±1.0					
CW2	12±1.0	4.0±1.0			3		950
CW2X		4.0 ^{+1.5}					
CW2P		4.0±1.0					
CW3	15±1.0	6.0±1.0			3		1780
CW3X		6.0 ^{+1.5}					
CW3P		6.0±1.0					
CW5	24±1.5	9.0±1.5	38		3		4400
CW1S	6.5±1.0	2.5±1.0	30	0.6	1	250	
CW1SS							

※2 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping				Stand-off axial taping	Radial Taping		L Forming					N Forming				
	T26	T52	T521	T631		L52	VTP	GT	L10A	L12.5A	L15A	L20A	L25A	L30A	L35A	N17	N20
CW1/4	○	○															
CW1/2		○						○									
CW1		○					○*										
CW2		○	○								○					○	
CW3			○	○							○	○					○
CW5														○	○		
CW1X		○															
CW2X											○						
CW3X											○						
CW1S		○									○	○					
CW1SS		○									○	○					
CW1P		○															
CW2P		○									○						
CW3P			○	○							○	○					

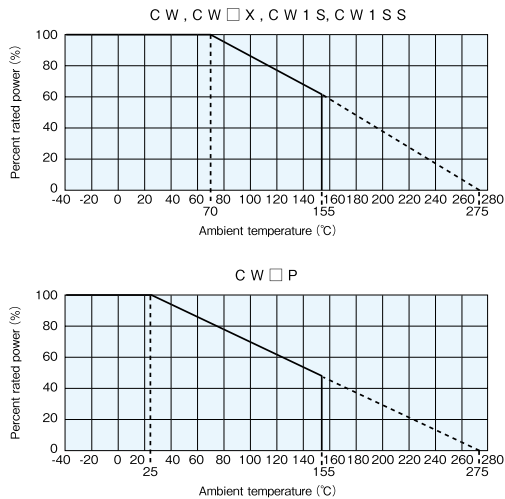
※3 Applicable to 0.47 Ω or over.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temp.	Resistance Range (Ω)					T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁴ /K)	Operating Temp. Range	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)							
			C : ±0.25% E24 · E96	D : ±0.5% E24 · E96	F : ±1% E24 · E96	G : ±2% E24	J : ±5% E24			K : ±10% E24	T26A	T52A	T521A	T631A			
CW1/4	0.25W	+70°C	—	—	—	—	0.47~15	0.47~15	±250	-40°C ~ +155°C	2,000	3,000	—	—			
CW1/2	0.5W		—	—	—	—	0.1~100	0.1~100			—	2,000	—	—	—		
CW1	1W		—	—	—	0.1~390	0.1~390	—			—	1,000	—	—	—		
CW2	2W		—	—	—	0.1~390	0.1~390	—			—	1,000	1,000	—	—		
CW3	3W		—	—	—	0.1~390	0.1~390	—			—	—	500	500	—		
CW5	5W		—	—	—	0.1~390	0.1~390	—			—	—	—	—	—		
CW1X	1W		—	—	—	—	0.01~0.091	0.01~0.091			±500	-40°C ~ +155°C	—	1,000	—	—	
CW2X	2W		—	—	—	—	0.01~0.091	0.01~0.091					—	—	1,000	—	—
CW3X	3W		—	—	—	—	0.01~0.091	0.01~0.091					—	—	500	500	—
CW1S	1W		+25°C	—	—	—	—	0.1~100			0.1~100	±250	-40°C ~ +155°C	—	2,000	—	—
CW1SS	1W	—		—	—	—	10	—	±100	—	2,000	—		—			
CW1P	1W	1~100		0.47~220	0.1~430	—	—	—	—	—	1,000	—		—			
CW2P	2W	1~390		0.47~390	0.1~390	—	—	—	—	±90 : R≥100	—	1,000		1,000	—		
CW3P	3W	1~390		0.47~390	0.1~390	—	—	—	—	±50 : R<100	—	500		500	—		

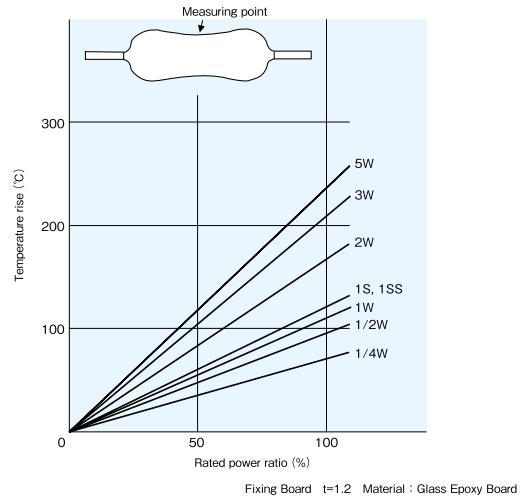
Rated voltage = √ Power Rating × Resistance value.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Temperature Rise (Ref.)



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	$\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$: CW, CW1S, CW1SS, CW□P $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.005 \Omega)$: CW□X		25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.		CW, CW□X, CW1S, CW1SS : +25°C/+125°C CW□P : +25°C/-40°C and +25°C/+155°C
Overload (Short time)	1 : CW, CW□X 2 : CW1S, CW1SS 0.5 : CW□P 0.2 : CW□P (R<10Ω) *4	0.8 : CW, CW□X 1.8 : CW1S, CW1SS 0.4 : CW□P 0.18 : CW□P (R<10Ω)	Power rating × 10, 5s (CW, CW□X, CW1S, CW1SS) Power rating × 6.25, 5s (CW□P) Power rating × 5, 5s (CW□P : R<10Ω) *4
Resistance to soldering heat	1 : CW, CW1S, CW1SS, CW□X 0.5 : CW□P 0.2 : CW□P (R<10Ω) *4	0.8 : CW, CW1S, CW1SS, CW□X 0.4 : CW□P 0.18 : CW□P (R<10Ω)	350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s or 260°C ± 5°C, 10s
Moisture resistance	5 : CW, CW1S, CW□X 2 : CW□P 0.5 : CW□P (R<10Ω) *4	4 : CW, CW1S, CW□X 1.6 : CW□P 0.45 : CW□P (R<10Ω)	Power rating × 1/10, 40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 25°C or 70°C	5 : CW, CW1S, CW1SS, CW□X 2 : CW□P 0.5 : CW□P (R<10Ω) *4	4 : CW, CW1S, CW□X 1.6 : CW□P, CW1SS 0.45 : CW□P (R<10Ω)	70°C, 1000h (CW, CW□X, CW1S, CW1SS) 25°C, 1000h (CW□P) 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance such as disappearance of marking, etc.	—	On immersing the sample in IPA for 3 minutes, the resistor surface should be lightly wiped with a dry cloth (velvet or gauze).
Thunder surge	3 : CW1SS	—	Combination wave +1.5kV 20sec 3cycles

*4 Refer to MIL-PRF-26G standard.

Precautions for Use

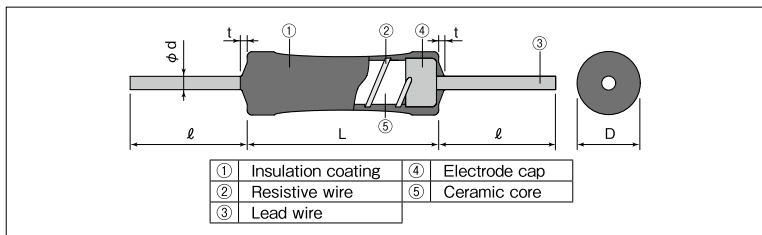
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- In case of using them for an AC circuit, abnormal phenomena like oscillation etc. occasionally happen as they have an inductance or a parasitic capacitance because of their wiring structures. Use them by taking the dispersion of constants of other components into the consideration.

CW-H Coat-Insulated Miniature Wirewound Resistors



Coating color : Black
Marking : Alphanumeric

Construction



Features

- Resistors meet MIL-PRF-26.
- High precision resistor with T.C.R. : $\pm 20 \times 10^{-6}/K$.
- Excellent stability for a long time.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Reference Standards

MIL-PRF-26
JIS-C-5201-1

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L \pm 1.0	D \pm 1.0	$\ell \pm 3.0$	d (Nominal)	t Max.	
CW1H	9.0	3.5	30	0.8	3	650
CW2H	12.0	4.0				950
CW3H	15.0	6.0				1,780

Type Designation

Example

CW	1	H	C	T52	A	1R00	F
Product Code	Power Rating	Style	Termination Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	1 : 1W 2 : 2W 3 : 3W	H : Stability	C : SnCu	See table below	A: AMMO R: Reel Nil: BOX	4 digits	D : $\pm 0.5\%$ F : $\pm 1\%$

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

Type	Axial Taping			Radial Taping		L Forming			
	T52	T521	T631	VTP	GT	L12.5A	L15A	L20A	L25A
CW1H	○			○ ^{*1}	○	○	○		
CW2H	○ ^{*1}	○		○	○		○	○	
CW3H		○	○		○			○	○

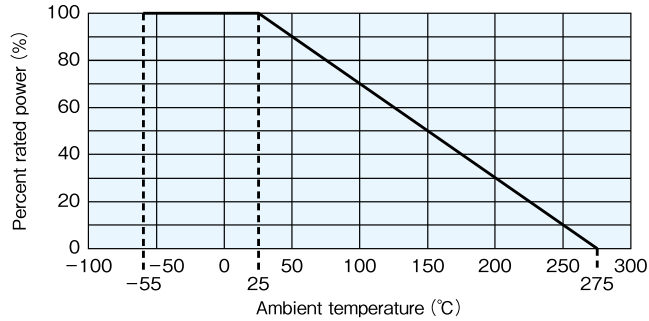
*1 Applicable to 0.47 Ω or over

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temperature	Resistance Range (Ω)		T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	Operating Temp. Range	Max. Working Voltage (V)	Max. Overload Voltage (V)	Taping & Q' ty /AMMO (pcs)		
			D : $\pm 0.5\%$ E24 · E96	F : $\pm 1\%$ E24 · E96					T52	T521	T631
CW1H	1W	+25°C	0.47~220	0.1~430	$\pm 20 : R \geq 10\Omega$ $\pm 50 : R < 10\Omega$	-55°C ~ +275°C	$E = \sqrt{P \times R}$	$E = \sqrt{P \times R \times 5}$	1,000	-	-
CW2H	2W		0.47~750	0.1~2k					1,000	1,000	-
CW3H	3W		0.47~1k	0.1~3k					-	500	500

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 25°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

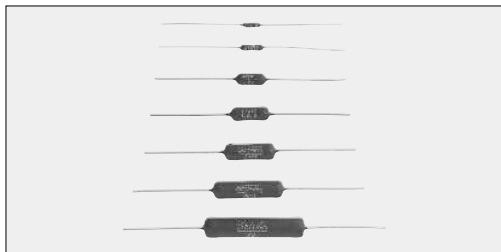
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/125°C
Short time overload	0.2	0.15	Power rating $\times 5$, 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.2	0.15	350°C $\pm 10^\circ\text{C}$, 3s $\pm 0.5\text{s}$ 260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s $\pm 1\text{s}$
Load life	0.5	0.45	25°C, Power rating 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF 2000h
Low Temperature	0.2	0.15	-55°C, 24h
High Temperature	0.5	0.45	+275°C, 250h

Precautions for Use

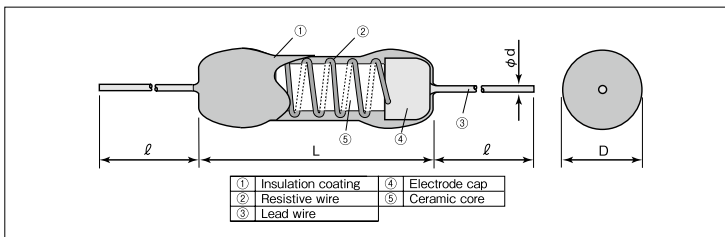
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- In case of using them for an AC circuit, abnormal phenomena like oscillation etc. occasionally happen as they have an inductance or a parasitic capacitance because of their wiring structures. Use them by taking the dispersion of constants of other components into the consideration.

RW Coat-insulated Miniature Precision Power Wirewound Resistors



Coating color : Black
Marking : Alphanumeric

Construction



Features

- Resistors meet MIL-R-26E (U and V characteristics) and surface temp. (hot spot) 350°C max.
- Resistors with a wide range of 0.1Ω~62kΩ, covering applications from precision to power.
- RW□N type resistors are non-inductive wound and can be used in high frequency bands.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Inrush current preventive resistors.
- Resistors for various power supplies such as instrumentations, communications, medical, etc.
- Resistors for semiconductor burn-in boards.

Reference Standard

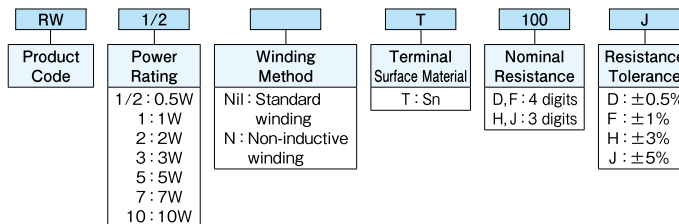
MIL-R-26E

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	D	d (Nominal)	ℓ	
RW1/2 · RW1/2N	8.0±1.0	1.6 ^{+1.0} ₋₀	0.5	38±3	180
RW1 · RW1N	10.5±1.0	2.7±1.0			270
RW2 · RW2N	13.0±1.0	5.2±1.0	0.8		1,000
RW3 · RW3N	16.5±1.0	6.4±1.0			1,820
RW5 · RW5N	22.0±1.0	7.8±1.5	1.0		3,240
RW7 · RW7N	31.5±1.0				5,060
RW10 · RW10N	46.0±1.5	9.3±1.5	8,900		

Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating		Resistance Range (Ω)				T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Max. Working Voltage	Max. Overload Voltage
	Characteristics U	Characteristics V	D : ±0.5% E24 · E96 25×10 ⁰ ·50×10 ⁰	F : ±1% E24 · E96 25×10 ⁰ ·50×10 ⁰	H : ±3% E24 25×10 ⁰ ·50×10 ⁰	J : ±5% E24 25×10 ⁰ ·50×10 ⁰			
RW1/2T	0.5W	—	10~2.61k	10~2.61k	0.47~2.7k	0.47~2.7k	+20/-50 : R≥10Ω	80V	150V
RW1/2NT			—	10~2.37k	10~2.4k	10~2.4k			
RW1T	1W	—	1~5.11k	1~5.11k	0.1~5.1k	0.1~5.1k		130V	300V
RW1NT			—	10~3.74k	10~3.6k	10~3.6k			
RW2T	2W	3W	1~10k	1~10k	0.1~10k	0.1~10k		140V	500V
RW2NT			—	15~10k	10~10k	10~10k			
RW3T	3W	5W	1~15k	1~15k	0.1~15k	0.1~15k	200V	600V	
RW3NT			—	15~15k	15~15k	15~15k			
RW5T	5W	7W	1~30.1k	1~30.1k	0.1~30k	0.1~30k	400V	700V	
RW5NT			—	20~29.4k	20~30k	20~30k			
RW7T	7W	10W	1~45.3k	1~45.3k	0.1~47k	0.1~47k	600V	800V	
RW7NT			—	36~44.2k	36~43k	36~43k			
RW10T	10W	14W	1~60.4k	1~60.4k	0.1~62k	0.1~62k	1000V	1500V	
RW10NT			—	62~49.9k	62~51k	62~51k			

*Resistance tolerance B (±0.1%) available. Please refer to us.

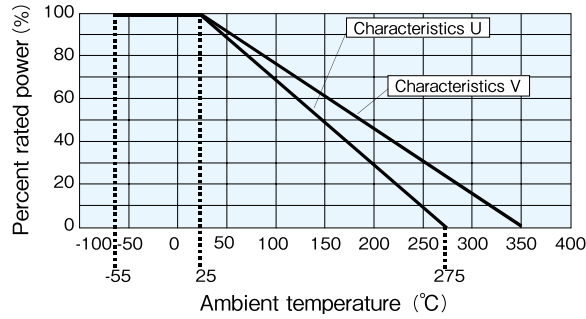
Rated Ambient Temperature : +25°C

Operating Temperature Range : Characteristics U -55°C~+275°C, Characteristics V -55°C~+350°C

Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

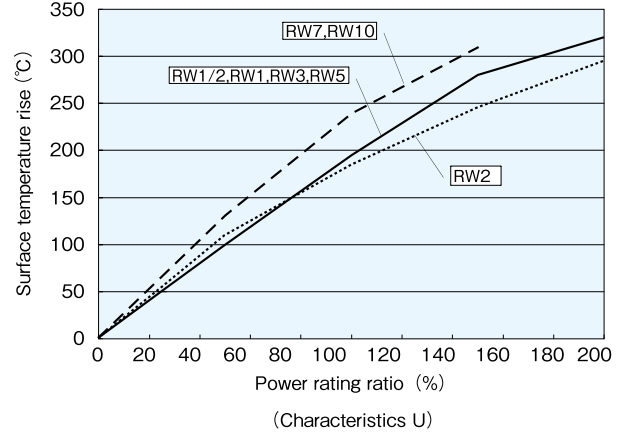
Characteristics U and V: Each performance is different depending on use conditions, but no difference of the product itself.

Derating Curve

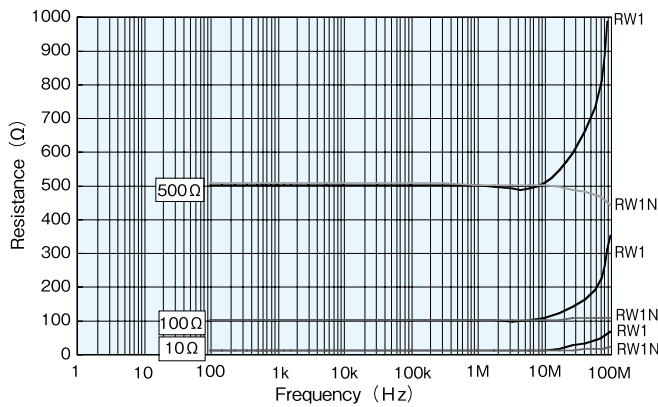


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 25°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Surface Temperature Rise



Frequency Characteristic (Reference)



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$	Test Method
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	+25°C/-55°C, +25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	0.2 : U 2 : V	Rated power $\times 5$ or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s Rated power $\times 10$ or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.1	350°C $\pm 10^\circ\text{C}$, 3s $\pm 0.5\text{s}$ or 260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s $\pm 1\text{s}$
Moisture resistance	0.2 : U 2 : V	Power rating $\times 1/10$, 40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 25°C	0.5 : U 3 : V	25°C, 2000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	0.2 : U 2 : V	275 $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 250h 350 $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 250h

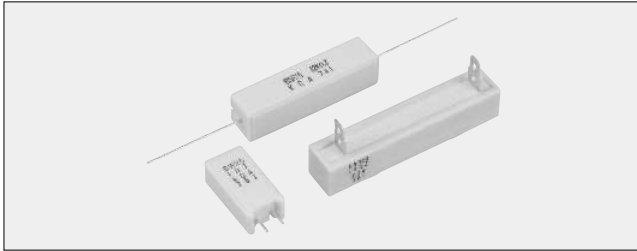
Precautions for Use

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- In case of using them for an AC circuit, abnormal phenomena like oscillation etc. occasionally happen as they have an inductance or a parasitic capacitance because of their wiring structures. Use them by taking the dispersion of constants of other components into the consideration.

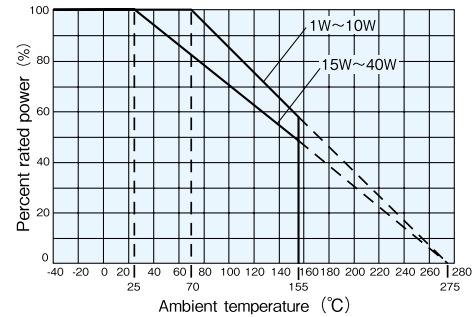
BGR ■ Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Glass Core

BWR ■ Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Ceramic Core

BSR ■ Rectangular Type Metal Oxide Film Resistors



■ Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

■ Ratings

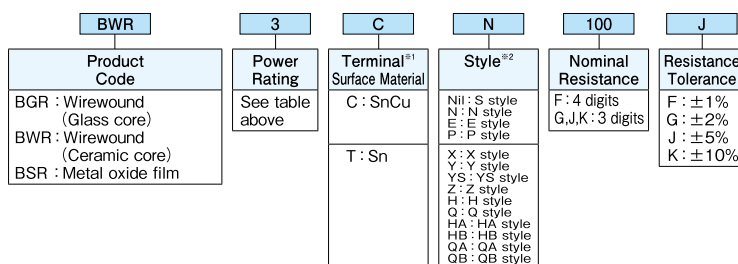
Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) E24				Style & Weight (g/1pcs)															
		F: ±1%	G: ±2%	J: ±5%	K: ±10%	S	N	E	P	X	Y	YS	Z	H	Q	HA	HB	QA	QB		
BWR1	1W	1~56	0.22~75	0.1~75	—	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BWR2	2W	1~160	0.22~200	0.1~200	—	2.1	3.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BWR3	3W	1~300	0.22~390	0.1~390	—	3.9	5.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BWR5	5W	1~300	0.22~390	0.1~390	—	5.1	7.2	5.7	5.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BWR7	7W	1~360	0.22~390	0.1~390	—	7.5	10.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BWR10	10W	1~390	0.22~390	0.1~390	—	10.2	15.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BWR15	15W	1~390	0.22~390	0.1~390	—	18.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BWR20	20W	1~390	0.22~390	0.1~390	—	23.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
BGR5	5W	—	—	10~390	0.39~9.1	—	—	—	—	6.1	7.6	6.6	7.6	—	6.2	—	—	—	—		
BGR7	7W	—	—	10~390	0.39~9.1	—	—	—	—	8.2	9.1	7.8	9.1	—	7.8	—	—	—	—		
BGR10	10W	—	—	10~390	0.39~9.1	—	—	—	—	11.0	12.4	10.4	11.4	9.9	10.7	13.6	—	14.5	—		
BGR15	15W	—	—	10~390	0.51~9.1	—	—	—	—	18.8	—	—	—	20.5	18.4	18.6	24.4	27.5	24.6	27.7	
BGR20	20W	—	—	10~390	0.51~9.1	—	—	—	—	22.3	—	—	—	24.0	21.9	22.1	27.9	31.0	28.1	31.3	
BGR30	30W	—	—	10~390	2.2~9.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	59.3	59.6	73.9	73.5	74.2	73.8	
BGR40	40W	—	—	10~390	2.2~9.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	70.4	70.6	85.0	84.6	85.2	84.8	
BSR2	2W	—	—	430~13k	—	2.1	3.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
BSR3	3W	—	—	430~27k	—	3.9	5.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
BSR5	5W	—	—	430~51k	—	5.1	7.2	5.7	—	6.1	7.6	6.6	7.6	—	6.2	—	—	—	—	—	
BSR7	7W	—	—	430~56k	—	7.4	10.8	—	—	8.2	9.1	7.8	9.1	—	7.8	—	—	—	—	—	
BSR10	10W	—	—	430~75k	—	10.2	15.0	—	—	11.0	12.4	10.4	11.4	10.9	10.7	13.7	—	14.5	—	—	
BSR15	15W	—	—	430~56k	—	18.8	—	—	—	18.5	—	—	—	20.5	18.4	18.6	24.4	27.5	24.6	27.7	
BSR20	20W	—	—	430~56k	—	23.3	—	—	—	22.0	—	—	—	24.0	21.9	22.1	27.9	31.0	28.1	31.3	

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temperature	Max. Working Voltage (V)		Max. Overload Voltage (V)		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)			Operating Temp. Range
			BSR	BGR·BWR	BSR	BGR·BWR	BWR	BSR	BGR	
BWR1	1W	+70°C	—	E=√P·R	—	E=√P·R·10	±100	±300	—	-40°C~+155°C
BWR2	2W		250							
BWR3	3W		300							
BWR5	5W		350							
BWR7	7W		500							
BWR10	10W		700							
BWR15	15W		700							
BWR20	20W	+25°C	750	1400	1400	±250	—	—		
BGR30	30W		—	—	—	—	—			
BGR40	40W		—	—	—	—	—			

Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.
Please consult with us in advance about custom-made products.

■ Type Designation

Example



*1 Lead-Free plated terminal symbols.

C (SnCu): N, E, S and P styles

T (Sn): X, Y, YS, Z, H and Q styles

*2 No indication on style means S style.

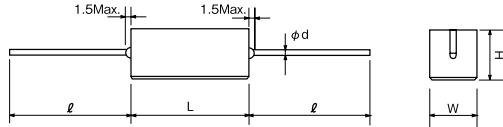
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

■ Features

- High-power resistor.
- Using flame-retardant/insulated ceramic case.
- Excellent in anti-pulse and inrush current.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

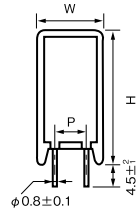
■ Dimensions

① S Style

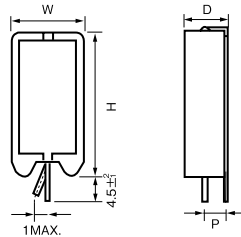


Type	Dimensions (mm)			
	L	W	H	$\phi \pm 0.1$
BWR1C	13±1.0	5.5±1.0	5.5±1.0	30
BWR2C·BSR2C	18±1.5	6.3±1.0	6.3±1.0	35
BWR3C·BSR3C	22±1.5	8.0±1.0	8.0±1.0	
BWR5C·BSR5C		9.5±1.0	9.5±1.0	
BWR7C·BSR7C	48±1.5			
BWR10C·BSR10C		63.5±1.5	12.5±1.5	
BWR15C·BSR15C				
BWR20C·BSR20C				

② N Style

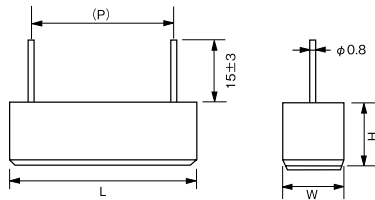


③ E Style



Type	Dimensions (mm)			
	W±1	D±1	H±1.5	P±0.2
BWR2CN·BSR2CN	11	7	20.5	5
BWR3CN·BSR3CN	12	8	25	
BWR5CN·BSR5CN	13	9	25.5	
BWR7CN·BSR7CN			38.5	
BWR10CN·BSR10CN	16	12	35	7.5
BWR5CE·BSR5CE	9.5	9.5	23.5	5

④ P Style

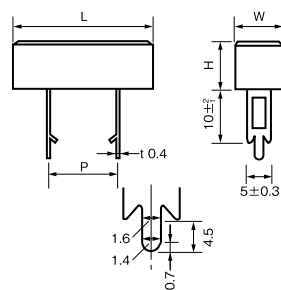


Type	Dimensions (mm)			
	L	W±1.5	H±1.5	(P)
BWR5CP	23±1.5	9.5	9.5	20

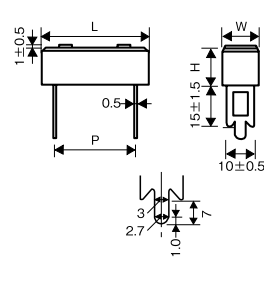
Parenthesized dimensions are for reference.
Please refrain from using these parts as a board-insertion type.
Only soldering doesn't have enough joint strength.
Additional fixation is recommended.

⑤ X Style

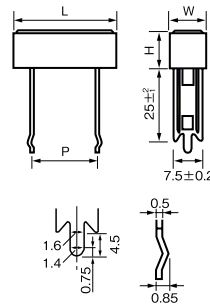
(5W~10W)



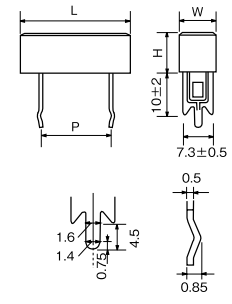
(15W, 20W)



⑥ Y Style



⑦ YS Style



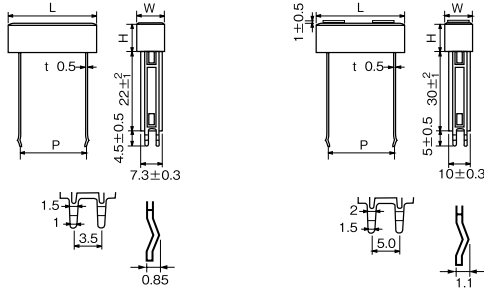
Type	Dimensions (mm)			
	L±1.5	W	H±1.0	P±1.5
BGR5TX·BSR5TX·BGR5TY·BSR5TY·BGR5TYS·BSR5TYS	27	9.5±1	9.5	15
BGR7TX·BSR7TX·BGR7TY·BSR7TY·BGR7TYS·BSR7TYS	35			22.5
BGR10TX·BSR10TX·BGR10TY·BSR10TY·BGR10TYS·BSR10TYS	48	12.5±1.5	12.5	35
BGR15TX·BSR15TX				32.5
BGR20TX·BSR20TX	63.5			47.5

High Power Type Resistors

■ Dimensions

⑧ Z Style

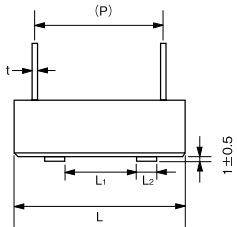
(5W~10W)



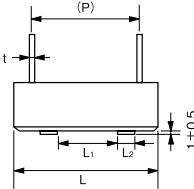
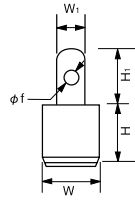
(15W, 20W)

Type	Dimensions (mm)			
	L±1.5	W±1.0	H	P
BGR5TZ·BSR5TZ	27	9.5	9.5±1	15 ⁺⁶ ₋₂
BGR7TZ·BSR7TZ	35			22.5 ⁺⁶ ₋₂
BGR10TZ·BSR10TZ	48	12.5	12.5±1.5	35 ⁺⁶ ₋₂
BGR15TZ·BSR15TZ				32.5 ⁺⁴ ₋₁
BGR20TZ·BSR20TZ	63.5			47.5 ⁺⁴ ₋₀

⑨ H Style

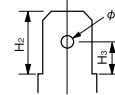
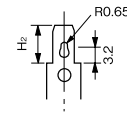


⑩ Q Style



(15W, 20W)

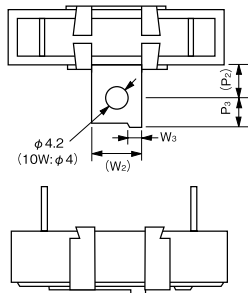
(5W,7W,10W,30W,40W)



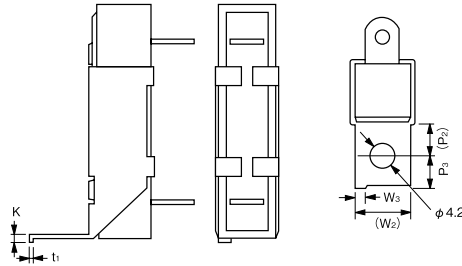
Type	Dimensions (mm)												
	L	L1	L2	W	W1	H	H1±1.0	H2	(H2)	(P)	t	(phi f)	
BGR10TH·BSR10TH	48±1.5	25±1.0	4.5	9.5±1.0	5.0	9.5±1.0	7.0	—	—	35	0.4	2.0	
BGR15TH·BSR15TH			7.0	12.5±1.2	6.0	12.5±1.5	8.5			34.5			
BGR20TH·BSR20TH			7.0	12.5±1.2	6.0	12.5±1.5	8.5			49.5			
BGR30TH	75±2.5	40±1.2	10.0	19.0±1.5	7.5	19.0±1.5	11.0	—	—	56	0.5	3.0	
BGR40TH	90±2.5									71			
BGR5TQ·BSR5TQ	27±1.5	—	—	9.5±1.0	4.75	9.5±1.0	10.5	6.5	3.3	15.0	0.5	2.2	
BGR7TQ·BSR7TQ	35±1.5	—	—							22.5			
BGR10TQ·BSR10TQ	48±1.5	—	—							35.0			
BGR15TQ·BSR15TQ	48±1.5	25±1.0	7.0	12.5±1.2	—	12.5±1.5	12.0	6.35	—	34.5	—	—	
BGR20TQ·BSR20TQ	63.5±2									49.5			
BGR30TQ	75±2.5	40±1.2	10.0	19.0±1.5	6.3	19.0±1.5	12.0	8.0	4.1	56	0.8	1.7	
BGR40TQ	90±2.5									71			

Parenthesized dimensions are for reference.

⑪ HA · QA Style



⑫ HB · QB Style

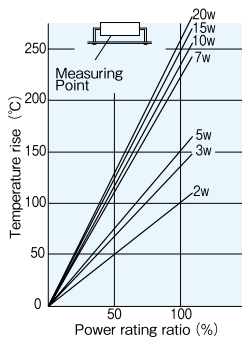


Type	Dimensions (mm)					
	(P2)	P2±1	(W2)	W3±0.3	K±0.3	t1
BGR10THA · BSR10THA · BGR10TQA · BSR10TQA	8.0	6	12	3.0	2.8	0.6
BGR15THA · BSR15THA · BGR15TQA · BSR15TQA						0.8
BGR15THB · BSR15THB · BGR15TQB · BSR15TQB						
BGR20THA · BSR20THA · BGR20TQA · BSR20TQA	10	8	18	3.0	3.0	0.8
BGR20THB · BSR20THB · BGR20TQB · BSR20TQB						
BGR30THA · BGR30TQA						
BGR30THB · BGR30TQB						
BGR40THA · BGR40TQA						
BGR40THB · BGR40TQB						

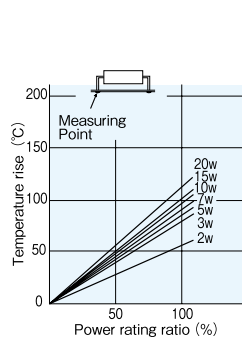
Parenthesized dimensions are for reference.

Temperature Rise (Ref.)

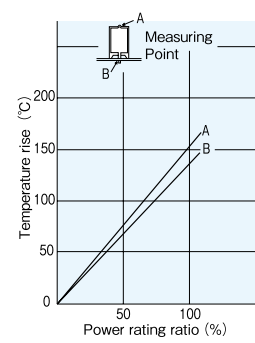
① S Style



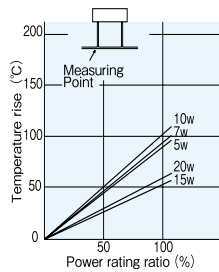
② N Style



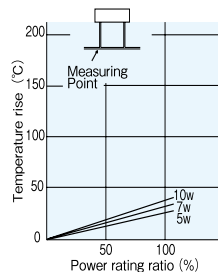
③ E Style



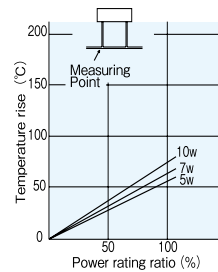
④ X Style



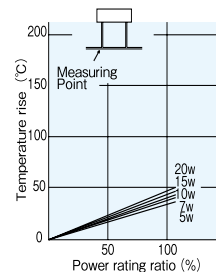
⑤ Y Style



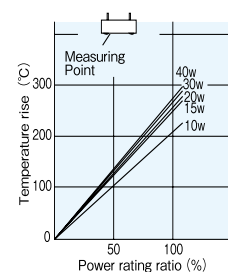
⑥ YS Style



⑦ Z Style



⑧ H, Q Style



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +125°C
Resistance to soldering heat	1 : BWR, BSR 2 : BGR	0.8 : BWR 1.7 : BGR 0.9 : BSR	350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s 260°C ± 5°C, 10s
Moisture resistance	3 : BWR, BGR 5 : BSR	2.4 : BWR 2.55 : BGR 4.5 : BSR	Power rating × 1/10, 40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 25°C or 70°C	3 : BWR 5 : BGR, BSR	2.4 : BWR 4.25 : BGR 4.5 : BSR	25°C or 70°C, rated voltage, 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle

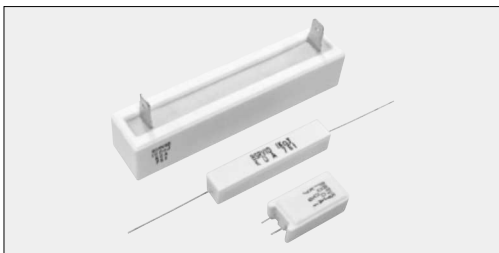
Precautions for Use

- The products attached by ionic impurities negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. Please pay careful attention to products handling as well as storage, mounting conditions and environment.
- When the pulse including surge is impressed to the resistor, it may cause disconnection. Please confirm us about the conditions for use in advance.
- In case of using them for an AC circuit, abnormal phenomena like oscillation etc. occasionally happen as they have an inductance or a parasitic capacitance because of their wiring structures. Use them by taking the dispersion of constants of other components into the consideration.

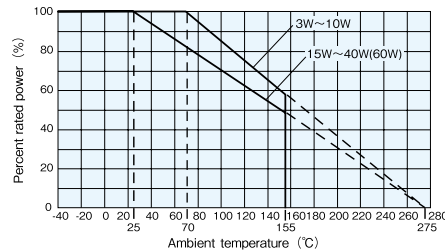
BGRV ■ Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Glass Core (For Automotive)

BWRV ■ Rectangular Type Wirewound Resistors With Ceramic Core (For Automotive)

BSRV ■ Rectangular Type Metal Oxide Film Resistors (For Automotive)



Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Features

- High-power resistor.
- Using flame-retardant/insulated ceramic case.
- Excellent in anti-pulse and inrush current.
- Suitable for high reliable applications like Automotives. AEC-Q200 Tested.^{#1}
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Pre-charge/(Passive and Active) Discharge resistors for HEV, PHEV, EV.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Pulse Energy Capacity (J) ^{#2}	Resistance Range (Ω) E24		Style & Weight (g/1pcs)					
			J : ±5%	K : ±10%	S ^{#1}	N ^{#1}	Q	QA	QC	QE
BWRV3	3W	11	1.0~390	—	3.9	5.9	—	—	—	—
BWRV5	5W	17	1.0~390	—	5.1	7.2	—	—	—	—
BWRV7	7W	52	1.0~390	—	7.5	10.8	—	—	—	—
BWRV10	10W	100	1.0~390	—	10.2	15.0	—	—	—	—
BWRV15	15W	100	1.0~390	—	18.8	—	—	—	—	—
BWRV20	20W	180	1.0~390	—	23.3	—	—	—	—	—
BWRV40	40W(60W)	549	4.3~220	—	—	—	93.5	—	—	107.5
BGRV5	5W	16	10~390	5.1~9.1	—	—	6.2	—	—	—
BGRV7	7W	31	10~390	5.1~9.1	—	—	7.9	—	—	—
BGRV10	10W	60	10~390	5.1~9.1	—	—	10.7	14.5	—	—
BGRV15	15W	60	10~390	5.1~9.1	—	—	18.6	24.6	—	—
BGRV20	20W	95	10~390	5.1~9.1	—	—	22.1	28.1	—	—
BGRV30	30W	161	10~390	5.1~9.1	—	—	59.6	—	84.6	73.9
BGRV30TQW			10~100		—	—				
BGRV40	40W	226	10~390	5.1~9.1	—	—	70.6	—	105.0	95.0
BGRV40TQW			10~100		—	—				
BSRV3	3W	—	430~27k	—	3.9	5.9	—	—	—	—
BSRV5	5W	—	430~51k	—	5.1	7.2	6.2	—	—	—
BSRV7	7W	—	430~56k	—	7.5	10.8	7.9	—	—	—
BSRV10	10W	—	430~75k	—	10.2	15.0	10.7	14.5	—	—
BSRV15	15W	—	430~56k	—	18.8	—	18.6	24.6	—	—
BSRV20	20W	—	430~56k	—	23.3	—	22.1	28.1	—	—

※1 S Style and N Style lead terminal products are not compatible with the AEC-Q200 vibration test only by soldered PCB mounting.

When using the product, please take into account vibration measures such as fixing the product with silicone resin.

※2 Average value between 10Ω~100Ω

Type Designation

Example

BGRV	40	T	Q		A	300	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Style^{#4}	Dimensional accuracy^{#5}	Mounting bracket	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
BGRV : Wirewound (Glass core) BWRV : Wirewound (Ceramic core) BSRV : Metal oxide film	See table above	C : SnCu T : Sn	Nil : S style N : N style Q : Q style	Nil : standard W : High-Precision	Nil : None A : A style C : C style E : E style	3 digits	J : ±5% K : ±10%

※3 Lead-Free plated terminal symbols.

C (SnCu) : S, N styles

T (Sn) : Q styles

※4 No indication on style means S style.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Ambient Temperature	Max. Working Voltage (V)			Max. Overload Voltage (V)			T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)			Operating Temp. Range
			BGRV	BWRV	BSRV	BGRV	BWRV	BSRV	BGRV	BWRV	BSRV	
B \square RV3	3W	+70°C	E=√P·R	—	—	E=√P·R·10	—	±250	±250	±300	-40°C~+155°C	
B \square RV5	5W											
B \square RV7	7W											
B \square RV10	10W											
B \square RV15	15W											
B \square RV20	20W	+25°C	E=√P·R	—	—	E=√P·R·10	—	±250	—			
BGRV30	30W											
BGRV40	40W											
BWRV40	40W(60W) ^{#6}											
BWRV40	40W(60W) ^{#6}											

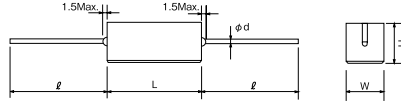
Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value) or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

Please consult with us in advance about custom-made products.

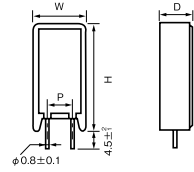
※6 Please note that when used at a rated power of 60W, the surface temperature of the product will reach approximately 300°C.

■ Dimensions

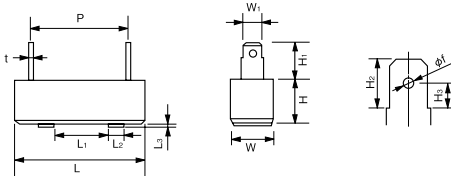
① S Style*1



② N Style*1



③ Q Style



Type	Dimensions (mm)				
	L±1.5	W	H	l ±3	d±0.1
BWRV3C·BSRV3C	22.0	8.0±1.0	8.0±1.0	35	0.8
BWRV5C·BSRV5C		9.5±1.0	9.5±1.0		
BWRV7C·BSRV7C					
BWRV10C·BSRV10C					
BWRV15C·BSRV15C	48.0	12.5±1.2	12.5±1.2		
BWRV20C·BSRV20C	63.5	12.5±1.5	12.5±1.5		

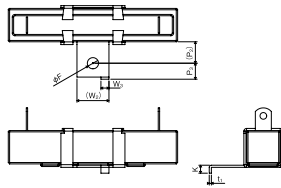
Type	Dimensions (mm)			
	W±1.0	D±1.0	H±1.5	P±2
BWRV3CN·BSRV3CN	12.0	8.0	25.0	5.0
BWRV5CN·BSRV5CN	13.0	9.0	25.5	
BWRV7CN·BSRV7CN			38.5	
BWRV10CN·BSRV10CN	16.0	12.0	35.0	7.5

*1 S Style and N Style lead terminal products are not compatible with the AEC-Q200 vibration test only by soldered PCB mounting. When using the product, please take into account vibration measures such as fixing the product with silicone resin.

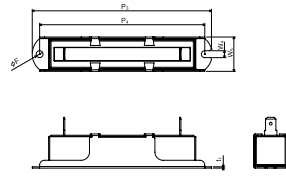
Type	Dimensions (mm)												
	L	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃ ±0.5	W	W ₁ ±0.1	H	H ₁ ±1.0	H ₂	(H ₃)	P	t	(φf)
BGRV5TQ·BSRV5TQ	27±1.5	—	—	—	9.5±1.0	4.75	9.5±1.0	10.5	6.5	3.3	(15.0)	0.5	2.2
BGRV7TQ·BSRV7TQ	35±1.5	—	—	—							(22.5)		
BGRV10TQ·BSRV10TQ	48±1.5	25±1.0	4.5	1.0							(35.0)		
BGRV15TQ·BSRV15TQ	63.5±2		7.0		12.5±1.2	(34.5)							
BGRV20TQ·BSRV20TQ	75±1.0	40±1.0	19.0±1.0		6.3	12.0	8.0	4.1	(49.5)				
BGRV30TQ	75±1.0	40±1.0							19.0±0.5	(56.0)			
BGRV30TQW*5	75±0.5	40±0.5							19.0±1.0	56.0±0.5			
BGRV40TQ	90±1.0	40±1.0	19.0±1.0	19.0±0.5	(71.0)	0.8	1.7						
BGRV40TQW*5	90±0.5	40±0.5	19.0±0.5	71.0±0.5									
BWRV40TQ	91±1.0	40±0.5	20.0±0.5	20.0±0.5									

*5 High-Precision Dimension Products.
() Parenthesized dimensions are for reference.

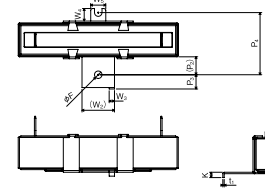
QA Style



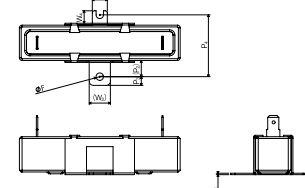
QC Style



QE Style (BGRV)



QE Style (BWRV40)



Type	Dimensions (mm)									
	(P ₂)	P ₃ ±1.0	P ₁ ±1.0	(W ₂)	W ₃ ±0.3	(W ₄)	(W ₅)	K±0.3	t ₁	φF
BGRV10TQA·BSRV10TQA	8.0	6.0	—	12.0	3.0	—	—	2.8	0.6	4.0
BGRV15TQA·BSRV15TQA								3.0		
BGRV20TQA·BSRV20TQA								—		
BGRV30TQC·BGRV30TQWC	—	110	101	—	—	4.2	21.0	—	0.8	4.2
BGRV40TQC·BGRV40TQWC										
BGRV30TQE·BGRV30TQWE	10.0	8.0	35.0	18.0	3.0	7.0	8.5	3.0	—	—
BGRV40TQE·BGRV40TQWE										
BWRV40TQE	8.1	4.9	—	12.0	—	—	—	—	—	—

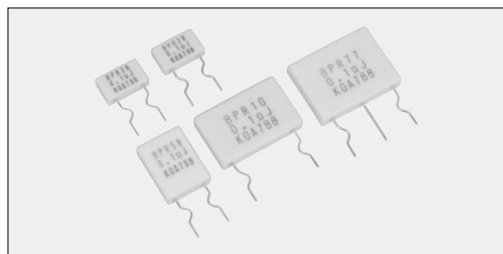
■ Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements ΔR±%		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C
Resistance to soldering heat	1 : BWRV, BSRV 2 : BGRV	0.5 : BWRV, BSRV 1.0 : BGRV	350°C±10°C, 3.5s 260°C±5°C, 10s
Moisture resistance	3 : BWRV, BGRV 5 : BSRV	2.0 : BWRV, BGRV 2.5 : BSRV	Power rating×1/10, 40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 25°C or 70°C	3 : BWRV 5 : BGRV, BSRV	2.0 : BWRV 2.5 : BGRV, BSRV	25°C or 70°C, rated voltage, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle

■ Precautions for Use

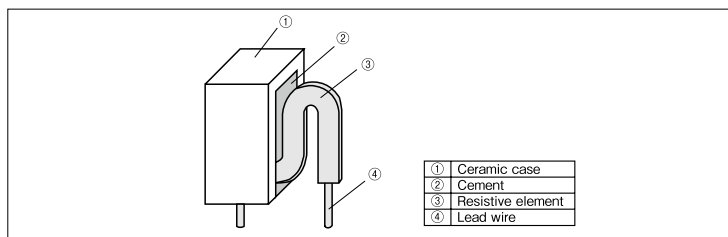
- In case of using them for an AC circuit, abnormal phenomena like oscillation etc. occasionally happen as they have an inductance or a parasitic capacitance because of their wiring structures. Use them by taking the dispersion of constants of other components into the consideration.
- The products attached by ionic impurities negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. Please pay careful attention to products handling as well as storage, mounting conditions and environment.
- When the pulse including surge is impressed to the resistor, it may cause disconnection. Please confirm us about the conditions for use in advance.

BPR Rectangular Type Metal Plate Resistors



Case : Ceramic
Marking : Alphanumeric

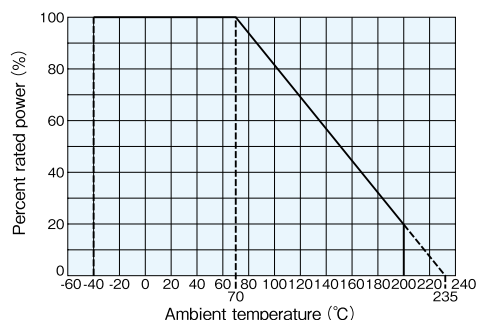
Construction



Features

- Power type current detecting resistors.
- Flame retardant resistors in Ceramic Case.
- Automatic insertion for a 5mm pitch between terminals is applicable. (BPR26, BPR58 Radial Taping)
- Low inductance.
- Space saving.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Type Designation

Example

BPR	5	8	C	F	R10	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Lead Wire Diameter	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	2: 2W 3: 3W 5: 5W 10: 10W 55: 5W+5W 77: 7W+7W	6: φ0.6mm 8: φ0.8mm 8: φ0.8mm Blank	C: SnCu	Nil: Straight lead (Pitch 9.0mm) F: Forming (Pitch 9.0mm) FT: Radial taping (BPR26FT-BPR58FT only) (Pitch 5.0mm)	3 digits Ex. 0.1Ω: R10 47mΩ: 47L	J: ±5% K: ±10%

Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits
10m~82m	10L~82L
0.1~0.82	R10~R82
1	1R0

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on radial taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back page.

Dimensions and Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) ^{※1}		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g/1,000pcs)			
		J: ±5% (E12)	K: ±10% (E12)		A	B	C±1	d±0.1	P±1				
BPR26	2W	0.01 0.1~0.68	0.01~0.68	±350 ^{※2}	8.5±1.0	13.0±1.0	4.0	0.6	9.0	1,190			
BPR28	2W				13.0±1.0	14.0±1.0				5.0	0.8	10.0	1,220
BPR38	3W				18.0±1.0								2,240
BPR58	5W	0.01, 0.1~1.0	0.01~1.0		17.0±1.5	26.0±1.5	5.0	0.8	10.0				3,470
BPR108	10W	—	0.05, 0.1~1.0		20.0±1.8					5,560			
BPR55	5W+5W	0.05, 0.1	0.03~0.47							5,830			
BPR77	7W+7W	0.22~0.47								7,060			

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C

Operating Temperature Range : -40°C ~ +200°C

Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value)

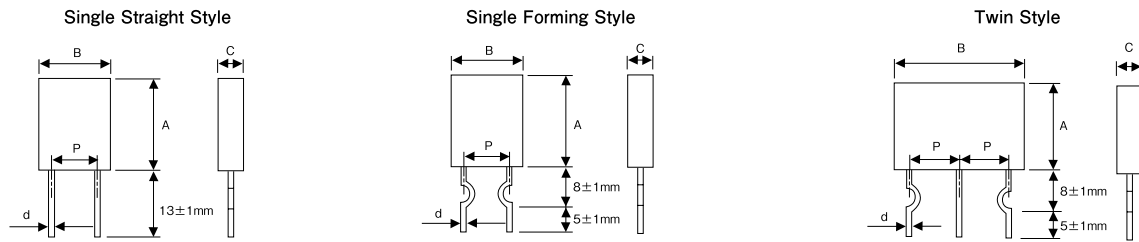
※1 See table standard resistance

※2 Application range : The straight style of 0.018Ω over

High Power Type Resistors

■ Dimensions (mm)

Please inquire of us if the dimensions for the case and lead position are required.



■ Standard Resistance

Resistance (Ω)	26, 28		38		58		108		55		77	
	J : ±5%	K : ±10%	J : ±5%	K : ±10%	J : ±5%	K : ±10%	J : ±5%	K : ±10%	J : ±5%	K : ±10%	J : ±5%	K : ±10%
0.01	○	○	○	○	○	○	—	—	—	—	—	—
0.012		○		○		○	—	—	—	—	—	—
0.015		○		○		○	—	—	—	—	—	—
0.018		○		○		○	—	—	—	—	—	—
0.02 ^{※3}		○		○		○	—	—				
0.022		○		○		○	—	—				
0.027		○		○		○	—	—				
0.03 ^{※3}		○		○		○	—	—		○		
0.033		○		○		○	—	—				
0.039		○		○		○	—	—				
0.04 ^{※3}		○		○		○						
0.047		○		○		○						
0.05 ^{※3}		○		○		○		○	○	○		○
0.068		○		○		○						
0.082		○		○		○						
0.1	○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○	○		○
0.12	○	○	○	○	○	○				○		
0.15	○	○	○	○	○	○		○		○		
0.18	○	○	○	○	○	○		○		○		
0.22	○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○	○	○	○
0.27	○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○	○		
0.33	○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○	○	○	○
0.39	○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○	○		
0.47	○	○	○	○	○	○		○	○	○		
0.56	○	○	○	○	○	○						
0.68	○	○	○	○	○	○						
0.82												
1								○				

※3 : Out of E12 Series

○ : Available

Blank : Please consult.

— : Not available

■ Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements ΔR%		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C (Measurement position : 10mm under from the case)
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C (Application range : The straight style of 0.018Ω over)
Overload (Short time)	2	1	Rated voltage×2.5 for 5s (Application range : 0.05Ω over)
Resistance to soldering heat	2	1	260°C±5°C, 10s±1s
Moisture resistance	5	3	40°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	5	3	70°C±2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	3	2	+125°C, 100h
Resistance to solvent	No evidence of damage to protective coating and marking	—	After immersing the sample in I.P.A for 60s ±10s, the resistor surface should be rubbed with absorbent cotton 10 times.

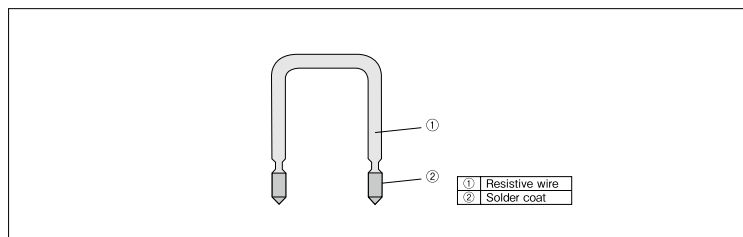
■ Precautions for Use

- In the resistance values of 50mΩ or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.
- Recommendation condition of a solderability.
Peak temperature : 260°C±5°C Peak time : 5s~10s

LR Custom Milliohm Resistors



Construction



Features

- The super low resistance ($3\text{m}\Omega \sim$) is suitable for high power current sensing.
- Pitches and heights adjustable according to mounting conditions.
- All custom-made products.
- Easy soldering.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Type Designation

Example

LR	09	D	L	10	20L	J
Product Code	Symbol	Terminal Surface Material	Style	Insertion Pitch	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	06~20 : L-Style 23~29 : T-Style	D : SnAgCu N : No surface treatment	L : L-Style (06~20) T : T-Style (23~29)	Insertion pitch	3 digits	H : $\pm 3\%$ J : $\pm 5\%$
Resistance Value (Ω)	3 digits					
3m~9.1m	3L0~9L1					
10m~91m	10L~91L					
0.1	R10					

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

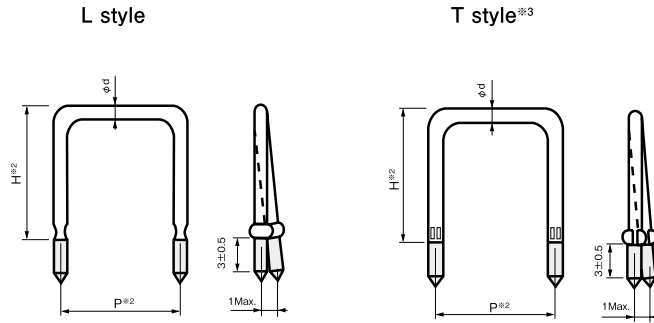
Ratings

Type	Symbol	ϕ d Diameter (mm)	Max. Current Rating ^{※1} (A)	Resistance Range ^{※1} (m Ω)	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$)	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
LR06D	06	0.6	3.0	50~100	H : $\pm 3\%$ J : $\pm 5\%$	± 100	+70°C	-40°C~+180°C
LR07D	07	0.7	4.0	30~70				
LR08D	08	0.8	4.5	28~50				
LR09D	09	0.9	5.0	20~40				
LR10D	10	1.0	5.5	15~30				
LR11D	11	1.1	6.0	15~20				
LR12D	12	1.2	7.0	10~20				
LR13D	13	1.3	7.5	10~20				
LR14D	14	1.4	8.0	10~20				
LR15D	15	1.5	9.0	10~20				
LR16D	16	1.6	9.5	10~15				
LR18D	18	1.8	11	5~10				
LR20D	20	2.0	12	5~10				
LR23D	23	2.3	14	3~10				
LR26D	26	2.6	18	3~5				
LR29D	29	2.9	21	3~5				

※1 The resistance range is when the pitch is 10mm.
Other diameters and resistance are also available on request.

High Power Type Resistors

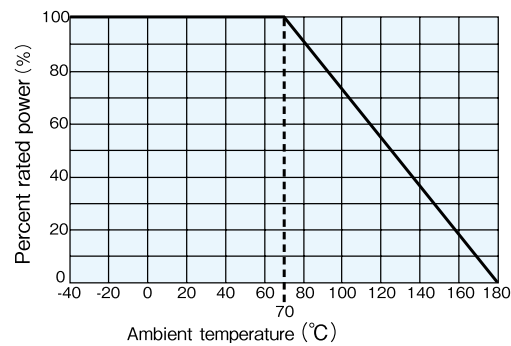
■ Dimensions



※2 Please consult with us about dimensions "P" and "H".

※3 T Style is applied for the diameter of ϕ 2.3 or above.

■ Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

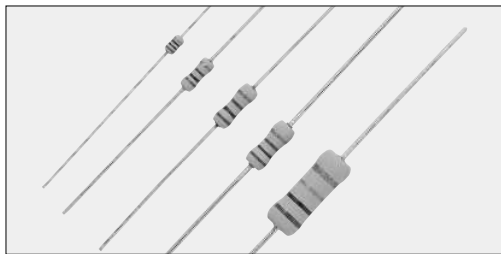
■ Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+ 25°C / + 125°C
Resistance to soldering heat	2	1.6	350°C \pm 10°C, 3s
Moisture resistance	3	2.7	Power rating \times 1/10, 40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	5	3	Rated voltage, 70°C, 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle

■ Precautions for Use

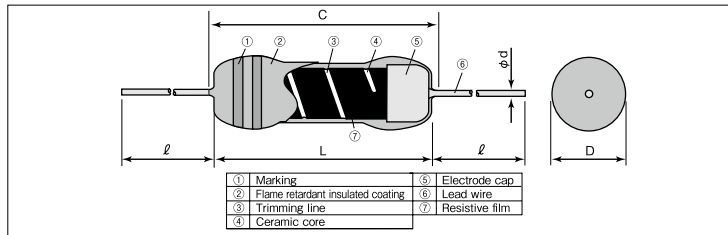
- In the resistance values of 50m Ω or under, the resistance value after soldering may change depending on the size of pad pattern or solder amount. Make sure the effect of decline/increase of resistance value before designing.

RF Coat-insulated Fusing Resistors



Coating color : Blue
Marking : Color code

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	ℓ ^{※1}	
RF16	3.2±0.2	3.4	1.7 ^{+0.25} ₋₀	0.45	30±3	120
RF25	6.3±0.5	7.1	2.3±0.3	0.6		230
RF50	8.5±0.5	9.5	3.0±0.3			290
RF1	9.0±1.0	11.1	3.5±0.5	0.8		460
RF2	15.5±1.0	18.0	6.0±1.0			1410

※1 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Features

- Function as a resistor in normal condition.
- Quick fusing protects circuit from excessive overload at an abnormal time.
- Flame retardant coating. (Equivalent to UL94 V-0.)
- EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in insulation coating.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1
EIAJ RC-2125

Type Designation

Example

RF	25	C	T52	A	100	J
Product Code	Power Rating	Terminal Surface Material	Taping & Forming	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance
	16 : 0.17W 25 : 0.25W 50 : 0.5W 1 : 1W 2 : 2W	C : SnCu	See table below	A : AMMO R : REEL Nil : BOX	3 digits	J : ±5%

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

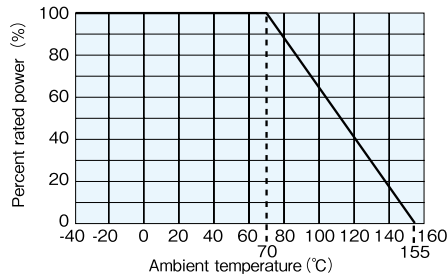
Type	Axial Taping				Radial Taping					L Forming					M Forming			
	T26	T52	T521	T631	MHT	VTP	VTE	VT	GT	L10A	L12.5A	L15A	L20A	L25A	M5	M10	M12.5	M15
RF16	○	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	M5F	—	—	—
RF25	○	○	—	—	—	○	○	○	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	M10X	—	—
RF50	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	M12.5E	—
RF1	—	○	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	○	○	○	—	—	—	—	M15F
RF2	—	—	○	○	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	○	○	—	—	—	—

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) (E24) J : ±5%	Fusing Characteristics							T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁴ /K)	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)		
			Fusing Power						Fusing Time			T26A	T52A	T521A
			3W 1Ω~4.7Ω	2.5W 5.1Ω~1kΩ	—	3W 1Ω~4.7Ω 2.4kΩ~10kΩ	3W 5.1Ω~2.2kΩ	—						
RF16	0.17W	1.0~1k	—	—	—	3W 1Ω~4.7Ω	2.5W 5.1Ω~1kΩ	—	60s Max.	±1000: R≤4.7Ω ±350: R≥5.1Ω	250V	2,000	2,000	—
RF25	0.25W	0.1~10k	10W 0.1Ω~0.18Ω	7.5W 0.2Ω~0.43Ω	6.25W 0.47Ω~0.91Ω	—	3.75W 1Ω~4.7Ω 2.4kΩ~10kΩ	3W 5.1Ω~2.2kΩ	30s Max.			300V	—	2,000
RF50	0.5W	0.1~15k	—	—	12.5W 0.1Ω~0.43Ω	—	7.5W 0.47Ω~2Ω 1.1kΩ~15kΩ	6W 2.2Ω~1kΩ			350V	—	2,000	—
RF1	1W	0.1~10k	—	30W 0.1Ω~0.18Ω	25W 0.2Ω~0.43Ω	—	15W 0.47Ω~2Ω 1.1kΩ~10kΩ	12W 2.2Ω~1kΩ			600V	—	—	500
RF2	2W	1.0~3k	—	—	—	36W 1Ω~3.6Ω	30W 1.1kΩ~3kΩ	24W 3.9Ω~1kΩ	—		—	—	—	—

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C
Operating Temperature Range : -40°C~+155°C
Rated voltage = √Power Rating×Resistance value

Derating Curve

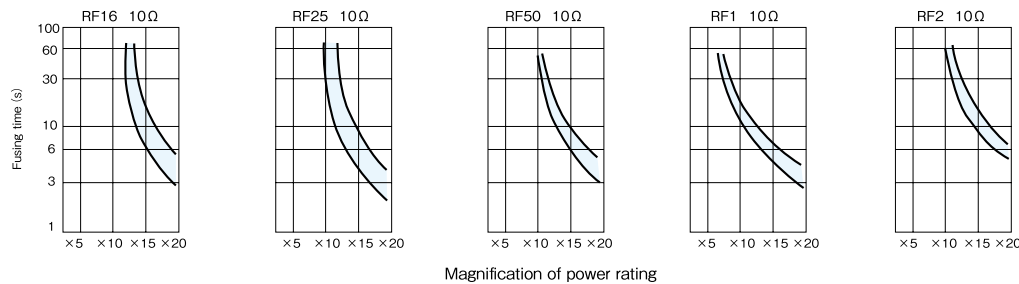


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Characteristics

Test Items	Performance Requirements	$\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.05 Ω)	Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C
Overload (Short time)	1	0.5	Rated voltage \times 2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.5	350°C \pm 10°C, 3.5s \pm 0.5s or 260°C \pm 5°C, 10s \pm 1s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.5	-40°C (30min.) / +85°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	5	2.5	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	5	2.5	70°C \pm 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	The resistor shall be immersed in IPA for 30s.
Flame retardant	No evidence of flaming or self-flaming.	—	Flame test : The test flame shall be applied and removed for each 15s respectively to repeat the cycle 5 times. Overload flame retardant: A.C. Voltage corresponding to 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 times the power rating shall be applied for each 1min. until disconnection occurs.

Example of Fusing Characteristics



Precautions for Use

- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.
- Maximum open-circuit voltage is the maximum value of the voltage applicable to both ends of resistors, when a fuse resistor becomes open conditions in a circuit. It differs according to the form of a product and a resistance value and is specified individually. The maximum open-circuit voltage is the lower one, whichever the voltage 1000 times of the power rating or the voltage shown in below table. Use the components under the voltage applied between the terminals of resistors to be under the maximum open-circuit voltage regardless of normal operating or abnormal operating time of equipment.

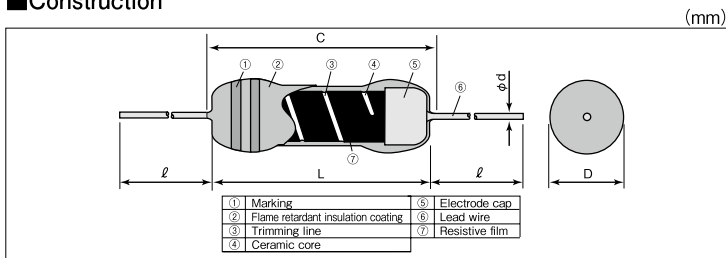
Rated Power	0.17W	0.25W	0.5W	1W	2W
Maximum Open-Circuit Voltage	100V	200V	250V	300V	300V

RF25CC ■ Coat-insulated Fusing Resistors (Constant Current Fusing Type)



Coating color : Blue
 Marking : Color code
 5th Color band : Green for identification

Construction



Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	C Max.	D	d (Nominal)	ℓ ^{※1}	
RF25CC	6.3±0.5	7.1	2.3±0.3	0.6	30±3	230

※1 Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Features

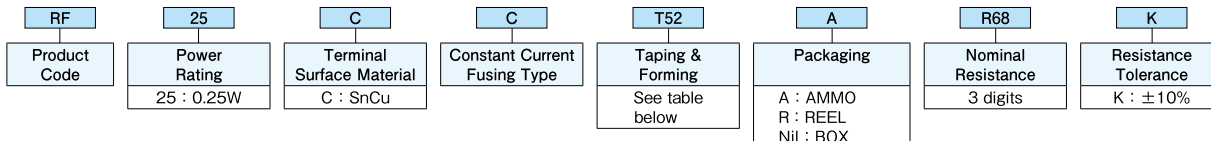
- Fuse within 60sec in case of over-current.
- Constant current fusing type.
- Fuse at low magnification at 5 times or 10 times of power rating.
- Flame retardant coating. (Equivalent to UL94 V-0.)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirement. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in insulation coating.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
 JIS C 5201-1
 EIAJ RC-2125

Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
 For further information on taping and forming, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Taping & Forming Matrix

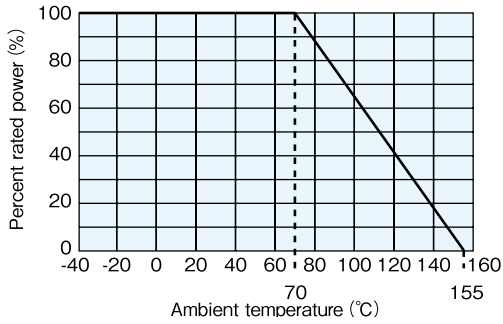
Axial Taping		L Forming	M Forming	Radial Taping	
T26	T52	L10A	M10	VTP	VTE
○	○	○	M10X	○	○

Ratings

Power Rating	Resistance Range (Ω) E24	Resistance Tolerance	Fusing Characteristics			Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)	
			Fusing Power		Fusing Time		T26A	T52A
0.25W	0.1~0.91	K : ±10%	2.5W 0.1Ω	1.25W 0.11Ω~0.91Ω	60s Max.	250V	2,000	2,000

Rated Ambient Temperature : +70°C
 Operating Temperature Range : -40°C ~ +155°C
 Rated voltage = √(Power Rating × Resistance value)

Derating Curve

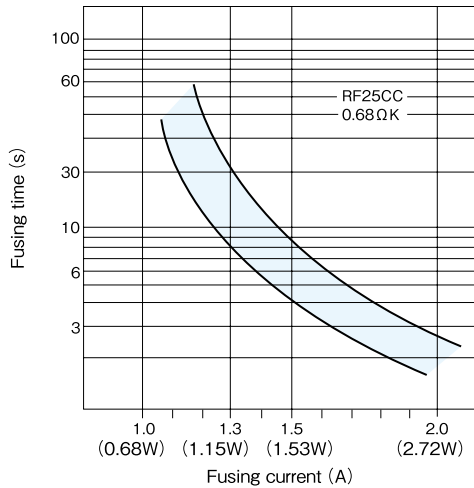


For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

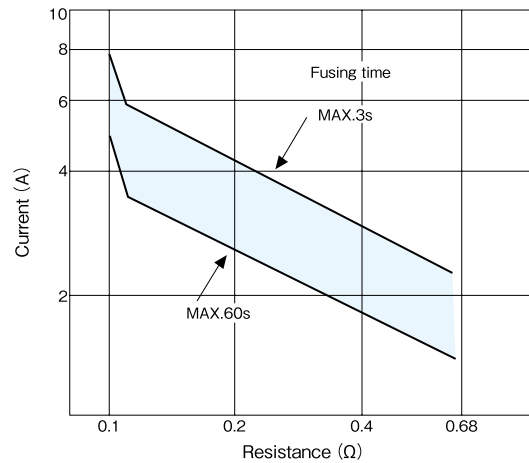
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
Resistance to soldering heat	5	2.5	350°C ± 10°C, 3.5s ± 0.5s or 260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Humidity	5	2.5	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h No Load
Endurance at 70°C	5	2.5	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance. Marking shall be easily legible.	—	The resistor shall be immersed in IPA for 30s.
Flame retardant	No evidence of flaming or self-flaming.	—	Flame test : The test flame shall be applied and removed for each 15s respectively to repeat the cycle 5 times. Overload flame retardant: A.C. Voltage corresponding to 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 times the power rating shall be applied for each 1min. until disconnection occurs.

Example of Fusing Characteristics



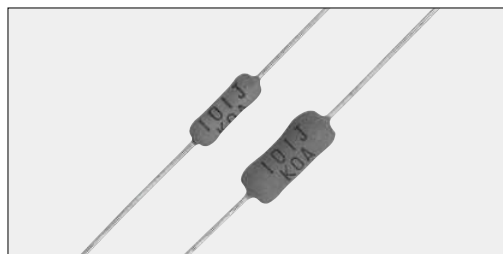
I-R Characteristics



Precautions for Use

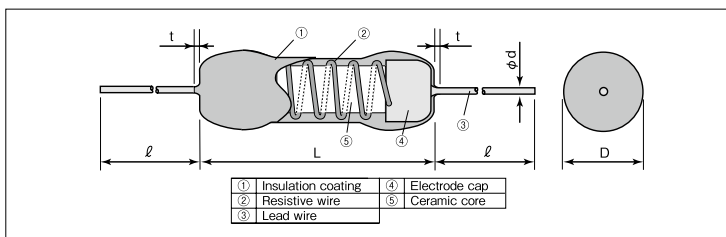
- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.

CWFS Coat-Insulated Wirewound Resistors (With Fusing Function)



Coating color : Gray
Alphanumeric

Construction



Features

- Flame retardant coating (Equivalent to UL94 V-0)
- Fail-safe mains fusing at AC 250V^{*1}.
*1 CWFS23 4.7Ω~9.1Ω : AC200V
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Dimensions

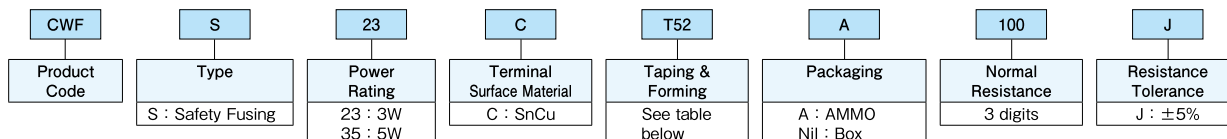
Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	D	ℓ±3.0	d(Nominal)	t Max.	
CWFS23	12±1.0	4.0±1.0	30	0.8	3	950
CWFS35	15±1.0	6.0±1.0	30	0.8	3	1780

Approval Awarded

- UL1412 Recognized File No. E134679

Type Designation

Example



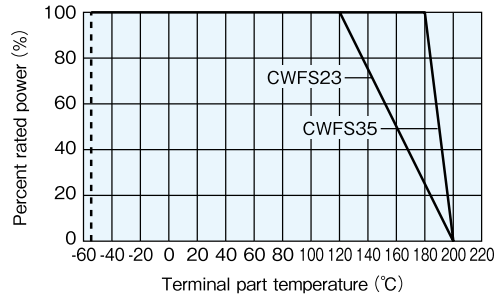
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.
Lead length changes depending on taping and forming type.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating	Rated Terminal Part Temp.	Resistance Range (Ω) J : ±5% (E24)	Fusing Characteristics		T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)	
				Fusing Power	Fusing Time		T52A	T521A
CWFS23	3W	+120°C	4.7~100	90W	30s Max.	±100	1,000	1,000
CWFS35	5W	+180°C		150W	30s Max.		—	500

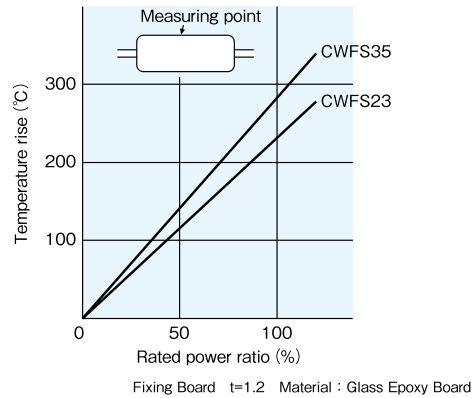
Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +200°C
Rated voltage = √Power Rating × Resistance value

Derating Curve



When the terminal part temperature of the resistor exceeds the rated terminal part temperature shown above, the power shall be derated according to the derating curve.
 ※Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curves based on the terminal part temperature" on the beginning of our catalog before use.

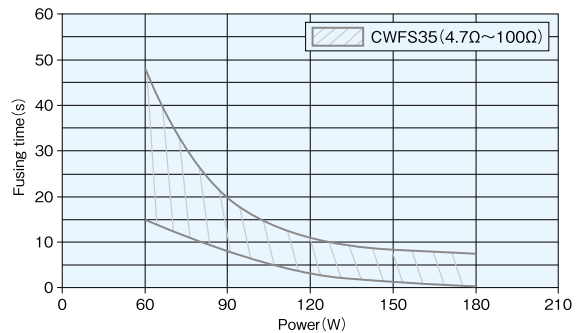
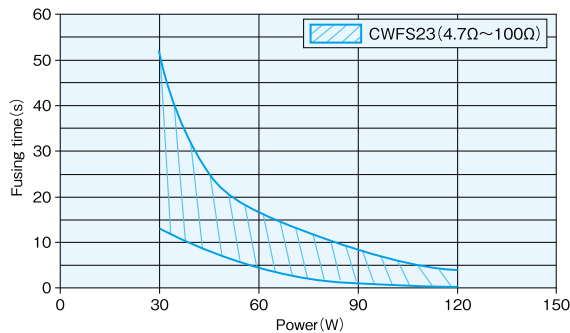
Temperature Rise (Ref.)



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	$\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	—	+25°C/-55°C and +25°C/+125°C
Fusing time	30s	4s	Power Rating×30
Overload (Short time)	5	2	Power Rating×10, 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.8	350°C±10°C, 3.5s or 260°C±5°C, 10s
Moisture resistance	5	4	Power Rating×1/10, 40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance of Rated Terminal part Temperature	5	3	120°C±2°C : CWFS23 180°C±2°C : CWFS35 1000h, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Resistance to solvent	No abnormality in appearance such as disappearance of making, etc.	—	On immersing the sample in IPA for 3 minutes, the resistor surface should be lightly wiped with a dry cloth (velvet or gauze).

Example of Fusing Characteristics



Precautions for Use

- Be careful to handle these resistors because outer coatings are comparatively weak to outer shock due to flameproof special coats. Please wash them to a minimum. No external force is given to the coating films until they are well dried because the coating films become weaker right after washing. The original strength will be returned after they are dried, so please pay attention not to apply any external force onto the coating film of resistors for 20 minutes after drying. Especially no PC boards shall be piled up.
- In case of using them for an AC circuit, abnormal phenomena like oscillation etc. occasionally happen as they have an inductance or a parasitic capacitance because of their wiring structures. Use them by taking the dispersion of constants of other components into the consideration.

Precautions for the Thermal Sensors

Refer to the precautions in the beginning part of this catalogue for particulars common to all products.

●Particulars common to Thermal Sensors

- Excessive voltage such as ESD, could damage thermal sensors.
- Water drops from condensation or impure substances that adheres between the electrode wires may cause insulation deficiency and lower the resistance value of the thermal sensors. Be aware when using this product.
- Avoid sudden changes in temperature to maintain the accuracy of the thermal sensors.
- Some of the thermal sensors use special temperature sensing films. Contact us if the sensors are constantly operated under high temperature environment.
- It is necessary to suppress self heating in the design to maintain accuracy of the thermal sensor if rated temperature is set.

Platinum Thin-Film Thermal Sensors

- Welding is recommended to connect the lead wires of SDT101B, SDT310P, SDT310MTM, SDT310AP, SDT310HCTP and SDT310VASP2 since they are heat resistant lead wires. Select the flux for stainless-steel when soldering. Wash the flux with hot water after the soldering to remove the residues completely.
- The 3-wire or 4-wire method is recommended for implementing high precision temperature measuring for both SDT101 and SDT310 series.
- When molded or placed in a metal tube cover filled with resin, the resistance value may change depending on the kind of resins used.

Terms and definitions

■Platinum Thin Film Thermal Chip Sensors

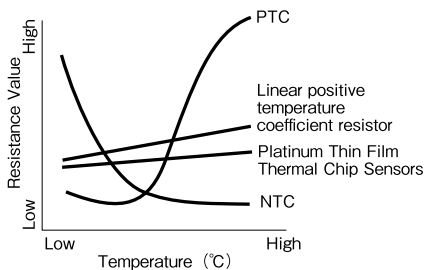
- Also known as a platinum resistance temperature detector, an electronic component whose resistance value changes with temperature as determined by standards.
- It uses a platinum thin film as a resistor and has excellent environmental resistance, and its resistance value rises almost linearly as the temperature rises.

■Linear positive temperature coefficient resistor

- Unlike the platinum thin film thermal chip sensors, there are many types of resistance value changes with temperature, and there are many types of resistance values, and the resistance value changes with temperature.
- The resistance value change range is narrow compared to the thermistors but the linearity is high.

■Thermistor

- The parts, named after thermally sensitive resistors, are semi conductor temperature sensitive elements, resistances of which largely vary according to change in temperature. There are 2 kinds of thermistors by the difference in characteristics of resistance change :
- PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient) : The thermistor which resistance increases with the rise in temperature.
- NTC (Negative Temperature Coefficient) : The thermistor which resistance decreases with the rise in temperature. This type is usually called thermistors.



■Thermal Time Constant

- Time needed for a sensor temperature to change 63.2% when the ambient temperature of a sensor is rapidly changed in a condition in which self heat-generation can be ignored.

■Thermal Dissipation Constant

- The necessary power which is needed to increase the temperature of the element 1°C by self heating and is expressed in the following formula:

$$\delta (W/^{\circ}C) = W / (T_1 - T)$$

W : Electrical input power (W)
 T : Standard Temperature ($^{\circ}C$)
 T_1 : Self heat-generated temperature applied by power ($^{\circ}C$)

■Self-heating coefficient

- Self-heating coefficient expressed in $^{\circ}C/mW$ is values measured at temperature : $0^{\circ}C$ in flowing oil with a velocity $>0.2m/s$, which is value of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

Terms and definitions

■ Temperature Coefficient of Resistance (T.C.R.)

- Relative variation of resistance between two given temperatures when temperature is changed by 1K, which shows by the following formula.

$$\text{T.C.R.} (\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}) = \frac{R - R_0}{R_0} \times \frac{1}{T - T_0} \times 10^6$$

R : Resistance value (Ω) at T ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

R_0 : Resistance value (Ω) at T_0 ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

T : Measured test temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

T_0 : Measured base temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

■ Specified Current

- The electricity which it is charged with in the element is moved to the range that rise in temperature due to a self-heat generation can be ignored. Ordinarily recommended measuring currents are 1mA for 100 Ω and 0.1mA for 500 Ω .

■ Rated Power

- The maximum value of power which can be continuously applied to a resistor at a rated ambient temperature.

■ Critical Resistance Value

- The maximum nominal resistance value at which the rated power can be applied without exceeding the maximum working voltage.
- The rated voltage is equal to the maximum working voltage in the critical resistance value.

■ Maximum Working Voltage

- Maximum D.C. or A.C. voltage (rms) that can be continuously applied to the resistor or the thermosensor. However, the maximum value of the applicable voltage is the rated voltage at the critical resistance value or lower.

■ Overload Voltage

- Allowable voltage which is applied in 5 sec. under short time overload test. Overload voltage shall be 2.5 times of rated voltage or max. overload voltage, whichever is lower.

■ Rated Ambient Temperature

- Maximum ambient temperature at which the power rating may be applied continuously. The rated ambient temperature refers to the temperature around the resistor mounted inside the equipment, not to the air temperature outside the equipment.

■ Derating Curve

- Curve that expresses the relation between ambient temperature and the maximum allowable power, which is generally expressed in percentage.

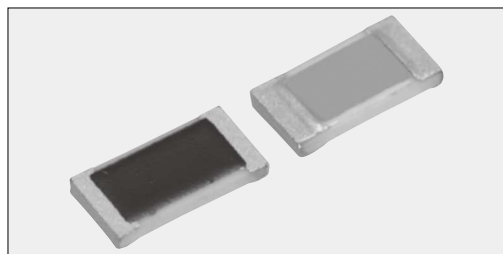
■ External Conductor

- The conductor connected to a temperature sensor that is located outside of the protective body.

■ Internal Conductor

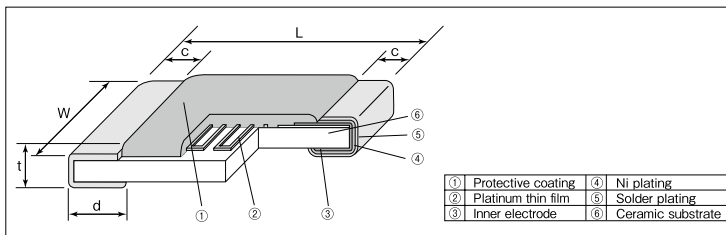
- The conductor connected to a temperature sensor that is located inside of the protective body.

SDT73H·SDT73S Platinum Thin Film Thermal Chip Sensors



Coating color : SDT73H Black SDT73S Milky white

Construction



Features

- SMD platinum thin film thermal sensors.
- T.C.R. is equivalent to JIS · IEC standards.
- Suitable for temperature control in various industrial equipment.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Temperature compensation for various kinds of sensor drive circuits.
- Temperature compensation for telecommunication, measuring and medical equipment.
- Temperature compensation for ICs.

Reference Standards

IEC 60751⁻¹⁹⁹⁵ JIS C 1604⁻¹⁹⁹⁷

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W±0.2	c±0.3	d±0.3	t±0.15	
SDT73H2B (1206)	3.2	1.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	9.0
SDT73S2B (1206)						

Type Designation

Example

SDT73H	2B	T	TE	100	F	385
Product Code	Size	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)
SDT73H SDT73S	2B: 3.2×1.6mm	T: Sn	TEK: 4mm pitch plastic embossed TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	100: 100Ω 500: 500Ω ※SDT73S is only 100Ω	C: ±0.2% F: ±1% ※SDT73S is only F	385: +3850

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Resistance (Ω at 0°C)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Thermal Time Constant ^{※1} (s)	Thermal Dissipation Constant ^{※1} (mW/°C)	T.C.R. ^{※2} (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	T.C.R. Tolerance (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Specified Current ^{※4} (mA) max.	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
									TEK	TE
SDT73H 2B	100, 500	C: ±0.2, F: ±1	6.5	2.4	3850	±50	-55~+155	100Ω: 1 500Ω: 0.1	1000	5000
SDT73S 2B	100	F: ±1								

※1 Thermal time constant and thermal dissipation constant are reference values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

Thermal dissipation constant is approx. 4mW/°C under the surface mounting condition.

※2 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature: 0°C/+100°C

※3 When always using a SDT73S, 200°C or less is recommended.

※4 The electricity which it is charged with in the element is moved to the range that rise in temperature due to a self-heat generation can be ignored.

Ordinarily recommended measuring currents are 1mA for 100Ω and 0.1mA for 500Ω.

Precautions for Use

- When measuring current higher than rated current (100Ω : 1mA, 500Ω : 0.1mA) is used, calculate a rise in temperature by self-heating and confirm the error range.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.
- When the components are polluted by ionic impurities like sodium(Na⁺), chlorine(Cl⁻) etc. included in perspiration and saliva, it leads to electric erosion. Avoid the pollution when storage, mounting and using. Consider not to remain ionic substances on the components. Wash by pure water etc. and dry them when you find pollution.
- Please pay attention that the top of an iron does not direct touch to the components. There is a risk that may cause a change in resistance. Take care that another risk may happen that the protecting coat is carbonized in an instant when touched directly by the top of the iron, also climatic-proof for electric corrosion or insulation of protecting coat may be dropped down. Be sure not to give high temperature on the top of the iron as it will degrade the protecting coat.
- Avoid storing components under direct sun rays, high temperature/humidity. Direct sun rays will cause quality change of taping and difficulty of keeping appropriate peeling strength. 5~35°C/35~75%RH, there is no deterioration of solderability for 12 months, but take special care for storing, because condensation, dust, and toxic gas like hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen chloride, etc. may drop solderability.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.05 Ω)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	0°C
T.C.R.	3850 \pm 50 ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	—	0°C/+100°C
Insulation resistance	100M Ω or more	—	d.c.100V
Dielectric withstanding voltage	0.5	-0.019	a.c.100V 60s~70s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	-0.004	260°C, 10s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	-0.033(SDT73H) -0.048(SDT73S)	-55°C (30min) /+25°C (2~3min) /+155°C (30min) /+25°C (2~3min) 10 cycles (SDT73H, SDT73S) +25°C (30min) /+250°C (30min) 10 cycles (SDT73S)
Moisture resistance	0.5	-0.016	40°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h, 1mA 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Normal temperature load life	0.5	-0.010	20°C \pm 10°C, 1000h 1mA Continuous turning on electricity
High temperature load life	0.5	-0.017(SDT73H) -0.020(SDT73S)	+155°C, 1000h(SDT73H), +250°C, 1000h(SDT73S) 1mA Continuous turning on electricity
High temperature exposure	0.5	-0.022(SDT73H) -0.023(SDT73S)	+155°C, 1000h(SDT73H), +250°C, 1000h(SDT73S)
Low temperature exposure	0.5	-0.029	-55°C, 1000h

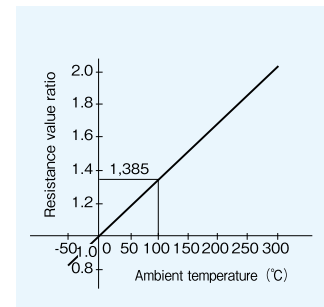
Pt100 Resistance-Temperature Characteristic (JIS C 1604⁻¹⁹⁹⁷) 100 Ω at 0°C

Temperature (°C)	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
-50	80.31	79.91	79.51	79.11	78.72	78.32	—	—	—	—
-40	84.27	83.87	83.48	83.08	82.69	82.29	81.89	81.50	81.10	80.70
-30	88.22	87.83	87.43	87.04	86.64	86.25	85.85	85.46	85.06	84.67
-20	92.16	91.77	91.37	90.98	90.59	90.19	89.80	89.40	89.01	88.62
-10	96.09	95.69	95.30	94.91	94.52	94.12	93.73	93.34	92.95	92.55
0	100.00	99.61	99.22	98.83	98.44	98.04	97.65	97.26	96.87	96.48
0	100.00	100.39	100.78	101.17	101.56	101.95	102.34	102.73	103.12	103.51
10	103.90	104.29	104.68	105.07	105.46	105.85	106.24	106.63	107.02	107.40
20	107.79	108.18	108.57	108.96	109.35	109.73	110.12	110.51	110.90	111.29
30	111.67	112.06	112.45	112.83	113.22	113.61	114.00	114.38	114.77	115.15
40	115.54	115.93	116.31	116.70	117.08	117.47	117.86	118.24	118.63	119.01
50	119.40	119.78	120.17	120.55	120.94	121.32	121.71	122.09	122.47	122.86
60	123.24	123.63	124.01	124.39	124.78	125.16	125.54	125.93	126.31	126.69
70	127.08	127.46	127.84	128.22	128.61	128.99	129.37	129.75	130.13	130.52
80	130.90	131.28	131.66	132.04	132.42	132.80	133.18	133.57	133.95	134.33
90	134.71	135.09	135.47	135.85	136.23	136.61	136.99	137.37	137.75	138.13
100	138.51	138.88	139.26	139.64	140.02	140.40	140.78	141.16	141.54	141.91
110	142.29	142.67	143.05	143.43	143.80	144.18	144.56	144.94	145.31	145.69
120	146.07	146.44	146.82	147.20	147.57	147.95	148.33	148.70	149.08	149.46
130	149.83	150.21	150.58	150.96	151.33	151.71	152.08	152.46	152.83	153.21
140	153.58	153.96	154.33	154.71	155.08	155.46	155.83	156.20	156.58	156.95
150	157.33	157.70	158.07	158.45	158.82	159.19	159.56	159.94	160.31	160.68
160	161.05	161.43	161.80	162.17	162.54	162.91	163.29	163.66	164.03	164.40
170	164.77	165.14	165.51	165.89	166.26	166.63	167.00	167.37	167.74	168.11
180	168.48	168.85	169.22	169.59	169.96	170.33	170.70	171.07	171.43	171.80
190	172.17	172.54	172.91	173.28	173.65	174.02	174.38	174.75	175.12	175.49
200	175.86	176.22	176.59	176.96	177.33	177.69	178.06	178.43	178.79	179.16
210	179.53	179.89	180.26	180.63	180.99	181.36	181.72	182.09	182.46	182.82
220	183.19	183.55	183.92	184.28	184.65	185.01	185.38	185.74	186.11	186.47
230	186.84	187.20	187.56	187.93	188.29	188.66	189.02	189.38	189.75	190.11
240	190.47	190.84	191.20	191.56	191.92	192.29	192.65	193.01	193.37	193.74
250	194.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note :

Desired temperature values are obtained by adding temperatures in the vertical and horizontal axes. When calculating a resistance value of 105°C, read the value in the column where 100°C in the vertical axis and 5°C in the horizontal axis cross. The value will be 140.40 Ω . The value for 500 Ω at 0°C will be the value obtained by multiplying the resistance value in this table by 5.

Temperature Characteristics



Approximate Expression for Resistance-Temperature Characteristics

$$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 0^{\circ}\text{C} : R_T = R_0 [1 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2 + C_3 (T - 100) T^3]$$

$$0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +250^{\circ}\text{C} : R_T = R_0 (1 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2)$$

R_T : Resistance value at T°C

R_0 : Resistance value at 0°C

T : Ambient temperature (°C)

$$\text{Constants } C_1, C_2, C_3 : C_1 = 3.9083 \times 10^{-3} \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$$

$$C_2 = -5.775 \times 10^{-7} \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-2}$$

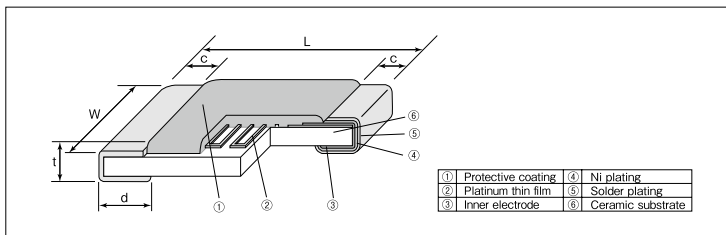
$$C_3 = -4.183 \times 10^{-12} \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-4}$$

Thermal Sensors **SDT73V** Platinum Thin Film Thermal Chip Sensors (For Automotive)



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- SMD platinum thin film thermal sensors for automotive.
- T.C.R. is equivalent to JIS · IEC standards.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Temperature compensation of the electronic component for automotive.
- Temperature compensation for various kinds of sensor drive circuits.
- Temperature compensation for telecommunication and measuring equipment.

Reference Standards

IEC 60751⁻¹⁹⁹⁵ JIS C 1604⁻¹⁹⁹⁷

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W±0.2	c±0.3	d±0.3	t±0.15	
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	9.0

Type Designation

Product Code	Size	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁹ /K)
SDT73V	2B:3.2×1.6mm	T: Sn	TEK: 4mm pitch plastic embossed TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed BK: Bulk	100: 100Ω 500: 500Ω	C: ±0.2% F: ±1%	385: +3850

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Resistance (Ω at 0°C)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Thermal Time Constant ^{※1} (s)	Thermal Dissipation Constant ^{※1} (mW/°C)	T.C.R. ^{※2} (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	T.C.R. Tolerance (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Specified ^{※3} Current (mA) max.	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
									TEK	TE
SDT73V 2B	100 500	C: ±0.2 F: ±1	6.5	2.4	3850	±50	-55~+155	100Ω: 1 500Ω: 0.1	1,000	5,000

※1 Thermal time constant and thermal dissipation constant are reference values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.
Thermal dissipation constant is approx. 4mW/°C under the surface mounting condition.
※2 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature: 0°C/+100°C
※3 The electricity which it is charged with in the element is moved to the range that rise in temperature due to a self-heat generation can be ignored.
Ordinarily recommended measuring currents are 1mA for 100Ω and 0.1mA for 500Ω.

Precautions for Use

- When measuring current higher than rated current (100Ω : 1mA, 500Ω : 0.1mA) is used, calculate a rise in temperature by self-heating and confirm the error range.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.
- When the components are polluted by ionic impurities like sodium(Na⁺), chlorine(Cl⁻) etc. included in perspiration and saliva, it leads to electric erosion. Avoid the pollution when storage, mounting and using. Consider not to remain ionic substances on the components. Wash by pure water etc. and dry them when you find pollution.
- Please pay attention that the top of an iron does not direct touch to the components. There is a risk that may cause a change in resistance. Take care that another risk may happen that the protecting coat is carbonized in an instant when touched directly by the top of the iron, also climatic-proof for electric corrosion or insulation of protecting coat may be dropped down. Be sure not to give high temperature on the top of the iron as it will degrade the protecting coat.
- Avoid storing components under direct sun rays, high temperature/humidity. Direct sun rays will cause quality change of taping and difficulty of keeping appropriate peeling strength. 5~35°C/35~75%RH, there is no deterioration of solderability for 12 months, but take special care for storing, because condensation, dust, and toxic gas like hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen chloride, etc. may drop solderability.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (% +0.05 Ω)		Test Methods (According to AEC-Q200 specification)
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	0°C
T.C.R.	3850±50 ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	—	0°C/+100°C
Resistance to Soldering heat	0.5	-0.004	260°C, 10s
Solderability	95% coverage min.	—	235±5°C, 3±0.5s
Terminal Strength	0.5	-0.011	1.8kg force is kept on the samples for 60 seconds.
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	-0.058	-55°C (30min) /+25°C (2~3min) /+155°C (30min) /+25°C (2~3min) 1000cycles
Thermal Shock	0.5	-0.032	-55°C (15min) /+155°C (15min) 300cycles
Moisture resistance	0.5	-0.041	25°C-65°C (90%~100%RH) t=24 hours/cycle. Unpowered. It is carried out 10 times.
Biased Humidity	0.5	-0.016	85°C, 85%RH, 1000h, 1mA 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycles
High temperature exposure	0.5	-0.022	+155°C, 1000h
High temperature load life	0.5	-0.017	+155°C, 1000h, 1mA Continuous turning on electricity
Mechanical Shock	0.5	-0.001	100gs maximum, 6Dms(Standard),12.3ft/s
Vibration	0.5	-0.009	Test from 10-2000Hz 5g's for 20 min. 12 cycles each of 3 orientations

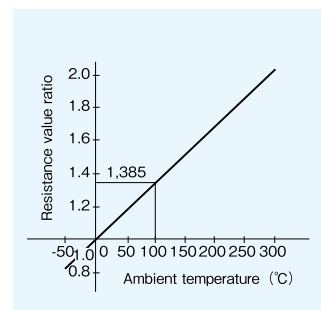
Pt100 Resistance-Temperature Characteristic (JIS C 1604-1997)

 100 Ω at 0°C

Temperature (°C)	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
-50	80.31	79.91	79.51	79.11	78.72	78.32	—	—	—	—
-40	84.27	83.87	83.48	83.08	82.69	82.29	81.89	81.50	81.10	80.70
-30	88.22	87.83	87.43	87.04	86.64	86.25	85.85	85.46	85.06	84.67
-20	92.16	91.77	91.37	90.98	90.59	90.19	89.80	89.40	89.01	88.62
-10	96.09	95.69	95.30	94.91	94.52	94.12	93.73	93.34	92.95	92.55
0	100.00	99.61	99.22	98.83	98.44	98.04	97.65	97.26	96.87	96.48
10	103.90	103.51	103.12	102.73	102.34	101.95	101.56	101.17	100.78	100.39
20	107.79	107.40	107.01	106.62	106.23	105.84	105.45	105.06	104.67	104.28
30	111.67	111.28	110.89	110.50	110.11	109.72	109.33	108.94	108.55	108.16
40	115.54	115.15	114.76	114.37	113.98	113.59	113.20	112.81	112.42	112.03
50	119.40	119.01	118.62	118.23	117.84	117.45	117.06	116.67	116.28	115.89
60	123.24	122.85	122.46	122.07	121.68	121.29	120.90	120.51	120.12	119.73
70	127.08	126.69	126.30	125.91	125.52	125.13	124.74	124.35	123.96	123.57
80	130.90	130.51	130.12	129.73	129.34	128.95	128.56	128.17	127.78	127.39
90	134.71	134.32	133.93	133.54	133.15	132.76	132.37	131.98	131.59	131.20
100	138.51	138.12	137.73	137.34	136.95	136.56	136.17	135.78	135.39	135.00
110	142.29	141.90	141.51	141.12	140.73	140.34	139.95	139.56	139.17	138.78
120	146.07	145.68	145.29	144.90	144.51	144.12	143.73	143.34	142.95	142.56
130	149.83	149.44	149.05	148.66	148.27	147.88	147.49	147.10	146.71	146.32
140	153.58	153.19	152.80	152.41	152.02	151.63	151.24	150.85	150.46	150.07
150	157.33	156.94	156.55	156.16	155.77	155.38	154.99	154.60	154.21	153.82

Note :

Desired temperature values are obtained by adding temperatures in the vertical and horizontal axes. When calculating a resistance value of 105°C, read the value in the column where 100°C in the vertical axis and 5°C in the horizontal axis cross. The value will be 140.40 Ω . The value for 500 Ω at 0°C will be the value obtained by multiplying the resistance value in this table by 5.

Temperature Characteristics

Approximate Expression for Resistance-Temperature Characteristics

$$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 0^{\circ}\text{C} : R_T = R_0 [1 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2 + C_3 (T - 100) T^3]$$

$$0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +155^{\circ}\text{C} : R_T = R_0 (1 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2)$$

R_T : Resistance value at T°C

R_0 : Resistance value at 0°C

T : Ambient temperature (°C)

$$\text{Constants } C_1, C_2, C_3 : C_1 = 3.9083 \times 10^{-3} \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$$

$$C_2 = -5.775 \times 10^{-7} \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-2}$$

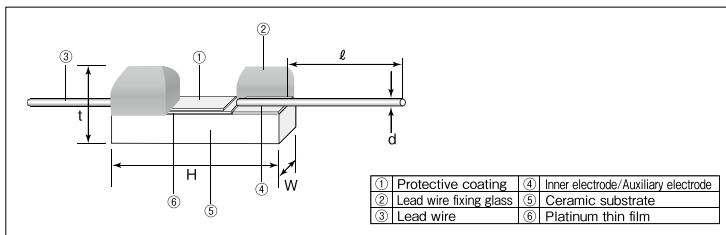
$$C_3 = -4.183 \times 10^{-12} \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-4}$$

SDT310VASP2 ■ Small type Platinum Thin Film Thermal Sensors (Small Heater Element)



Coating color : White

Construction



Features

- Achieves a thermal time constant of 2.8-seconds due to volume reduction.
- Excellent heat-resistance.
- Applies axial lead type suitable to use as heater element.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Heater elements for thermal flowmeters of Industrial equipment, measuring instruments and automotive.
- Ultra-small thermal sensor of industrial equipment and measuring instrument.

Reference Standards

IEC 60751⁻²⁰⁰⁸
JIS C 1604⁻²⁰¹³

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	W ^{+0.15 -0.1}	H \pm 0.1	t max.	l \pm 2.0	d \pm 0.05	
SDT310VASP2	0.4	2.0	0.65	10.0	0.12	4.3

Type Designation

Example

SDT310V	AS	P	2	K	20	F	40
Product Code	Style	Terminal Surface Material P: Pt clad	Generation	Packaging K: Chip Tray B: Bulk	Nominal Resistance 20: 20Ω	Resistance Tolerance F: \pm 1%	T.C.R Tolerance 40: \pm 40 \times 10 ⁻⁶ /K

Ratings

Resistance (Ω at 0°C)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R ^{*1} (\times 10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Thermal Time Constant ^{*2} (s)	Maximum Current (mA)	Power Rating (W)	Temperature Range ^{*3} (°C)	Tray (pcs)
20	\pm 1	3850 \pm 40	2.8	76	0.336	-55~+600	50

*1 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature: 0°C/+100°C

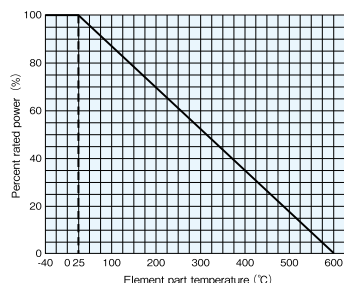
*2 Thermal time constant is value measured in stationary air and is typical value, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

*3 Temperature of the device including a self-heating.

Precautions for Use

- It is difficult to solder SDT310VASP2 because of using heat-resistant leads. Make use of welding to connect the leads wire.
- The sense warm part be careful of the treatment because there is fear to damage when giving a strong mechanical impact because it is using the glass coating.
- If SDT310VASP2 is used by being molded or placed in a metal protection tube filled with resin, the resistance value may occasionally vary slightly depending on the resin used.
- When forming a lead line, fix a lead line root and the load make not depend on the lead line root part.
- Part is intended to measure Air Flow Only - Not intended for Liquid Measurement.

Derating Curve

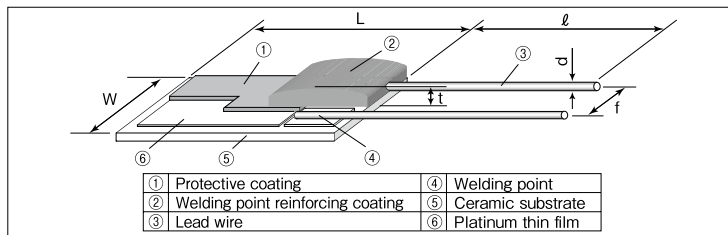


For sensors operated at an element part temperature of 25°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with derating curve on the left.

SDT310HCTP ■ Small type Platinum Thin Film Thermal Sensors (Narrow)



■ Construction



■ Features

- Characteristics are equivalent to IEC 60751⁻²⁰⁰⁸・JIS C 1604⁻²⁰¹³.
- The small package (1.2mm×3mm) with a real ability of 100Ω resistance.
- Products meet RoHS requirements. RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in glass.

■ Applications

- Cold Point compensation for thermocouple temperature controllers and temperature detection probe.
- Temperature compensation and revision for RF circuit of telecommunication equipment.

■ Reference Standards

IEC 60751⁻²⁰⁰⁸
JIS C 1604⁻²⁰¹³

■ Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	W±0.1	L±0.1	t max.	f (Nominal)	d±0.05	ℓ±0.1	
SDT310HCTP	1.2±0.1	3.0±0.1	1.1	0.5	0.15	8	13.3

■ Type Designation

Example

SDT310	H	CT	P	100	A	3850
Product Code	Style	Operating Temperature	Terminal Surface Material	Nominal Resistance	Class	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁵ /K)
	H: H style	CT: -55~400℃	P: Pt clad	100: 100Ω	A: F0.15 B: F0.3	

■ Ratings

Resistance (Ω at 0℃)	Tolerance Class		Tolerance (℃)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R. ^{※2} (×10 ⁻⁵ /K)	Thermal Time constant ^{※3} (s)	Self-heating ^{※4} coefficient (℃/mW)	Specified ^{※5} Current (mA) max.	Temperature Range (℃)
	IEC 60751 ⁻²⁰⁰⁸ JIS C 1604 ⁻²⁰¹³	IEC 60751 ⁻¹⁹⁹⁵ JIS C 1604 ⁻¹⁹⁹⁷							
100	F0.15	Class A	±(0.15+0.002 t) ^{※1}	±0.059	3850	2.8	0.09	1	-55~+300
	F0.3	Class B	±(0.3 +0.005 t) ^{※1}	±0.12					-55~+400

※1 |t| is a measuring temperature indicated at ℃ that is not related to marking +・-.

※2 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature: 0℃/+100℃.

※3 Thermal time constant is value measured in stationary air and is typical value, which is value of element and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

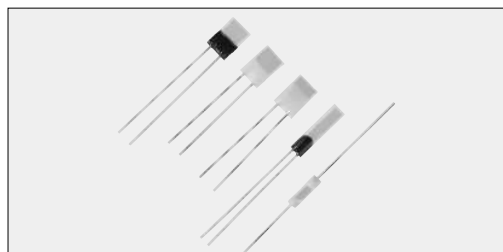
※4 Self-heating coefficient expressed in ℃/mW is values measured at temperature: 0℃ in flowing oil with a velocity >0.2m/s, which is value of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

※5 Specified current is a current value that is used at reliability test under the condition of self heat-generation that can be disregarded. Recommended measuring currents 1mA for 100Ω.

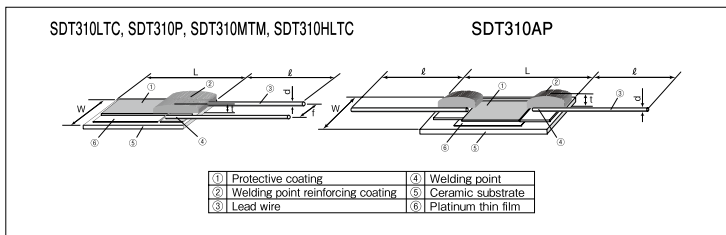
■ Precautions for Use

- It is difficult to solder SDT310HCTP because of using heat-resistant leads. Make use of welding to connect the leads wire.
- When an operating current is specified current, calculate a rise in temperature by self-heating to confirm an error.
- If SDT310HCTP is used by being molded or placed in a metal protection tube filled with resin, the resistance value may occasionally vary slightly depending on the resin used.

Thermal Sensors **SDT310** ■ Small Type Platinum Thin Film Thermal Sensors



Construction



Features

- T.C.R. is equivalent to JIS · IEC standards.
- The small package with a real ability of 1kΩ resistance.
- Thermal time constant is improved with the small package.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements. EU-RoHS regulation is not intended for Pb-glass contained in glass.

Applications

- Cold Point compensation and temperature detection probe for thermocouple temperature controllers.
- Hot wires and temperature compensation of anemometers.
- Temperature compensation and revision for RF circuit of telecommunication equipment.

Reference Standards

IEC 60751-1995 JIS C 1604-1997

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)						Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	W	L	t max.	f	d±0.05	ℓ	
SDT310LTC	2.0±0.25	3.0±0.25	1.2	1.1±0.25	0.2	10± $\frac{1}{2}$	18.5
SDT310P						8±2	24.5
SDT310MTM						10± $\frac{1}{2}$	25.4
SDT310HLTC	1.2±0.10	5.0±0.10	1.1	0.3±0.1	0.2	10± $\frac{1}{2}$	17.4
SDT310AP	0.8±0.2	3.0±0.25	1.2	—		8±2	13.1

Type Designation

Product Code	Style	Operating Temperature Range	Terminal Surface Material	Nominal Resistance	Class or Resistance Tol.	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)
SDT310	Nil : Standard H : H style A : A style	LT: -55°C~+155°C Nil: -55°C~+400°C MT: -55°C~+650°C	C: SnCu (SDT310LT) (SDT310HLT) P: Pt clad (SDT310·310A) M: PtIr (SDT310MT)	10: 10Ω (SDT310AP) 100: 100Ω 500: 500Ω 1K: 1KΩ	A: ±(0.15+0.002 t) °C B: ±(0.3+0.005 t) °C C: ±(1.0+0.01 t) °C K: ±10% (SDT310A)	3850

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

Ratings

Type	Resistance Range (Ω at 0°C)	Tolerance Class Tolerance (°C)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R. ^{※1} (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	Thermal Time constant ^{※2} (s)	Thermal Dissipation constant ^{※2} (mW/°C)	Specified Current ^{※3} (mA) max.	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	
SDT310LTC	100 500, 1k	A: ±(0.15+0.002 t)	±0.059	3850	7.0	0.9	10Ω, 100Ω : 1	-55~+155	
		B: ±(0.3 +0.005 t)	±0.12						
		C: ±(1.0 +0.01 t)	±0.39						
SDT310P	100 500, 1k	A: ±(0.15+0.002 t)	±0.059		3850	7.0	0.9	10Ω, 100Ω : 1	-55~+400
		B: ±(0.3 +0.005 t)	±0.12						
		C: ±(1.0 +0.01 t)	±0.39						
SDT310MTM	100	A: ±(0.15+0.002 t)	±0.059	3850		7.0	0.9	500Ω, 1kΩ : 0.1	-55~+650
		B: ±(0.3 +0.005 t)	±0.12						
		C: ±(1.0 +0.01 t)	±0.39						
SDT310HLTC	1k	A: ±(0.15+0.002 t)	±0.059		3850	2.8	1.0	500Ω, 1kΩ : 0.1	-55~+155
		B: ±(0.3 +0.005 t)	±0.12						
		C: ±(1.0 +0.01 t)	±0.39						
SDT310AP	10	—	±10	3850±2%		6	1.0	—	-55~+400

※1 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature : 0°C/+100°C

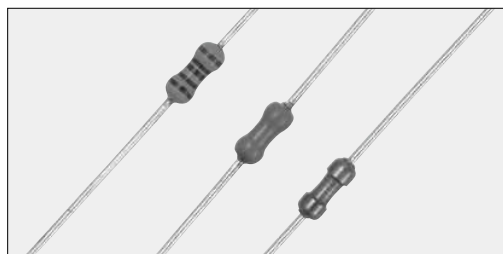
※2 Thermal time constant and dissipation constant are values measured in stationary air and are typical values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

※3 The electricity which it is charged with in the element is moved to the range that rise in temperature due to a self-heat generation can be ignored. Recommended measuring currents are 1mA for 100Ω and 0.1mA for 500Ω or 1kΩ. SDT310AP can be used as hot-film sensor. Maximum specified current is 100mA when using under self-heating condition.

Precautions for Use

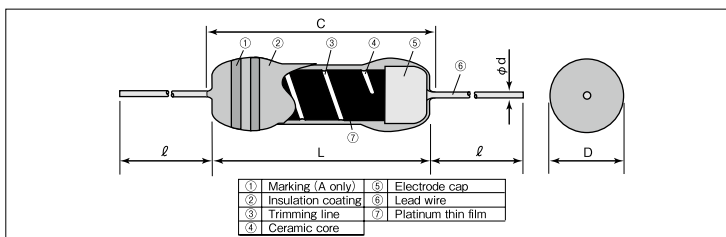
- It is difficult to solder SDT310P, SDT310MTM and SDT310AP because of using heat-resistant leads. Make use of welding to connect the leads wire.
- When an operating current is specified current, calculate a rise in temperature by self-heating to confirm an error.
- If SDT310 series is used by being molded or placed in a metal protection tube filled with resin, the resistance value may occasionally vary slightly depending on the resin used.

SDT101 Platinum Thin Film Thermal Sensors



Coating color : Ivory (SDT101A,SDT101SA), Transparent Brown (SDT101B)
 Marking : Color code (SDT101A), No Marking (SDT101SA,SDT101B)

Construction



Features

- SDT101SA is ultra-compact sensor element and offers 1kΩ.
- Simple structure for lead forming.
- SDT101A and SDT101SA can be easily soldered.
- Ideal for low directivity heat flow sensor elements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested. (SDT101B 500Ω, SDT101SA)
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Temperature compensation of load cells for Electronic Weighing Instruments.
- Detections of outer air and cooling water temperatures and filter clogging of Air Conditioners.
- Measurement of flow rate of electronic fuel injection systems, correction of intake air temperature of Automobiles.
 Contact our sales representatives before you use the products for automobiles.
- Cold point compensation and temperature detection probe of Thermocouple Temperature Controllers.
- Temperature compensations of various kinds of Measuring Instruments and Analyzers, Hot wires of Anemeters.

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.8	C±0.8	D±0.2	d±0.08	ℓ±3	
SDT101A	4.0	—	1.6	0.4	30	150
SDT101SA	—	4.0	—			
SDT101B	4.0	—	1.5			

Type Designation

Example

SDT101	A	X	C	T26	A	100	D	F
Product Code	Operating Temperature	Reference Temperature ^{*1}	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. Tolerance
SDT101 SDT101S	A: -55°C~+150°C B: -55°C~+300°C	X: 0°C	C: SnCu (A, SA) N: Ni (B only)	Nil: Bulk T26: 26mm Taping (A only) T52: 52mm Taping	Nil: Bulk A: AMMO (A only) R: REEL (B only)	10: 10Ω 100: 100Ω 500: 500Ω 1K: 1kΩ (SA only)	D: ±0.5% F: ±1.0% G: ±2.0% (SA only)	F: ±1.0% G: ±2.0%

*1 There is also a product that has a standard temperature of 25°C (symbol: Y) for custom support. (However, the temperature coefficient of resistance is measured at 0°C/100°C.) Please contact us.
 Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
 For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

RATINGS

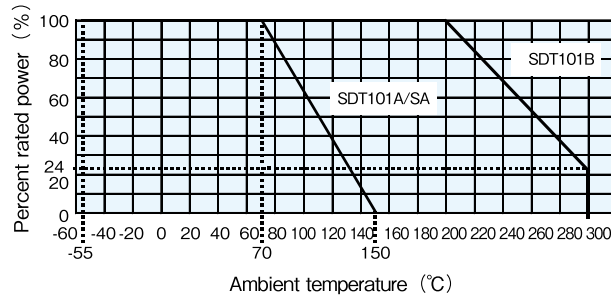
Type	Power Rating (W)	Thermal Time Constant ^{*2} (s)	Thermal Dissipation Constant ^{*2} (mW/°C)	Resistance Range (Ω)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R. ^{*3} (×10 ⁻⁵ /K)	T.C.R. Tolerance (%)	Rated Ambient Temperature (°C)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Taping & Qty/AMMO (pcs)/REEL (pcs)		
										T26A	T52A	T52R
SDT101A	0.125	6	2.8	10, 100, 500	D: ±0.5, F: ±1.0	3500	F: ±1.0, G: ±2.0	+70	-55~+150	2,000	2,000	—
SDT101SA				1k	G: ±2.0		G: ±2.0			—	—	—
SDT101B				10, 100, 500	D: ±0.5, F: ±1.0		F: ±1.0, G: ±2.0			+200	-55~+300	—

*2 Thermal time constant and thermal dissipation constant are reference values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.
 *3 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature : 0°C/+100°C

Precautions for Use

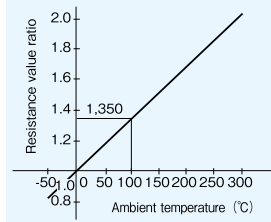
- It is difficult to solder SDT101B because of using heat-resistant leads. Make use of welding to connect the lead wires.
- When an operating current is 1mA or more, calculate a rise in temperature by self-heating to confirm an error.
- If SDT101, SDT101SA is used by being molded or placed in a metal protection tube filling with resin, the resistance value may occasionally vary slightly depending on the resin used.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.
- When the components are polluted by ionic impurities like sodium(Na⁺), chlorine(Cl⁻) etc. included in perspiration and saliva, resistance may be changed. Avoid the pollution when storage, mounting and using. Consider not to remain ionic substances on the components. Wash by pure water etc. and dry them when you find pollution.

Derating Curve



For sensors operated at an ambient temperature or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Example of Temperature Characteristics of Resistance



Approximate Expression for Resistance-Temperature Characteristics
(Values are not guaranteed values but typical ones.)

$$R = R_0 (1 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2)$$

R: Resistance value at T°C

R₀: Resistance value at 0°C

T: Ambient temperature (°C)

C₁, C₂: Constants C₁=0.356297×10⁻³ C₂=-0.617945×10⁻⁶

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements ΔR± (%+0.05Ω)		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	0°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	0°C/+100°C
Overload (Short time)	0.5	0.2	Rated voltage×2.5 for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	0.3	0.1	350°C, 1s(SDT101A/SA)
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.2	-55°C (30min.) / +25°C (10min.) / +150°C (30min.) / +25°C (10min.)、5 cycles
Moisture resistance	1	0.3	80°C±2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	1	0.2	70°C±3°C (SDT101A/SA)、200°C±3°C (SDT101B)、1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
High temperature exposure	1	0.7	+150°C (SDT101A/SA)、+300°C (SDT101B)、1000h
Shelf Life	0.3	0.1	Left for 1 year on shelf in natural condition

Resistance-Temperature Characteristic Table (Typical Value)

100Ω at 0°C

Temperature (°C)	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
-50	82.04	81.67	81.31	80.94	80.58	80.22	—	—	—	—
-40	85.66	85.29	84.93	84.57	84.21	83.85	83.49	83.12	82.76	82.40
-30	89.26	88.90	88.54	88.18	87.82	87.46	87.10	86.74	86.38	86.02
-20	92.85	92.49	92.13	91.78	91.42	91.06	90.70	90.34	89.98	89.62
-10	96.43	96.07	95.72	95.36	95.00	94.64	94.29	93.93	93.57	93.21
0	100.00	99.64	99.29	98.93	98.57	98.22	97.86	97.50	97.15	96.79
10	100.00	100.36	100.71	101.07	101.42	101.78	102.13	102.49	102.85	103.20
20	107.10	107.45	107.81	108.16	108.51	108.87	109.22	109.57	109.92	110.28
30	110.63	110.98	111.33	111.69	112.04	112.39	112.74	113.09	113.44	113.80
40	114.15	114.50	114.85	115.20	115.55	115.90	116.25	116.60	116.95	117.30
50	117.65	118.00	118.35	118.70	119.05	119.40	119.75	120.10	120.45	120.80
60	121.15	121.50	121.84	122.19	122.54	122.89	123.24	123.59	123.93	124.28
70	124.63	124.98	125.32	125.67	126.02	126.37	126.71	127.06	127.41	127.75
80	128.10	128.44	128.79	129.14	129.48	129.83	130.17	130.52	130.86	131.21
90	131.56	131.90	132.25	132.59	132.93	133.28	133.62	133.97	134.31	134.66
100	135.00	135.34	135.69	136.03	136.37	136.72	137.06	137.40	137.75	138.09
110	138.43	138.77	139.12	139.46	139.80	140.14	140.49	140.83	141.17	141.51
120	141.85	142.19	142.53	142.88	143.22	143.56	143.90	144.24	144.58	144.92
130	145.26	145.60	145.94	146.28	146.62	146.96	147.30	147.64	147.98	148.32
140	148.65	148.99	149.33	149.67	150.01	150.35	150.69	151.02	151.36	151.70
150	152.04	152.38	152.71	153.05	153.39	153.72	154.06	154.40	154.74	155.07
160	155.41	155.74	156.08	156.42	156.75	157.09	157.43	157.76	158.10	158.43
170	158.77	159.10	159.44	159.77	160.11	160.44	160.78	161.11	161.44	161.78
180	162.11	162.45	162.78	163.11	163.45	163.78	164.11	164.45	164.78	165.11
190	165.45	165.78	166.11	166.44	166.78	167.11	167.44	167.77	168.10	168.44
200	168.77	169.10	169.43	169.76	170.09	170.42	170.76	171.09	171.42	171.75
210	172.08	172.41	172.74	173.07	173.40	173.73	174.06	174.39	174.72	175.04
220	175.37	175.70	176.03	176.36	176.69	177.02	177.35	177.67	178.00	178.33
230	178.66	178.99	179.31	179.64	179.97	180.30	180.62	180.95	181.28	181.60
240	181.93	182.26	182.58	182.91	183.24	183.56	183.89	184.21	184.54	184.87
250	185.19	185.52	185.84	186.17	186.49	186.82	187.14	187.47	187.79	188.11
260	188.44	188.76	189.09	189.41	189.73	190.06	190.38	190.70	191.03	191.35
270	191.67	192.00	192.32	192.64	192.96	193.29	193.61	193.93	194.25	194.57
280	194.90	195.22	195.54	195.86	196.18	196.50	196.82	197.14	197.47	197.79
290	198.11	198.43	198.75	199.07	199.39	199.71	200.03	200.35	200.67	200.99
300	201.31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

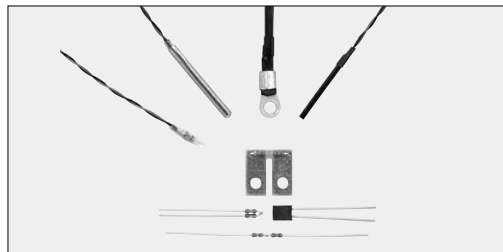
Note:

Desired temperature values are obtained by adding temperatures in the vertical and horizontal axes. When calculating a resistance value of 105°C, read the value in the column where 100°C in the vertical axis and 5°C in the horizontal axis cross. The value will be 136.72Ω.

The value for 500Ω at 0°C will be the value obtained by multiplying resistance value in this table by 5.

Similarly, the value for 10Ω at 0°C will be the value obtained by dividing the resistance value by 10 and the value for 1kΩ at 0°C will be value obtained by multiplying the resistance value by 10.

ST Thermal Sensors



■ Features

- All ST-series thermal sensors are custom-made products. ST-series thermal sensors are designed in various shapes in accordance with your application using a platinum thin-film thermal sensor (SDT101 · SDT310series) as an element. Shapes of sensor parts can be designed flexibly to meet your shapes and dimensional needs, from simple resin mold parts to sensor parts sealed in metal protective tubes made of SUS316.
- Products with Pb Free symbol “F” meet EU-RoHS requirements.

■ Applications

- Industrial Equipment : Environment testing machines, Constant-temperature ovens, pH meters, temperature controllers, mass flow meters, etc.
- Service Applications : Vending machines, fryers, steam convection ovens, etc.

■ Type Designation

Example

ST3000 series

ST	31050201	F	A	X	1K	B	D
Product Code	Product No.	Pb Free Symbol	Element Type	Reference Temperature ^{※1}	Nominal Resistance ^{※2}	Resistance Tolerance ^{※2}	T.C.R.Tolerance ^{※2}
			A:SDT101	X:0°C	100:100Ω 500:500Ω 1K:1kΩ	B:±0.1% C:±0.2% D:±0.5% F:±1%	D:±0.5% F:±1% G:±2%

ST8100 series

ST	8102201	F	B	X	1K	B
Product Code	Product No.	Pb Free Symbol	Element Type	Reference Temperature	Nominal Resistance ^{※2}	Class ^{※2}
			B:SDT310LTC C:SDT310P	X:0°C	100:100Ω 500:500Ω 1K:1kΩ	B:±(0.3+0.005 t)°C C:±(1.0+0.01 t)°C

Full custom products that are not in the catalog have a “-” between the product code and product No.

※1 ST3000 series products with a reference temperature of 25°C(T.C.R. will be calculated between 0°C/100°C) are also available.

Contact us.

※2 These are specified for inner element itself.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

■ Specifications

①Elements used for Thermal Sensors ST3000 and ST 8100 Series, and Manufacturing Ranges.

Series	Element	Resistance Value (Ω at 0°C)	Tolerance Class:Tolerance (°C)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)	T.C.R. Tolerance (%)
ST3000 series	SDT101A SDT101B	100 500 1k	—	B:±0.1 C:±0.2 D:±0.5 F:±1	3500	D:±0.5 F:±1 G:±2
ST8100 series	SDT310LTC SDT310P	100 500 1k	B:±(0.3+0.005 t) C:±(1.0+0.01 t)	—	3850	—

ST3000 Series, 1kΩ, resistance tolerance B·C are produced in pair of SDT101 Series.

The combination of ST3000 series, resistance tolerance B-T.C.R. tolerance D is equivalent to class B of SDT310 tolerance to the measuring temperature.

In the above table specification there are restrictions on manufacturing range depending on part number. Please refer to the performance list.

②Shapes of ST3000 and ST8100 series.

ST3000 and ST8100 series are partially presented on the next page.

③Example of Processing Protective Tubes

Material
PPS
Epoxy Resin Coating
Fluorine Resin Shrinkage Tube
Polyimide
SUS304
SUS316
Cu

Processing of Fitting Terminals

⑤Example of Processing of Terminals

Processing of Connecting Terminals

④Example of Processing External Conductors

Material
Polyurethane Coated Wire
Parallel Heat-Resistant Vinyl Chloride Wire
Fluorine Resin Coated Wire
Form
2-Wire System
3-Wire · 4-Wire System
Shielded Wire

⑥Others

Mounting on Printed Circuit Board

Performance

ST3000 series

Shape	Unit : mm	Product No.	L (mm)	ℓ (m)	Measurement Temperature Range (°C)
		31011 ● Lead wire without solder plating	—	—	-50~+300
		31012 ● Lead wire with solder plating	—	—	-40~+120
		31021 ● Lead wire without solder plating	—	—	-50~+300
		31022 ● Lead wire with solder plating	—	—	-40~+120
		31030201	max.30	0.1	-40~+100
		31030205		0.5	
		31030210		1.0	
		31030230		3.0	
		31040301	35	0.1	-40~+100
		31040305		0.5	
		31040310		1.0	
		31040330		3.0	
		31050201	max.23	0.1	-40~+220
		31050205		0.5	
		31050210		1.0	
		31050230		3.0	
<p>* For product of resistance 1kΩ or product of resistance tolerance B, C, only L=50mm is available.</p>		31060301	30	0.1	-40~+220
		31060305		0.5	
		31060310		1.0	
		31060330		3.0	
		31060501	50	0.1	
		31060505		0.5	
		31060510		1.0	
		31060530		3.0	
		3201	—	—	-20~+120
		3202	—	—	-40~+140
<p>* With the round terminals fixed, handle the wire without applying tensile stress or bending stress.</p>		32050001	—	0.1	-20~+80
		32050005		0.5	
		32050010		1.0	
		32050030		3.0	
		32090201	24	0.1	-40~+120
		32090205		0.5	
		32090210		1.0	
		32090230		3.0	
		32120907	90	0.07	-40~+300 Only top of protective tubes
		32121207	120		
		32121707	175		
		32121202	120		

ST3000 series

Shape	Unit : mm	Product No.	L (mm)	ℓ (m)	Measurement Temperature Range (°C)
		33010004	(8)	0.4	-20~+80
		33040305	35	0.5	-40~+60
		33040310		1.0	
		33040330		3.0	
		33060001	-	0.1	-20~+120
		33060005		0.5	
		33060010		1.0	
		33060030		3.0	
		33110305	30	0.5	-40~+220
		33110310		1.0	
		33110330		3.0	

ST8100 series

Shape	Unit : mm	Product No.	Lead Wire Number	ℓ (m)	Measurement Temperature Range (°C)
		8102201	2	0.1	SDT310LTC : -40~+105 SDT310P : -40~+200
		8102205		0.5	
		8102210	3	1	
		8102301		0.1	
		8102305		0.5	
		8102310		1	
		8103201	2	0.1	SDT310LTC : -40~+105 SDT310P : -40~+200
		8103205		0.5	
		8103210	3	1	
		8103301		0.1	
		8103305		0.5	
		8103310		1	
		8104201	2	0.1	SDT310LTC Only: -40~+105
		8104205		0.5	
		8104210	3	1	
		8104301		0.1	
		8104305		0.5	
		8104310		1	
		8106201	2	0.1	SDT310LTC Only: -40~+125
		8106205		0.5	
		8106210		1	
		8107301	3	0.1	SDT310LTC Only: -40~+150
		8107305		0.5	
		8107310		1	

Do not pull rocked a covered wire or sensor part in ST8100 series.

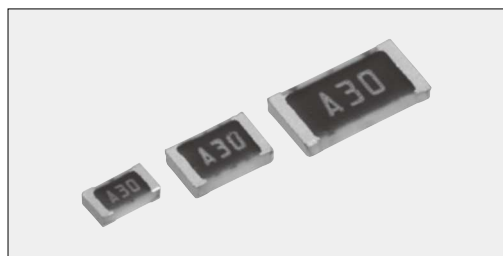
Instructions in Selection

- Sensor resistance values described are specified by resistance values of the elements (SDT101,SDT310) used in the sensors. The resistance of the external conductor is added to the resistance value of element, impacting errors in temperature measurement. For this reason, the shorter the conductor is, the smaller the errors will be. For example, when a ST using element of SDT101 a 100Ω, a 2.9°C detection error will result, assuming that the resistance of the external conductor is 1Ω. Select 3-wire or 4-wire system so that a measurement error by the resistance of an outer lead wire can be eliminated.
- Sensor elements have a sufficient heat resistance characteristic. Nevertheless, the operating temperature range will differ depending on the materials used in the external conductor and filler. Select an appropriate standard sensor in accordance with the operating temperature range and operating environment.
- This catalogue shows the specification of the element used in this product series.
The specification of this product series may vary depending on processing or the combination of elements.
Please ask us for details. We ensure the quality of the element itself.

Guarantee of product

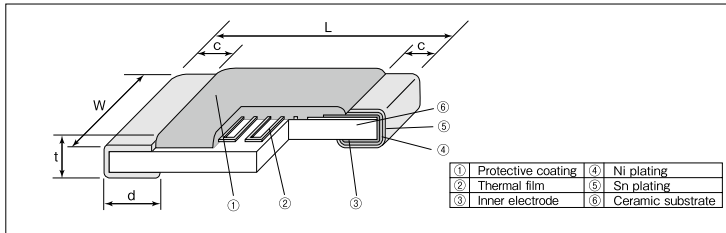
The guaranteed term of the product is one year after delivery. However, when trouble occurs during the guaranteed term because of our responsibility, the product is exchanged or is repaired. We guarantee the product itself, any damages caused by this product shall be excused.

Thermal Sensors LP73 Thin Film Resistance Thermal Chip Sensors



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- LP73s are thin-film thermal sensors of SMD type.
- LP73s accommodate resistance tolerance $\pm 1\%$, a wide range of TCR $+3000 \times 10^{-6}/K \sim +5000 \times 10^{-6}/K$ with the standard products.
- Suitable for control of temperatures in various industrial equipment.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow soldering.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

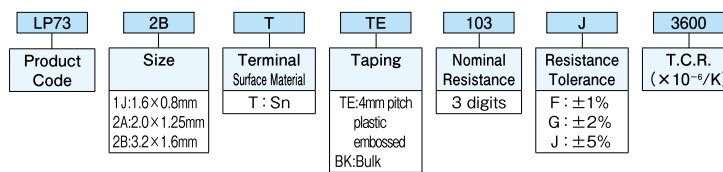
- Temperature compensation on overheat prevention for Cameras and Small DC Motors.
- Temperature compensation for various kinds of Sensor Drive Circuits.
- Temperature compensation for Telecommunication and Measuring Devices.
- Temperature compensation for Hybrid ICs.

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L ± 0.2	W ± 0.2	c	d	t	
1J (0603)	1.6	0.8	0.3 ± 0.2	0.3 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.1	1.91
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25	0.4 ± 0.2	0.4 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.15	4.09
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6	0.5 ± 0.3	0.5 ± 0.3		7.61

Type Designation

Example



The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating (W)	Thermal Time Constant ^{*1} (s)	Thermal Dissipation Constant ^{*1} (mW/°C)	Rated Ambient Temperature (°C)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
						TE
LP73 1J	0.016	2	1.2	+70	-55~+125	5,000
LP73 2A	0.031	4	1.8			
LP73 2B	0.063	6.5	2.4			

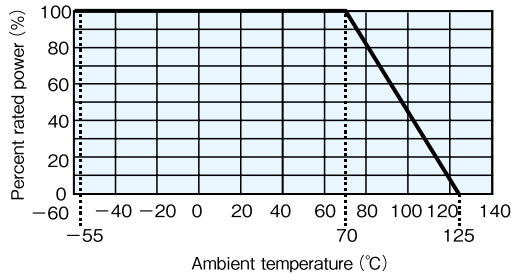
*1 Thermal time constant and dissipation constant are reference values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

T.C.R. and Resistance Range

T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$) ^{*2}	T.C.R. Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (E24 & 5.0 $\times 10^0$) (Ω)			Resistance Tolerance (%)		
		1J	2A	2B			
3000	± 5	100~1k	100~2k	100~10k	F : ± 1 , G : ± 2 , J : ± 5		
3300						330~1k	G : ± 2 , J : ± 5
3600					100~1k		
4000		100~1k				F : ± 1 , G : ± 2 , J : ± 5	
4500							100~1k
5000							

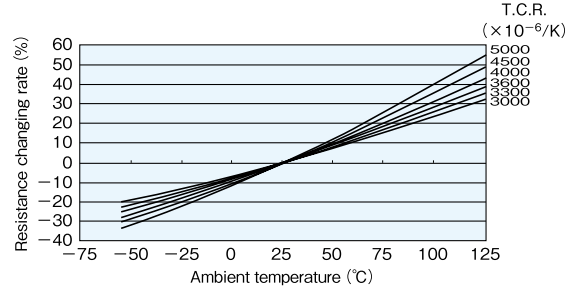
*2 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature : +25°C/+65°C

Derating Curve



For sensors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Example of Temperature Characteristics of Resistance



Approximate Expression for Resistance-Temperature Characteristics

(Values are not guaranteed but typical.)

$$R_T = R_{25} (C_0 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2)$$

R_T : Resistance value at T°C
 R_{25} : Resistance value at 25°C
 T : Ambient temperature (°C)
 C_0, C_1, C_2 : Constants

T.C.R.	C_0	C_1	C_2
3000	0.931258	0.00265213	3.90112×10^{-6}
3300	0.924355	0.00292569	4.00516×10^{-6}
3600	0.916356	0.00323714	4.34428×10^{-6}
4000	0.907039	0.00361006	4.33457×10^{-6}
4500	0.897412	0.00395222	6.05201×10^{-6}
5000	0.886014	0.00437224	7.48809×10^{-6}

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05 \Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +65°C
Overload	0.5	0.3	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s.
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	0.3	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ / 10s $\pm 1\text{s}$
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.3	-55°C (30min.) / +25°C (2~3min.) / +125°C (30min.) / +25°C (2~3min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	1.5	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ / 90%~95%RH / 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	2	1.5	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ / 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle

Confirming resistance drift is recommended since this product has a tendency to have bigger resistance change than general flat chip over 70°C. Please pay attention not to be applied ESD, it may cause of resistance change.

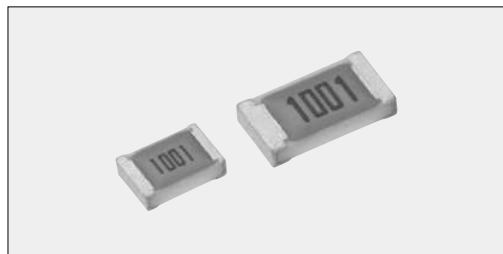
Actual Value (Out of guarantee)

Test Items	Reference	Test Methods
High temperature exposure	8%	+125°C, 1000h
ESD	500V	Human model, 100pF 1.5kΩ

Precautions for Use

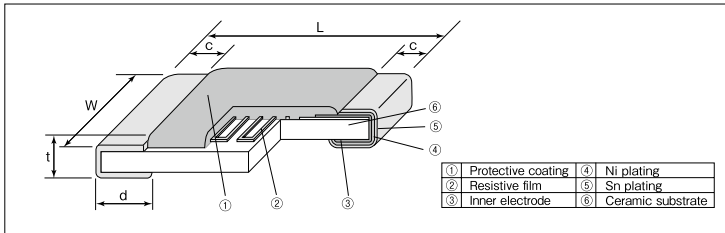
- The resistance varies by its self heat-generation. Reasonable care must be exercised in using it by taking its self-heating into consideration. Sensors operated at rated power will cause temperature errors in excess of 10°C.
 - The properly and electrostatically measured taping materials are used for the components, but attention should be paid to the fact that there is some danger the parts absorb on the top tapes to cause a failure in the mounting and the parts are destructed by static electricity to change the resistance in the conditions of an excessive dryness or after the parts are given vibration for a long time as they are packaged on the tapes. Similarly, care should be given not to apply the excessive static electricity when mounting on the boards.
 - Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.
 - When the components are polluted by ionic impurities like sodium (Na^+), chlorine (Cl^-) etc. included in perspiration and saliva, it leads to electric erosion. Avoid the pollution when storage, mounting and using. Consider not to remain ionic substances on the components. Wash by pure water etc. and dry them when you find pollution.
- It is recommended to avoid using adhesive or masking tapes. Because the upper coating can stick off by peeling masking tapes which covers our product to flow-solder larger parts or by knocking and rubbing with adhesive tapes and by brushing to remove the solder balls.
- Please pay attention that the top of an iron does not direct touch to the components. There is a risk that may cause a change in resistance. Take care that another risk may happen that the protecting coat is carbonized in an instant when touched directly by the top of the iron, also climatic-proof for electric corrosion or insulation of protecting coat may be dropped down. Be sure not to give high temperature on the top of the iron as it will degrade the protecting coat.
 - Avoid storing components under direct sun rays, high temperature/humidity. Direct sun rays will cause quality change of taping and difficulty of keeping appropriate peeling strength. 5~35°C/35~75%RH, there is no deterioration of solderability for 12 months, but take special care for storing, because condensation, dust, and toxic gas like hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen chloride, etc. may drop solderability.

LT73V Linear Positive Temp. Coefficient Flat Chip Resistors (For Automotive)



Coating color : Orange

Construction



Features

- SMD thin film resistors with thermo-perceptivity.
- Various TCRs $+150 \sim +4500 \times 10^{-6}/K$ are available.
- Operating temperature range $\sim 155^\circ C$. Rated ambient temperature: $85^\circ C$
- Suitable for both flow and reflow soldering.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Application

- Temperature compensation of current sensor, FET and semiconductor.
- Temperature compensation for various kinds of electrical circuits and sensor.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L ± 0.2	W ± 0.2	c	d $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	t ± 0.1	
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25	0.4 ± 0.2	0.3	0.5	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6	0.5 ± 0.3	0.4	0.6	9.14

Type Designation

Examples

LT73V	2B	T	TD	102	J	0900
Product Code	Size	Termination Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)
	2A:2.0 \times 1.25mm 2B:3.2 \times 1.6mm	T:Sn	TD:4mm pitch paper TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK:Bulk	3 digits	G: $\pm 2\%$ J: $\pm 5\%$	4 digits

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS. For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating (W)	Max. Working Voltage ^{※1} (V)	Max. Overload Voltage (V)	Thermal Time Constant ^{※2} (s)	Thermal Dissipation Constant ^{※2} (mW/ $^\circ C$)	Rated Ambient Temperature ($^\circ C$)	Operating Temperature Range ($^\circ C$)	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
								TD	TE
2A	0.1	50	100	1.0	1.37	+85	-55 \sim +155	5,000	4,000
2B	0.125	75	150	1.5	1.47			5,000	4,000

※1 Rated voltage= $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

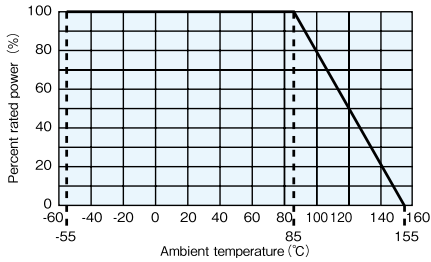
※2 Thermal time constant and dissipation constant are reference values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

T.C.R. and Resistance Range

T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$) ^{※3}	T.C.R. Tolerance	Resistance Range (E24) (Ω)		Resistance Tolerance (%)
		2A	2B	
150 · 250 · 350 · 450 · 500	$\pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/K$	2k \sim 15k	2k \sim 22k	J: ± 5
600 · 700 · 800 · 900	$\pm 150 \times 10^{-6}/K$	1k \sim 8.2k	1k \sim 15k	
1000 · 1200 · 1400	$\pm 15\%$	1k \sim 6.8k	1k \sim 8.2k	
1600 · 1800		510 \sim 4.7k	1k \sim 6.8k	
2000 · 2200 · 2400	$\pm 10\%$	510 \sim 4.7k	510 \sim 6.8k	
2600 · 2800 · 3000		510 \sim 3k	510 \sim 6.2k	
3300 · 3600 · 3900		100 \sim 1k	100 \sim 2k	
4200		51 \sim 510	51 \sim 510	
4500				

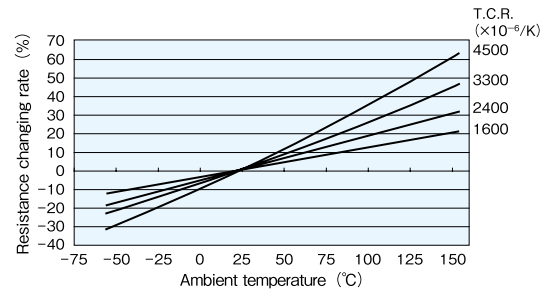
※3 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature: $+25^\circ C / +75^\circ C$

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 85°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Examples of Temperature Characteristics of Resistance



Approximate Expression for Resistance-Temperature Characteristics

(Values are not guaranteed but typical.)

$$R_T = R_{25} (C_0 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2)$$

R_T : Resistance value at $T^\circ\text{C}$

R_{25} : Resistance value at 25°C

T : Ambient temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)

C_0, C_1, C_2 : Constants

T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$)	C_0	C_1	C_2
3000	0.9288	0.0028	1.9983×10^{-6}
3300	0.9232	0.0030	2.9980×10^{-6}
3600	0.9175	0.0032	4.0000×10^{-6}
3900	0.9099	0.0035	4.0064×10^{-6}
4200	0.9026	0.0038	3.9964×10^{-6}
4500	0.8948	0.0041	4.0064×10^{-6}

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm$ (%+0.05 Ω)		Test Items
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+75°C
Overload(Short Time)	1	0.02	Rated voltage \times 2.5 or Max. overload Vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.10	260 \pm 5°C, 10 \pm 1s
Rapid chang of temperature	2 : TCR \leq +3300 5 : TCR \geq +3600	0.53 2.59	-55°C (30min.) / +155°C (30min.) , 1000cycles
Moisture resistance	3	0.15	1/10 rated power, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle. 1000h
Endurance at 85°C	2 : TCR \leq +3300 5 : TCR \geq +3600	0.30 0.76	85°C \pm 2°C, 1000 h 1.5 h ON/0.5h OFF cycle.
High temperature load life	2 : TCR \leq +3300 5 : TCR \geq +3600	0.40 2.17	125°C, Rated voltage, 1000h
High temperature exposure	2 : TCR \leq +3300 5 : TCR \geq +3600	0.81 3.20	155°C, 1000h
Low temperature exposure	2	-0.10	-55°C, 1000h

Please pay attention not to be applied ESD, it may cause of resistance change.

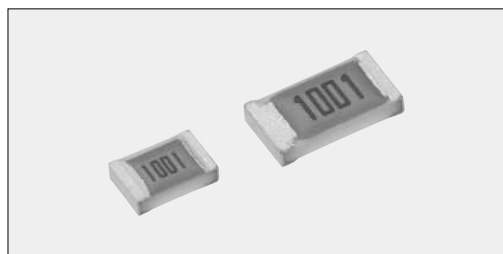
Actual Value (Out of guarantee)

Test Items	Reference	Test Methods
ESD	500V	Human body model, 100pF, 1.5k Ω

Precautions for Use

- The resistance value of this resistor changes by its self-heating by power applied. Therefore, it is recommended to use it by taking its self heat-generation into consideration.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. while perspiration and saliva include ionic impurities like sodium (Na^+), chlorine (Cl^-) etc. Therefore these kinds of ionic substances may induce electrical corrosion when they invade into the products. Either thorough washing or using RMA solder and flux are necessary since lead free solder contains ionic substances. Washing process is needed, before putting on moisture proof material in order to prevent electrical corrosion.
- An overcurrent such as surge, etc. may break the metal film of LT73V.
- When heat-resistant masking tapes are attached to the chip resistors at the time of mounting and then detached, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes. It is known that the heat applied in the mounting process will enhance the adhesion strength of the tape adhesive so please avoid the use. If the use of masking tapes are unavoidable, then please be sure not to attach the tape adhesives directly on the products.
When high-pressure shower cleaning is implemented, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes caused by the water pressure stress so please avoid the implementation.
If the implementation is unavoidable, then please evaluate the products beforehand.

LT73 Linear Positive Temp. Coefficient Flat Chip Resistors



Coating color : Orange

Features

- SMD thin film resistors with thermo-perceptivity.
- Various TCRs +150~+4500×10⁻⁶/K are available.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow soldering.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.

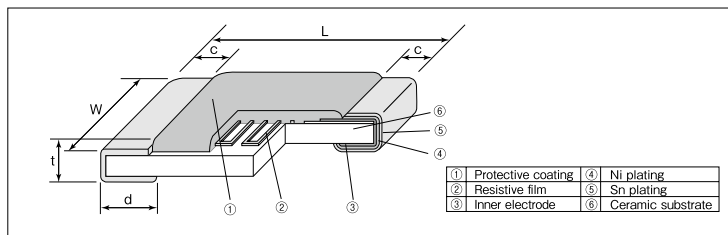
Application

- Suitable for temperature control in various industrial equipment.

Reference Standards

IEC 60115-8
JIS C 5201-8

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W±0.2	c	d ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	t±0.1	
2A (0805)	2.0	1.25	0.4±0.2	0.3	0.5	4.54
2B (1206)	3.2	1.6	0.5±0.3	0.4	0.6	9.14

Type Designation

Examples

LT73	2B	T	TD	202	J	0150
Product Code	Size	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K)
	2A:2.0×1.25mm 2B:3.2×1.6mm	T:Sn	TD:4mm pitch paper TE:4mm pitch plastic embossed BK:Bulk	3 digits	G:±2% J:±5%	4 digits

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating (W)	Max. Working Voltage ^{※1} (V)	Max. Overload Voltage (V)	Thermal Time Constant ^{※2} (s)	Thermal Dissipation Constant ^{※2} (mW/°C)	Rated Ambient Temperature (°C)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
								TD	TE
2A	0.1	50	100	1.0	1.37	+70	-40~+125	5,000	4,000
2B	0.125	75	150	1.5	1.47			5,000	4,000

※1 Rated voltage=√Power Rating×Resistance value or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

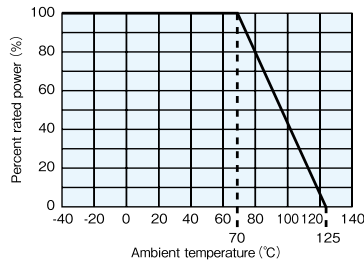
※2 Thermal time constant and dissipation constant are reference values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

T.C.R. and Resistance Range

T.C.R. (×10 ⁻⁶ /K) ^{※3}	T.C.R.Tolerance	Resistance Range (E24) (Ω)		Resistance Tolerance (%)
		2A	2B	
150 · 250 · 350 · 450 · 500	±100×10 ⁻⁶ /K	2k~24k	2k~51k	G:±2
600 · 700 · 800 · 900	±150×10 ⁻⁶ /K	1k~20k	1k~43k	
1000 · 1200 · 1400	±15%	1k~13k	1k~27k	J:±5
1600 · 1800		510~4.7k	1k~10k	
2000 · 2200 · 2400	±10%	510~4.7k	510~9.1k	
2600 · 2800 · 3000		510~3k	510~6.2k	
3300 · 3600 · 3900		100~1k	100~2k	
4200		51~510	51~510	
4500				

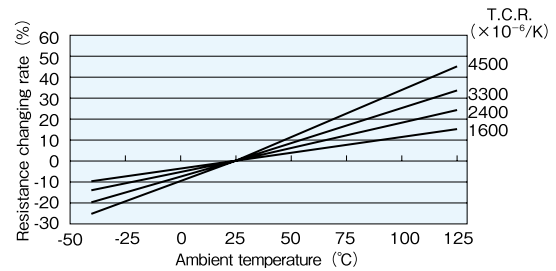
※3 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature: +25°C/+75°C

Derating Curve



For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Examples of Temperature Characteristics of Resistance



Approximate Expression for Resistance-Temperature Characteristics

(Values are not guaranteed but typical.)

$$R_T = R_{25} (C_0 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2)$$

R_T : Resistance value at $T^\circ\text{C}$
 R_{25} : Resistance value at 25°C
 T : Ambient temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)
 C_0, C_1, C_2 : Constants

T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$)	C_0	C_1	C_2
3000	0.9288	0.0028	1.9983×10^{-6}
3300	0.9232	0.0030	2.9980×10^{-6}
3600	0.9175	0.0032	4.0000×10^{-6}
3900	0.9099	0.0035	4.0064×10^{-6}
4200	0.9026	0.0038	3.9964×10^{-6}
4500	0.8948	0.0041	4.0064×10^{-6}

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C / +75°C
Overload (Short time)	1	0.23	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ or Max. overload vol. for 5s, whichever is lower.
Resistance to soldering heat	1	0.10	260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, 10s ± 1 s
Rapid change of temperature	1	0.10	-40°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 5 cycles
Moisture resistance	3	0.54	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	3	0.62	70°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 1000h 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle

Confirming resistance drift is recommended since this product has a tendency to have bigger resistance change than general flat chip over 70°C. Please pay attention not to be applied ESD, it may cause of resistance change.

Actual Value (Out of guarantee)

Test Items	Reference	Test Methods
Low temperature exposure	0.05%	-40°C, 45min
High temperature exposure	0.6%	+125°C, 1000h
ESD	500V	Human body model, 100pF, 1.5k Ω

Precautions for Use

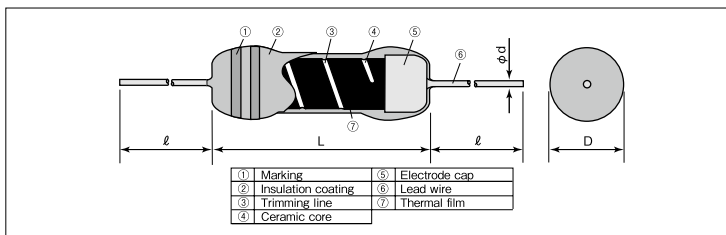
- The resistance value of this resistor changes by its self-heating by power applied. Therefore, it is recommended to use it by taking its self heat-generation into consideration.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. while perspiration and saliva include ionic impurities like sodium (Na^+), chlorine (Cl^-) etc. Therefore these kinds of ionic substances may induce electrical corrosion when they invade into the products. Either thorough washing or using RMA solder and flux are necessary since lead free solder contains ionic substances. Washing process is needed, before putting on moisture proof material in order to prevent electrical corrosion.
- An overcurrent such as surge, etc. may break the metal film of LT73.
- When heat-resistant masking tapes are attached to the chip resistors at the time of mounting and then detached, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes. It is known that the heat applied in the mounting process will enhance the adhesion strength of the tape adhesive so please avoid the use. If the use of masking tapes are unavoidable, then please be sure not to attach the tape adhesives directly on the products. When high-pressure shower cleaning is implemented, there is a possibility of exfoliation of the top electrodes caused by the water pressure stress so please avoid the implementation. If the implementation is unavoidable, then please evaluate the products beforehand.

LP Thin Film Resistance Thermal Sensors



Coating color : Ivory (LP1/16), Brown (LP1/8)
Marking : Color code

Construction



Features

- LP series is thin-film thermal sensors and accommodates resistance tolerance $\pm 1\%$ and high T.C.R. $+5000 \times 10^{-6}/K$ with the standard products.
- Suitable for control of temperatures for various industrial equipment.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Temperature compensation for Load Cells in a Electronic Weighing Instruments.
- Overheat prevention for Printer Heads.
- Temperature compensation for Home Electrical Appliances, Measuring Instruments and Communications Equipment.
- Overheat prevention for various PCBs.

Dimensions

Type	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	D ± 0.2	d ± 0.05	l ± 3	
LP 1/16	3.5 $^{+0.2}_{-0.4}$	1.7	0.5	30	150
LP 1/8	6.35 ± 0.8	2.3	0.65	38	250

Type Designation

Example

Product Code	Power Rating	Termination Surface Material	Taping	Packaging	Nominal Resistance	Resistance Tolerance	Symbol of T.C.R.
LP	1/8	C	T26	A	103	J	362
1/16: 0.063W 1/8 : 0.125W	C:SnCu	Nil: Bulk T26: 26mm Taping T52: 52mm Taping	Nil : Bulk A : AMMO	3digits	F : $\pm 1\%$ G : $\pm 2\%$ J : $\pm 5\%$	3digits 151 : 150 362 : 3600	

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

Type	Power Rating (W)	Thermal Time Constant ^{※1} (s)	Thermal Dissipation Constant ^{※1} (mW/°C)	Rated Ambient Temperature (°C)	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Taping & Q'ty/AMMO (pcs)	
						T26A	T52A
LP1/16C	0.063	8	2.5	+70	-55~+150	4,000	4,000
LP1/8C	0.125	14	4.5			2,000	2,000

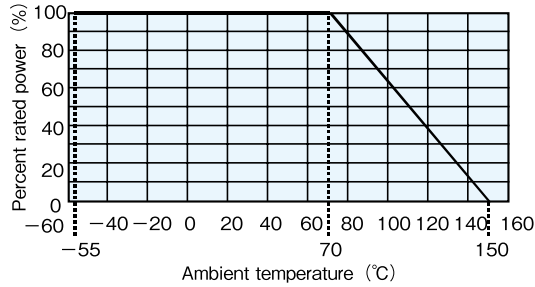
※1 Thermal time constant and dissipation constant are reference values, which are values of elements and vary with connecting or fixing methods.

T.C.R. and Resistance Range

T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$) ^{※2}	T.C.R. Tolerance	Resistance Range (Ω) (E24 & 2.5, 5.0×10^1)					
		LP1/16			LP1/8		
		F : $\pm 1\%$	G : $\pm 2\%$	J : $\pm 5\%$	F : $\pm 1\%$	G : $\pm 2\%$	J : $\pm 5\%$
150 · 250 · 350 450	$\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}/K$	-	150~10k	150~10k	-	150~51k	150~51k
550 · 650 · 750 · 850 950 · 1000 · 1200 1400 · 1600 · 1800 2000 · 2200 · 2400			150~30k	150~30k		150~100k	150~100k
2500 3000 3300 3600 4000 · 4500 · 5000	$\pm 5\%$	100~30k	10~30k	1~30k	100~100k	10~100k	1~100k
		100~10k	10~10k	1~10k	100~51k 100~20k	10~51k 10~20k	1~51k 1~20k

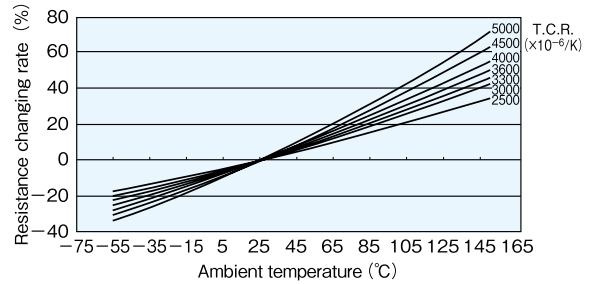
※2 T.C.R. Measuring Temperature : +25°C/+65°C. T.C.R. is guaranteed by random inspections.

Derating Curve



For sensors operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the power shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

Example of Temperature Characteristics of Resistance



Approximate Expression for Resistance-Temperature Characteristics

(Values are not guaranteed but typical.)

$$R = R_{25} (C_0 + C_1 T + C_2 T^2)$$

R : Resistance value at T°C
 R_{25} : Resistance value at 25°C
 T : Ambient temperature (°C)
 C_0, C_1, C_2 : Constants

T.C.R.	C_0	C_1	C_2
3000	0.931258	0.00265213	3.90112×10^{-6}
3300	0.924355	0.00292569	4.00516×10^{-6}
3600	0.916356	0.00323714	4.34428×10^{-6}
4000	0.907039	0.00361006	4.33457×10^{-6}
4500	0.897412	0.00395222	6.05201×10^{-6}
5000	0.886014	0.00437224	7.48809×10^{-6}

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (\% + 0.05\Omega)$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+65°C
Overload (Short time)	0.5	0.2	Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ for 5s.
Resistance to soldering heat	0.5	0.2	350°C $\pm 10^\circ\text{C}$, 1s
Rapid change of temperature	0.5	0.2	-55°C (30min.) / +25°C (10min.) / +150°C (30min.) / +25°C (10min.)、5 cycles
Moisture resistance	2	0.3	40°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 、90%~95%RH、1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Endurance at 70°C	2	0.5	70°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 、1000h 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle

Precautions for Use

- The resistance of the part changes by its self heat-generation, so use it in consideration of this. The sensor operated at rated power causes a temperature error of 10°C or more.
- Some areas of $+3000 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$ to $+5000 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$ use a special temperature sensing film (patented). Consult with us if the sensor will be always operated in a high temperature region.
- Ionic impurities such as flux etc. that are attached to these products or those mounted onto a PCB, negatively affect their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance, etc. The flux may contain ionic substances like chlorine, acid, etc. Please wash them to get rid of these ionic substances especially when using lead-free solder that may contain much of the said substances for improving a wetting characteristic. Using RMA solder or RMA flux, or well-washing is needed. Also, attaching ionic substances such as perspiration, salt etc. by storage environments or mounting conditions/environments negatively affects their moisture resistance, corrosion resistance etc. Please wash them to remove the ionic substances when they are polluted.
- When the components are polluted by ionic impurities like sodium (Na^+), chlorine (Cl^-) etc. included in perspiration and saliva, it leads to electric erosion. Avoid the pollution when storage, mounting and using. Consider not to remain ionic substances on the components. Wash by pure water etc. and dry them when you find pollution.

Precautions for Fusing Components

Refer to the precautions in the beginning part of this catalogue for the matters common to all products

●Anti-Surge Characteristics

Be careful of the short time over current (inrush current, reversible current at motor-lock etc.) that is generated in the circuit.

- Inrush current will differ according to the ambient temperature and the charging/discharging condition of the capacitor etc. Check the current wave form with the condition which will be the maximum current.
- When components that are highly dependent on temperatures such as thermistors are used within the circuit, check the current wave form with the condition which will be the maximum current.
- Set the sampling frequency at a level which the peak current can be detected when measuring the surge current with a digital oscilloscope.
- Generally, current probes are used for current measurement. When shunt resistors are used, be sure to use the lowest resistance value as possible according to the impedance in the circuit.

●Operation Check

- Before you decide which fuse product you use, please mount the selected fuse on actual device and confirm that rush current and surge current have enough margin and that the product has performance that enables to interrupt the abnormal current quickly.

●Soldering

- This product is suitable both for reflow-soldering and for flow-soldering, but an excessive heat may cause an open and change its characteristics.
- The part shall be soldered at the maximum temperature of 260°C or less.
- If a soldering iron is used, it shall be at 350°C or less and should be soldered in a short time. Further, pay attention that the products are not touched directly by the top of the iron. It may cause disconnection or characteristic change.

●Placement

- Please confirm sufficiently the evaluation of reliability and use those that have small contractile stress at a resin stiffening time. By contractile stress at the resin stiffening time, fuses might be broken, resistance value may be changed and disconnection might occur in case of resin coating/potting or molded sealing. There is a possibility that heat may fill the surrounding of the fuses by shielding and may cause the fusing characteristics to change so, please check with the actual circuit.
- The fusing characteristics may change when there are components that generate heat very much around the fuses. Keep fuses away from those parts.

●Storage

- Avoid storing components under the condition of high temperature/high humidity (40°C/70%RH or more) which may deteriorate solderability.
- Also avoid direct sun light which may deteriorate solderability and induce changes in taping strength.

●Parts selection

- If you have any questions about the way of selecting fuses, please do not hesitate to ask us with the information on rated voltage, operating temperature, wave-forms of steady-state current and rush current, and fusing current.

●Reference

- For basic precautions, refer to JEITA technical report "JEITA RCR-4800 Safety application guide on fuse for use in electronic and electrical equipment".

Terms and Definitions

■ Safety Standards

- The safety standards applicable to the fuse products are as follows. The certified safety standards differ to each product.

JAPAN Electrical Appliances and Materials Safety Act. (PSE) Class-B

U.S.A. UL (Underwriters Laboratories Inc.)

UL248

CANADA CSA (Canadian Standards Association)

C22.2 No.248

c-UL (Underwriters Laboratories Inc.)

UL248

※c-UL is equivalent to CSA in recognition.

INTERNATIONAL IEC (International Electrotechnical

Commission) 60127-1, -4



■ Rated Current

- Current specified by us to be suitable for safety standards of fusing time, not the applicable stationary current value.

Stationary current value of the circuit can be calculated with the following equation:

$$\text{Stationary current value of circuit} \leq \text{Rated current value} \times \text{Stationary derating coefficient} \times \text{Ambient temperature derating coefficient}$$

Stationary Derating Coefficient

The table below indicates deratings for each type of products.

Type	Stationary Derating Coefficient
CCF1N, CCF1F	0.7
TF16AT	0.75
TF10BN, TF16SN, TF16VN	1.0

Ambient temperature derating coefficient

The following Deratings for Ambient Temperatures are required:

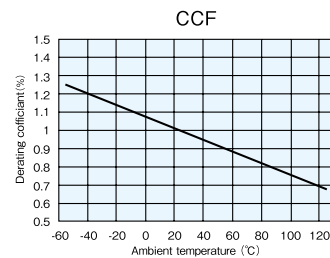


Fig.-1

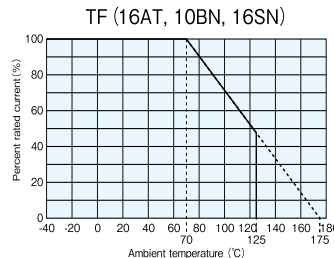


Fig.-2

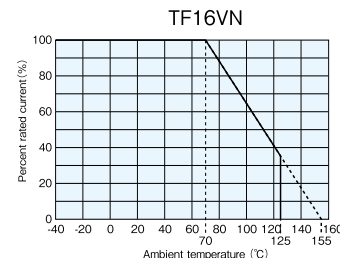


Fig.-3

- Regard the peak current as stationary current when current waveform is repeated pulse or AC waveform. Do not use the effective value of the current waveform.

■ Rated Voltage

- A rated voltage indicates the voltage that does not run through electrodes after the fuse blows. In case of exceeding the rated voltage, the circuit voltage should be applied at voltage not higher than the rated voltage because the current may run again or may break the elements.

■ Interrupting Capacity

- An interrupted capacity indicates current and voltage that can be interrupted when an abnormal situation arises. Make sure beforehand that voltage and current at the time of abnormality occurring in the circuit are within the interrupting capacity.

■ Fusing Current

- It indicates a current that interrupts a circuit. Refer to the following list to quickly interrupt an abnormal current occurred in the circuit:

Type	Fusing Current	Fusing Time
CCF1N(0.4~10)	Rated Current×2 or Over	1s
TF16SN	Rated Current×2 or Over	
TF10BN	Rated Current×2 or Over	5s
TF16AT	Rated Current×2 or Over	
TF16VN	Rated Current×2.5 or Over	60s
CCF1N(12~30)	Rated Current×2 or Over	
CCF1F	Rated Current×2 or Over	

If its fusing time is within 1 second, the variance in the fusing time affected by the surroundings (temperature, mounting pad dimensions, substrate material, etc.) will be negligible. But if it is not less than 1 second, it will be largely affected by them, so its verification should be made with an actual circuit.

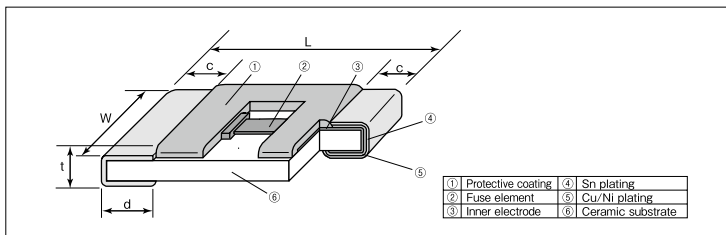
TF10BN Chip Current Fuses

Chip Fuses



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- 1005 size miniature and light chip current fuses for the secondary circuit. An occupied area reducible.
- Excellent in mechanical strength.
- The original construction and manufacturing method make the fusing characteristics stable.
- Low power consumption and less voltage dropping possible due to low internal resistance.
- Suitable for over current protection of circuit block in small electronic devices.
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Approvals Awarded

UL248.14 File No. E131375
c-UL (CSA) C22.2 No. 248.14 File No. E131375

Applications

- Cellular-telephones
- Digital still cameras
- Notebook personal computers

Ratings

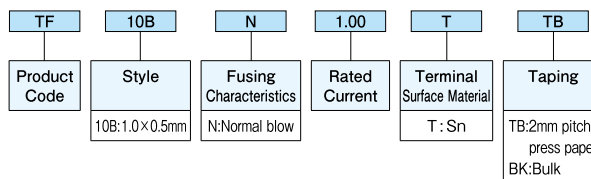
Type	Marking	Rated Current	Fusing Time	Internal R. (mΩ) Max.	Rated Voltage	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temperature Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
								TB
TF10BN0.20	A	0.20A	Open within 5s at 200% rated current. Refer to the graph of fusing characteristics.	1990	DC 32V	+70°C	-55~+125°C	10,000
TF10BN0.25	C	0.25A		1270				
TF10BN0.315	D	0.315A		850				
TF10BN0.50	F	0.50A		320				
TF10BN0.63	I	0.63A		200				
TF10BN0.80	K	0.80A		135				
TF10BN1.00	L	1.00A		115				
TF10BN1.25	M	1.25A		90				
TF10BN1.60	N	1.60A		58				
TF10BN2.00	S	2.00A		42				
TF10BN2.50	T	2.50A		35				
TF10BN3.00	V	3.00A		30				
TF10BN3.50	R	3.50A		27				
TF10BN4.00	X	4.00A		23				
TF10BN5.00	Y	5.00A		19				

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
TF10BN (0402)	1.0±0.1	0.5±0.05	0.2±0.1	0.25±0.1	0.4±0.05	0.68

Type Designation

Example



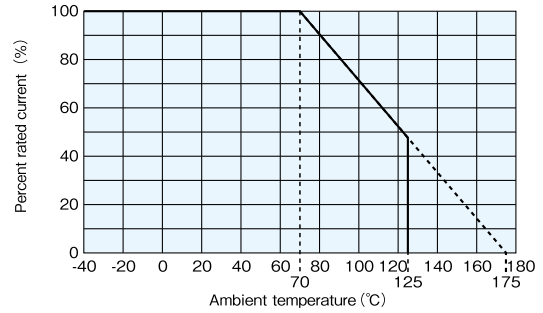
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Derating

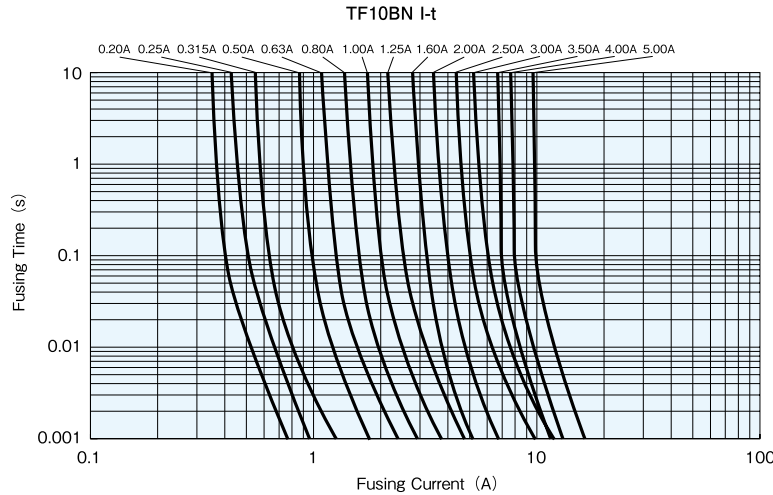
- Stationary current
Regard the peak of stationary current waveform as stationary current value when the stationary current is repeated pulse.
- Temperature Derating
Rated current needs to be derated if used at an ambient temperature 70°C or higher. Refer to the derating coefficient on the right figure.

Rated Current Derating



Chip Fuses

Fusing Characteristics (Average Fusing Time)



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Fusing characteristics	Within 5s	—	200% of rated current shall be carried. (at 25°C)
Bending test	No mechanical damages.	—	Distance between holding points 90mm, bending width 3mm, 1 time
Resistance to soldering heat	10	5	260°C \pm 3°C, 5s \pm 1s
Solderability	95% coverage min.	—	245°C \pm 3°C, 3s \pm 0.5s
Load life	10	5	70°C \pm 2°C, 1000h, Rated current \times 100%, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Load life moisture	10	3	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h, Rated current \times 100%, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Rapid change of temperature	10	5	-55°C (30min) / +125°C (30min) 10 cycles
Resistance to solvent	No evidence of damages to protective.	—	Conforming to MIL-STD-202F
Residual resistance	10k Ω or more	—	Measure DC resistance after fusing

Precautions for Use

- The substrate material of TF10BN applies ceramics to achieve good fusing characteristics. Please keep away from oxygen gas/liquid because such environment may deteriorate element strength and the performance by glass component corrosion.
- When you select fuse product, please make sure to confirm "Precautions for Use of Fusing Components" in this catalogue and ask KOA sales.

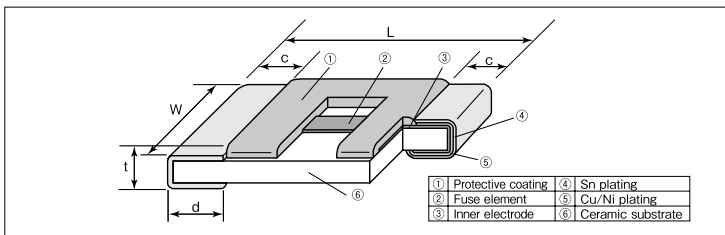
TF16AT ■ Chip Current Fuses (Anti Pulse)

Chip Fuses



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Small and light chip current fuses for the secondary circuit.
- Excellent in anti-pulse characteristics.
- Original construction and manufacturing method stabilize fusing characteristics.
- Able to reduce an occupied area.
- Low power consumption and less voltage dropping due to exceedingly low internal resistance.
- Suitable for overcurrent protection of circuit block in small electronic devices.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements

Approvals Awarded

UL248.14 File No. E131375

c-UL (CSA) C22.2 No. 248.14 File No. E131375

Applications

- Notebook personal computers
- HDDs
- Cellular-telephones
- Digital still cameras

Ratings

Type	Marking	Rated Current	Fusing Time	Internal R. (mΩ) Max.	Rated Voltage	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temperature Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
								TD
TF16AT0.25	C	0.25A	Open within 5s at 200% rated current. Refer to the graph of fusing characteristics.	498	32V	+70°C	-55~+125°C	5,000
TF16AT0.315	D	0.315A		384				
TF16AT0.50	F	0.50A		198				
TF16AT0.63	I	0.63A		143				
TF16AT0.80	K	0.80A		120				
TF16AT1.00	L	1.00A		94				
TF16AT1.25	M	1.25A		73				
TF16AT1.60	N	1.60A		59				
TF16AT2.00	S	2.00A		42				
TF16AT2.50	T	2.50A		32				
TF16AT3.15	U	3.15A		24				
TF16AT4.00	X	4.00A		17				
TF16AT5.00	Y	5.00A		14				

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
TF16AT (0603)	1.6±0.1	0.8±0.08	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.05	2.15

Type Designation

Example

TF	16A	T	2.50	T	TD
Product Code	Size	Fusing Characteristics	Rated Current	Terminal Surface Material	Taping
	16A:1.6×0.8mm	T:Anti-pulse		T:Sn	TD:4mm pitch punch paper BK:Bulk

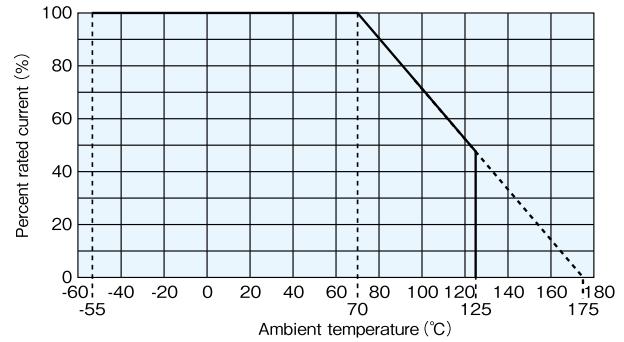
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Derating

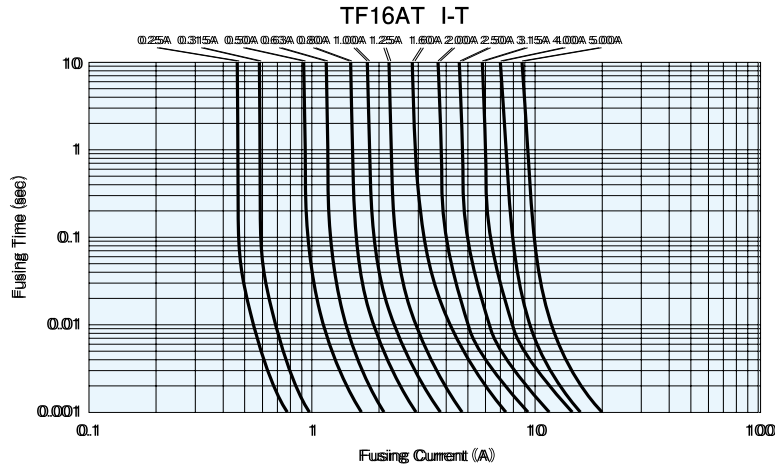
- Normal derating
Normal derating of this product should be 0.75max. as standards.
- Temperature Derating
Rated Current needs to be derated if used at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher. Refer to the derating coefficient on the right figure.
- Stationary current
Regard the peak of stationary current waveform as stationary current value when the stationary current is repeated pulse.

Rated Current Derating



Chip Fuses

Fusing Characteristics (Average Fusing Time)



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Fusing characteristics	Within 5s	—	200% of rated current shall be carried. (at 25°C)
Bending test	No mechanical damages.	—	Distance between holding points 90mm, bending width 3mm, 1time.
Resistance to soldering heat	10	5	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 0.5s
Solderability	95% coverage min.	—	245°C ± 3°C, 3s ± 0.5s
Load life	10	5	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h, Rated current × 75%, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Load life moisture	10	5	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h, Rated current × 75%, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Rapid change of temperature	10	5	-55°C (30min) / +125°C (30min) 10 cycles
Resistance to solvent	No evidence of damages to protective coating and marking.	—	Conforming to MIL-STD-202F
Residual resistance	10kΩ or more	—	Measure DC resistance after fusing

Precautions for Use

- The fuse element is protected by special resin so that the product achieves to have fusing characteristic. Adjust the bottom dead center of the nozzle and keep the product free from excessive stress when you mount it. Damage by excessive stress to the product may affect the characteristic or lead to disconnection.
- When you select fuse product, please make sure to confirm "Precautions for Use of Fusing Components" in this catalogue and ask KOA sales.

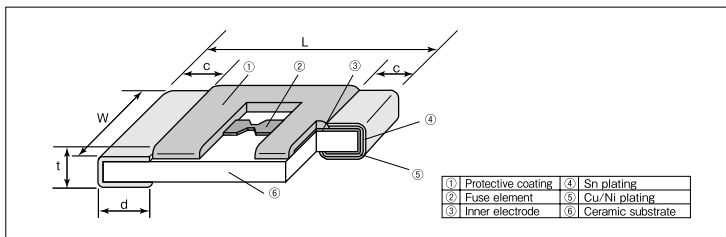
TF16SN Chip Current Fuses

Chip Fuses



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Small and light chip current fuses for the secondary circuit.
- The original manufacturing method makes the fusing characteristics stable.
- Able to reduce an occupied area.
- Low power consumption and less voltage dropping due to low internal resistance.
- Suitable for overcurrent protection of circuit block in small electronic devices.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Approvals Awarded

UL248.14 File No. E131375

c-UL (CSA) C22.2 No. 248.14 File No. E131375

Applications

- Notebook personal computers
- HDDs
- Mobile phones
- Digital still cameras

Ratings

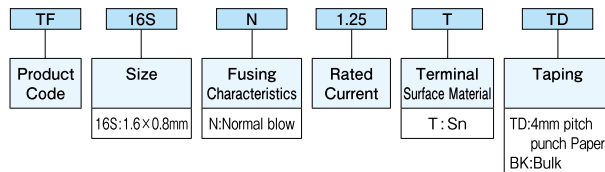
Type	Marking	Rated Current	Fusing Time	Internal R. (mΩ) Max.	Rated Voltage	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temperature Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
								TD
TF16SN0.20	A	0.20A	Open within 1s at 200% rated current. Refer to the graph of fusing characteristics.	1500	32V	+70°C	-40~+125°C	5,000
TF16SN0.25	C	0.25A		960				
TF16SN0.315	D	0.315A		600				
TF16SN0.40	H	0.40A		440				
TF16SN0.50	F	0.50A		300				
TF16SN0.63	I	0.63A		190				
TF16SN0.70	J	0.70A		170				
TF16SN0.80	K	0.80A		135				
TF16SN1.00	L	1.00A		103				
TF16SN1.25	M	1.25A		78				
TF16SN1.60	N	1.60A		58				
TF16SN2.00	S	2.00A		47				
TF16SN2.50	T	2.50A		38				
TF16SN3.15	U	3.15A		28				

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
TF16SN (0603)	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.4 ^{+0.1} _{-0.05}	2.15

Type Designation

Example



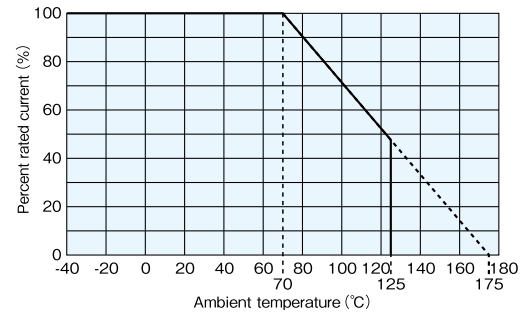
Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Derating

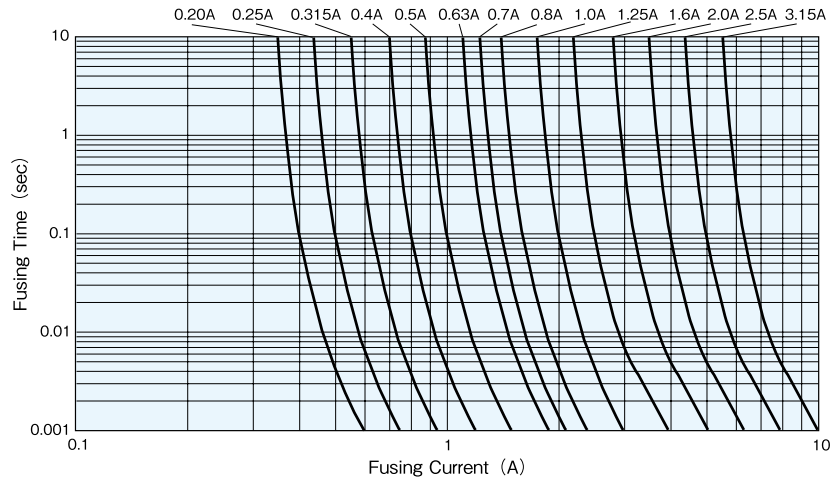
- Stationary current
Regard the peak of stationary current waveform as stationary current value when the stationary current is repeated pulse.
- Temperature Derating
Rated current needs to be derated if used at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher. Refer to the derating coefficient on the right figure.

Rated Current Derating



Chip Fuses

Fusing Characteristics (Average Fusing Time)



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Fusing characteristics	Within 1s	—	200% of rated current shall be carried. (at 25°C)
Bending test	No mechanical damages.	—	Distance between holding points 90mm, bending width 2mm, 1 time.
Resistance to soldering heat	10	4.5	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 0.5s
Solderability	95% coverage min.	—	245°C ± 3°C, 3s ± 0.5s
Load life	10	4.5	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h, Rated current × 100%, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Load life moisture	10	4.5	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h, Rated current × 100%, 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Rapid change of temperature	10	4	-40°C (30min) / +125°C (30min) 10 cycles
Resistance to solvent	No evidence of damages to protective coating and marking.	—	Conforming to MIL-STD-202F
Residual resistance	10kΩ or more	—	Measure DC resistance after fusing

Precautions for Use

- The substrate material of TF16SN applies ceramics to achieve good fusing characteristics. Keep the product free from excessive stress when it is to be mounted. Keep it also away from excessive thermal stress continuously. It may cause cracks. Please confirm on actual device before use.
- When you select fuse product, please make sure to confirm "Precautions for Use of Fusing Components" in this catalogue and ask KOA sales.

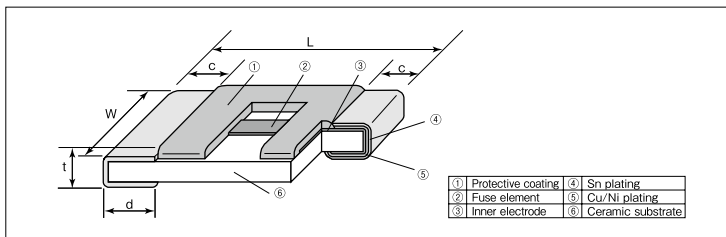
TF16VN Chip Current Fuses (For Automotive)

Chip Fuses



Coating color : Black

Construction



Features

- Small and light chip current fuses for the secondary circuit.
- Temperature cycle (−55°C ~ +125°C), 1000cycle.
- Original construction and manufacturing method stabilize fusing characteristics.
- Suitable for overcurrent protection of circuit block in small electronic devices.
- Suitable for reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Protection from overcurrent to electronic device for automotive.

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)					Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	c	d	t	
TF16VN (0603)	1.6±0.1	0.8±0.1	0.35±0.1	0.3±0.1	0.45±0.1	2.15

Type Designation

Example

TF	16V	N	2.50		T	TD
Product Code	Size	Fusing Characteristics	Rated Current	Rated Voltage	Terminal Surface Material	Taping
	16V:1.6×0.8mm	N:Normal blow		Nil: DC 32V D: DC 125V DC 70V DC 50V	T : Sn	TD:4mm pitch punch paper BK:Bulk

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Ratings

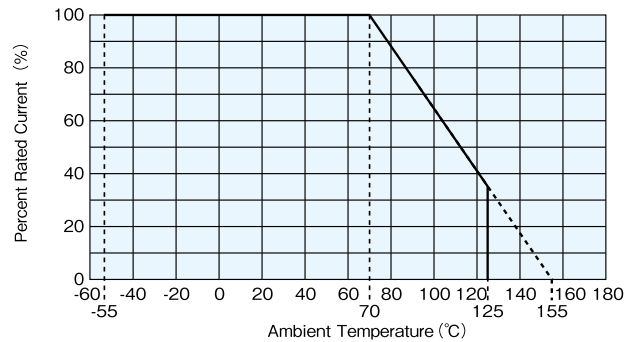
Type	Marking	Rated Current	Fusing Time (at 25°C)	Internal R. (mΩ) Max.	Rated Voltage	Rated Ambient Temp.	Operating Temperature Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
								TD
TF16VN0.40	H	0.40A	Open within 5s at 250% rated current. Refer to the graph of fusing characteristics.	760	DC 32V (DC 125V)	+70°C	−55 ~ +125°C	5,000
TF16VN0.50	F	0.50A		520				
TF16VN0.63	I	0.63A		370	DC 32V (DC 70V)			
TF16VN0.80	K	0.80A		200				
TF16VN1.00	L	1.00A		160				
TF16VN1.25	M	1.25A		130				
TF16VN1.60	N	1.60A		100				
TF16VN2.00	S	2.00A		80				
TF16VN2.50	T	2.50A		60				
TF16VN3.15	U	3.15A		40				

High rated voltage products (DC 125V: 0.4A to 0.5A, DC 70V: 0.63A to 2.5A, DC 50V: 3.15A) are available. Please ask KOA sales before use.

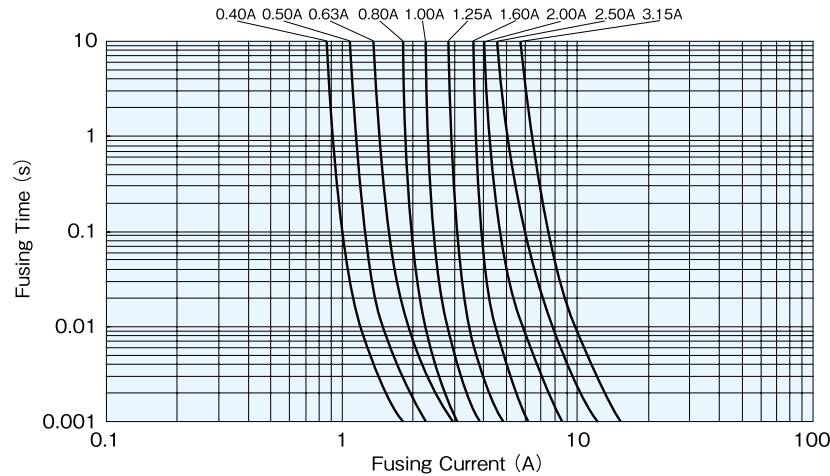
Derating

- Stationary current
Regard the peak of stationary current waveform as stationary current value when the stationary current is repeated pulse.
- Temperature Derating
Rated Current needs to be derated if used at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher. Refer to the derating coefficient on the right figure.

Rated Current Derating



Fusing Characteristics (Average Fusing Time)



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm \%$		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Fusing characteristics	Within 5s	—	250% of rated current shall be carried. (at 25°C)
Bending test	No mechanical damages.	—	Distance between holding points 90mm, bending width 2mm, 1time.
Resistance to soldering heat (Reflow soldering)	10	5	Pre-heating: $150 \pm 30^\circ\text{C}$, $90 \pm 30\text{s}$ Heating: 230°C or more, $30 \pm 10\text{s}$, max. 260°C
Solderability	95% coverage min.	—	$245^\circ\text{C} \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$, $3\text{s} \pm 0.5\text{s}$
Load life	10	5	$70^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 1000h, Rated current $\times 100\%$, 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Load life moisture	10	5	$85^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $85\% \pm 5\% \text{RH}$, 1000h, Rated current $\times 10\%$, 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Rapid change of temperature	10	5	-55°C (30min) / $+125^\circ\text{C}$ (30min) 1000 cycles
Resistance to solvent	No evidence of damages to protective coating and marking.	—	Conforming to MIL-STD-202F
Residual resistance	10k Ω or more	—	Measure DC resistance after fusing

Precautions for Use

- The substrate material of TF16VN applies ceramics to achieve good fusing characteristics. Please keep away from oxygen gas/liquid because such environment may deteriorate element strength and the performance by glass component corrosion.
- Suitable for reflow soldering, not for flow soldering.
- When you select fuse product, please make sure to confirm "Precautions for Use of Fusing Components" in this catalogue and ask KOA sales.

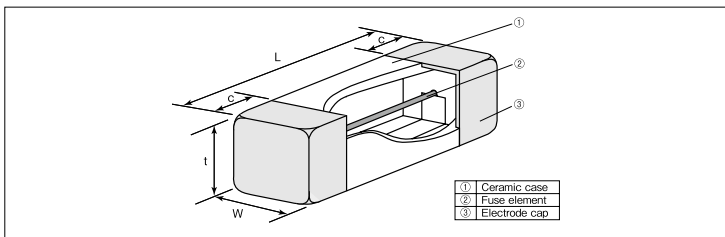
CCF1N Chip Current Fuses

Chip Fuses



Body color : White

Construction



Features

- Surface mounting fuses suitable for primary and secondary circuits.
- Excellent mechanical strength with ceramic body.
- Stable fusing characteristics due to the original technology.
- Excellent Anti-Surge characteristics.
- Suitable for reflow and flow soldering.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Approvals Awarded

PSE (1~10A) Class B
 UL248.14 File No.E171861 (250mA~15A)
 c-UL(CSA)C22.2 No.248.14 File No.E171861 (250mA~15A)

Applications

- Power supplies for note PCs
- Power supplies for Illumination inverters
- Copying machines, Laser beam printers
- Industrial equipment

Ratings

Type	Rated Current	Rated Voltage	Interrupting Capacity	Fusing Characteristics		Internal R. (mΩ) Max.	Nominal Melting I ² t (A ² ·s)	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
				Rated Current	Fusing Time			TE
CCF1N0.4	400mA	UL (c-UL) AC 125V DC 60V (DC 160V)	UL (c-UL) AC 125V 50A DC 60V 50A (DC 160V)	UL (c-UL) 100% 200%	4h Min. 1s Max.	650 510 390 250	0.024 0.030 0.052 0.125	1,000
CCF1N0.5	500mA							
CCF1N0.63	630mA							
CCF1N0.8	800mA							
CCF1N1	1A	PSE AC 100V	PSE AC 100V 100A	PSE 130% 160% 200%	4h Min. 1h Max. 1s Max.	90.4 75.9 59.3 42.9 36.6 26.0	0.156 0.220 0.513 0.814 1.31 2.37	
CCF1N1.25	1.25A							
CCF1N1.6	1.6A							
CCF1N2	2A							
CCF1N2.5	2.5A							
CCF1N3.15	3.15A							
CCF1N4	4A	UL (c-UL) AC 125V DC 60V (DC 160V)	UL (c-UL) AC 125V 50A DC 60V 50A (DC 160V)	UL (c-UL) 100% 200%	4h Min. 1s Max.	20.1 15.3 11.4 10.6 9.5 7.5	3.85 6.5 10.6 12.8 17.0 27.7	
CCF1N5	5A							
CCF1N6.3	6.3A							
CCF1N7	7A							
CCF1N8	8A							
CCF1N10	10A							
CCF1N12	12A	UL (c-UL) AC 65V DC 65V	UL (c-UL) AC 65V 50A DC 65V 50A	UL (c-UL) 100% 200%	4h Min. 60s Max.	4.5 3.5	73.5 125.5	
CCF1N15	15A							
CCF1N30	30A	DC 65V	DC 65V 100A	100% 200%	4h Min. 60s Max.	1.7	527.5	

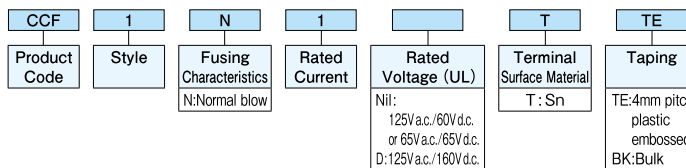
Operating Temp. Range : -55°C ~ +125°C

Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W±0.2	t±0.2	c±0.2	
CCF1N(2410)	6.0	2.5	2.5	1.4	140

Type Designation

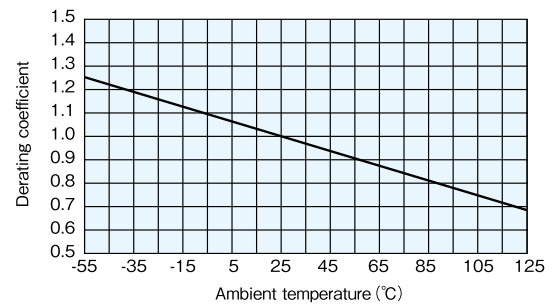
Example



The terminal surface material lead free is standard.
 Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
 For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

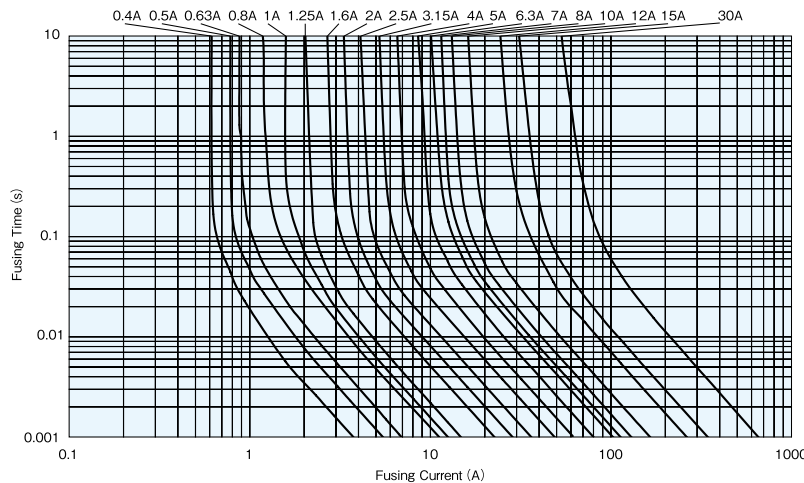
Deratings

- Stationary current
Regard the peak of stationary current waveform as stationary current value when the stationary current is repeated pulse.
- Normal derating
Normal derating of this product should be 0.7max. as standards.
- Deratings by ambient temperatures
When using the products at the temperatures other than normal temperature (25°C ±5°C), temperature adjustment will be required. Please refer to the derating coefficient as shown in the figure.



Chip Fuses

Fusing Characteristic



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements ΔR ± %		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Fusing characteristics	Within specified time. No restrike	—	Fusing time measured under rated current × 160% and × 200%. (at 25°C)
Surface Temp. Rise	Max. Temp. Rise 140°C (For PSE)	—	Surface Temp. should be measured by Rated current × 115%.
	Max. Temp. Rise 75°C (For UL)	—	Surface Temp. should be measured by Rated current × 100%.
Bending test	No mechanical damage.	—	Distance between holding points 90mm, bent by 3mm at rate of 1mm/s.
Resistance to soldering heat	10	3	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 0.5s
Solderability	95% coverage min.	—	235°C ± 5°C, 3s ± 0.5s
Load life	10	5	70°C ± 2°C, 1000h, Rated current × 70%, 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Load life moisture	10	5	40°C ± 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h, Rated current × 70%, 1.5h ON / 0.5h OFF cycle
Rapid change of temperature	10	5	-55°C (30min) / +125°C (30min) 100 cycles

Precautions for Use

- Store and use CCF products in dust-free room avoiding dew condensation, corrosive gas (H₂S, SO₂, HC l gas), etc. Otherwise the products are more likely to have lower solderability and fusing.
- High temperature affects on the product's performances. After mounting the products on your applications, be sure that the maximum temperature rise is 50 degrees or below and that if the circuit is interrupted or not under abnormal current.
- When you select fuse product, please make sure to confirm "Precautions for Use of Fusing Components" in this catalogue and ask KOA sales.

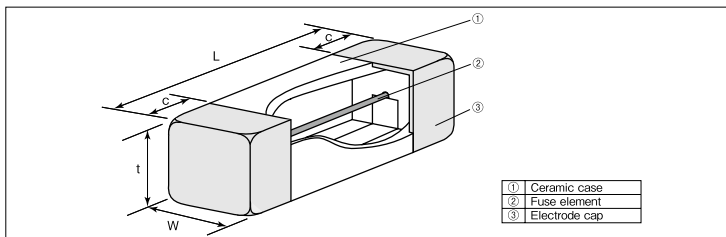
CCF1F Chip Current Fuses (Anti Sulfuration)

Chip Fuses



Coating color : White

Construction



Features

- Excellent anti-sulfuration characteristic due to using high sulfuration-proof material.
- Meets IEC60127-4 specifications. (7A or less)
- Stable fusing characteristics due to the original technology.
- Suitable for reflow and flow soldering.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Approvals Awarded

UL248.14 File No.E171861
c-UL(CSA)C22.2 No.248.14 File No.E171861

Reference Standard

IEC60127-4 Universal modular fuse-Links
Standard sheet2

Applications

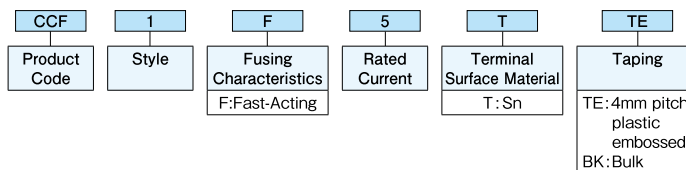
- Power supplies for Illumination inverters
- Copying machines, Laser beam printers
- Industrial equipment

Dimensions (mm)

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L±0.2	W±0.2	t±0.2	c±0.2	
CCF1F (2410)	6.0	2.5	2.5	1.4	140

Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

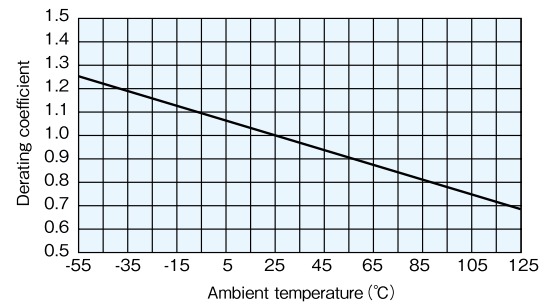
Ratings

Type	Rated Current	Rated Voltage	Interrupting Capacity	Fusing Characteristics		Internal R. (mΩ) Max.	Nominal Melting I ² t (A ² ·s)	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)
				Rated Current	Fusing Time			
CCF1F0.4	0.4A	UL(c-UL) AC125V DC125V	UL(c-UL) AC125V 50A DC125V 50A	UL(c-UL) 100% 200%	4h Min. 60s Max.	650	0.024	1,000
CCF1F0.5	0.5A					510	0.030	
CCF1F0.63	0.63A					390	0.052	
CCF1F0.8	0.8A					250	0.125	
CCF1F1	1A					90.4	0.156	
CCF1F1.25	1.25A					75.9	0.220	
CCF1F1.6	1.6A					59.3	0.513	
CCF1F2	2A					42.9	0.814	
CCF1F2.5	2.5A					36.6	1.31	
CCF1F3.15	3.15A					26.0	2.37	
CCF1F4	4A					20.1	3.85	
CCF1F5	5A					15.3	6.5	
CCF1F6.3	6.3A					11.4	10.6	
CCF1F7	7A					10.6	12.8	
CCF1F8	8A					9.5	17.0	
CCF1F10	10A	7.5	27.7					
CCF1F12	12A	UL(c-UL) AC65V DC65V	UL(c-UL) AC65V 50A DC65V 50A			4.5	73.5	
CCF1F15	15A					3.5	125.5	

Operating Temperature Range : -55°C ~ +125°C

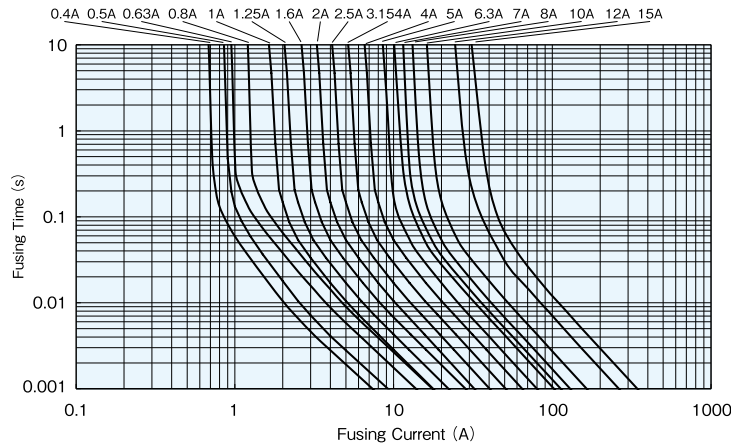
Deratings

- Stationary current
Regard the peak of stationary current waveform as stationary current value when the stationary current is repeated pulse.
- Normal derating
Normal derating of this product should be 0.7max. as standards.
- Deratings by ambient temperatures
When using the products at the temperatures other than normal temperature (25°C ±5°C), temperature adjustment will be required. Please refer the derating coefficient as shown in the figure.



Chip Fuses

Fusing Characteristic



Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements ΔR±%		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Fusing Characteristics	Within specified time. Insulation resistance shall not be less than 0.1MΩ.	—	Fusing time measured under rated current×200% (at 25°C)
Surface Temp. Rise	Max. Temp. Rise 75°C and not Fusing (All the rating).	—	Surface temp. should be measured by rated current×100% 1hour
Bending Test	No mechanical damage	—	Distance between holding points 90mm, bent by 3mm at arte of 1mm/s
Resistance to soldering heat	10	3	260°C±5°C、10s±0.5s
Solderability	95% coverage min.	—	235°C±5°C、3s±0.5s
Load life	10	5	70°C±2°C、1000hr、Rated current×70%、1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Load life moisture	10	5	40°C±2°C、90%~95%RH、1000hr、Rated current×70%、1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
Rapid change of temperature	10	5	-55°C(30min.) / +125°C(30min.) 100cycles
Sulfuration test	10	—	Soaked in industrial oil with sulfur substance 3.5% contained 105°C±3°C 500h

Precautions for Use

- High temperature affects on the product's performances. After mounting the products on your applications, be sure that the maximum temperature rise is 50 degrees or below and that if the circuit is interrupted or not under abnormal current.
- When you select fuse product, please make sure to confirm "Precautions for Use of Fusing Components" in this catalogue and ask KOA sales.

Precautions for Varistors

Refer to the precautions in the beginning part of this catalogue for particulars common to all products.

● Selection and Protection

- It is recommended that the circuit voltage which is applied on a steady basis to be used at 80% or less of the max. allowable circuit voltage. Exceeding the specification will cause deterioration, short-circuits and etc.
- Select proper parts according to the surge energy and the number of the impressions if the varistors are used to absorb the surge for an inductive loading, .
- The rated surge endurance volume is defined in terms of shock-wave current wave form (starting up $8 \mu\text{s}$ /wave-tail length $20 \mu\text{s}$).
- Insert fuses or thermo fuses in series with varistors if the size of the surge power cannot be estimated, in order to prevent varistors from bursting due to an excessive surge over the rating.
- There is a possibility of smoking or flaming in case of excessive surge which is over the ratings so do not fix close to combustible materials.
- Upon mold sealing, fully confirm the reliability and use the resin which have small contractile stress at stiffening since the protection coat may be peeled off, cracks may occur at the solder connection, and the characteristics of the varistor may change.
- Perform the withstand voltage test and the insulation resistance test with the varistors removed from an equipment since the test voltage may exceed the varistor voltage.

● Failure Mode

- Varistor voltage will drop and the leakage current will increase when excessive surge which is above the rating is applied to the varistor. Temperature will increase due to Joule heating as the leakage current increases, which will cause thermal runaway and short circuit.

● Reference

- For basic precautions, please refer to the technical report of EMAJ-R039 Safety application guide for varistors.

Terms and Definitions

■ Maximum Allowable Circuit Voltage

- Maximum D.C. voltage or A.C. voltage (rms) that can be continuously applied.

■ Maximum Energy (E)

- The maximum energy within the varistor voltage change rate of $\pm 10\%$ when a single impulse of 2ms is applied.

■ Maximum Peak Current (I_p)

- The maximum peak current within the varistor voltage change rate of $\pm 10\%$, when a single standard impulse of $8/20\mu s$ is applied.

■ Operating Temperature (T_{opt})

- The allowable ambient temperature range while the device is operating.

■ Storage Temperature (T_{stg})

- The temperature range in which the elements do not deteriorate.

■ Varistor Voltage (V_C)

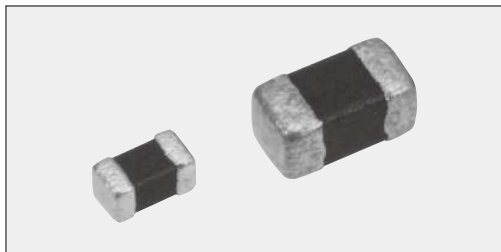
- The terminal voltages on both ends of the varistor when the specified current is applied.

■ Clamping Voltage (V_P)

- The peak value of the voltage between two terminals of the varistor when the specified standard wave form impulse current ($8/20\mu s$) is applied.

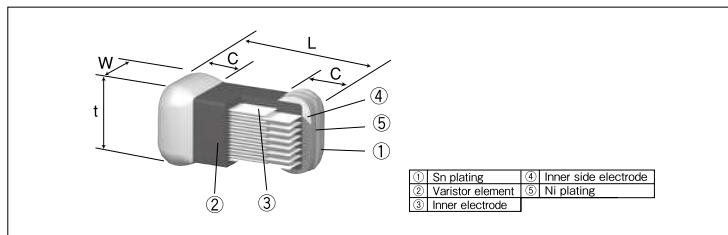
Voltage of Power line	Varistor voltage
3.3V d.c.	8.2V
5V d.c.	8.2V, 12V
12V d.c.	24V, 27V
24V d.c.	47V, 56V
48V d.c.	82V, 100V

NV73 1H/1E ■ Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors



Body color : Black

■ Construction



■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	t	c	
NV73A1H (0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.1 min.	0.299
NV73A□1E (0402)	1.0±0.1	0.5±0.1	0.6 max.	0.25±0.15	1.295

■ Features

- SMD type metal oxide varistors (0201 and 0402 inch size).
- Ideal for countermeasures against ESD with excellent responsivity (Conforming to IEC61000-4-2).
- 3pF available.
- Pb-free solder on terminal section.
- Two-way noise can be absorbed.
- Suitable for reflow soldering.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

■ Applications

- Cellular-telephones, DSCs, Computers, PDAs, I/O, etc.

■ Type Designation

Example

NV73	A	L	1E	T	TP	12
Product Code	Energy Code	Capacitance Type	Size	Terminal Surface Material	Taping	Varistor Voltage
		Nil : Standard type L : Low capacitance type	1H : 0.6×0.3mm 1E : 1.0×0.5mm	T : Sn	TBM : 2mm pitch press paper (1H) TP : 2mm pitch paper (1E)	8 : 8V 12 : 12V 120 : 120V

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

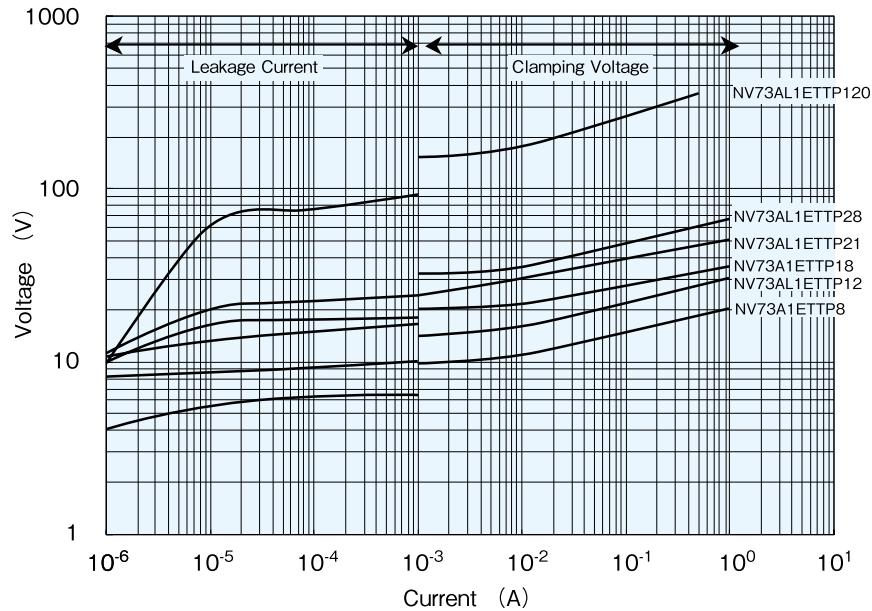
■ Ratings

Type	Varistor Voltage V_{1mA} (V)	Varistor Voltage Tolerance (V)	Max. Allowable Voltage d.c. (V)	Clamping Voltage $I_c=1A$ (V) 8/20 μ s	Max. Energy (J) 10/1000 μ s	Max. Peak Current (A) 2 times 8/20 μ s	Capacitance (Typ) 1kHz (pF)
NV73A1HTTBM12	12	10~15.6	6.5	35	0.01	1	33
NV73A1ETTP8	8	6.4~9.6	5.5	20	0.05	20	480
NV73A1ETTP18	18	16.2~19.8	14	35	0.05	20	160
NV73AL1ETTP12	12	10~14	5.5	30	0.03	5	50
NV73AL1ETTP21	21	18~24	14	50	0.03	5	50
NV73AL1ETTP28	28	24~32	18	65	0.005	2	15
NV73AL1ETTP120	120	90~150	18	350 ($I_c=0.5A$)	0.005	0.5	3 (1MHz)

Operating Temperature Range : -40°C~+85°C
Storage Temperature Range : -40°C~+125°C
Q'ty / Reel 1H : TBM (15,000pcs) 、 1E : TP (10,000pcs)

Voltage-Current Curves (Reference) (Ta=25°C)

NV73A1E

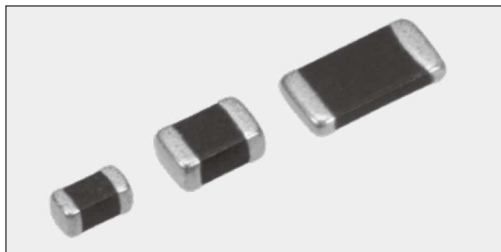


Chip Varistors

Performance

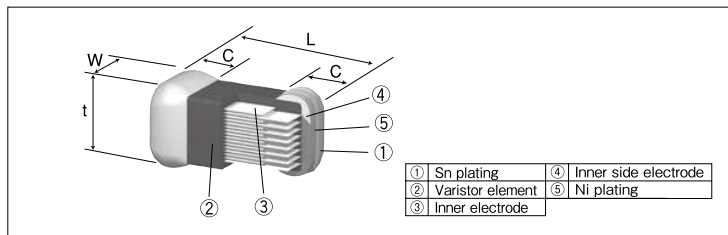
Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta V \pm \%$	Test Methods
Varistor Voltage	Within specified tolerance	Voltage between terminals when 1mA is flowed.
Solderability	95% coverage min.	230°C±5°C, 4s±1s
Resistance to soldering heat	10	260±5°C, 10s±0.5s
Rapid change of temperature	10	-40°C (30min) / +125°C (30min) 30cycles
Maximum peak current	10	A single standard impulse of 8/20 μs, positive/negative applied once each
Maximum energy	10	A single standard impulse of 10/1000 μs, once
High temperature life with d.c. bias	10	85°C±5°C, 1000h Load: Maximum Allowable Voltage (d.c.)
High temperature & high humidity life with d.c bias	10	40°C±5°C, 95%RH 500h Load: Maximum Allowable Voltage (d.c.)
Capacitance	Typical	1kHz : Others 1MHz : Varistor voltage 120V
High temperature storage life	10	125°C±5°C, 1000h
Low temperature storage life	10	-40°C±5°C, 1000h

NV73 Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors



Body color : Black

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	t	c	
NV73 1J (0603)	1.6±0.15	0.8±0.15	0.8±0.15	0.4 ^{+0.15} _{-0.2}	6~7
NV73 2A (0805)	2±0.2	1.25±0.2	1.3max.	0.5±0.25	8~16
NV73 2B (1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	1.65max.	0.5 ^{+0.25} _{-0.25}	16~32

Type Designation

Example

Lead Free Type	NV73	A	1J	T	TE	24
Product Code						
Energy Code		A B C	Size 1J : 1.6×0.8mm 2A : 2.0×1.2mm 2B : 3.2×1.6mm	Terminal Surface Material T : Sn	Taping TE : Taping BK : Bulk	Varistor Voltage

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Chip Varistors

Features

- Varistors own two-way symmetries and can absorb positive and negative surges.
- Multilayer construction allows its small size to absorb a large surge.
- Small space and high density mounting available due to the small package.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products with lead free termination meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Protection of ESD from input and output terminals of mobile devices.
- Absorption of surge voltages occurred from inductive load of motors, relays, etc.
- Protection of semiconductor elements against over voltages.
- Absorption of surge voltages generated from piezoelectric elements.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements ΔV±%	Test Methods
Varistor Voltage	Within specified tolerance	Voltage between terminals when 1mA is flowed.
Resistance to soldering heat	10	270°C±5°C 3s±0.5s
Solderability	95% Coverage min.	230°C±5°C 4s±1s
Rapid change of temperature	10	-40°C (30min) / +125°C (30min) 30cycles
Maximum peak current	10	A single standard impulse of 8/20 μs, positive/negative applied once each
Maximum energy	10	A single standard impulse of 2ms, once
High temperature life with d.c. bias	10	85°C±5°C, Load: Maximum Allowable Circuit Voltage (d.c.) 1000h
High temperature life with a.c. bias	10	85°C±5°C, Load: Maximum Allowable Circuit Voltage (Va.c.r.m.s.) 1000h
High temperature & high humidity life with d.c. bias	10	40°C±5°C 95%RH Load: Maximum Allowable Circuit Voltage (d.c.) 500h
High temperature storage life	10	125°C±5°C 1000h
Low temperature storage life	10	-40°C±5°C 1000h

■ Ratings

Operating Temp. Range : -40°C~+85°C Storage Temp. Range : -40°C~+125°C Q'ty/Reel : TE 2,500pcs

Type	Varistor Vol. Vc		Max. Allowable Vol.		Clamping Vol. (V)		Max. Energy E (J)	Max. Peak Current Ip (A) (2 times)
	Ic=1mA	(V)	a.c.r.m.s. (V)	d.c. (V)	V1A	V2A		
NV73A1JTTE8.2	6.8~9.8		4.2	6.0	—	21	0.1	30
NV73A1JTTE12	10~14.4		6.1	8.6	—	29		
NV73A1JTTE15	12.5~18		7.6	10.8	—	35		
NV73A1JTTE18	16~20		9.1	12.8	—	37		
NV73A1JTTE20	18~22		10.6	15.0	—	40		
NV73A1JTTE22	19~24		12.0	16.5	—	42		
NV73A1JTTE24	21.8~26.5		14.0	18.0	—	46		
NV73A1JTTE27	25~32		17.0	22.0	—	49		
NV73A2ATTE8.2	6.8~9.8		4.2	6.0	18	—	0.01	10
NV73A2ATTE12	10~14.4		6.1	8.6	24	—	0.03	20
NV73A2ATTE15	12.5~18		7.6	10.8	29	—	0.04	
NV73A2ATTE18	16~20		9.1	12.8	29	—	0.05	
NV73A2ATTE20	18~22		10.6	15.0	33	—		
NV73A2ATTE22	19~24		12.0	16.5	39	—	0.06	
NV73A2ATTE24	21.8~26.5		14.0	18.0	42	—	0.07	
NV73A2ATTE27	25~32		17.0	22.0	50	—	0.12	
NV73A2ATTE33	30~39		20.0	26.0	60	—	0.14	
NV73A2ATTE39	37~47		25.0	31.0	72	—	0.16	25
NV73A2ATTE47	45~54		30.0	38.0	86	—	0.03	20
NV73B2ATTE8.2	6.8~9.8		4.2	6.0	—	18	0.05	35
NV73B2ATTE12	10~14.4		6.1	8.6	—	24	0.07	
NV73B2ATTE15	12.5~18		7.6	10.8	—	30	0.08	
NV73B2ATTE18	16~20		9.1	12.8	—	32	0.09	
NV73B2ATTE20	18~22		10.6	15.0	—	36	0.11	
NV73B2ATTE22	19~24		12.0	16.5	—	40	0.12	
NV73B2ATTE24	21.8~26.5		14.0	18.0	—	42	0.24	
NV73B2ATTE27	25~32		17.0	22.0	—	58	0.25	
NV73B2ATTE33	30~39		20.0	26.0	—	66	0.04	25
NV73C2ATTE8.2	6.8~9.8		4.2	6.0	—	18	0.09	50
NV73C2ATTE12	10~14.4		6.1	8.6	—	24	0.11	
NV73C2ATTE15	12.5~18		7.6	10.8	—	29	0.13	
NV73C2ATTE18	16~20		9.1	12.8	—	32	0.14	
NV73C2ATTE20	18~22		10.6	15.0	—	35	0.17	
NV73C2ATTE22	19~24		12.0	16.5	—	40	0.18	
NV73C2ATTE24	21.8~26.5		14.0	18.0	—	42	0.13	
NV73C2ATTE27	25~32		17.0	22.0	—	55	0.15	
NV73A2BTTE33	30~39		20.0	26.0	—	60	0.18	40
NV73A2BTTE39	37~47		25.0	31.0	—	72	0.22	
NV73A2BTTE47	45~54		30.0	38.0	—	85	0.26	
NV73A2BTTE56	52~62		35.0	45.0	—	100	0.03	
NV73B2BTTE8.2	6.8~9.8		4.2	6.0	—	18	0.07	50
NV73B2BTTE12	10~14.4		6.1	8.6	—	24	0.09	
NV73B2BTTE15	12.5~18		7.6	10.8	—	29	0.10	
NV73B2BTTE18	16~20		9.1	12.8	—	32	0.11	
NV73B2BTTE20	18~22		10.6	15.0	—	35	0.12	
NV73B2BTTE22	19~24		12.0	16.5	—	40	0.14	
NV73B2BTTE24	21.8~26.5		14.0	18.0	—	42	0.16	
NV73B2BTTE27	25~32		17.0	22.0	—	52	0.06	
NV73C2BTTE8.2	6.8~9.8		4.2	6.0	—	18	0.10	70
NV73C2BTTE12	10~14.4		6.1	8.6	—	24	0.13	
NV73C2BTTE15	12.5~18		7.6	10.8	—	29	0.15	
NV73C2BTTE18	16~20		9.1	12.8	—	29	0.17	
NV73C2BTTE20	18~22		10.6	15.0	—	31	0.19	
NV73C2BTTE22	19~24		12.0	16.5	—	35	0.20	
NV73C2BTTE24	21.8~26.5		14.0	18.0	—	38	0.24	
NV73C2BTTE27	25~32		17.0	22.0	—	48		

Chip Varistors

Detailed data other than the above-mentioned are also available, for which please ask our sales office.

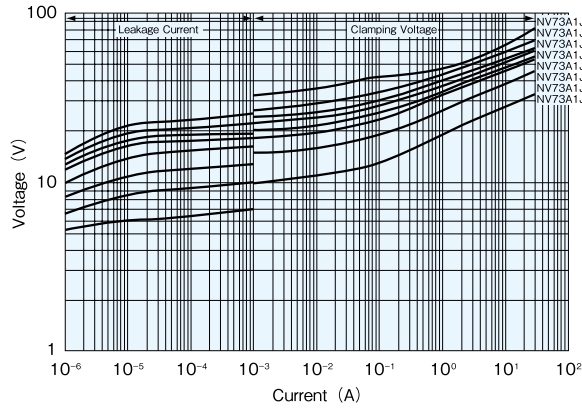
VARISTORS

NV73 Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors

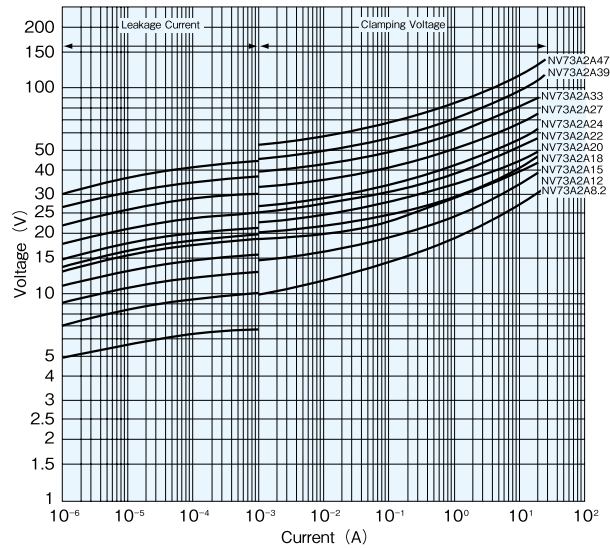
■ Voltage-Current Curves (Reference) (Ta=25°C)

Chip Varistors

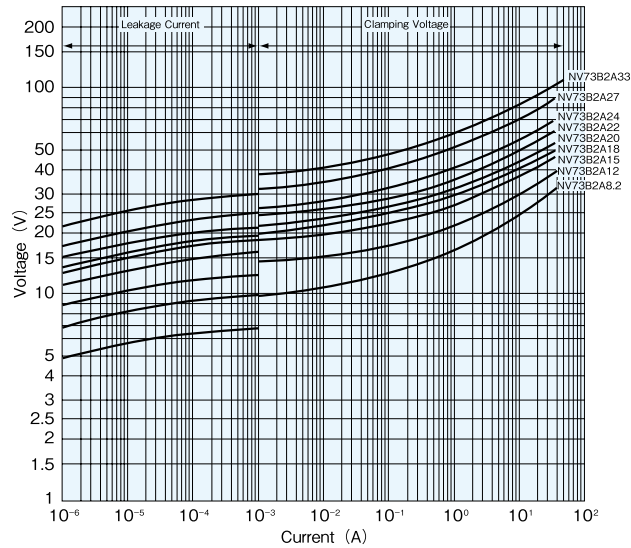
NV73A1J



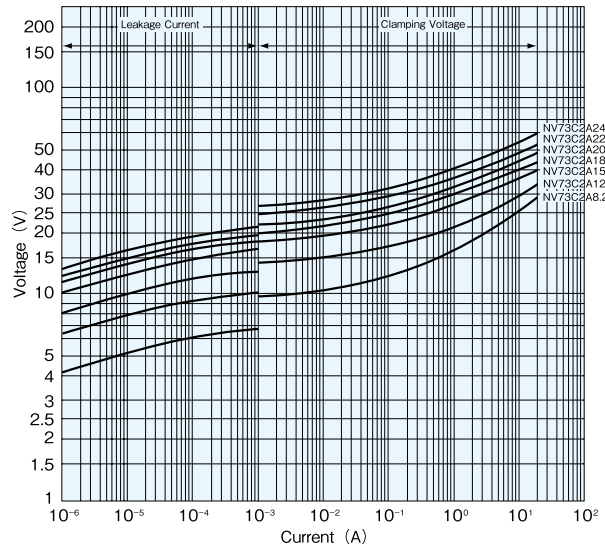
NV73A2A



NV73B2A

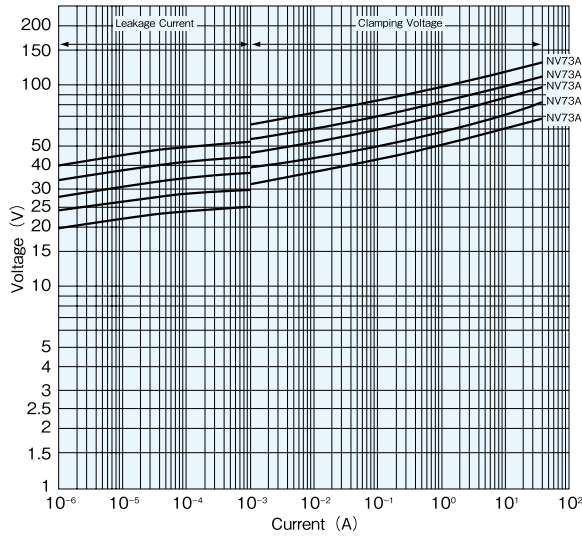


NV73C2A

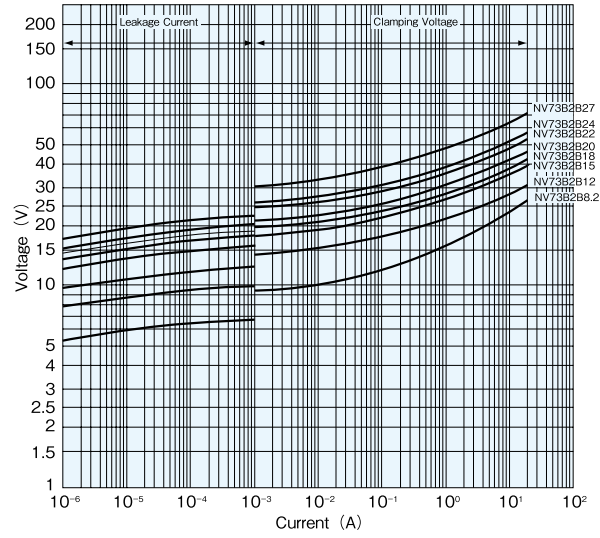


■ Voltage-Current Curves (Reference) (Ta=25°C)

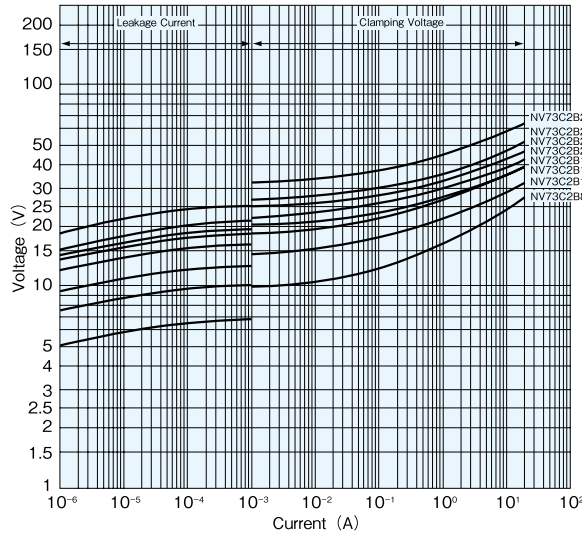
NV73A2B



NV73B2B

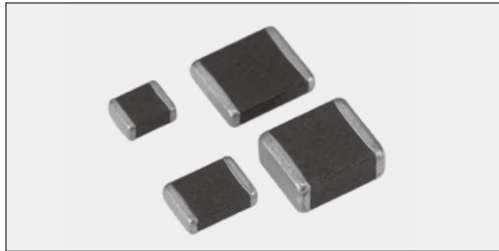


NV73C2B



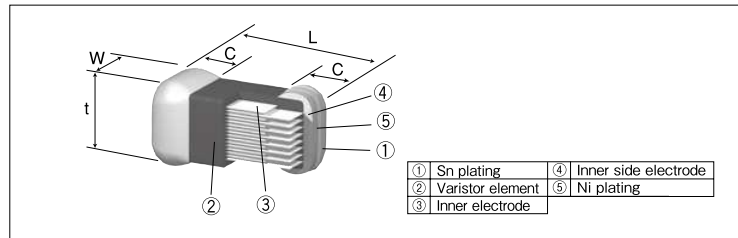
Chip Varistors

NV73S ■ Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors



Body color : Black

Construction



Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	t	c	
NV73S 2E (1210)	3.2±0.3	2.5±0.3	1.3±0.3	0.5±0.25	48~72
NV73S 2J (1812)	4.5±0.3	3.2±0.3	1.3±0.3	0.6±0.30	84~126
NV73S 2L (2220)	5.7±0.3	4.7±0.3	1.3±0.3	0.65±0.35	159~239
NV73S 2L H (2220)	5.7±0.3	4.7±0.3	2.5±0.3	0.75±0.35	272~408

Type Designation

Example

NV73	S	2L	T	TE	82	H
Product Code	Energy Code	Size 2E: 3.2×2.5mm 2J: 4.5×3.2mm 2L: 5.7×4.7mm	Terminal Surface Material T: Sn	Taping TE: Taping	Varistor Voltage	Identification Code (only 2L H)

The terminal surface material lead free is standard.

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta V \pm \%$	Test Methods
Varistor Voltage	Within specified tolerance	Voltage between terminals when 1mA is flowed.
Clamping voltage	Individual V_p or less	Voltage between terminals when a single standard impulse current of 8/20 μ s is applied. 2E: 2.5A 2J: 5A 2L: 10A 2LH: 100A
Resistance to soldering heat	10	260°C±5°C 10s±0.5s
Solderability	95% Coverage min.	230°C±5°C 5s±0.5s
Rapid change of temperature	10 No mechanical damage (Cracks in solder fillets are not covered by warranty.)	-40°C (30min) / +125°C (30min) 1000cycles
Maximum peak current	10	A single standard impulse current of 8/20 μ s is applied.
Maximum energy	10	A single standard impulse of 2ms, once.
Electrostatic discharge	10	25kV (non contact)
Vibration resistance	No visible damage. No remarkable mechanical damage.	Vibration frequency: 10Hz~2000Hz Full amplitude: 1.5mm, 10Hz~2000Hz~10Hz 20min. XYZ direction 4hrs for each total 12hrs
High temperature life with d.c. bias	10	125°C±2°C, 1000h Applied voltage: Varistor voltage (V 1mA) ×0.85
High temperature & high humidity life with bias	10	85°C±2°C, 85%±3%RH, 1000h Applied voltage: Varistor voltage (V 1mA) ×0.85
Thermal shock	10 No mechanical damage (Cracks in solder fillets are not covered by warranty.)	-55°C (15min.) / +125°C (15min.) 300cycles
Shock	10 No mechanical damage	Half sine wave, Applied time: 1ms, Applied cycle: 500m/s ² , 5cycles
High temperature storage	10	+150°C±5°C 1000h
Low temperature storage	10	-50°C±5°C 1000h

Features

- Varistors own two-way symmetries and can absorb positive and negative surges.
- Multilayer construction allows its small size to absorb a large surge.
- Small space and high density mounting available due to the small package.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

Applications

- Protection of ESD from input and output terminals of mobile devices.
- Absorption of surge voltages occurred from inductive load of motors, relays, etc.
- Protection of semiconductor elements against over voltages.
- Absorption of surge voltages generated from piezoelectric elements.

■ Ratings

Operating Temp. Range : -50°C ~ +125°C Storage Temp. Range : -50°C ~ +150°C Q' ty/Reel 2E: TE (2,000pcs) 、 2J・2L: TE (1,000pcs)

Type	Varistor Vol. Vc		Max. Allowable Vol.		Clamping Vol. (V)				Max. Energy E (J) (1 times)	Max. Peak Current Ip (A) (1 times)	
	Ic=1mA	(V)	a.c.r.m.s. (V)	d.c. (V)	V _{2.5A}	V _{5A}	V _{10A}	V _{100A}			
NV73S2ETTE15	12.8~17.3		8	11	30	—	—	—	1.1	800	
NV73S2ETTE18	15.3~20.7		11	14	34	—	—	—	1.3		
NV73S2ETTE22	19.8~24.2		12	16.5	39	—	—	—	1.5		
NV73S2ETTE24	21.6~26.4		14	18	39	—	—	—	1.7		
NV73S2ETTE27	24.3~29.7		17	22	44	—	—	—	1.9		
NV73S2ETTE33	29.7~36.3		20	26	54	—	—	—	2.0		
NV73S2ETTE39	35.1~42.9		25	30	65	—	—	—	2.3		
NV73S2ETTE47	42.3~51.7		30	38	77	—	—	—	2.4		
NV73S2ETTE56	50.4~61.6		35	45	90	—	—	—			
NV73S2ETTE82	73.8~90.2		50	65	135	—	—	—	600		
NV73S2ETTE100	90.0~110.0		60	85	165	—	—	—	400		
NV73S2ETTE110	99.0~121.0		70	90	180	—	—	—	1.7		
NV73S2JTTE12	10.2~13.8		6	9	—	27	—	—	1.0	1,200	
NV73S2JTTE15	12.8~17.3		8	11	—	32	—	—	2.0		
NV73S2JTTE18	15.3~20.7		11	14	—	35	—	—	2.1		
NV73S2JTTE22	19.8~24.2		12	16.5	—	41	—	—	2.8		
NV73S2JTTE24	21.6~26.4		14	18	—	44	—	—	2.8		
NV73S2JTTE27	24.3~29.7		17	22	—	49	—	—	3.2		
NV73S2JTTE33	29.7~36.3		20	26	—	54	—	—	3.6		
NV73S2JTTE39	35.1~42.9		25	30	—	65	—	—	4.4		
NV73S2JTTE47	42.3~51.7		30	38	—	77	—	—	5.0		
NV73S2JTTE56	50.4~61.6		35	45	—	90	—	—			
NV73S2JTTE68	61.2~74.8		40	56	—	110	—	—	5.8	800	
NV73S2JTTE82	73.8~90.2		50	65	—	135	—	—	5.4		
NV73S2JTTE100	90.0~110.0		60	85	—	165	—	—	7.0		
NV73S2JTTE110	99.0~121.0		70	90	—	180	—	—			
NV73S2JTTE150	135.0~165.0		95	127	—	248	—	—	6.4		500
NV73S2LTTE12	10.2~13.8		6	9	—	—	28	—	2.1		2,500
NV73S2LTTE15	12.8~17.3		8	11	—	—	33	—	4.6		
NV73S2LTTE18	16.2~19.8		11	14	—	—	36	—	5.9		
NV73S2LTTE22	19.8~24.2		12	16.5	—	—	41	—	7.0		
NV73S2LTTE24	21.6~26.4		14	18	—	—	45	—			
NV73S2LTTE27	24.3~29.7		17	22	—	—	48	—	8.6		
NV73S2LTTE33	29.7~36.3		20	26	—	—	57	—	9.4		
NV73S2LTTE39	35.1~42.9		25	30	—	—	65	—	11.5		
NV73S2LTTE47	42.3~51.7		30	38	—	—	77	—	14.4		
NV73S2LTTE56	50.4~61.6		35	45	—	—	90	—	9.2		
NV73S2LTTE68	61.2~74.8		40	56	—	—	110	—	10.6	1,500	
NV73S2LTTE82	73.8~90.2		50	65	—	—	135	—	6.7		
NV73S2LTTE100	90.0~110.0		60	85	—	—	165	—	8.2		
NV73S2LTTE110	99.0~121.0		70	90	—	—	180	—			
NV73S2LTTE47H	42.3~51.7		30	38	—	—	—	77	15		6,000
NV73S2LTTE82H	73.8~82.0		50	65	—	—	—	127	14		4,500
NV73S2LTTE100H	90.0~110.0		65	85	—	—	—	165			

Chip Varistors

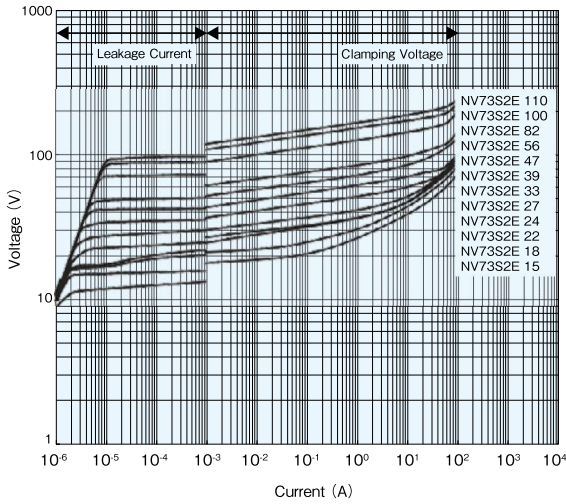
VARISTORS

NV73S Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors

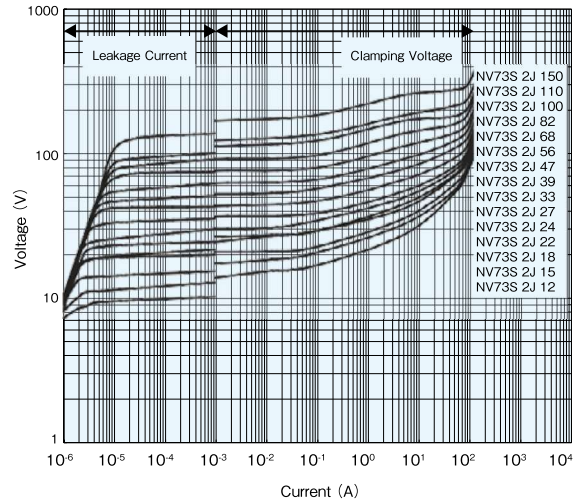
■ Voltage-Current Curves (Reference) (Ta=25°C)

Chip Varistors

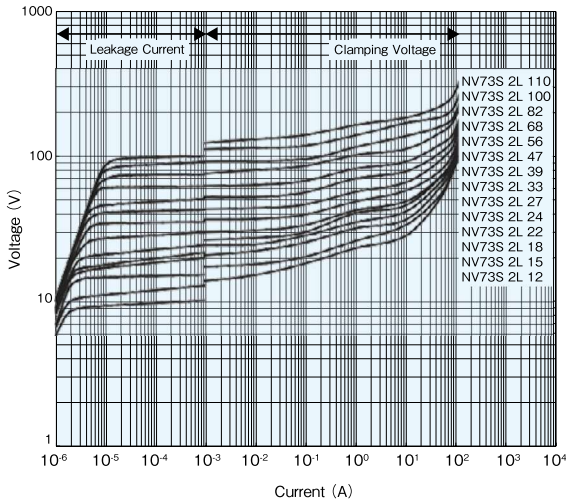
NV73S 2E



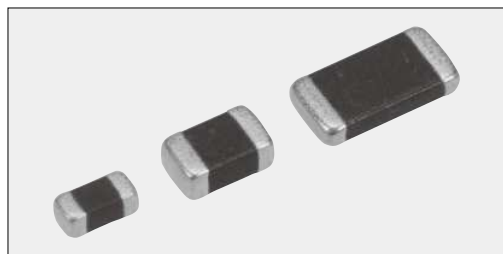
NV73S 2J



NV73S 2L

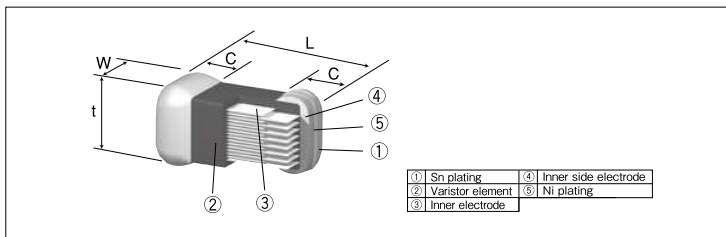


NV73DL ■ Multilayer Type Metal Oxide Varistors (For Automotive)



Body color : Black

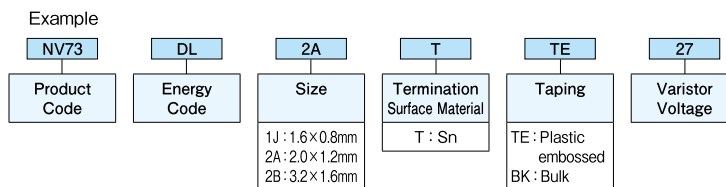
■ Construction



■ Dimensions

Type (Inch Size Code)	Dimensions (mm)				Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	W	t Max.	c	
NV73DL 1J (0603)	1.6±0.15	0.8±0.15	1.0	0.4±0.15	3~6
NV73DL 2A (0805)	2.0±0.25	1.25±0.2	1.30	0.5±0.25	7~12
NV73DL 2B (1206)	3.2±0.3	1.6±0.3	1.45	0.55±0.3	17~27

■ Type Designation



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

■ Applications

- Protection from surge to electronic device for automotive.
- Absorption of surge voltages occurred from inductive load of motors, relays, etc.
- Protection of semiconductor elements against over voltages.

■ Features

- SMD type metal oxide varistors.
- Ideal for the countermeasure against ESD.
- AEC-Q200 Tested.
- Symmetrical non-linearity V-I characteristics absorb positive and negative surge.
- High maximum energy type.
- Operating temperatures up to 125°C.
- Low leakage current.
- High resistance to cyclic temperature stress.
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

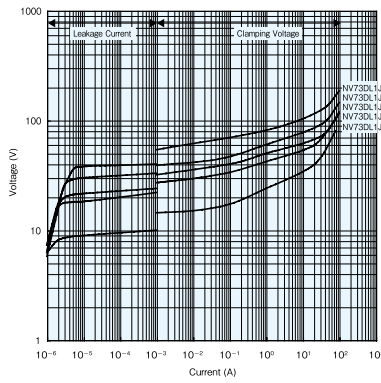
■ Ratings

Type	Varistor Voltage (Range) (V)	Maximum Allowable Voltage		Clamping Voltage (V)		Maximum Energy (J)	Maximum Peak Current 8/20μs (A) 1time	Short-Time Applied Voltage (5min.) (V _{sec})	Capacitance (Typ) 1kHz (pF)
	V _{max}	A.C. (V _{rms})	D.C. (V)	V _{1A}	V _{2A}				
NV73DL1JTTE12	10~14.4	6.1	8.6	24	—	0.1	80	10	630
NV73DL1JTTE22	22~27	14	16	42	—	0.2	100	24.5	390
NV73DL1JTTE27	24~32	17	22	50	—	0.2	100	24.5	320
NV73DL1JTTE33	33~39	20	26	60	—	0.3	100	24.5	200
NV73DL1JTTE47	40~54	30	34	81	—	0.3	100	42	130
NV73DL2ATTE12	10~14.4	6.1	8.6	24	—	0.1	120	10	1070
NV73DL2ATTE22	22~27	14	16	42	—	0.3	160	24.5	610
NV73DL2ATTE27	24~32	17	22	50	—	0.3	160	24.5	580
NV73DL2ATTE33	33~39	20	26	60	—	0.3	160	24.5	380
NV73DL2ATTE47	40~54	30	34	81	—	0.3	160	42	260
NV73DL2ATTE68	62~72	45	56	108	—	0.3	160	64	190
NV73DL2ATTE82	74~90	50	65	135	—	0.3	160	75	105
NV73DL2BTTE22	22~27	14	16	—	42	1	300	24.5	1600
NV73DL2BTTE27	24~32	17	22	—	50	1	300	24.5	1360
NV73DL2BTTE33	33~39	20	26	—	60	1	300	24.5	870
NV73DL2BTTE68	62~72	45	56	—	108	1.5	300	64	380
NV73DL2BTTE82	74~90	50	65	—	135	1.5	300	75	250

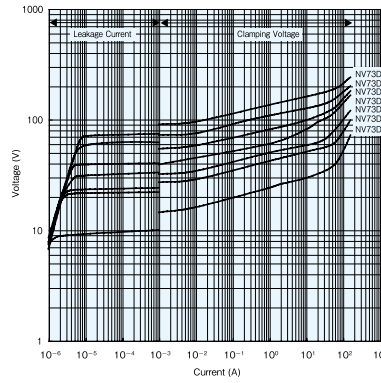
Operating Temperature Range : -40°C~+125°C Storage Temperature Range : -40°C~+150°C
Q'ty/Reel : 2,500pcs

Voltage-Current Curves (Reference) (Ta=25°C)

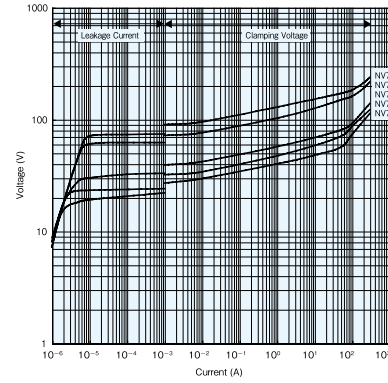
NV73DL1J



NV73DL2A



NV73DL2B



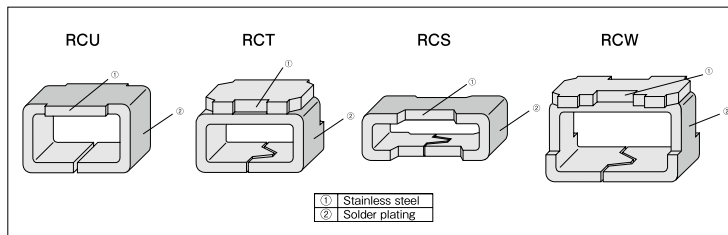
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements $\Delta V_{1mA} \pm \%$	Test Methods
Varistor voltage	Within specified tolerance	Voltage between terminals when 1mA is flowed.
Resistance to soldering heat	10	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 0.5s
Solderability	95% coverage min	230°C ± 5°C, 5s ± 0.5s
Rapid change of temperature	10	-40°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 1000cycles
Short-time applied voltage	10	Maximum value of D.C. voltage that can be applied for a short period of time. (5min.)
Maximum peak current	10	A single standard impulse current of 8/20μs is applied.
Maximum energy	10	A single standard impulse of 2ms, once
Electrostatic discharge	10	25kV (Non contact) (NV73DL1J12, NV73DL2A12 : 15kV (Non contact))
Vibration resistance	No visible damage. No remarkable mechanical damage	Vibration frequency : 10Hz~2000Hz Full amplitude : 1.5mm, 10Hz~2000Hz~10Hz 20min. XYZ direction 4hrs for each total 12hrs
High temperature & high humidity life with bias	10	85°C ± 2°C, 85%RH, 1000h Applied voltage : Varistor voltage (V1mA) × 0.85
High temperature life with d.c. bias	10	125°C ± 2°C, 1000h Applied voltage : Varistor voltage (V1mA) × 0.85
Thermal shock	10	-55°C (15min.) / +125°C (15min.) 300cycles
Shock	10	Half sine wave, Applied time : 1ms, Applied cycle : 500m/s ² , 5cycles
High temperature storage	10	+150°C, 1000h
Low temperature storage	10	-40°C, 1000h

RCU · RCT · RCS · RCW | Checker Chips



Construction



Type Designation

Example

RCU	C	TE
Product Code	Terminal Surface Material	Taping
RCU RCT RCS RCW	C : SnCu	TE: 4mm pitch plastic embossed (7 inch reel) TED: 4mm pitch plastic embossed (10 inch reel) (Not RCW) BK: Bulk

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.
For further information on taping, please refer to APPENDIX C on the back pages.

Terminal

Features

- Surface-mountable chip type check terminals.
- Automatic mounting can be done by an ordinary chip mounter.
- Inch size code 1206, 0805 and 0603 are available.
(for size 1206, two kinds of the height 1.25mm and 2mm are provided.)
- Suitable for both flow and reflow solderings.
- Since only the outside surface is solder-plated, the inside is structured unsolderable.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.
- AEC-Q200 Tested (RCU).

Applications

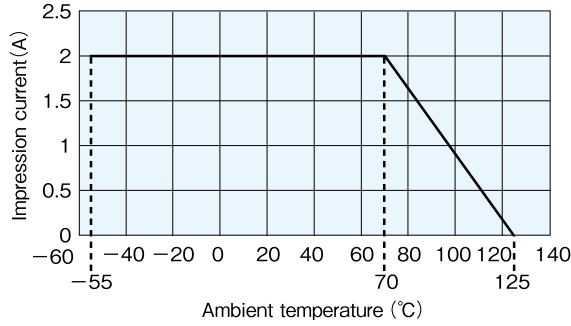
- Terminals for checking signals from a P.C. board when adjusting and repairing the set.

Rating

Type	Rated Current	Resistance	Rated Ambient Temperature	Operating Temperature Range	Taping & Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	
					TE	TED
RCU	2A	50mΩ or less	+70°C	-55°C~+125°C	2,000	5,000
RCT					2,000	5,000
RCS					2,000 ^{*1}	5,000 ^{*1}
RCW					2,000	—

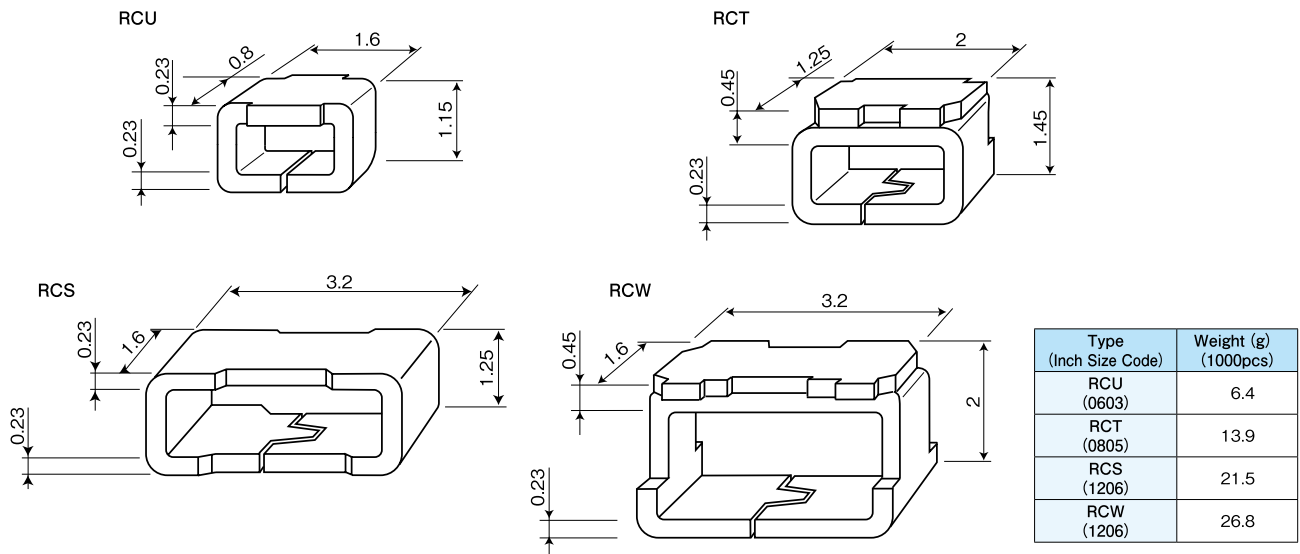
*1 RCS can be packaged upside down for taping.

Derating Curve



For terminals operated at an ambient temperature of 70°C or higher, the current shall be derated in accordance with the above derated curve.

Dimensions (mm)



Terminal

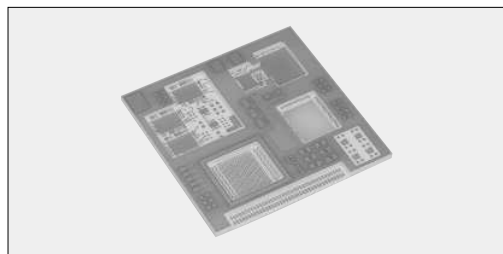
Performance

Test Items	Performance Requirements		Test Methods
	Limit	Typical	
Resistance	50mΩ Max. after the test	10mΩ Max. after the test	25°C
Resistance to soldering heat	50mΩ Max. after the test	10mΩ Max. after the test	260°C ± 5°C, 10s ± 1s
Rapid change of temperature	50mΩ Max. after the test	10mΩ Max. after the test	-55°C (30min.) / +125°C (30min.) 100 cycles
High temperature exposure	50mΩ Max. after the test	10mΩ Max. after the test	+125°C, 240h

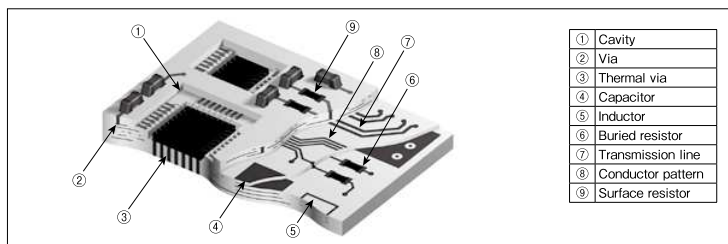
Precautions for Use

- Regarding the connection of probes, pulling and pushing load at the measurement and inspection pointer must be 9.8N(1kgf) or less because the chips may drop off.

KLC LTCC Multilayer Substrates



Construction



What is LTCC ?

LTCC stands for Low Temperature Co-fired Ceramics.

LTCCs are multilayer ceramic substrates that can be fired simultaneously with low-resistance conductors since the glass-based material is added to the alumina material to lower the firing temperature compared to the general ceramic firing process.

On KOA's LTCC, silver (Ag) based paste that has low conductor resistance is co-fired to create the conductor patterns on each layer of the ceramic substrate. It realizes the multilayer substrate with excellent low-loss electrical characteristics as well as high dimensional accuracy.

KOA's LTCC also provides downsizing by integrating resistors and transmission lines in the inner and surface layers of the substrate. In addition, the thermal expansion coefficient close to silicon enhances the reliability of the bare chip mounting, and the cavity structure contributes to the lower profile package.

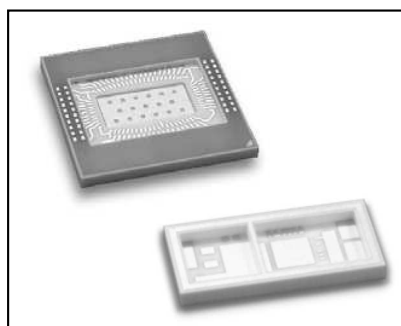
Features

- Suitable for bare chip mounting as it has thermal expansion coefficient close to that of silicon and excellent dimensional accuracy and flatness.
- Excellent high frequency characteristics are achieved by the low-loss dielectric ceramic and the low-loss conductor.
- Downsizing and high integration density can be achieved by the multilayer wiring, the multi-cavity structure and the surface/buried resistor printing.
- The substrate and the cavity can be formed in round, polygonal, concave or convex shape.
- Thermal vias can be placed in the bare chip mounting area to improve the thermal conductivity of the substrate.
- The use of ceramic material contribute to the excellent heat and humidity resistance and prevents outgas and dust generation.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

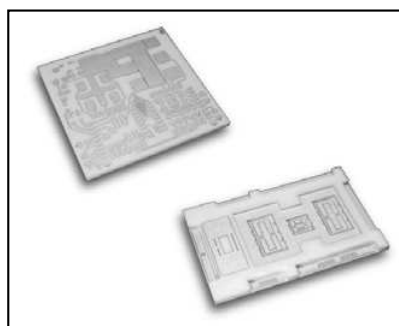
Applications

- Applications that deal with high frequencies like micro-waves, milli-waves, etc.
- Applications used in harsh environment, such as high temperature and humidity, etc.
- Various sensor packages.
- Multi-chip modules with mounted bare chips.
- MEMS packages.
- Interposer substrates.

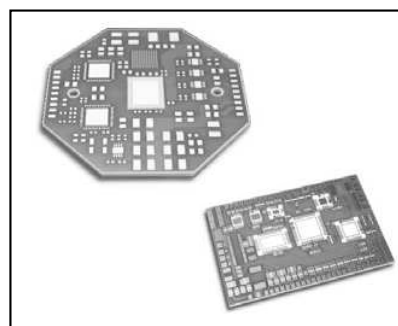
Ceramics Substrate, Package, Module



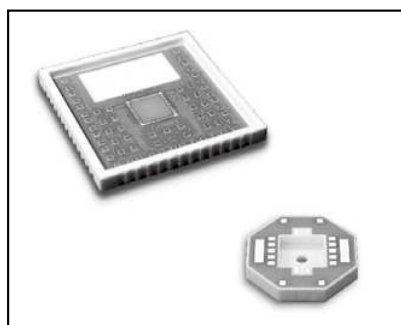
Sensor Module



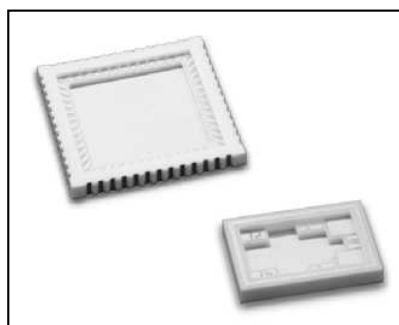
RF Module



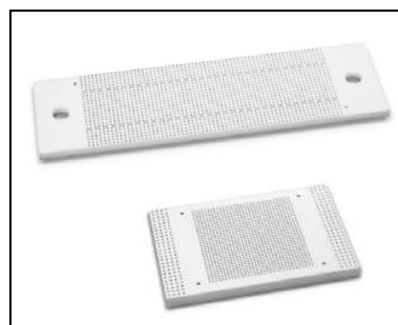
Multi Chip Module



MEMS Sensor Package



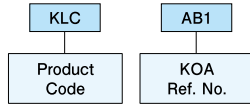
Various Device Package



Interposer Substrate

■ Type Designation

Example



Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

■ Characteristics of Substrate Material

Parameter	Characteristics
Bending strength(MPa)	250
Thermal expansion coefficient($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	5.5
Thermal conductivity(W/m·K)	3
Insulation resistance($\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$)	$>10^{13}$
Dielectric constant at 1GHz	6.6
Dielectric loss at 1GHz	0.004
Density(g/cm ³)	2.8
Surface roughness Ra(μm)	<0.4
Withstanding voltage(kV/mm)	>15
Substrate thickness(mm)	0.4~2.0 STD.
Layer thickness($\mu\text{m}/\text{Layer}$)	80, 100, 125 STD.

■ Conductor

Parameter	Characteristics
Material of conductor	Ag
Resistivity of conductor($\mu\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$)	2.5
Surface plating	Ni-Au, Ni-Pd-Au

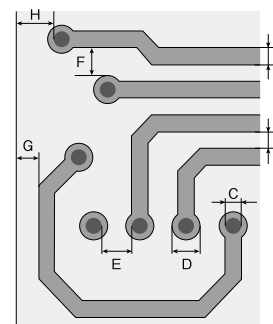
■ Surface/Buried Printed Resistor

Parameter	Surface resistor	Buried resistor
Resistance range (Ω)	10~100k	10~200k
Resistance tolerance (%)	± 5	$\pm 20 \sim 50$

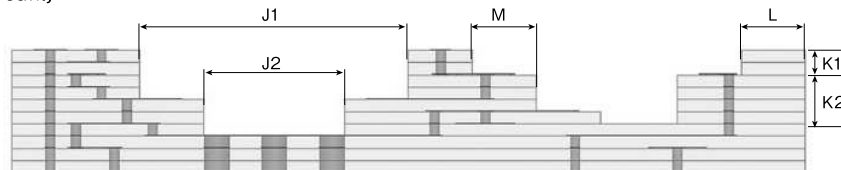
■ Standard Design Rules

Symbol	Parameter	Design value
A	Line width	0.06mm Min.
B	Line to line spacing	0.06mm Min.
C	Via diameter	0.1mm, 0.15mm, 0.2mm
D	Via pad diameter	Via diameter+0.05mm Min.
E	Via to via spacing	0.2mm Min.
F	Via pad to line spacing	0.125mm Min.
G	Part edge to conductor spacing	0.2mm Min.
H	Part edge to via spacing	0.3mm Min.
J1, J2	Cavity width	0.6mm Min.
K1, K2	Cavity depth	0.1mm Min.
L	Wall width of cavity	0.5mm Min.
M	Shelf width in the cavity	0.5mm Min.

Surface layer/Inner layer



Cavity



*Please contact us for the use out of the standard design rules, and detailed design rules.

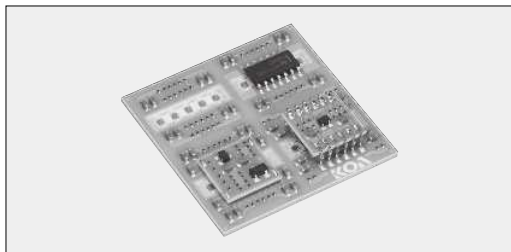
■ High-Precision Specification

Substrates with higher precision based on the LTCC multilayer substrate are available.

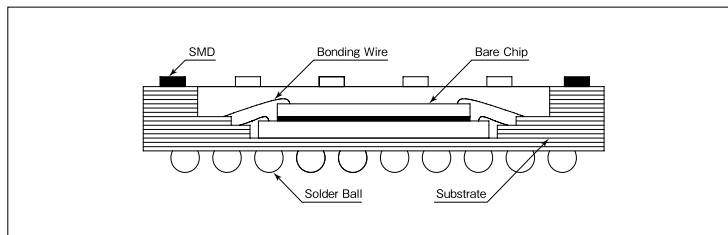
- High-precision pad positioning and excellent flatness.
- High-density wiring structure by utilizing LTCC multilayer substrate.

Please contact us for details.

KLCJ Custom Module



Construction



Features

- Plural semiconductors in one package offers downsized system with high performance and standardization.
- Wiring space saving by multilayer fine patterns on LTCC substrate. No signal delay by shortened wiring distance.
- Less mounting problem because of the decreasing number of the terminals.

Mounting Specifications

Item	Unit	minimum	Standard	Maximum	Note
Substrate Dimension	mm	—	—	100×100	
Substrate Thickness	mm	0.4	—	2.0	
Bare Chip Pad Pitch	μm	100	—	—	
Bare Chip Pad Dimension	μm	70	—	—	
Bare Chip Thickness	mm	0.1	0.2	—	
Molding Height	mm	0.3	1.0	1.2	Height from the chip surface
Wire Length	mm	0.3	—	3.0	
Wire Loop Height	μm	100	200	—	
Wire Diameter	Au	20	25	40	
Plating	Nonelectrical Au Plating				
Substrate	• LTCC				

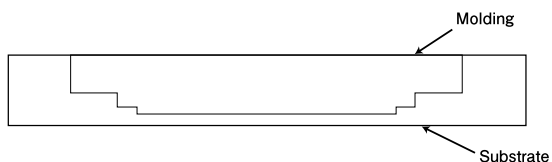
Package Specifications

Item	Content
Terminal Pitch	0.8mm~
Mountable device	• SMD • Bare Chip • Printed Resistor
Package	• SON • BGA • LGA
Substrate for Package	• LTCC

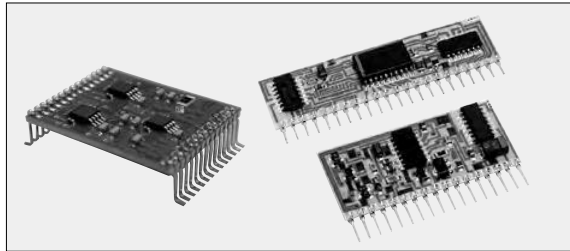
Ceramics Substrate, Package, Module

Molding

Material	Color	Note
Epoxy	Black	



KA Custom Hybrid IC



Features

- Adjustment processes are decreased by function and ratio trimmings.
- Various types of package are available.
- High reliability achieved by KOA's original thick film technology.

EU-RoHS requirements

- Each constructional element of thick film printed circuit substrate and printed board has optimized material. Inner connecting solder is lead-free.

Applications

- Automotives applications (ECU, Power Windows)
- Power supply devices (DC/DC converters, AC/DC converters, Stabilizer, Lithium ion battery charger circuit)
- Industry devices (control circuits)
- Telecommunication equipment (Telephone switchboard, LAN, Transceivers, VCO, VTXO)

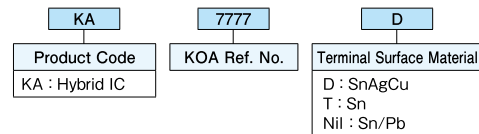
Component

KA Series			
Substrate materials	Item	Printing	Mounting
	Alumina	○	○
	Glass epoxy	×	○
Conductors · Resistors	Item	Ag-Pd	Ag-Pt
	Conductor resistance	18mΩ/□/15μm	5mΩ/□/10μm
	Heat shock	-55°C~+125°C 300 Cycles	-55°C~+125°C 500 Cycles
	Printed Resistor	5Ω~10MΩ ±100×10 ⁻⁶ /K	
Mounting	Item	Specifications	
	BGA	0.5mm Pitch~	
	QFP	0.4mm Pitch~	
	Chip	0.4mm×0.2mm~	
Package · Outside terminals	Package	Lead pitch	
	SIP	1.8mm, 2.0mm, 2.5mm, 2.54mm	
	DIP, SOP	1.27mm, 1.8mm, 2.54mm	
	ZIP	2.54mm	
	BGA, LGA	1.0mm~	
Overcoating · Plating	Over Coating	Color	UL Standard
	Epoxy metamorphic phenol	Black	94 V-0 approved
	Epoxy	Black	94 V-1 approved

Thick film printed circuit board is also available.

Type Designation

Example



APPENDIX A

Minimum Ordered Quantity

- Please place an order by multiplying the integral number of the unit taping quantity or the under-mentioned basic unit bulk (bag) quantity.

Please refer to pages by product for quantities of taping.

Please refer to pages by APPENDIX C for quantities of forming.

■ Chip Components

Type	Basic Unit/Bag	Q'ty/Box	Taping	
RK73B, RK73H	1F~W3A2	1,000	○	
RK73G	1H~2B	1,000	○	
RK73Z	1F~W3A	1,000	○	
RS73	1J~2B	1,000	○	
HSG73P	1E~2B	1,000	○	
RN73H, RN73R	1E~2E	200	○	
WK73, WU73, WG73	1E~3A3	1,000	○	
WN73H	1J, 2B	200	○	
SR73	1H~W3A2	1,000	○	
UR73,UR73D,UR73V,UR73VD,UR73VH	1E~3A	1,000	○	
HV73, HV73V	1J~3A	1,000	○	
SG73,SG73P,SG73S,SG73G	1E~W3A	1,000	○	
SLR	1	100	○	
MWS	5	—	1,500	○
PSL, PSF		100	—	○
TLR, TLRH, TLRZ	1E,1J,2A,2BN,2B,2H,3AW,2BW,2HW,2BP,3AP,3APS	100	—	○
SL, SLN	07,1,2,W07,W1,3,5	100	—	○
TSL	1	100	—	○
CSR	1, 2	100	—	○
RD41	2ES	2,000	40,000	○
	2E	2,000	10,000	○
RN41	2ES	2,000	40,000	○
	3AS	2,000	10,000	○
CC	12M	2,000	40,000	○
	25	2,000	10,000	○
CPCN	1/2	1,000	10,000	—
	1, 2N, 2NS	1,000	5,000	—
	3	500	2,000	—
RF73	1J~3A	200	—	○
LT73, LT73V	2A, 2B	200	—	○
LP73	1J	1,000	—	○
	2A, 2B	500	—	○
SDT73H SDT73S SDT73V	2B	100	—	○
CNN	2A	100	—	○
TF	10B,16S,16A,16V	100	—	○
CCF	1N, 1F	100	—	○
NV73	1H, 1E	—	—	○
NV73, NV73DL	1J~2B	1,000	—	○
NV73S	2E~2LH	—	—	○
RCU		100	—	○
RCT		100	—	○
RCS		100	—	○
RCW		100	—	○

■ Discrete Components

Type	Basic Unit/Bag or Box	Taping	
CF (CFP)	S1/4CS, S1/4	2,000	○
	1/4, B1/2, S1/2, 1/4CS	1,000	○
MF	S1/4	2,000	○
	S1/2, 1/4, 1/2	1,000	○
SN	3A	1,000	—
	3D	500	—
SNF	2C	2,000	○
	2E, 2H	1,000	○
RNS	1/8~1	100	○
RK	1/4~1	1,000	○
	16, 25	2,000	○
RCR	50, 50+, 60, 75	2,000	○
	100	1,000	○
	1/2	3,000	○
HPC	1	1,000	○
	2, 3	1,000	—
	4, 5	500	—
	1/2	2,000	○
PCF	1	1,000	○
	2	500	○
RF	16~1	2,000	○
	2	1,000	○
RF25CC		2,000	○
MOS (MOSX)	1/2~2	2,000	○
	3, 1U, 2U	1,000	○
	5	500	—
	1/4	2,000	○
SPR (SPRX)	1/2~2	2,000	○
	3, 1U, 2U	1,000	○
	5	500	—
CW	1/2~3	1,000	○
	5	500	—
BPR ^{※1}	26, 28	(1,000)	○
	38	(1,000)	—
	58	(1,000)	○
	108, 55, 77	(400)	—
LR	6~29	1,000	—
	2N,3N,5N	(1,500)	—
BGR, BWR, BSR	7N	(700)	—
	10N	(600)	—
	5E,5P	500	—
	1	500	—
BGR,BWR,BSR (Straight type)	2, 3	(1,000)	—
	5	(700)	—
	7, 10	(500)	—
	15	(320)	—
	20	(300)	—
	15, 20	500	—
BGR, BSR (Lug terminal ^{※2})	10~20HA,10~20QA	400	—
	30	180	—
	40	150	—
	30HA, 30QA	180	—
BWRV,BSRV	40HA, 40QA	144	—
	3N,5N	(1,500)	—
	7N	(700)	—
	10N	(600)	—
BWRV,BSRV (Straight type)	3	(1,000)	—
	5	(700)	—
	7,10	(500)	—
	15	(320)	—
	20	(300)	—
BGRV,BSRV (Lug terminal ^{※2})	15, 20	500	—
	10~20QA	400	—
	30,40	150	—
	30~40QC	20	—
	30~40QE	75	—
BWRV (Lug terminal)	40	135	—
	40QE	75	—
Z	16	2,000	○
	25	1,000	○
J1/6Z, J1/4Z		1,000	○
JLT		—	○

() is flat container.

※1 MOQ may vary depending on the country of purchase. Please contact our sales office in charge.

※2 Please contact us for other lug terminals.

Packaging

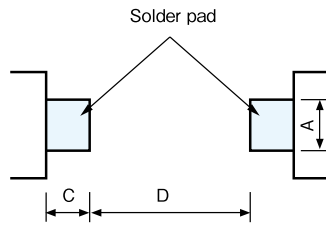
■ Discrete Components

	Type	Basic Unit/Bag	Q'ty/Box	Taping
GS ^{※1}	1/4	100	1,000 max.	※3
	1/2	50	2,000 max.	※3
	1	50	2,000 max.	—
	2, 3, 5	10	250 max.	—
	7, 10, 12	10	100 max.	—
LP ^{※1}	1/16	100	2,000 max.	○
	1/8	100	1,000 max.	○
SDT101	A, B	100	2,500 max.	○
SDT101S	A	100	2,500 max.	—
SDT310	HCTP,LTC,P,MTM,HLTC,AP	100	1,000 max.	—
	VASP2B (Bulk)	100	1,000 max.	—
	VASP2K (Tray)	200	1,000 max.	—
PSN·PV·PSO·PN·PWW·PAP		1	—	—
RW	1/2	20	1,000	—
	1	20	1,000	—
	2~7	20	500	—
	10	20	300	—

※3 Custom taping for GS1/4 · GS1/2 are available on request.

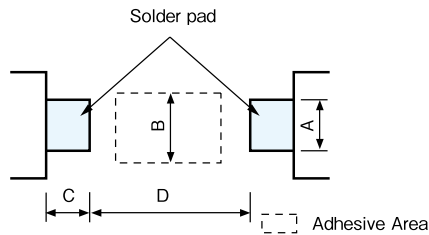
■ Melf Type Components

- For Reflow Soldering



Type	Style	Dimensions (mm)			
		Component Size	A	C	D
RD41 RN41 CC	2ES-12M	3.5×1.40	1.5	1.3	1.7
	2E-25	5.9×2.2	2.2	2.2	3.0
	3AS		15.0	15.0	4.0

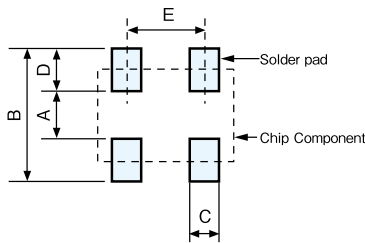
- For Flow Soldering



Type	Style	Dimensions (mm)				
		Component Size	A	B	C	D
RD41 RN41 CC	2ES-12M	3.5×1.40	1.5	2.2	1.5	2.0
	2E-25	5.9×2.2	2.0	3.0	3.0	4.0
	3AS		15.0	3.0	15.0	4.0

■ Chip Networks

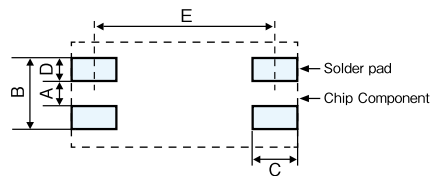
- For Reflow Soldering



Type	Style	Dimensions (mm)					
		Component Size	A	B	C	D	E
CNN	2A2	2.54×2.0	1.2	2.8	0.6	0.8	1.27

■ MWS

- For Reflow and Flow Soldering



Type	Style	Dimensions (mm)					
		Component Size	A	B	C	D	E
MWS	5	16.9×8.6	2.2	6.2	2.5	2.0	14.1

Packaging

■ Others

- For Reflow Soldering



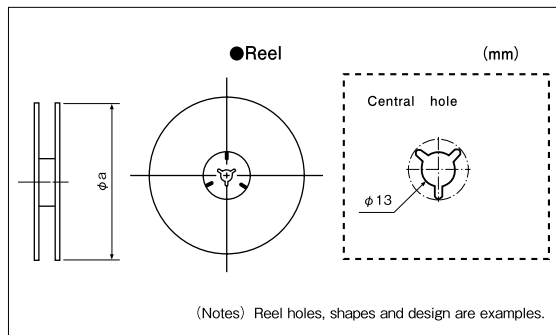
Type	Dimensions (mm)	
	A	B
RCU	2.5~2.7	0.6~0.8
RCT	2.9~3.1	1.05~1.25
RCS	4.1~4.3	1.4~1.6
RCW		

※These pad dimensions are only for standard pattern and the characteristics are not guaranteed, which you are suggested to confirm before use.

Type		Component Size (mm)			Carrier Tape	Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	Weight (g)		Taping (mm)					Reel Size ϕa (mm)
		L	W	T			Reel	NET/1000pcs	A	B	W	P1	T1	
TLRH	2A	2.0	1.25	0.25	TD	5,000	95	4	1.65±0.1	2.4±0.1	8	4	0.42 ^{+0.02}	178
	3AW, 3AP	6.3	3.2	0.5	TE	2,000	200	52	3.55±0.20	6.75±0.20	12	8	1.0±0.1	178
SL	07, W07	5.0	2.5	1.7	TE	2,000	170	45	3.1±0.1	5.5±0.1	12	4	2.25±0.10	180
	1, W1	6.3	3.1	1.9	TE	1,000	150	90	3.6±0.1	6.8±0.1	12	8	2.35±0.10	180
SLN	2	11.5	7.0	2.5	TE	1,000	710	476	7.7±0.1	12.2±0.10	24	12	3.1±0.1	255
	2, 3	11.5	7.0	2.4	TE	1,000	734	500	7.7±0.1	12.2±0.10	24	12	3.1±0.1	255
TSL	5	11.5	7.0	2.5	TED	1,000	834	600	7.7±0.1	12.2±0.10	24	12	3.1±0.1	255
	1	6.3	3.1	1.0	TE	3,000	200	41	3.4±0.1	6.6±0.1	12	4	1.3±0.1	180
CSR	1	10.8	6.2	2.1	TE	1,000	620	320	6.7±0.1	11.1±0.10	24	12	2.60±0.10	255
	2	12.8	8.2	3.1	TE	1,000	900	690	9±0.1	13±0.10	24	12	4.35±0.10	330
LP73	1J	1.6	0.8	0.5	TE	5,000	73	1.91	1.1±0.1	1.9±0.1	8	4	0.6±0.1	180
	2A	2.0	1.25	0.5	TE	5,000	80	4.09	1.6±0.1	2.4±0.1	8	4	0.85 ^{+0.02}	180
SDT73H SDT73S SDT73V	2B	3.2	1.6	0.5	TEK/TE	1,000/5,000	38/74	9.0	2.0±0.1	3.6±0.1	8	4	0.85 ^{+0.02}	180
	2ES, 12M	3.5	1.4	—	TE	3,000	106	20	1.7±0.1	3.7±0.1	8	4	2.0 max.	178
RD41, RN41 CC	2E, 25, 3AS	5.9	2.2	—	TE	1,500	180	75	2.4±0.1	6.2±0.1	12	4	2.9 max.	178
	RCU	1.6	0.8	1.15	TE/TED	2,000/5,000	53/112	6.4	1.05±0.15	1.85±0.15	8	4	1.25±0.1	178/260
RCT	2.0	1.25	1.45	TE/TED	2,000/5,000	70/153	13.9	1.65 ^{+0.02}	2.45±0.15	8	4	1.70±0.1	178/260	
RCS	3.2	1.6	1.25	TE/TED	2,000/5,000	81/179	21.5	2.0±0.2	3.6±0.2	8	4	1.45±0.15	178/260	
RCW			2.0	TE	2,000	96	26.8	1.95 ^{+0.01}	3.4 ^{+0.1}	8	4	2.2±0.1	178	
CNN	2A2	2.54	2.0	0.5	TE	4,000	100	9.7	2.4±0.2	2.9±0.2	8	4	1±0.15	180
KPC	Q16	4.9	5.99	1.6	TE	2,500	580	76	6.5±0.1	5.3±0.1	12	8	2.1±0.1	330
	Q20	8.66	5.99	1.6	TE	2,500	735	125	6.5±0.1	9.0±0.1	16	8	2.1±0.1	330
	Q24	8.66	5.99	1.6	TE	2,500	740	129	6.5±0.1	9.0±0.1	16	8	2.1±0.1	330
	N08	4.83	5.99	1.6	TE	2,500	575	73	6.5±0.1	5.3±0.1	12	8	2.1±0.1	330
	N14	8.66	5.99	1.6	TE	2,500	790	150	6.5±0.1	9.0±0.1	16	8	2.1±0.1	330
	N16	9.91	5.99	1.6	TE	2,500	800	153	6.5±0.1	10.3±0.1	16	8	2.1±0.1	330
HVD	S03	2.92	2.30	0.95	TE	3,000	110	9	3.15±0.1	2.77±0.1	8	4	1.22±0.1	180
	1H	8.66	5.99	1.6	TE	2,500	738	128	6.5±0.1	9.0±0.1	16	8	2.1±0.1	330
NV73 NV73DL	1E	0.6	0.3	0.3	TBM	15,000	126	0.299	0.38±0.02	0.68±0.02	8	2	0.42±0.02	180
	1J	1.0	0.5	0.5	TP	10,000	144	1.295	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	8	2	0.6 ^{+0.02}	180
	1J	1.6	0.8	0.8	TE	2,500	58	7	1.2±0.1	1.9±0.1	8	4	1.75 max.	178
	2A	2.0	1.25	1.3 max.	TE	2,500	81	16	1.6±0.1	2.4±0.1	8	4	1.75 max.	178
NV73S	2B	3.2	1.6	1.65 max.	TE	2,500	114	32	2.0±0.1	3.6±0.1	8	4	1.75 max.	178
	2E	3.2	2.5	1.3	TE	2,000	155	60	2.85±0.1	3.50±0.1	8	4	1.55 max.	178
	2J	4.5	3.2	1.3	TE	1,000	182	105	3.60±0.1	4.90±0.1	12	8	2.05 max.	180
	2L	5.7	4.7	1.3	TE	1,000	277	199	5.40±0.1	6.00±0.1	12	8	2.60 max.	180
TF	2L H	5.7	4.7	2.5	TE	1,000	416	340	5.40±0.1	6.00±0.1	12	8	2.60 max.	180
	10B	1.0	0.5	0.45	TB	10,000	95	0.68	0.65±0.05	1.15±0.05	8	2	0.6±0.04	180
CCF	16S, 16A, 16V	1.6	0.8	0.4	TD	5,000	105	2.15	1.1±0.1	1.9±0.1	8	4	0.6 ^{+0.02}	180
	1N, 1F	6.0	2.5	2.5	TE	1,000	210	140	2.7±0.2	6.4±0.2	12	4	2.9±0.2	180

Packaging

■ Packaging specifications



Axial Taping

Straight Type Name	Taping Type Name	Lead ϕd (mm)	Packaging Style	Packaging & Q'ty (pcs)		Weight (g)		
				AMMO	Reel	AMMO	Reel	Net 1000pcs
MOS1/2 ^{※1}	MOS1/2CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	350	—	140
MOS1/2	MOS1/2CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	590	1400	250
MOS1	MOS1CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	810	1550	350
MOS1	MOS1CT526	0.6	T52	2000	4000	810	1550	350
MOS1C8	MOS1CT528	0.8	T52	2000	4000	810	1550	350
MOS1	MOS1CL52	0.8	L52	2000	4000	810	1550	350
MOS2	MOS2CT52	0.8	T52	1000	2000	910	1750	800
MOS2	MOS2CT521	0.8	T521	1000	1000	910	950	800
MOS2	MOS2CL521	0.8	L521	1000	1000	910	950	800
MOS3	MOS3CT521	0.8	T521	500	1000	775	1500	1350
MOS3	MOS3CL521	0.8	L521	500	—	775	—	1350
MOS3	MOS3CT631	0.8	T631	1000	1000	1580	1600	1400
MOS3	MOS3CL631	0.8	L631	500	1000	775	1600	1400
SPR1/4 ^{※2}	SPR1/4CT26	0.45	T26	2000	—	250	—	90
SPR1/4	SPR1/4CT52	0.45	T52	2000	5000	340	850	140
SPR1/2	SPR1/2CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	350	—	140
SPR1/2	SPR1/2CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	590	1400	250
SPR1/2	SPR1/2CL52	0.65	L52	2000	5000	590	1400	250
SPR1	SPR1CT52	0.8	T52	2000	4000	1140	2150	500
SPR1	SPR1CL52	0.8	L52	2000	4000	1140	2150	500
SPR2	SPR2CT52	0.8	T52	1000	2000	910	1750	800
SPR2	SPR2CT521	0.8	T521	1000	1000	910	950	800
SPR2	SPR2CL521	0.8	L521	1000	1000	910	950	800
SPR3	SPR3CT521	0.8	T521	500	1000	775	1500	1350
SPR3	SPR3CL521	0.8	L521	500	—	775	—	1350
SPR3	SPR3CT631	0.8	T631	1000	1000	1580	1600	1400
SPR3	SPR3CL631	0.8	L631	500	1000	775	1600	1400
RF16	RF16CT26	0.45	T26	2000	—	220	—	90
RF16	RF16CT52	0.45	T52	2000	5000	340	800	150
RF25	RF25CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	330	—	140
RF25	RF25CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	500	1300	230
RF50	RF50CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	660	1320	310
RF1	RF1CT52	0.8	T52	2000	4000	1080	2050	500
RF2	RF2CT521	0.8	T521	500	1000	700	1420	1300
RF2	RF2CT631	0.8	T631	1000	—	1410	—	1350
Z16	Z16CT26	0.45	T26	5000	—	615	—	110
Z16	Z16CT52	0.45	T52	3000	5000	530	920	150
Z25	Z25CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	410	—	180
Z25	Z25CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	530	1400	240
J1/6Z	J1/6ZCT26	0.5	T26	2000	—	230	—	90
J1/6Z	J1/6ZCT52	0.5	T52	2000	5000	320	950	130
J1/4Z	J1/4ZCT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	320	—	130
J1/4Z	J1/4ZCT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	460	1310	190
JL5	JL5CT26	0.5	T26	5000	—	420	—	75
JL5	JL5CT52	0.5	T52	5000	—	680	—	120
JL6	JL6CT26	0.6	T26	5000	—	515	—	100
JL6	JL6CT52	0.6	T52	5000	—	815	—	160
LP1/8	LP1/8CT26	0.65	T26	2000	—	410	—	170
LP1/8	LP1/8CT52	0.65	T52	2000	—	580	—	260
LP1/16	LP1/16CT26	0.5	T26	4000	—	450	—	100
LP1/16	LP1/16CT52	0.5	T52	4000	—	630	—	150
SDT101A	SDT101AXCT26	0.4	T26	2000	—	350	—	75
SDT101A	SDT101AXCT52	0.4	T52	2000	—	470	—	150
SDT101B	SDT101BXNT52	0.4	T52	—	2000	—	410	150

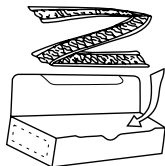
※1 : The same taping applicable also to MOSX.

※2 : The same taping applicable also to SPRX.

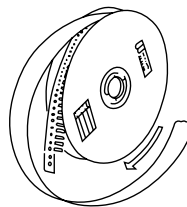
Packaging

■ Packaging

(1) AMMO Pack (Symbol : A) Standard



(2) Reel (Symbol : R)

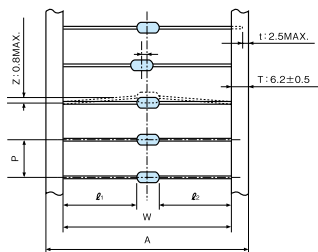


Axial Taping

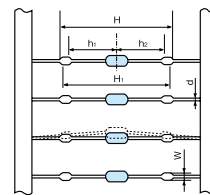
Straight Type Name	Taping Type Name	Lead ϕd (mm)	Packaging Style	Packaging & Q'ty (pcs)		Weight (g)		
				AMMO	Reel	AMMO	Reel	Net 1000pcs
CFS1/4	CFS1/4 CT26	0.45	T26	5000	—	615	—	110
CFS1/4	CFS1/4 CT52	0.45	T52	3000	5000	530	920	150
CF1/4	CF1/4 CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	410	—	180
CF1/4	CF1/4 CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	530	1400	240
CFB1/2	CFB1/2 CT52	0.7	T52	2000	4000	1110	2280	520
CFS1/2	CFS1/2 CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	525	—	230
CFS1/2	CFS1/2 CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	640	1500	290
CFPS1/4	CFPS1/4 CT26	0.45	T26	5000	—	615	—	100
CFPS1/4	CFPS1/4 CT52	0.45	T52	3000	—	530	—	150
CFP1/4	CFP1/4 CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	410	—	180
CFP1/4	CFP1/4 CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	530	1400	240
CFP1/4	CFP1/4 CL52	0.65	L52	2000	—	530	—	240
CFPB1/2	CFPB1/2 CT52	0.7	T52	2000	4000	1110	2280	520
CFPB1/2	CFPB1/2 CL52	0.65	L52	2000	—	1110	—	520
CFPS1/2	CFPS1/2 CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	525	—	230
CFPS1/2	CFPS1/2 CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	640	1500	290
MFS1/4	MFS1/4 □CT26	0.45	T26	3000	—	350	—	90
MFS1/4	MFS1/4 □CT52	0.45	T52	3000	—	500	—	120
MFS1/2	MFS1/2 □CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	360	—	160
MFS1/2	MFS1/2 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	500	1300	215
MF1/4	MF1/4 □CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	360	—	160
MF1/4	MF1/4 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	500	1300	215
MF1/2	MF1/2 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	900	2000	360
SNF 2C	SNF 2CCT26	0.45	T26	3000	—	500	—	110
SNF 2C	SNF 2CCT52	0.45	T52	3000	—	430	—	150
SNF 2E	SNF 2ECT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	450	—	180
SNF 2E	SNF 2ECT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	470	1400	240
SNF 2H	SNF 2HCT52	0.7	T52	2000	4000	950	2010	520
RNS1/4	RNS1/4 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	600	1550	440
RNS1/8	RNS1/8 □CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	400	—	180
RNS1/8	RNS1/8 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	600	1550	260
RNS1/2	RNS1/2 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	1100	2150	530
RNS1	RNS1 □CT521	0.8	T521	500	1000	750	2100	1400
RCR16	RCR16 CT26	0.45	T26	5000	—	500	—	100
RCR16	RCR16 CT52	0.45	T52	3000	—	450	—	150
RCR25	RCR25 CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	390	—	180
RCR25	RCR25 CT52	0.6	T52	2000	—	520	—	240
RCR25EN	RCR25EN CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	390	—	180
RCR25EN	RCR25EN CT52	0.6	T52	2000	—	520	—	240
RCR50 (+)	RCR50(+)CT52	0.7	T52	2000	3000	1050	1630	520
RCR50EN	RCR50ENCT52	0.7	T52	2000	3000	1050	1630	520
RCR60	RCR60 CT52	0.7	T52	2000	3000	1050	1630	520
RCR75	RCR75 CT52	0.8	T52	1000	—	830	—	800
RCR100	RCR100 CT521	0.8	T521	500	—	750	—	1400
RCR100	RCR100 CT631	0.8	T631	1000	—	1450	—	1400
RK1/4	RK1/4 □CT26	0.6	T26	2000	—	360	—	250
RK1/4	RK1/4 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	5000	500	1300	250
RK1/2	RK1/2 □CT52	0.6	T52	2000	4000	900	—	380
RK1	RK1 □CT521	0.8	T521	500	—	700	—	1340
PCF1/2	PCF1/2 CT52	0.7	T52	—	2000	—	1140	450
PCF1	PCF1 CT631	0.8	T631	—	1000	—	1530	1270
PCF2	PCF2 CT631	0.8	T631	—	500	—	1340	2160
HPC1/2	HPC1/2 CT52	0.8	T52	1000	2000	800	1440	600
HPC1	HPC1 CT631	0.8	T631	—	1000	—	1440	1170
CW1/4	CW1/4 CT26	0.45	T26	2000	—	460	—	150
CW1/4	CW1/4 CT52	0.45	T52	3000	—	690	—	150
CW1/2	CW1/2 CT52	0.6	T52	2000	—	570	—	250
CW1 ^{※3}	CW1 CT52	0.8	T52	1000	—	580	—	650
CW2 ^{※3}	CW2 CT52	0.8	T52	1000	—	780	—	950
CW2 ^{※3}	CW2 CT521	0.8	T521	1000	—	790	—	950
CW3 ^{※3}	CW3 CT521	0.8	T521	500	—	740	—	1780
CW3 ^{※3}	CW3 CT631	0.8	T631	500	—	750	—	1780
CW1S	CW1S CT52	0.6	T52	2000	—	570	—	250
CWFS23	CWFS23 CT52	0.8	T52	1000	—	780	—	950
CWFS23	CWFS23 CT521	0.8	T521	1000	—	790	—	950
CWFS35	CWFS35 CT521	0.8	T521	500	—	740	—	1780

□ : T.C.R. ※3 The same taping applicable also to CW-P, CW-X and CW-H.

T-Type



L-Type



Packaging Style	Dimensions (mm)					
	W	P	A	$ \ell_1 - \ell_2 $	Accumulated Tolerance	
T26 ^{※5}	$26^{+0.2}_0$	5.00 ± 0.3	39 ± 1.0	$0.2\text{Max.}^{※4}$	$250.0 \pm 3\text{mm}/P \times 50$	
	$26^{+0.1}_0$	5.00 ± 0.3	39 ± 1.0	1.0Max.	$100.0 \pm 2\text{mm}/P \times 20$	
T52 ^{※5}	52 ± 1	5.08 ± 0.38	64.5 ± 1.0	1.0Max.	$101.6 \pm 2\text{mm}/P \times 20$	
T521	52 ± 1	10.16 ± 0.80	64.5 ± 1.0	1.0Max.	$203.2 \pm 3\text{mm}/P \times 20$	
T631	63 ± 1	10.16 ± 0.80	—	1.0Max.	$203.2 \pm 3\text{mm}/P \times 20$	

※4 Applied to CFS1/4 (CFPS1/4) T26 Only

※5 Contact us for LP and SDT series.

Type	Dimensions (mm)				
	H ± 1	W	d	h_1, h_2	$ h_1 - h_2 \leq 1$
MOS ^{※1}	1 □ L52	25.5	1.20~1.45	0.8	
	2 □ L521	36.0		0.8	
	3 □ L631	42.5		0.8	
SPR ^{※2}	1/2 □ L52	26.0	1.17~1.40	0.65	
	1 □ L52	25.5		0.8	
	2 □ L521	36.0		0.8	
3 □ L631	42.5	0.8			
CFP	1/4 □ L52	H1 : 24.5 ± 1	1.17~1.4	0.65	
CFPB	1/2 □ L52	H1 : 27.5 ± 1		0.65	
CW	1/2 □ L52	26.0	1.05~1.35	0.6	
CW	1 □ L52	27.5		1.20~1.40	0.8

Packaging

APPENDIX C

Radial Taping

(mm)

VT					VT					VTE				
Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO	Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO	Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO
MFS1/2 □CVT	0.6	2000	2500	750	MFS1/4 □CVT	0.45	3000	3000	620	MFS1/2 □CVTE	0.6	2000	2500	750
MF1/4 □CVT	0.6	2000	2500	750	CFS1/4 CVT	0.45	3000	3000	720	MF1/4 □CVTE	0.6	2000	2500	750
RNS1/8 □CVT ^{※3}	0.6	2000	2500	750	SPR1/4 CVT*	0.45	3000	3000	720	RNS1/8 □CVTE ^{※3}	0.6	2000	2500	750
J1/4Z CVT ^{※2}	0.6	2000	2500	670						MOS1/2 CVTE	0.6	2500	2500	930
CF1/4 CVT	0.6	2000	2500	720						SPR1/2 CVTE	0.6	2500	2500	930
CFS1/2 CVT	0.6	2000	2500	800						CF1/4 CVTE	0.6	2500	2500	900
CFP1/4 CVT*	0.6	2000	2500	720						CFS1/2 CVTE	0.6	2500	2500	1000
CFPS1/2 CVT*	0.6	2000	2500	800						RF25 CVTE	0.6	2000	2500	750
RF25 CVT*	0.6	2000	2500	750										
VTP					VTF									
Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO	Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO	Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO
MOS1/2 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	740	MOS1 CVTP	0.6	1500	—	1110	MOS1/2 CVTF	0.6	2000	2500	740
MOS2 CVTP	0.65	1000	—	1080	SPR1/2 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	740	SPR1 CVTP	0.6	1000	—	740
SPR1/2 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	740	SPR2 CVTP	0.65	1000	—	1080	MFS1/2 □CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	750
SPR1 CVTP	0.6	1000	—	740	MF1/4 □CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	750	MF1/4 □CVTF	0.6	2000	2500	750
SPR2 CVTP	0.65	1000	—	1080	RNS1/8 □CVTP ^{※3}	0.6	2000	2500	750	RNS1/8 □CVTF ^{※3}	0.6	2000	2500	750
MFS1/2 □CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	750	CF1/4 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	740	CF1/4 CVTF	0.6	2000	2500	740
MF1/4 □CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	750	CFS1/2 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	800	CFS1/2 CVTF	0.6	2000	2500	800
RNS1/8 □CVTP ^{※3}	0.6	2000	2500	750	CFP1/4 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	740	CFPS1/2 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	800
CF1/4 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	740	CFPS1/2 CVTF	0.6	2000	2500	800	RF25 CVTP	0.6	2000	2500	750
CW1/2 CVTP*	0.6	2000	—	750	RF25 CVTF	0.6	2000	2500	750	RCR75 CVTP ^{※2}	0.65	1000	—	1080
CW1 CVTP*	0.8	1000	—	740										
CW2 CVTP*	0.8	1000	—	1080										
J1/4Z CVTP ^{※3}	0.6	2000	2500	670										
MT					MHT					FT				
Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO	Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO	Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕ d	AMMO (pcs)	Reel (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO
MFS1/4 □CMT	0.45	3000	—	620	CFS1/4 CMHT	0.45	3000	—	630	BPR26 CFT	0.6	500	—	790
CFS1/4 CMT	0.45	3000	3000	630	CFPS1/4 CMHT	0.6	3000	—	720	BPR58 CFT	0.8	500	—	1940
CFPS1/4 CMT	0.45	3000	3000	630	RF16 CMHT	0.45	3000	—	240					
J1/6Z CMT	0.5	2000	—	450										

□ : T.C.R.

※The insulated coating on the lead wire is not available.

Also for MOSX · SPRX types, radial taping in the same shape as MOS · SPR types is applicable.

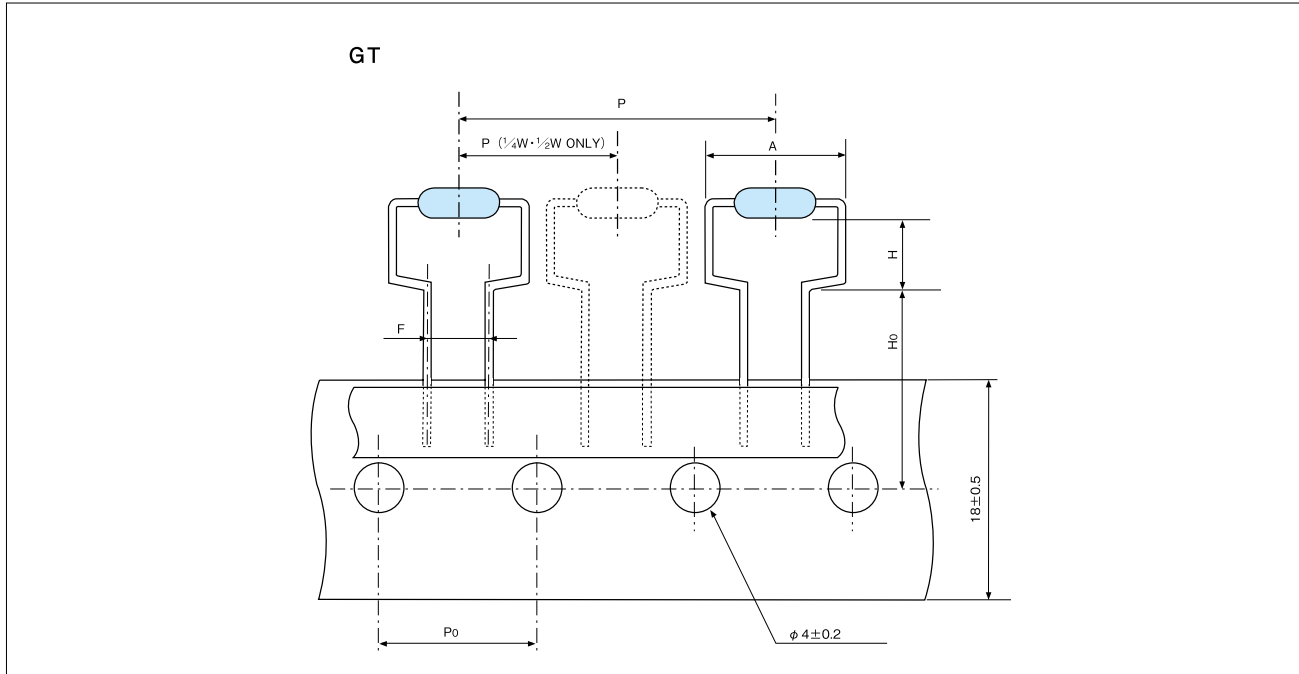
※2 Surge resistance is not guaranteed. Rating specifications are different. Please contact us for details.

※3 T.C.R. is applicable to E($\pm 25 \times 10^{-4}/K$) and C($\pm 50 \times 10^{-4}/K$).

Specifications given herein may be changed at any time without prior notice. Please confirm technical specifications before you order and/or use. Contact our sales representatives before you use our products for applications including automobiles, medical equipment and aerospace equipment. Malfunction or failure of the products in such applications may cause loss of human life or serious damage.

May, 2024

(mm)



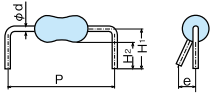
Radial Type Name	Radial Lead ϕd	AMMO (pcs)	Weight g/AMMO	F	P	P ₀	H	H ₀	A _{Max.}
MOS1/2CGT	0.6	2000	740	5±0.5	12.7±1.0	12.7±0.3	6.5 ^{+0.6} ₀	16±0.5	12
MOS1CGT	0.8	1000	730	7.5 ^{+0.8} ₀	30±1.0	15±0.3	6.5 ^{+1.0} ₀	19±0.7	14.5
MOS1CGT4	0.8	1000	700				4.0 ^{+1.0} ₀		
MOS2CGT	0.8	500	580				7.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
MOS2CGT4	0.8	500	560				4.0 ^{+1.0} ₀		
MOS3CGT	0.8	500	910				8.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
MOS3CGTS	0.8	500	910	7.5±0.5	12.7±1.0	12.7±0.3	5.5 ⁺¹ ₀	19±1.0	21
SPR1/2CGT	0.6	2000	740	5±0.5			6.5 ^{+0.6} ₀	16±0.5	12
SPR1CGT	0.8	1000	770	7.5 ^{+0.8} ₀	30±1.0	15±0.3	6.5 ^{+1.0} ₀	19±0.7	14.5
SPR2CGT	0.8	500	540				7.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
SPR3CGT	0.8	500	910				8.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
CFP1/4CGT	0.65	2000	720	5±0.5	12.7±1.0	12.7±0.3	6.5 ^{+0.6} ₀	16±0.5	12
CFPS1/2CGT	0.8	1500	600	7.5 ^{+0.8} ₀	30±1.0	15±0.3	6.5 ^{+1.0} ₀	19±0.7	14.5
CW1HCGT	0.8	1000	920				8.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
RF50CGT	0.8	1000	730				7.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
RF1CGT	0.8	1000	770				8.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
RF2CGT	0.8	500	1820				7.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		
CW2CGT	0.8	500	1080	7.5 ^{+1.0} ₀	30±1.0	15±0.3	8.5 ^{+1.0} ₀	19±0.7	21
CW3CGT	0.8	500	1820				8.5 ^{+1.0} ₀		17.5

□ : T.C.R.

Also for MOSX · SPRX types, radial taping in the same shape as MOS · SPR types is applicable.

※1 Reference

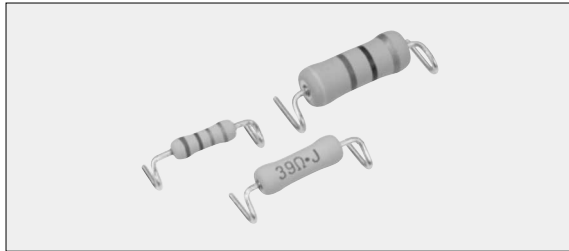
Packaging

Forming Style	Forming Type Name	Forming Dimension (mm)					Weight g/100pcs	Basic Unit (pcs)	Straight Type Name
		P±1	H1	H2	e Max.	d			
M Forming 	MFS1/4□CM5F	5.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.45	14	2000	MFS1/4
	MFS1/4□CM5R	5.0	10.0±1.0	—	2.0	0.45	14	2000	MFS1/4
	MFS1/4□CM5W	5.0	—	15.0±1.0	2.0	0.45	14	1000	MFS1/4
	MFS1/2□CM10R	10.0	10.0±1.0	—	2.0	0.6	23	2000	MFS1/2
	MF1/4□CM10F	10.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	23	2000	MF1/4
	MF1/4□CM12.5R	12.5	10.0±1.0	—	2.0	0.6	23	2000	MF1/4
	MF1/2□CM12.5R	12.5	10.0±1.0	—	2.0	0.6	41	1000	MF1/2
	MF1/2□CM15R	15.0	10.0±1.0	—	2.0	0.6	41	1000	MF1/2
	SNF 2CCM5F	5.0	—	5.0±1.0	1.5	0.45	14	2000	SNF 2C
	SNF 2ECM10F	10.0	—	5.0±1.0	1.7	0.6	24	2000	SNF 2E
	SNF 2ECM12.5R	12.5	10.0±1.0	—	1.7	0.6	24	2000	SNF 2E
	SNF 2HCM12.5K	12.5	7.0±1.0	—	2.0	0.7	41	2000	SNF 2H
	SNF 2HCM15K	15.0	7.0±1.0	—	2.0	0.7	41	2000	SNF 2H
	RCR16CM5F	5.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.45	14	2000	RCR16
	RCR25CM10F	10.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	23	2000	RCR25
	RCR25ENCM10F	10.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	23	2000	RCR25EN
	RCR50(+)CM15F	15.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.7	40	2000	RCR50
	RCR50ENCM15F	15.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.7	40	2000	RCR50+
	RCR60CM15F	15.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.7	40	2000	RCR60
	RCR100CM20E	20.0	—	4.6±1.0	2.0	0.8	120	1000	RCR100
	RK1/4□CM10F	10.0	—	5.0±1.0	1.7	0.6	21	1000	RK1/4
	RK1/4□CM10R	10.0	—	10.0±1.0	1.7	0.6	21	1000	RK1/4
	RK1/4□CM12.5R	12.5	—	10.0±1.0	1.7	0.6	23	1000	RK1/4
	RK1/2□CM15F	15.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	40	1000	RK1/2
	RK1/2□CM12.5F	12.5	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	37	1000	RK1/2
	RK1/2□CM15R	15.0	—	10.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	37	1000	RK1/2
	CFS1/4CM5F	5.0	5.9±1.0	5.0±1.0	1.5	0.45	12	2000	CFS1/4
	CF1/4CM10H	10.0	6.0±1.0	4.8±1.0	1.7	0.6	23	1000	CF1/4
	CF1/4CM12.5H	12.5	6.0±1.0	4.8±1.0	1.7	0.6	23	2000	CF1/4
	CFB1/2CM12.5K	12.5	7.0±1.0	5.0±1.0	1.7	0.7	44	1000	CFB1/2
	CFS1/2CM10H	10.0	6.0±1.0	4.8±1.0	1.7	0.6	26	1000	CFS1/2
	CFPS1/4CM5F	5.0	5.9±1.0	5.0±1.0	1.5	0.45	12	2000	CFPS1/4
	CFP1/4CM10H	10.0	6.0±1.0	4.8±1.0	1.7	0.6	23	1000	CFP1/4
	CFPB1/2CM12.5K	12.5	7.0±1.0	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.7	44	1000	CFB1/2
	J1/6ZCM7.5H	7.5	—	5.0 ^{+2.0} _{-3.0}	1.5	0.5	5	1000	J1/6Z
	J1/4ZCM10H	10.0	—	5.0 ^{+2.0} _{-3.0}	1.5	0.6	9	1000	J1/4Z
	RF16CM5F	5.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.45	12	2000	RF16
	RF25CM10X	10.0	16.0±1.0	14.8±1.0	1.5	0.6	23	2000	RF25
	RF50CM12.5E	12.5	—	4.5±1.0	1.5	0.6	29	1000	RF50
	RF1CM15F	15.0	—	5.0±1.0	1.5	0.8	46	2000	RF1
	MOS1/2CM10C (MOSX1/2CM10C)	10.0	—	3.5±1.0	2.0	0.6	23	2000	MOS(X) 1/2
	MOS1/2CM10F (MOSX1/2CM10F)	10.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	23	2000	MOS(X) 1/2
	MOS1CM12.5C (MOSX1CM12.5C)	12.5	—	3.5±1.0	2.0	0.8	31	2000	MOS(X) 1
	MOS1CM12.5D (MOSX1CM12.5D)	12.5	—	4.0±1.0	2.0	0.8	31	2000	MOS(X) 1
	MOS1CM15F (MOSX1CM15F)	15.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.8	31	2000	MOS(X) 1
MOS1CM15J (MOSX1CM15J)	15.0	—	6.3±1.0	2.0	0.8	31	2000	MOS(X) 1	
MOS1CM15S (MOSX1CM15S)	15.0	—	11.0±1.0	2.0	0.8	31	2000	MOS(X) 1	
MOS2CM15C (MOSX2CM15C)	15.0	—	3.5±1.0	2.0	0.8	71	2000	MOS(X) 2	
MOS2CM15E (MOSX2CM15E)	15.0	—	4.5±1.0	2.0	0.8	71	2000	MOS(X) 2	
MOS2CM20D (MOSX2CM20D)	20.0	—	4.0±1.0	2.0	0.8	71	2000	MOS(X) 2	
MOS2CM20U (MOSX2CM20U)	20.0	—	13.5±1.0	2.0	0.8	71	2000	MOS(X) 2	
MOS3CM20E (MOSX3CM20E)	20.0	—	4.6±1.0	2.0	0.8	120	1000	MOS(X) 3	
MOS3CM26E (MOSX3CM26E)	26.0	—	4.7±1.0	2.0	0.8	120	1000	MOS(X) 3	
MOS5CM30U (MOSX5CM30U)	30.0	—	13.0±1.0	2.0	0.8	456	500	MOS(X) 5	
SPR1/2CM10F (SPRX1/2CM10F)	10.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.6	23	2000	SPR(X) 1/2	
SPR1CM12.5D (SPRX1CM12.5D)	12.5	—	4.0±1.0	2.0	0.8	44	2000	SPR(X) 1	
SPR1CM15F (SPRX1CM15F)	15.0	—	5.0±1.0	2.0	0.8	44	2000	SPR(X) 1	
SPR2CM15E (SPRX2CM15E)	15.0	—	4.5±1.0	2.0	0.8	71	2000	SPR(X) 2	
SPR3CM20E (SPRX3CM20E)	20.0	—	4.6±1.0	2.0	0.8	120	1000	SPR(X) 3	

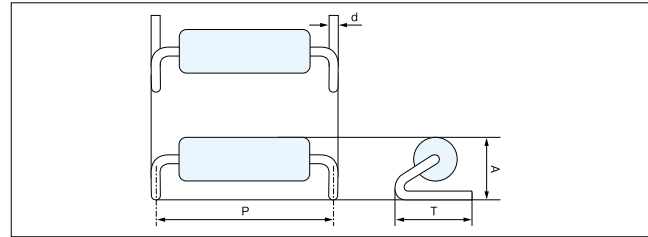
Packaging

□ : T.C.R.

Surface mounted device style lead forming



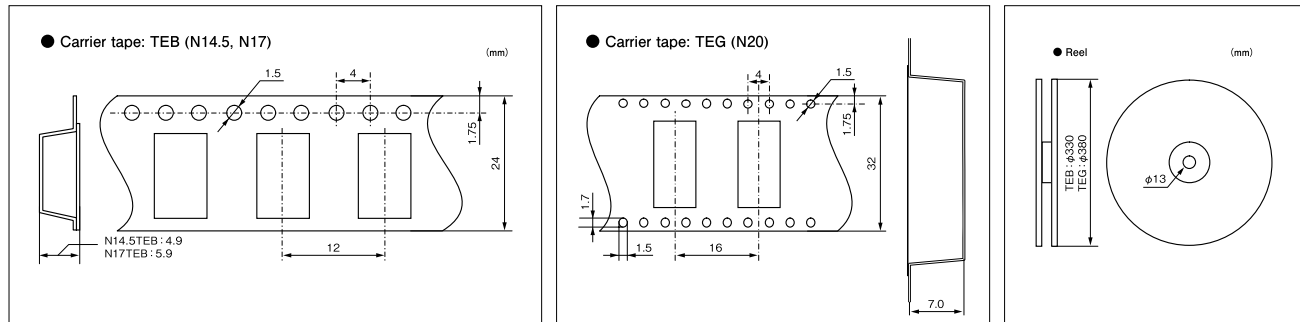
Forming style



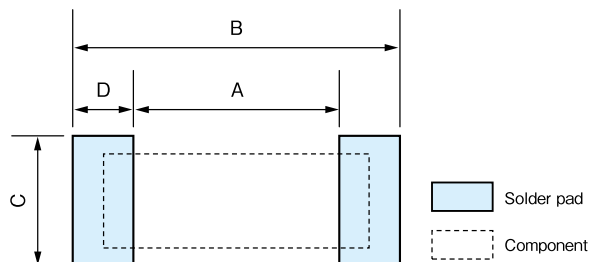
Ratings

Type	Forming Type Name	Carrier Tape	Forming Dimension (mm)				Q'ty/Reel (pcs)	Weight (g)	
			P±1	T	A±0.5	d		Reel	NET/1000pcs
MOS(X)1	N14.5	TEB	14.5	5.0±0.5	4.8	0.8	1,000	700	350
MOS(X)2 SPR(X)2 RCR75 CW2	N17	TEB	17.0	6.0±0.5	5.8	0.8	1,000	900	600
MOS(X)3 SPR(X)3 RCR100 CW3	N20	TEG	20.0	7.5±1	6.5	0.8	900	1,800	1,400

Packaging Specifications



Recommended Pad Dimensions




Type	Forming Type Name	Pad Dimension (mm)			
		A	B	C	D
MOS(X)1	N14.5TEB	12.5	16.5	7.0	2.0
MOS(X)2 SPR(X)2 RCR75 CW2	N17TEB	14.6	19.4	8.0	2.4
MOS(X)3 SPR(X)3 RCR100 CW3	N20TEG	17.6	22.4	9.5	2.4

• Need a dedicated nozzle for automatic mounting. Please inquire to us before use.

Packaging

Color code · Resistance tolerance · Resistance marking · E series numbers

■ Color code for discrete resistors



Color	1st Figure	2nd Figure	3rd Figure	Multiplier	Tolerance
Black	0	0	0	1	—
Brown	1	1	1	10	F: ±1%
Red	2	2	2	100	G: ±2%
Orange	3	3	3	1,000	A: ±0.05%
Yellow	4	4	4	10,000	—
Green	5	5	5	100,000	D: ±0.5%
Blue	6	6	6	1,000,000	C: ±0.25%
Purple	7	7	7	10,000,000	B: ±0.1%
Gray	8	8	8	—	—
White	9	9	9	—	—
Gold	—	—	—	0.1	J: ±5%
Silver	—	—	—	0.01	K: ±10%
Plain	—	—	—	—	M: ±20%

■ Resistance marking of chip resistors

3 digits : The 1st and 2nd digits are significant of resistance and the 3rd digit means the multiplier numbers of zero to follow. R means a decimal point. L means a decimal point followed by mΩ.

Example
 153 : $15 \times 1000 = 15k\Omega$
 1R5 : 1.5Ω
 2L0 : $2m\Omega$

4 digits : The 1st, 2nd and 3rd digits are significant of resistance and the 4th digit means the multiplier numbers of zero to follow. R means a decimal point. L means a decimal point followed by mΩ.

Example
 1542 : $154 \times 100 = 15.4k\Omega$
 R154 : $0.154k\Omega$
 2L00 : $2m\Omega$

■ Resistance tolerance

Symbol	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K	M
Resistance tolerance	±0.05%	±0.1%	±0.25%	±0.5%	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%	±20%

■ Significant figures of Nominal resistance

E3	E6	E12	E24	E96	E192	E96	E192	E96	E192	E96	E192
10	10	10	10	100	100	178	178	316	316	562	562
			11	101	101	180	180	320	320	569	569
			12	102	102	182	182	324	324	576	576
			13	104	104	184	184	328	328	583	583
		15	15	105	105	187	187	332	332	590	590
				106	106	189	189	336	336	597	597
				107	107	191	191	340	340	604	604
				109	109	193	193	344	344	612	612
				110	110	196	196	348	348	619	619
				111	111	198	198	352	352	626	626
				113	113	200	200	357	357	634	634
				114	114	203	203	361	361	642	642
				115	115	205	205	365	365	649	649
				117	117	208	208	370	370	657	657
				118	118	210	210	374	374	665	665
			20	120	120	213	213	379	379	673	673
			22	121	121	215	215	383	383	681	681
			24	122	122	218	218	388	388	689	689
			27	123	123	221	221	392	392	698	698
			30	124	124	223	223	397	397	706	706
			33	127	127	226	226	402	402	715	715
			36	129	129	229	229	407	407	723	723
			39	130	130	232	232	412	412	732	732
			43	132	132	234	234	417	417	741	741
			47	133	133	237	237	422	422	750	750
			51	135	135	240	240	427	427	759	759
			56	137	137	243	243	432	432	768	768
			62	138	138	246	246	437	437	777	777
			68	140	140	249	249	442	442	787	787
			75	142	142	252	252	448	448	796	796
			82	143	143	255	255	453	453	806	806
			91	145	145	258	258	459	459	816	816
				147	147	261	261	464	464	825	825
				149	149	264	264	470	470	835	835
				150	150	267	267	475	475	845	845
				152	152	271	271	481	481	856	856
				154	154	274	274	487	487	866	866
				156	156	277	277	493	493	876	876
				158	158	280	280	499	499	887	887
				160	160	284	284	505	505	898	898
				162	162	287	287	511	511	909	909
				164	164	291	291	517	517	920	920
				165	165	294	294	523	523	931	931
				167	167	298	298	530	530	942	942
				169	169	301	301	536	536	953	953
				172	172	305	305	542	542	965	965
				174	174	309	309	549	549	976	976
				176	176	312	312	556	556	988	988

※抵抗器以外の製品はお問い合わせ下さい。

Ohmic code for resistance value

Tolerance $\geq 2\%$	
Resistance value (Ω)	3Digit Code
50 μ	50U
0.1m ~ 0.91m	L10 ~ L91
1m ~ 9.1m	1L0 ~ 9L1
10m ~ 91m	10L ~ 91L
0.1 ~ 0.91	R10 ~ R91
1 ~ 9.1	1R0 ~ 9R1
10 ~ 91	100 ~ 910
100 ~ 910	101 ~ 911
1k ~ 9.1k	102 ~ 912
10k ~ 91k	103 ~ 913
100k ~ 910k	104 ~ 914
1M ~ 9.1M	105 ~ 915
10M ~ 91M	106 ~ 916

Tolerance $\leq 1\%$	
Resistance value (Ω)	4Digit Code
0.1m ~ 0.976m	L100 ~ L976
1m ~ 9.76m	1L00 ~ 9L76
10m ~ 97.6m	10L0 ~ 97L6
0.1 ~ 0.976	R100 ~ R976
1 ~ 9.76	1R00 ~ 9R76
10 ~ 97.6	10R0 ~ 97R6
100 ~ 976	1000 ~ 9760
1k ~ 9.76k	1001 ~ 9761
10k ~ 97.6k	1002 ~ 9762
100k ~ 976k	1003 ~ 9763
1M ~ 9.76M	1004 ~ 9764
10M ~ 97.6M	1005 ~ 9765

Thermal sensor marking

LT73/LT73V

Nominal resistances are expressed.

4 digits: The 1st, 2nd and 3rd digits are significant and the 4th digit means the multiplier number of zero to follow.

R means a decimal point.

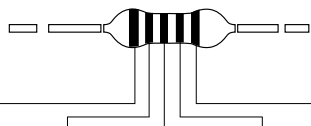
Example 3302 : $330 \times 100 = 33k\Omega$

LP73

Resistance Value Symbol	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	
	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	
	J	K	L	M	N	P	Q	R	
	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.9	4.3	
S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z		
4.7	5.1	5.6	6.2	6.8	7.5	8.2	9.1		
Resistance Value Multiplier								5	
0 : 10^0								1 : 10^1	2 : 10^2
3 : 10^3								4 : 10^4	5 : 10^5
Symbol for Temperature Coefficient of Resistance ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)								5.0	
0 : 5000								1 : 4500	2 : 4000
3 : 3600								4 : 3300	5 : 3000


(The above marking is for $1k\Omega 3,600ppm/^\circ C$)

SDT101A



	Nominal Resistance			Reference Temperature ($0^\circ C$)	T. C. R.
	1st Figure	2nd Figure	Multiplier		
10 Ω	Brown	Black	Black	Black	Black
100 Ω	Brown	Black	Brown	Black	Black
500 Ω	Green	Black	Brown	Black	Black

LP



Resistance 1st. code.	5th Band
Resistance 2nd. code.	T.C.R. code
Resistance multiplier	4th Band
	T.C.R. $+150 \sim +2400 \times 10^{-6}/K$
	T.C.R. code
	T.C.R. $+2500 \sim +5000 \times 10^{-6}/K$
	Resistance Tolerance

Color	1st Figure	2nd Figure	Multiplier	Tolerance
Black	0	0	1	—
Brown	1	1	10	F : $\pm 1\%$
Red	2	2	100	G : $\pm 2\%$
Orange	3	3	1,000	—
Yellow	4	4	10,000	—
Green	5	5	—	—
Blue	6	6	—	—
Purple	7	7	—	—
Gray	8	8	—	—
White	9	9	—	—
Gold	—	—	0.1	J : $\pm 5\%$

Color Marking of T. C. R.

T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	4th Band	5th Band
150	Black	Brown
250	Black	Red
350	Black	Orange
450	Black	Yellow
550	Black	Green
650	Black	Blue
750	Black	Purple
850	Black	Gray
950	Black	White
1000	White	Black
1200	White	Red
1400	White	Yellow
1600	White	Blue
1800	White	Gray
2000	Purple	Black
2200	Purple	Red
2400	Purple	Yellow
2500	—	Purple
3000	—	Gray
3300	—	White
3600	—	Black
4000	—	Yellow
4500	—	Orange
5000	—	Blue

THE KOA GROUP HAS BEEN MAKING EVERY ENDEAVOR IN ONE UNITED BOY TO FURTHER IMPROVE THE QUALITY AND TO CARRY OUT ACTIVITIES TAKING THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT INTO CONSIDERATION.

ISO 9001 Registration

Company	Standards	Registered Date	Registration No.	Registrar
KOA Group	ISO 9001	Dec.1994	50300601 QM15	DQS
KOA KASEI CO., LTD.	ISO 9001	Nov.2007	04563	Intertek

IATF16949 Registration

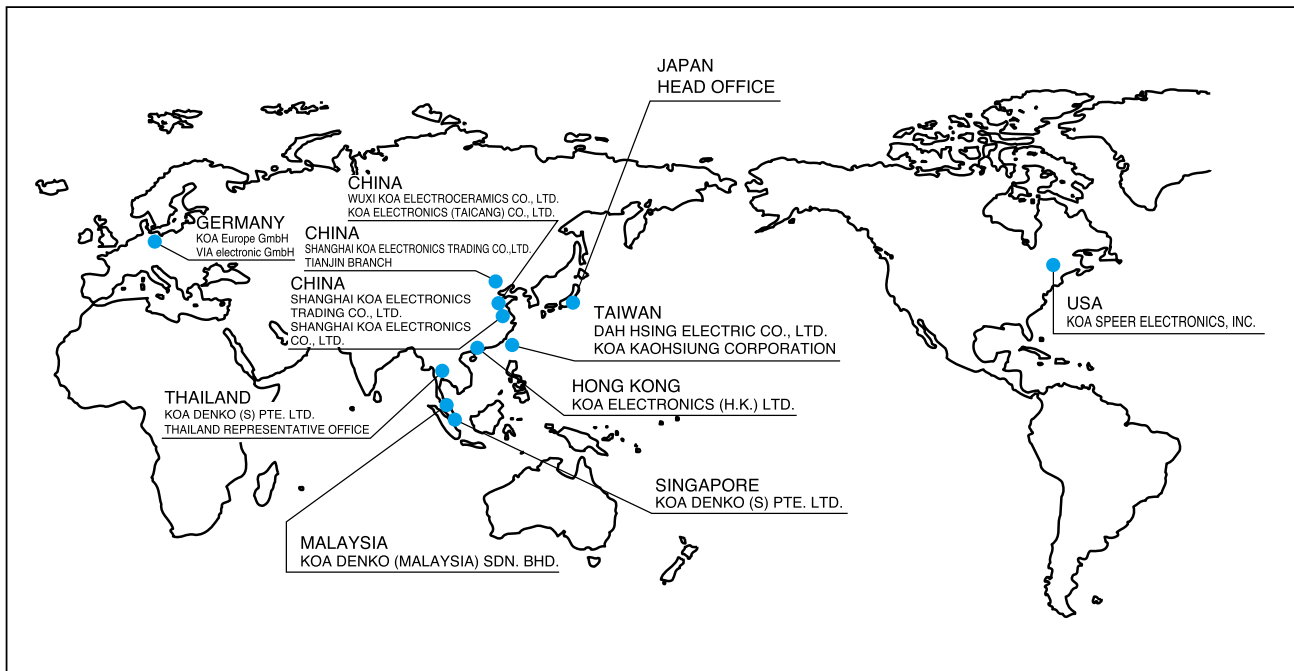
Company	Standards	Registered Date	Registration No.	Registrar
KOA CORPORATION	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS
KOA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS
KASHIMA KOA DENKO CO., LTD.	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS
SANADA KOA CORPORATION	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS
SHANGHAI KOA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS
KOA ELECTRONICS (TAICANG) CO., LTD.	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS
KOA KAOHSIUNG CORPORATION	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS
KOA DENKO (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD.	IATF16949	May.2018	50300601 IATF16	DQS

ISO 14001 Registration

Company	Registered Date	Registration No.	Registrar
KOA CORPORATION	Apr.1998	JQA-EM0155	JQA
KOA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Mar.2001	JQA-EM0155	JQA
KASHIMA KOA DENKO CO., LTD.	Oct.2000	JQA-EM0155	JQA
KOA KASEI CO., LTD.	Apr.2002	JQA-EM0155	JQA
SANADA KOA CORPORATION	Feb.2000	JQA-EM0155	JQA
KOA KAOHSIUNG CORPORATION	Mar.2000	50600209 UM15	DQS
SHANGHAI KOA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Dec.2001	04219E20114R6M	SQC
KOA ELECTRONICS (TAICANG) CO., LTD.	Jul.2002	00219E31342R3M	CQM
KOA DENKO (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD.	Dec.2002	AJAEU/21/16408	AJA
WUXI KOA ELECTROCERAMICS CO., LTD.	Aug.2015	01221E20616R2M	CEPREI

ISO/IEC17025 Registration

Company	Site Name	Date of Certification	Registration No.	Registrar
KOA CORPORATION	Quality Assurance Center, Quality Assurance Initiative	Jul.2007	RTL02340	JAB



KOA Overseas Sales Offices And Plants

Area	Country	Sales Offices	Address
Japan	<u>JAPAN</u>	GLOBAL SALES CENTER	2-17-2 MIDORI-CHO, FUCHU-SHI, TOKYO 183-0006, JAPAN TEL [+81] 42-336-5755 FAX [+81] 42-336-5353
North and South America	<u>USA</u>	KOA SPEER ELECTRONICS, INC.	199 BOLIVAR DRIVE, BRADFORD, PA 16701, UNITED STATES. TEL [+1] 814-362-5536 FAX [+1] 814-362-8883
Europe	<u>GERMANY</u>	KOA Europe GmbH	KADDENBUSCH 6, D-25578 DÄGELING ITZEHOE, GERMANY TEL [+49] 4821-8989-0 FAX [+49] 4821-8989-89
	<u>GERMANY</u>	VIA electronic GmbH	ROBERT-FRIESE-STRASSE 3, 07629 HERMSDOLF, GERMANY TEL [+49] 036601-9298-0 FAX [+49] 036601-9298-110
Asia	<u>SINGAPORE</u>	KOA DENKO (S) PTE. LTD.	80 BENDEMEER ROAD #03-01 SINGAPORE 339949 TEL [+65] 63395151 FAX [+65] 63398556
	<u>THAILAND</u>	KOA DENKO (S) PTE. LTD. THAILAND REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE	319 CHAMCHURI SQUARE BUILDING, 24TH FLOOR, ROOM 24101, PHAYATHAI ROAD, PATHUMWAN SUB-DISTRICT, PATHUMWAN DISTRICT, BANGKOK, THAILAND 10330 TEL [+66] 2007-2427
	<u>MALAYSIA</u>	KOA DENKO (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD.	LOT 7, 8 & 9, BATU BERENDAM, FREE TRADE ZONE, 75350 MELAKA MALAYSIA TEL [+60] 6-2328031 FAX [+60] 6-2313171
	<u>HONG KONG</u>	KOA ELECTRONICS (H.K.) LTD.	UNIT 2315, METROPOLIS TOWER, 10 METROPOLIS DRIVE, HUNGHOM, KOWLOON, HONG KONG TEL [+852] 2492-6918 FAX [+852] 2492-7398
	<u>CHINA</u>	上海可爾電子貿易有限公司 SHANGHAI KOA ELECTRONICS TRADING CO., LTD.	200233 中國上海市徐匯區桂平路581號 No.581 Guiping Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China, 200233 TEL [+86] 21-64320101 FAX [+86] 21-64320083
	<u>CHINA</u>	上海可爾電子貿易有限公司天津分公司 SHANGHAI KOA ELECTRONICS TRADING CO., LTD. TIANJIN BRANCH	300061 中國天津市和平區赤峰道136號天津國際金融中心8層856室 Rm 856 Modern International Financial Center, No.136 Chifeng Road, Heping District, Tianjin, China, 300061 TEL [+86] 21-64320101 FAX [+86] 21-64320083
	<u>CHINA</u>	上海興亞電子元件有限公司 SHANGHAI KOA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	200233 中國上海市徐匯區漕河涇開發區桂平路581號 No.581 GuiPing Road, CaoHeJing Hi-Tech Park, XuHui District, ShangHai, CHINA, 200233 TEL [+86] 21-64850723 FAX [+86] 21-64852960
	<u>CHINA</u>	無錫興和電子陶瓷有限公司 WUXI KOA ELECTRO CERAMICS CO., LTD.	214215 中國江蘇省宜興市和橋鎮西鋤村 Heqiao, Yixing City, Jiangsu Province, 214215 China TEL [+86] 510-87871645 FAX [+86] 510-87871626
	<u>CHINA</u>	興和電子(太倉)有限公司 KOA ELECTRONICS (TAICANG) CO., LTD.	215400 中國江蘇省太倉市太倉高新技術產業開發區洛陽東路77號 77, Luoyang East Road, High-tech Industrial Development Zone, Taicang, Jiangsu, 215400 China TEL [+86] 512-53561111 FAX [+86] 512-53561600
	<u>TAIWAN</u>	大興電工股份有限公司 DAH HSING ELECTRIC CO., LTD.	104 中華民國台北市南京東路1段34號11F 11th Floor, No.34 Sec.1, Nan-king East Road, Taipei, 104, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL [+886] 2-2521-4166 FAX [+886] 2-2564-1859
<u>TAIWAN</u>	高雄興亞股份有限公司 KOA KAOHSIUNG CORPORATION	811-677 中華民國高雄市楠梓區開發路17-2號 17-2, kai Fa Road Nanzih District, Kaohsiung City, 811-677, Taiwan R.O.C. TEL [+886] 7-363-4157 FAX [+886] 7-363-4543	
<u>JAPAN</u>	HEAD OFFICE	EARTH WING IN KOA PINE PARK 14016, OAZA, NAKA-MINOWA MINOWA-MACHI, KAMIINA-GUN, NAGANO, 399-4697, JAPAN TEL [+81] 265-70-7171	



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